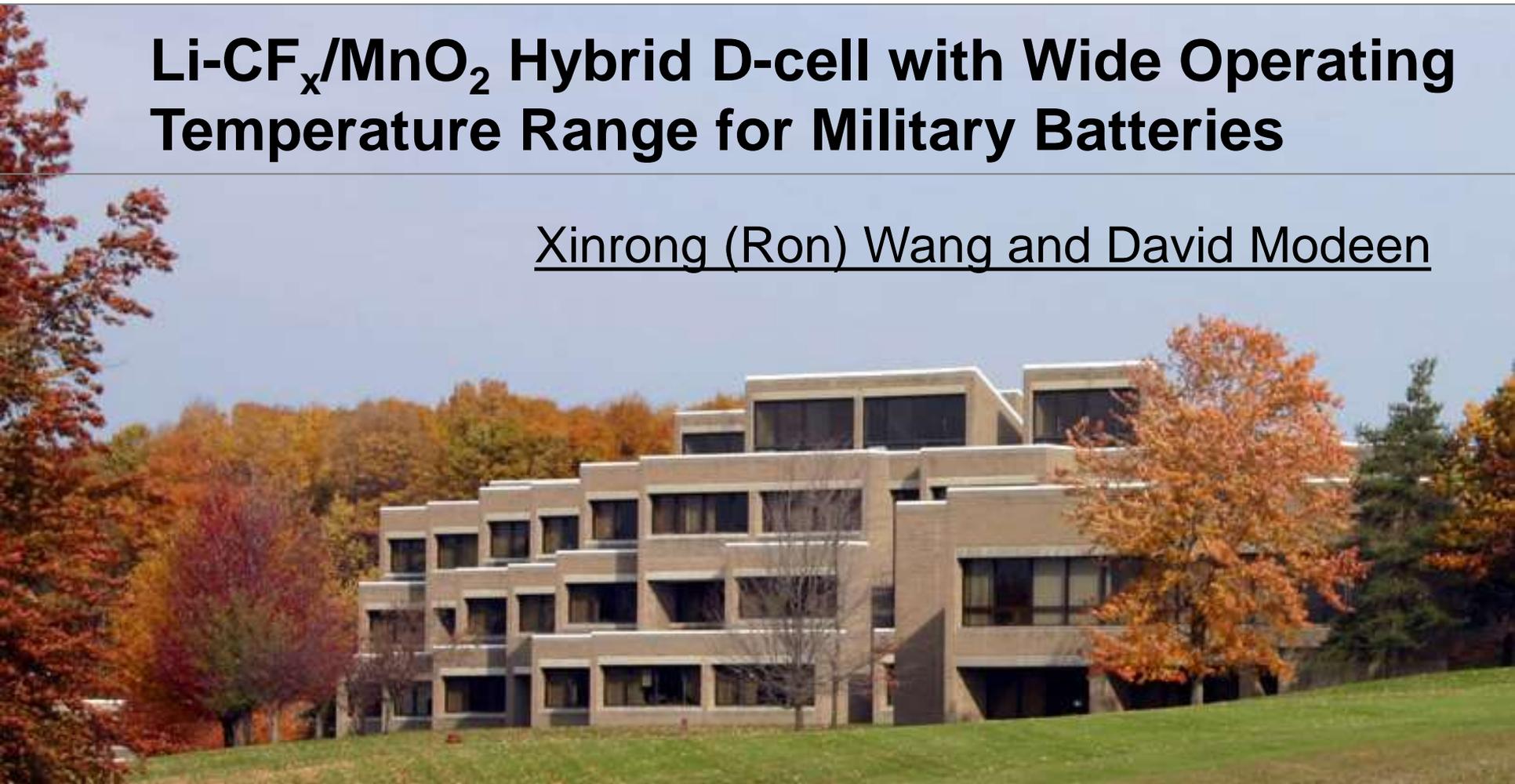




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# Li-CF<sub>x</sub>/MnO<sub>2</sub> Hybrid D-cell with Wide Operating Temperature Range for Military Batteries

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# Outline

- **Introduction**
- **Objective**
- **Design of Li-CF<sub>x</sub>/MnO<sub>2</sub> Hybrid Chemistry**
- **Phase I D-Cell Performance**
- **Phase II D-cell Performance**
- **Summary**
- **Acknowledgement**

# Introduction



Design, Manufacture, Install & Maintain  
Power and Communications Systems

- Battery & Energy Products
- Communications Systems

Government, Defense & Commercial Markets

Ultralife Batteries, ABLE  
McDowell, RedBlack, AMTI

Headquarters in Newark, NY  
Sales & Operations in US, Europe and Asia

# Objective

- **Develop Li-CF<sub>x</sub>/MnO<sub>2</sub> Hybrid D-cells into Different Formats of Military Batteries**

Goal:

- 1) High Capacity
- 2) High Power
- 3) Light Weight (High Energy Density)
- 4) Wide Operating Temperature Range
- 5) Long Shelf Life
- 6) Cost Effective
- 7) Safe (Robust)

# Objective

## *D-cell in BAxx90 Battery*

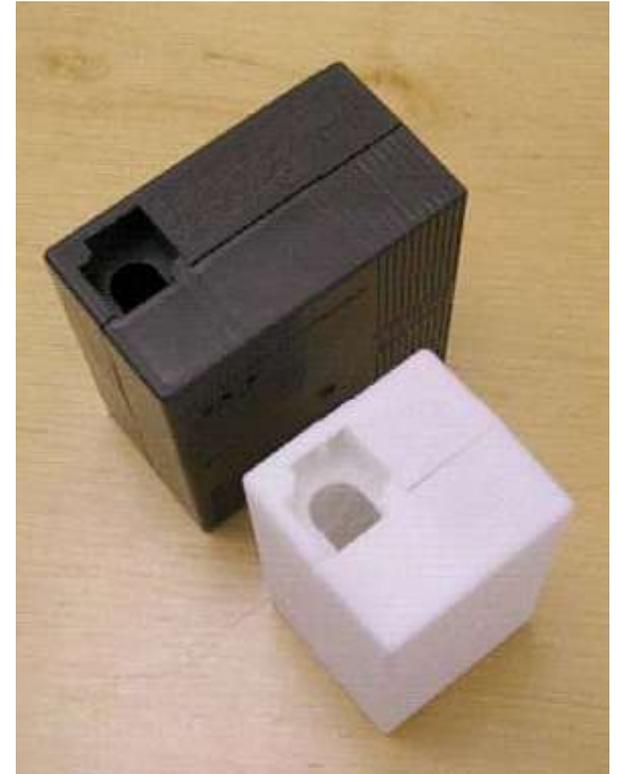
BA5590: 200 Wh, 2.2 lbs, Li-SO<sub>2</sub>

BA5390: 300 Wh, 2.9 lbs, Li-MnO<sub>2</sub>

### Target:

- 1) 400 Wh, 2.2 lbs in same footprint
- 2) 200 Wh, 1.1 lbs in half size

400 Wh/kg



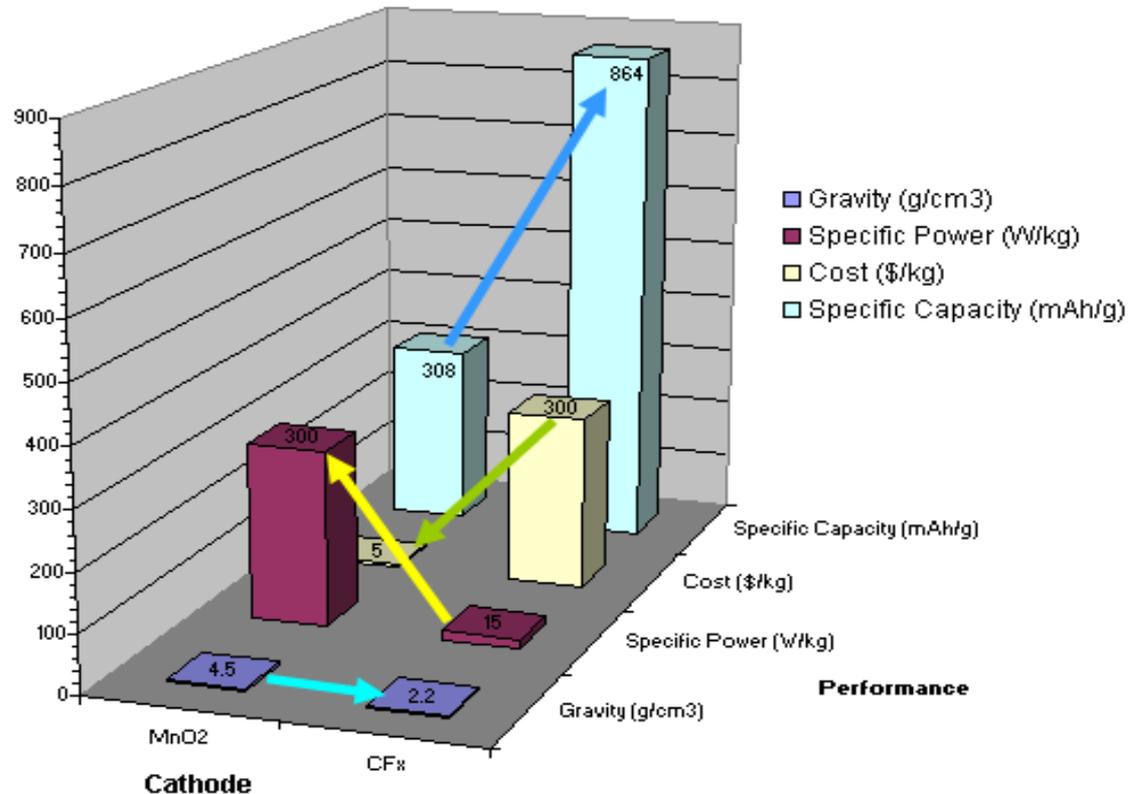
# Chemistry Comparison

## Comparison of D-cells with Different Chemistries

<i>Lithium – Cathode Chemistry System</i>	Theoretical specific capacity (mAh/g)	<i>Safety Concern</i>	<i>Specific power (W/kg)</i>	2A Discharge Capacity (Ah)	<i>Voltage Delay</i>	<i>Cost</i>
CF <sub>x</sub>	864	<b>Safe</b>	~15	<b>15.5; 16.8</b>	Yes	<b>Very High</b>
SOCl <sub>2</sub>	480	<b>Yes</b>	140	<b>7.0</b>	Yes	<b>Medium</b>
SO <sub>2</sub>	418	<b>Yes</b>	680	<b>7.5</b>	Yes	<b>Low</b>
MnO <sub>2</sub>	308	<b>Safe</b>	300	<b>10.5, 13</b>	No	<b>Low</b>
CF <sub>x</sub> /MnO <sub>2</sub>	308~864	<b>Safe</b>	15~300	<b>≥ 15</b>	No	<b>Medium</b>

# Design of Li-CF<sub>x</sub> / MnO<sub>2</sub> Hybrid Chemistry

Comparison Chart of CF<sub>x</sub> and MnO<sub>2</sub>



## Hybrid Advantages

Flexibility of cell design  
 Lower self-discharge rate  
 Higher energy density

Lower overall thermal signature  
 Without voltage delay at LT  
 Relatively low cost

# Design Considerations

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- 1) D-cell (34605)
- 2) Anode limited design
- 3) Cathode hybrid structure of  $\text{CF}_x$  and  $\text{MnO}_2$
- 4) Thermal shutdown separator
- 5) Common components of UBI existing Li- $\text{MnO}_2$  production D-cell

# Phase I Li-CF<sub>x</sub>/MnO<sub>2</sub> Hybrid D-cell

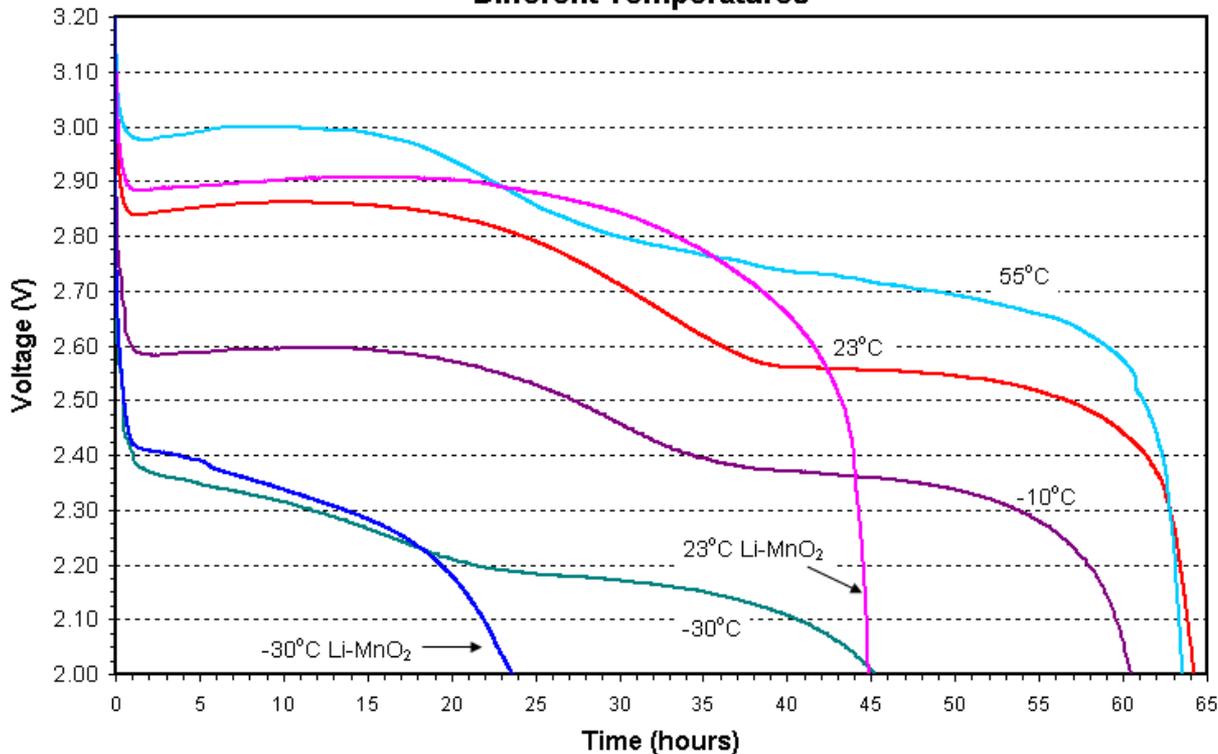
Goal was: Operating T range: -30°C to +55°C

- 1) Different anode
- 2) Different cathode with hybrid mixture of CF<sub>x</sub> and MnO<sub>2</sub>
- 3) All other parts as same as existing Ultralife Li-MnO<sub>2</sub> D-cell
  - Shutdown separator
  - Electrolyte
  - Cell enclosure

# Phase I D-Cell Performance

Phase I Li-CF<sub>x</sub>/MnO<sub>2</sub> hybrid D-cell discharge under 250mA constant current at 23°C, 55°C, -10°C and -30°C

**Phase I Li-CF<sub>x</sub>/MnO<sub>2</sub> Hybrid D-cell Discharge Profiles under 250mA at Different Temperatures**



Capacity to 2V cutoff

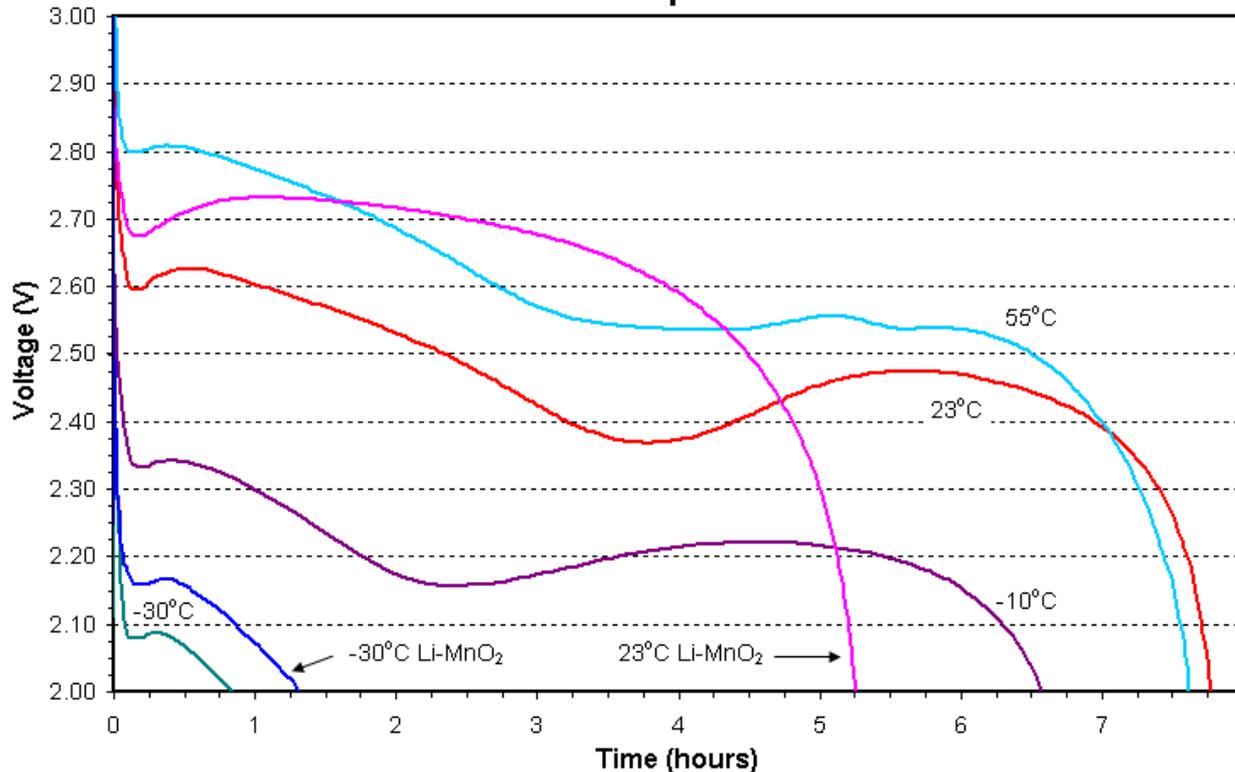
23°C: 16.06 Ah  
 55°C: 15.89 Ah  
 -10°C: 15.11 Ah  
 -30°C: 11.30 Ah

Li-MnO<sub>2</sub>:  
 23°C: 11.20 Ah  
 -30°C: 5.90 Ah

# Phase I D-Cell Performance

Phase I Li-CF<sub>x</sub>/MnO<sub>2</sub> hybrid D-cell discharge under 2 A constant current at 23°C, 55°C, -10°C and -30°C

**Phase I Li-CF<sub>x</sub>/MnO<sub>2</sub> Hybrid D-cell Discharge Profiles under 2A at Different Temperatures**



Capacity to 2V cutoff

23°C: 15.50 Ah  
 55°C: 15.20 Ah  
 -10°C: 13.23 Ah  
 -30°C: 1.85 Ah

Li-MnO<sub>2</sub>:  
 23°C: 10.51 Ah  
 -30°C: 2.63 Ah

# Phase I D-Cell Safety Performance

No	Name	Description	Result
1	UNTR-T1	Altitude	Pass
2	UNTR-T2	Thermal Test	Pass
3	UNTR-T3	Vibration	Pass
4	UNTR-T4	Shock	Pass
5	UNTR-T5	External Short Circuit	Pass
6	UNTR-T6	Impact	Pass
7	UNTR-T8	Forced Discharge	Pass
8	UL	Crush	Pass
9	SAR	Nail Penetration	Pass

# Phase II Li-CF<sub>x</sub>/MnO<sub>2</sub> Hybrid D-cell

Goal was: Operating T range: -40°C to +100°C

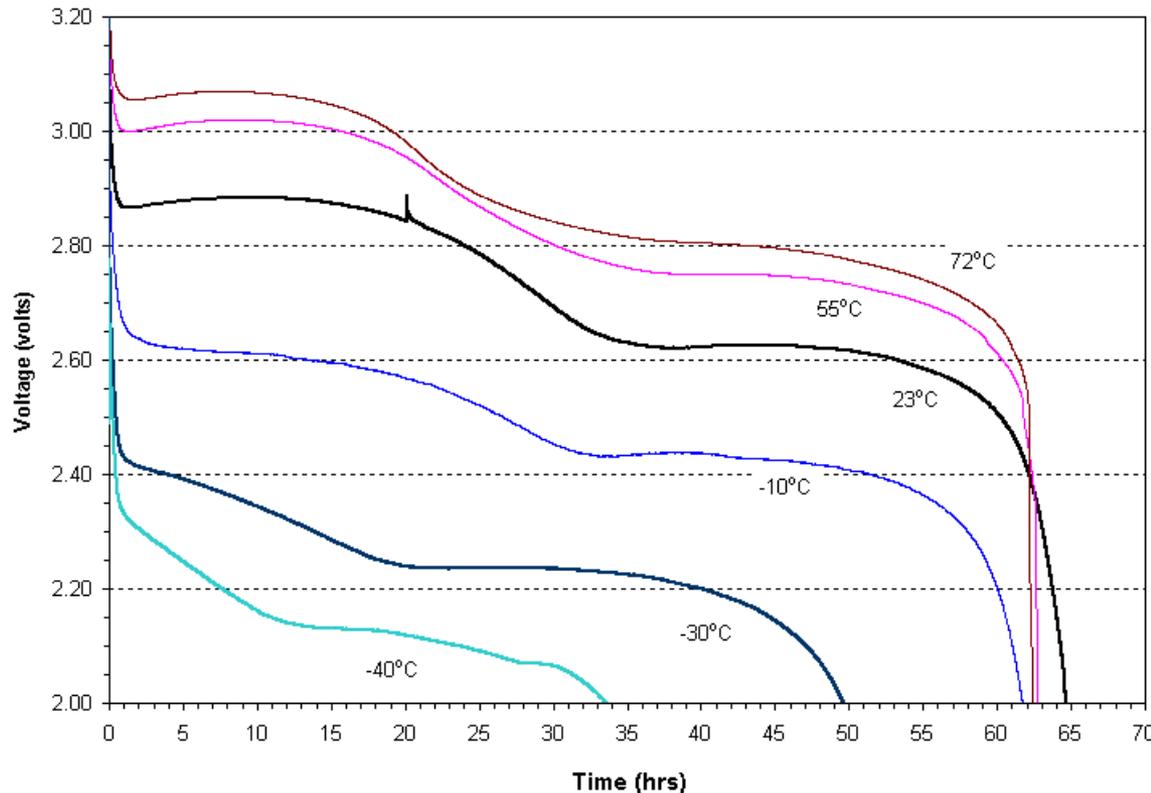
Worked on engineering for

- 1) Anode
- 2) Cathode using hybrid mixture of CF<sub>x</sub> and MnO<sub>2</sub> with different particle size
- 3) Electrolyte
- 4) Separator

# Phase II D-Cell Performance

Phase II Li-CF<sub>x</sub>/MnO<sub>2</sub> hybrid D-cell discharge under 250mA constant current at 72°C, 55°C, 23°C, -10°C, -30°C and -40°C

Phase II Li-CF<sub>x</sub>/MnO<sub>2</sub> Hybrid D-cells  
Discharge 250mA at Different Temperatures



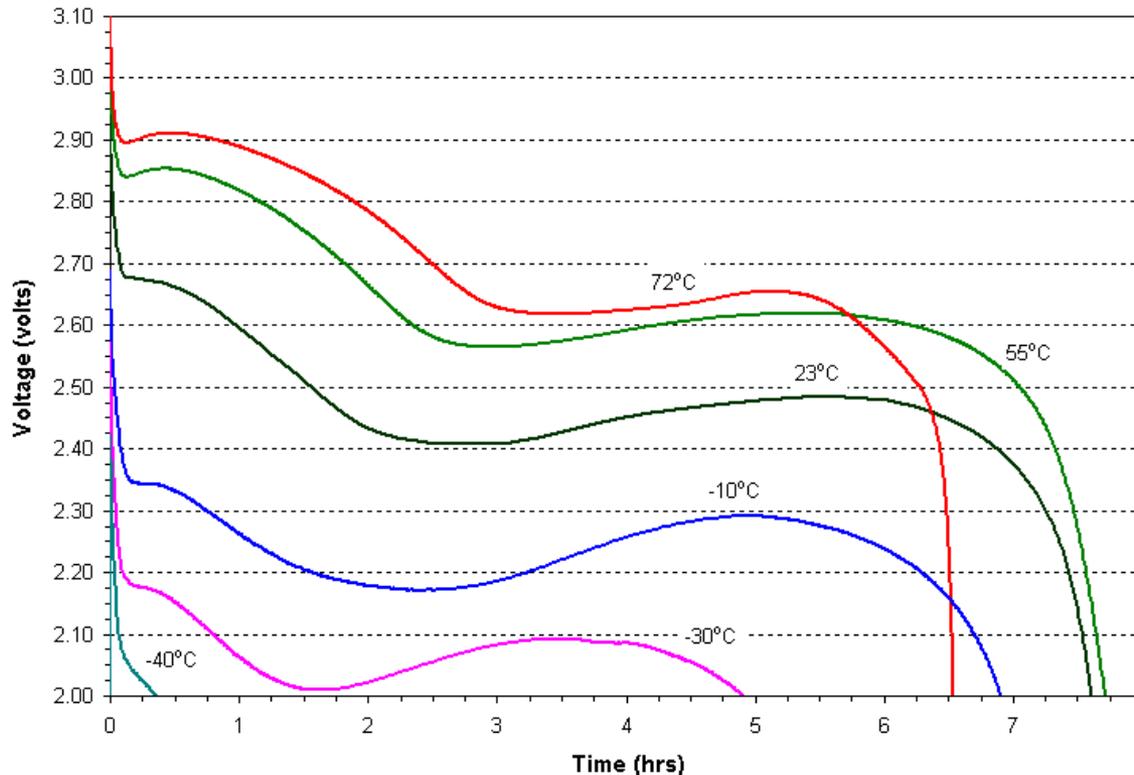
Capacity to 2V cutoff

- 23°C: 16.05 Ah
- 55°C: 15.57 Ah
- 72°C: 15.67 Ah
- 10°C: 15.13 Ah
- 30°C: 12.16 Ah
- 40°C: 8.15 Ah

# Phase II D-Cell Performance

Phase II Li-CF<sub>x</sub>/MnO<sub>2</sub> hybrid D-cell discharge under 2 A constant current at 72°C, 55°C, 23°C, -10°C, -30°C and -40°C

Phase II Li-CF<sub>x</sub>/MnO<sub>2</sub> Hybrid D-cells  
Discharges 2A at Different Temperatures

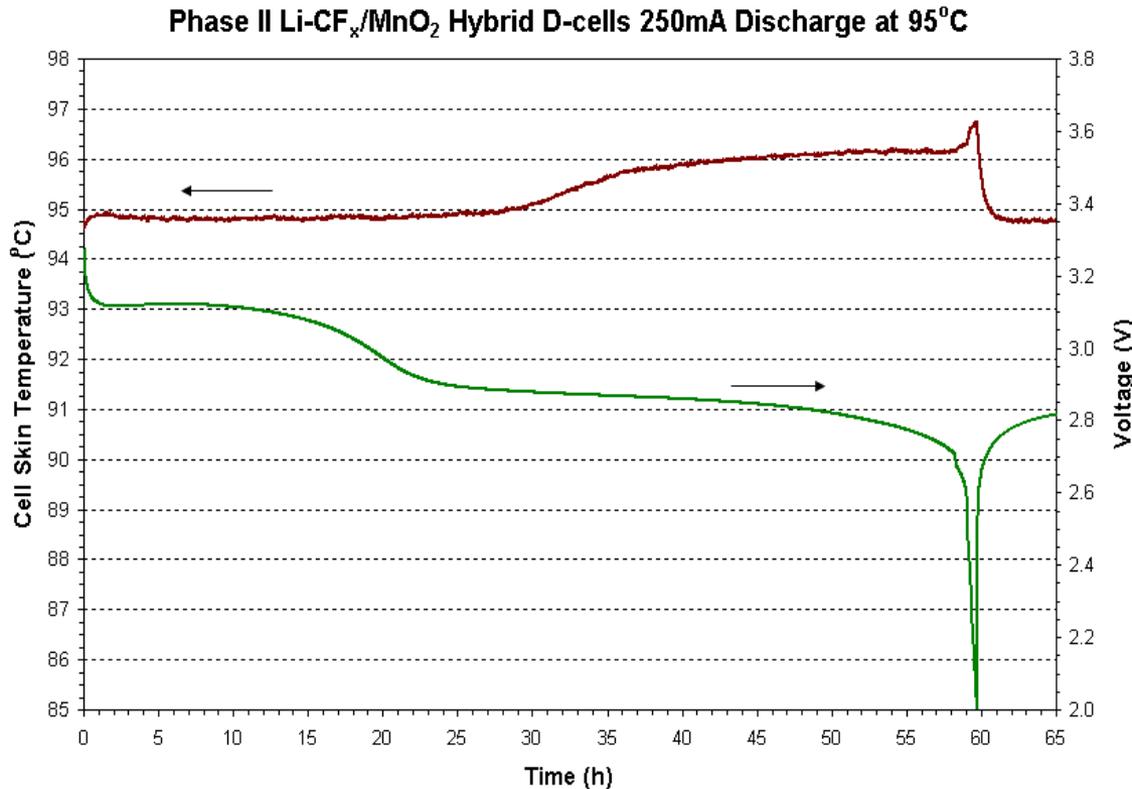


Capacity to 2V cutoff

- 23°C: 15.13 Ah
- 55°C: 15.36 Ah
- 72°C: 12.66 Ah
- 10°C: 13.66 Ah
- 30°C: 9.80 Ah
- 40°C: 0.59 Ah

# Phase II D-Cell Performance

Phase II Li-CF<sub>x</sub>/MnO<sub>2</sub> hybrid D-cell discharge under 250mA constant current at 95°C



2V Cutoff

Capacity: 14.92 Ah  
 Energy: 43.59 Wh  
 Max. Skin T: 96.8°C

# Phase II D-Cell Safety Performance

No	Name	Description	Result
1	UNTR-T1	Altitude	Pass
2	UNTR-T2	Thermal Test	Pass
3	UNTR-T3	Vibration	Pass
4	UNTR-T4	Shock	Pass
5	UNTR-T5	External Short Circuit	Pass
6	UNTR-T6	Impact	Pass
7	UNTR-T8	Forced Discharge	Pass
8	UL	Crush	Pass
9	SAR	Nail Penetration	Pass

# Acceleration Testing for Shelf Life

Li-CF<sub>x</sub>/MnO<sub>2</sub> hybrid D-cells (Phase I) discharge 250 mA after storage 50 days or 100 days at different acceleration temperatures

Equivalent storage terms at 23°C by that at acceleration temperatures	Capacity to 2V cutoff (Ah)	Percentage of capacity remain	Self-discharge rate
100 days at 23°C	15.44	100%	0
5 years at 23°C	15.32	99%	0.4%/year
10 years at 23°C	14.45	94%	0.6%/year
20 years at 23°C	14.15	92%	0.4%/year

## Initial Shelf Life Testing

92% of capacity remains

for 20 years by acceleration testing

# Summary

## Li-CF<sub>x</sub>/MnO<sub>2</sub> Hybrid D-cell

- 15 Ah under 2A constant discharge for both Phase I & Phase II
- Specific energy density increases 47% more than Li-MnO<sub>2</sub> D-cell
- ❑ Pass UNTR and other SAR tests for both Phase I & Phase II
- Phase I has operating temperature range from -30°C to 55°C
- Phase II has operating temperature range from -40°C to 72°C
- ❑ Initial shelf life tests indicate up to 20 years with 92% capacity remain
- Ready to be used for different formats of military batteries, such as xx47, half size xx90, full size xx90 and large size xx90, some in progress



# Acknowledgement

Li-CF<sub>x</sub>/MnO<sub>2</sub> Hybrid D-cell Development Is Also Under  
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- Special Thanks to  
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**Thank You for Your Attention**

