



# SAE AADL: An Industry Standard for Embedded Systems Engineering

Peter Feiler

Software Engineering Institute

phf@sei.cmu.edu

412-268-7790



# Report Documentation Page

Form Approved  
OMB No. 0704-0188

Public reporting burden for the collection of information is estimated to average 1 hour per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to Washington Headquarters Services, Directorate for Information Operations and Reports, 1215 Jefferson Davis Highway, Suite 1204, Arlington VA 22202-4302. Respondents should be aware that notwithstanding any other provision of law, no person shall be subject to a penalty for failing to comply with a collection of information if it does not display a currently valid OMB control number.

1. REPORT DATE <b>01 FEB 2005</b>		2. REPORT TYPE <b>N/A</b>		3. DATES COVERED <b>-</b>	
4. TITLE AND SUBTITLE <b>SAE AADL: An Industry Standard for Embedded Systems Engineering</b>				5a. CONTRACT NUMBER	
				5b. GRANT NUMBER	
				5c. PROGRAM ELEMENT NUMBER	
6. AUTHOR(S)				5d. PROJECT NUMBER	
				5e. TASK NUMBER	
				5f. WORK UNIT NUMBER	
7. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES) <b>Carnegie Mellon University Software Engineering Institute</b>				8. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION REPORT NUMBER	
9. SPONSORING/MONITORING AGENCY NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES)				10. SPONSOR/MONITOR'S ACRONYM(S)	
				11. SPONSOR/MONITOR'S REPORT NUMBER(S)	
12. DISTRIBUTION/AVAILABILITY STATEMENT <b>Approved for public release, distribution unlimited</b>					
13. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES <b>See also ADM00001742, HPEC-7 Volume 1, Proceedings of the Eighth Annual High Performance Embedded Computing (HPEC) Workshops, 28-30 September 2004 Volume 1., The original document contains color images.</b>					
14. ABSTRACT					
15. SUBJECT TERMS					
16. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF:			17. LIMITATION OF ABSTRACT	18. NUMBER OF PAGES	19a. NAME OF RESPONSIBLE PERSON
a. REPORT <b>unclassified</b>	b. ABSTRACT <b>unclassified</b>	c. THIS PAGE <b>unclassified</b>			

# SAE AADL Standard

## An Enabler of Predictable Model-Based System Engineering

- Notation for specification of task and communication architectures of Real-time, Embedded, Fault-tolerant, Secure, Safety-critical, Software-intensive systems
- Fields of application: Avionics, Automotive, Aerospace, Autonomous systems, ...
- Based on 15 Years of DARPA funded technologies
- Standard approved by SAE in Sept 2004
- [www.aadl.info](http://www.aadl.info)



# SAE AS-2C AADL Subcommittee

- Bruce Lewis (US Army AMRDEC): Chair
- Peter Feiler (SEI): technical lead, author & editor
- Steve Vestal (Honeywell): co-author
- Ed Colbert (USC): UML Profile of AADL
- Joyce Tokar (Pyrrhus Software): Ada & C Annex

## Other Voting Members

- Boeing, Rockwell, Honeywell, Lockheed Martin, Raytheon, Smith Industries, General Dynamics, Airbus, Axlog, European Space Agency, TNI, Dassault, EADS, High Integrity Solutions

## Coordination with

- NATO Aviation, NATO Plug and Play, French Government COTRE, SAE AS-1 Weapons Plug and Play, OMG UML & SysML



# Potential Users

- Airbus
- European Space Agency
- Rockwell Collins
- Lockheed Martin
- Smith Industries
- Raytheon
- Boeing FCS
- Common Missile
- System Plug and Play

**New System Engineering Approach  
incorporates AADL**

**Modeling of Satellite  
Systems, Architecture  
Verification - ASSERT**

**Modeling of Avionics  
Computer System**

**Embedded System  
Engineering & AADL**

**Apply AADL for systems  
integration modeling & analysis**

**NATO/SAE AS1 Weapon  
System Integration**



# AADL-Based Engineering

## System Analysis

- Schedulability
- Performance
- Reliability
- Fault Tolerance
- Dynamic Configurability

## System Integration

- Runtime System Generation
- Application Composition
- System Configuration

Software  
System  
Engineer

SAE AADL

Architecture  
Modeling  
Abstract, but  
Precise

Predictive  
Embedded  
System  
Engineering  
Reduced  
Development &  
Operational Cost

Application  
Software

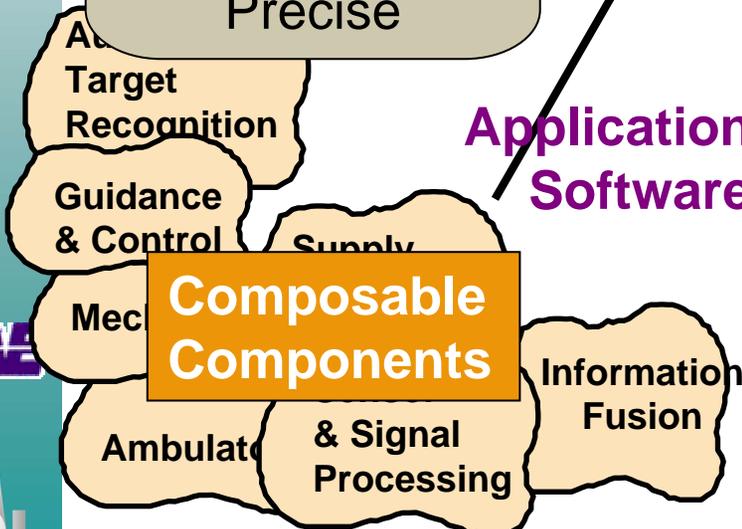
Execution  
Platform

Composable  
Components

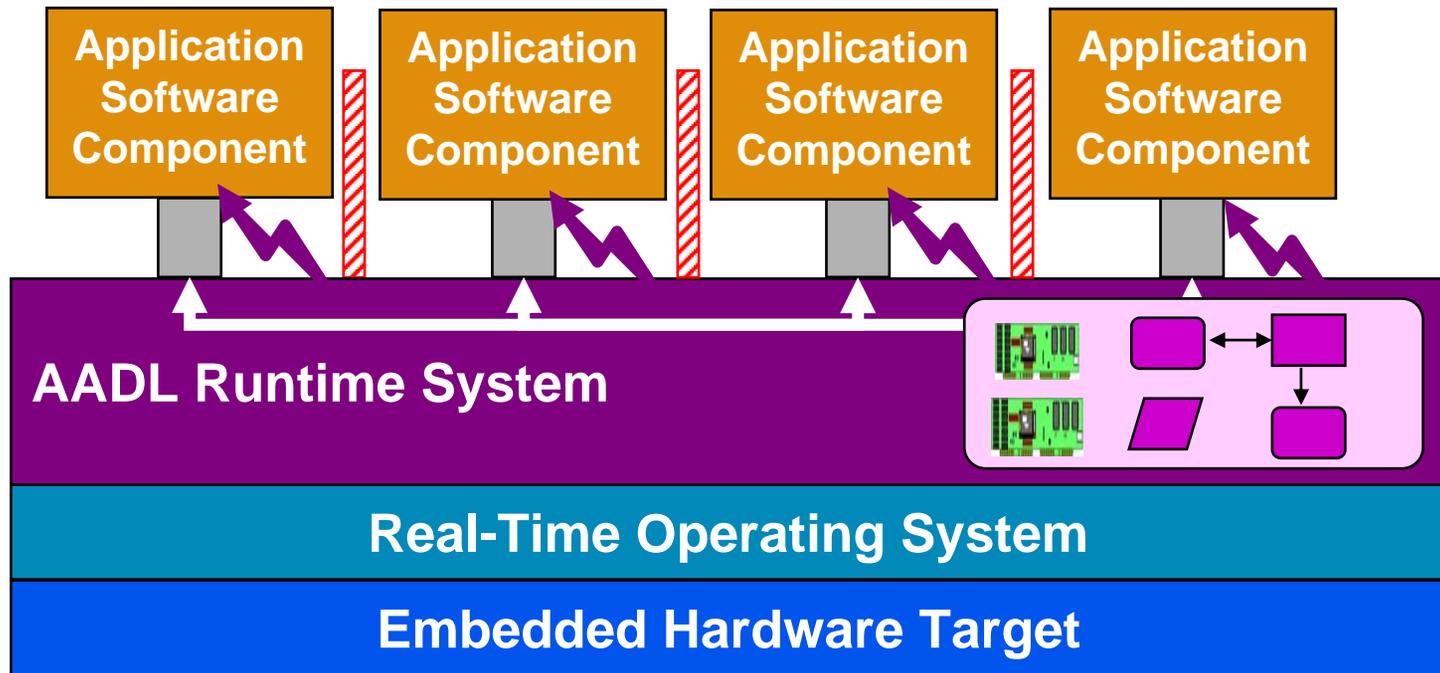
GPS	DB	HTTPS	Ada Runtime
-----	----	-------	-------------

.....

Devices	Memory	Bus	Processor
---------	--------	-----	-----------



# A Partitioned Portable Architecture



## Strong Partitioning

- Timing Protection
- OS Call Restrictions
- Memory Protection

## Interoperability/Portability

- Tailored Runtime Executive
- Standard RTOS API
- Application Components

# MetaH: Proof of Concepts for AADL

- 1991 DARPA DSSA program begins
- 1992 Partitioned PFP target (Tartan MAR/i960MC)
- 1994 Multi-processor target (VME i960MC)
- 1995 Slack stealing scheduler
- 1998 Portable Ada 95 and POSIX middleware configurations
- 1998 Extensibility through MetaH-ACME Mapping
- 1998 Reliability modeling extension
- 1999 Hybrid automata verification of core middleware modules

## Numerous evaluation and demonstration projects, e.g.

- Missile G&C reference architecture, demos, others (AMCOM SED)
- Hybrid automata formal verification (AFOSR, Honeywell)
- Missile defense (Boeing)
- Fighter guidance SW fault tolerance (DARPA, CMU, Lockheed-Martin)
- Incremental Upgrade of Legacy Systems (AFRL, Boeing, Honeywell)
- Comanche study (AMCOM, Comanche PO, Boeing, Honeywell)
- Tactical Mobile Robotics (DARPA, Honeywell, Georgia Tech)
- Advanced Intercept Technology CWE (BMDO, MaxTech)
- Adaptive Computer Systems (DARPA, Honeywell)
- Avionics System Performance Management (AFRL, Honeywell)
- Ada Software Integrated Development/Verification (AFRL, Honeywell)
- FMS reference architecture (Honeywell)
- JSF vehicle control (Honeywell)
- IFMU reengineering (Honeywell)



# AADL in Context

## Research ADLs

- MetaH
  - Real-time, modal, system family
  - Analysis & generation
  - RMA based scheduling
- Rapide, Wright, ..
  - Behavioral validation
- ADL Interchange
  - ACME

DARPA Funded  
Research since 1990

Basis

Extension

Influence

UML Profile

Alignment

Enhancement

## Industrial Strength

- UML 2.0, UML-RT
- HOOD/STOOD
- SDL

Airbus & ESA

AADL  
Extensible  
Real-time  
Dependable



# AADL: The Language

## Components with precise semantics

- Thread, thread group, process, system, processor, device, memory, bus, data, subprogram

## Completely defined interfaces & interactions

- Data & event flow, synchronous call/return, shared access
- End-to-End flow specifications

## Real-time Task Scheduling

- Supports different scheduling protocols incl. GRMA, EDF
- Defines scheduling properties and execution semantics

## Modal, configurable systems

- Modes to model transition between statically known states & configurations

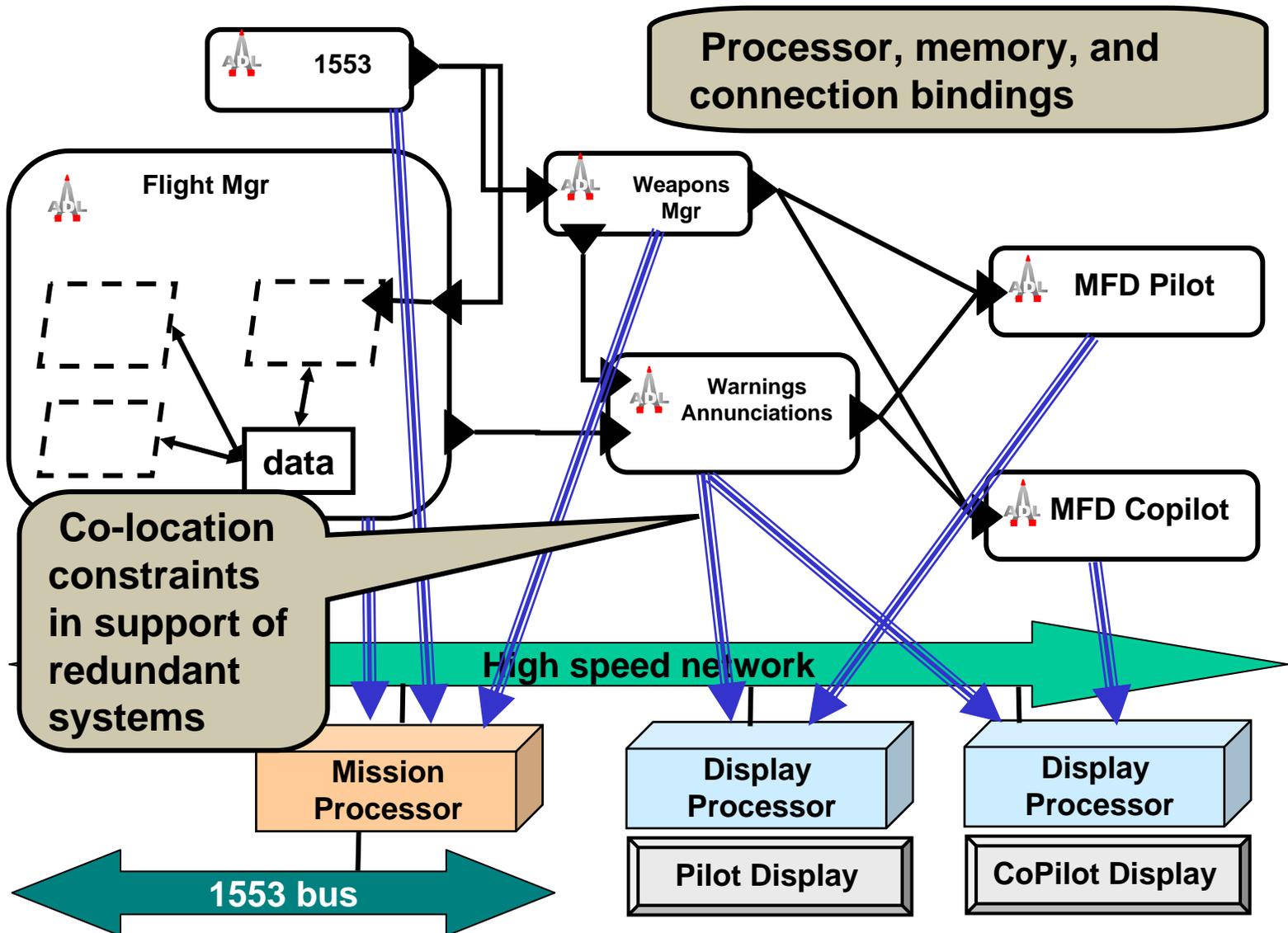
## Component evolution & large scale development support

## AADL language extensibility





# Execution Platform Bindings

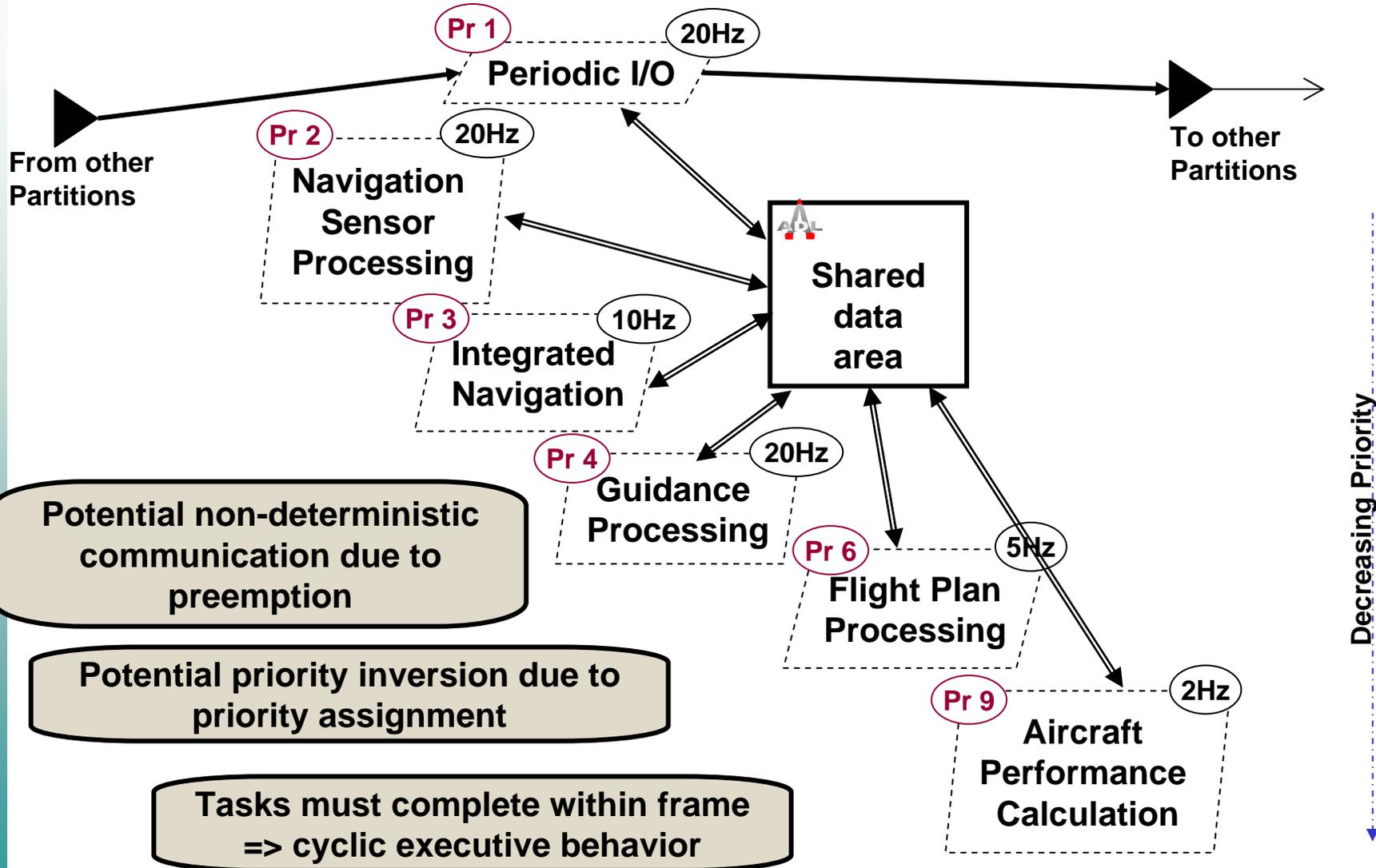


# An Avionics System Case Study

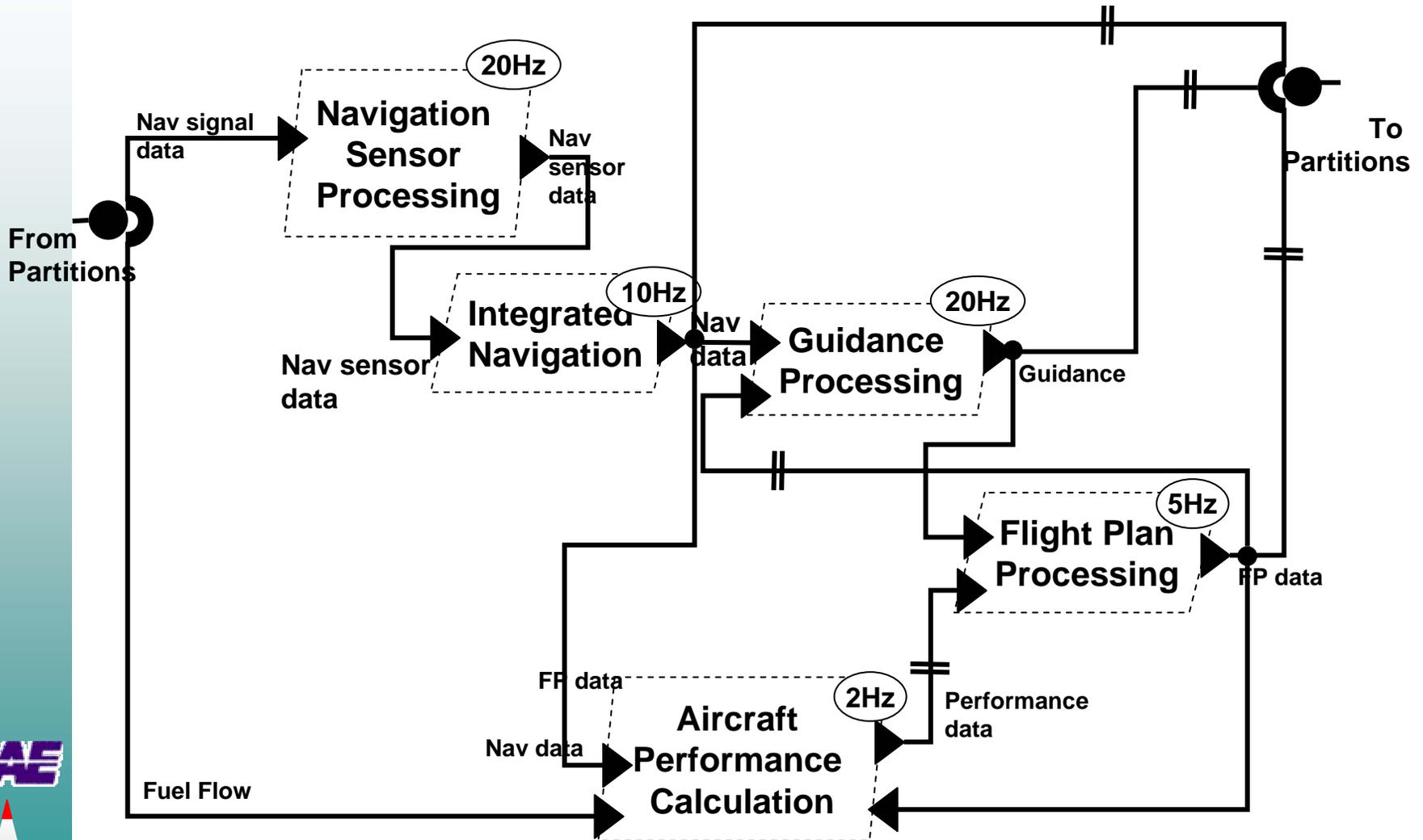
- Migration from static timeline to preemptive scheduling
  - Identified issues with shared variable communication
  - Migration potential from polling tasks to event-driven tasks
- Flexibility, predictability & efficiency of port-based communication
  - Defined communication timing semantics
  - Support for deterministic transfer & optimized buffers
- Effectiveness of connection & flow semantics
  - Support end-to-end latency analysis
- Analyzable fault-tolerant redundancy patterns
  - Orthogonal architecture view without model clutter



# A Naïve Thread-based Design



# Flight Manager in AADL



# Data Stream Latency Analysis

- Flow specifications in AADL
  - Properties on flows: expected & actual end-to-end latency
  - Properties on ports: expected incoming & estimated output latency
- End-to-end latency contributors
  - Delayed connections result in sampling latency
  - Immediate periodic & aperiodic sequences result in cumulative execution time latency
- Phase delay shift & oscillation
  - Noticeable at flow merge points
  - Variation interpreted as noisy signal to controller

Potential hazard

Latency calculation &  
jitter accumulation

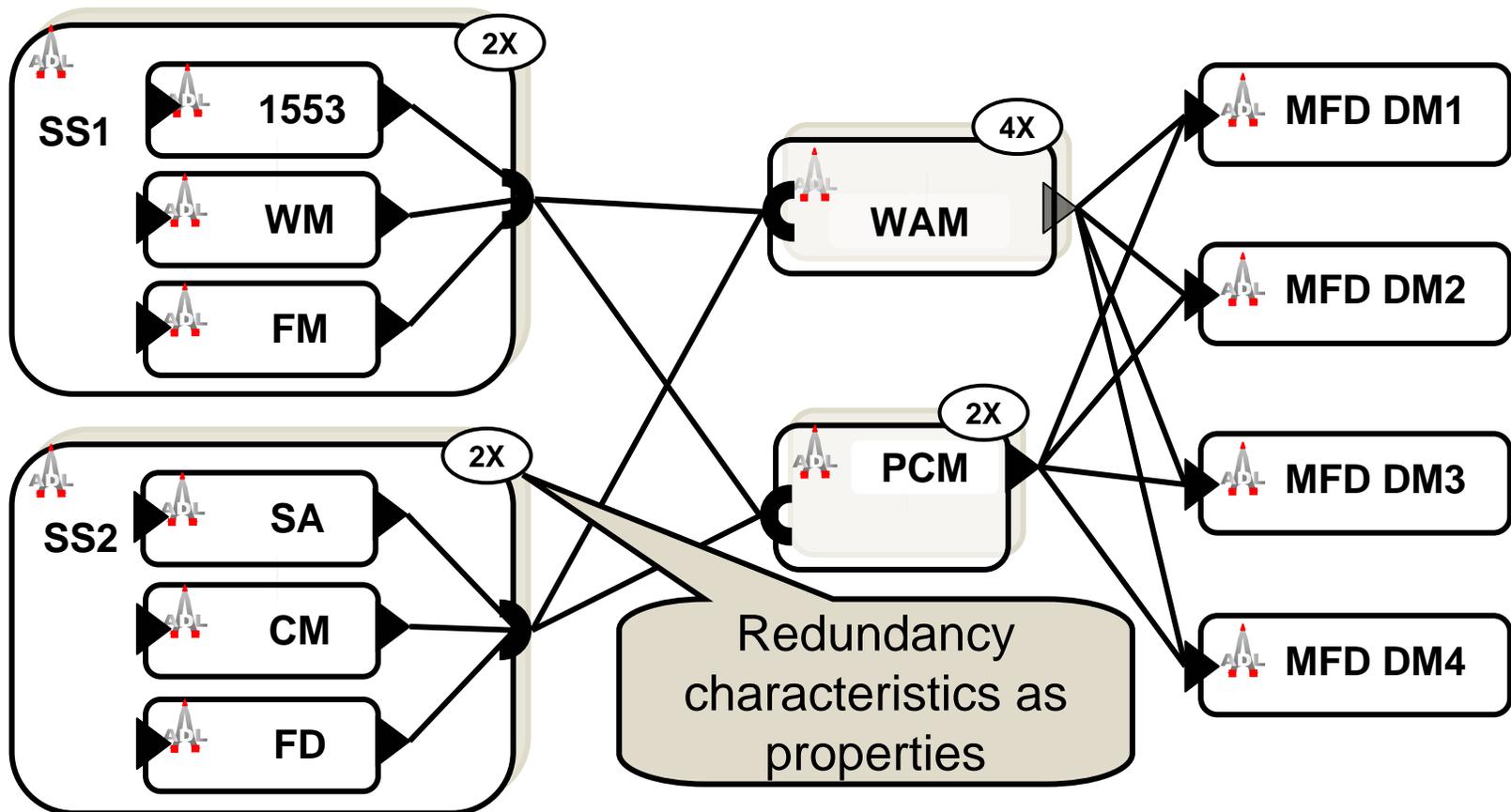
# Other Flow Characteristics

- Miss rate of data stream
  - Accommodates incomplete sensor readings
  - Allows for controlled deadline misses
- State vs. state delta communication
  - Data reduction technique
  - Implies requirement for guaranteed delivery
- Data accuracy
  - Reading accuracy
  - Computational error accumulation
- Message acknowledgment semantics
  - In terms of flow steps



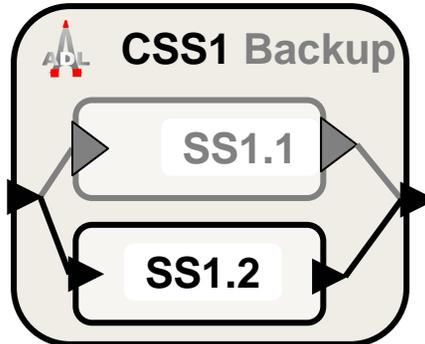
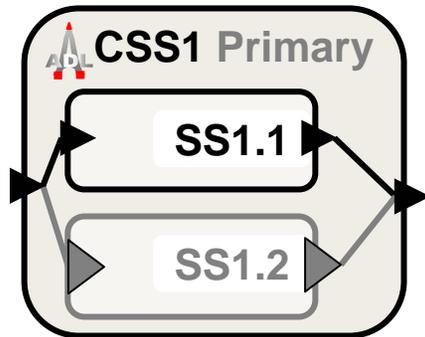
# Redundancy Specification

- Redundancy abstraction
- Co-location constraints on execution platform binding

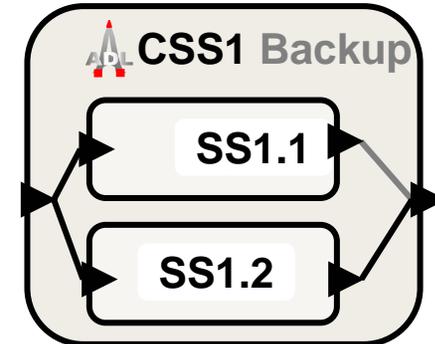
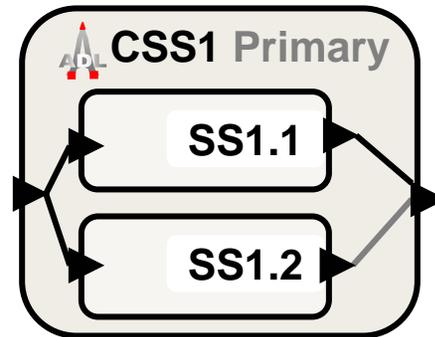


# Primary/Backup Patterns

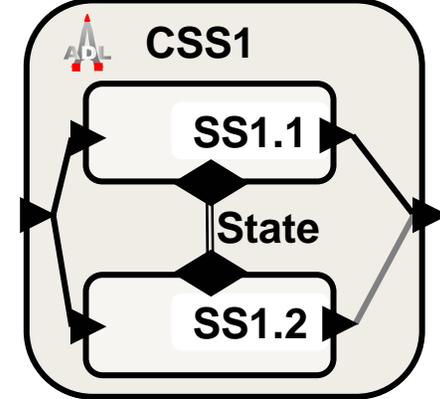
Passive Backup



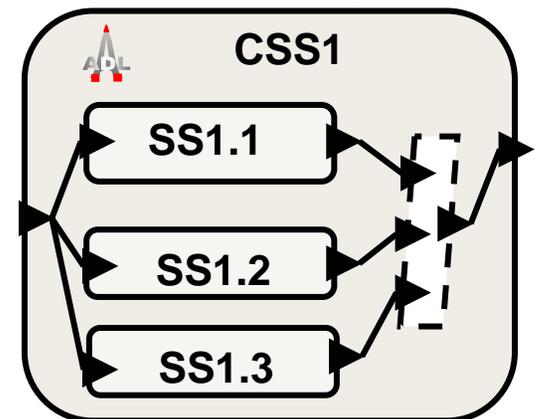
Hot Standby



Continuous State Exchange



Voted Output





# AADL Language Extensions

- New properties through property sets
- Sublanguage extension
  - Annex subclauses expressed in an annex-specific sublanguage
- Project-specific language extensions
- Language extensions as approved SAE AADL standard annexes
- Examples
  - Reliability modeling
  - ARINC 653
  - Behavior
  - Constraint sublanguage



# Example Annex Extension

```

THREAD t
FEATURES
  sem1 : DATA ACCESS semaphore;
  sem2 : DATA ACCESS semaphore;
END t;

```

```

THREAD IMPLEMENTATION t.t1
PROPERTIES
  Period => 13.96ms;
  cotre::Priority => 1;
  cotre::Phase => 0.0ms;
  Dispatch_Protocol => Periodic;

```

COTRE thread  
properties

```

ANNEX cotre.behavior {**
STATES
  s0, s1, s2, s3, s4, s5, s6, s7, s8 : STATE;
  s0 : INITIAL STATE;
TRANSITIONS
  s0 -[ ]-> s1 { PERIODIC_WAIT };
  s1 -[ ]-> s2 { COMPUTATION(1.9ms, 1.9ms) };
  s2 -[ sem1.wait ! (-1.0ms) ]-> s3;
  s3 -[ ]-> s4 { COMPUTATION(0.1ms, 0.1ms) };
  s4 -[ sem2.wait ! (-1.0ms) ]-> s5;
  s5 -[ ]-> s6 { COMPUTATION(2.5ms, 2.5ms) };
  s6 -[ sem2.release ! ]-> s7;
  s7 -[ ]-> s8 { COMPUTATION(1.5ms, 1.5ms) };
  s8 -[ sem1.release ! ]-> s0;
**);
END t.t1;

```

COTRE behavioral annex

Courtesy of



# Reliability Modeling Approach

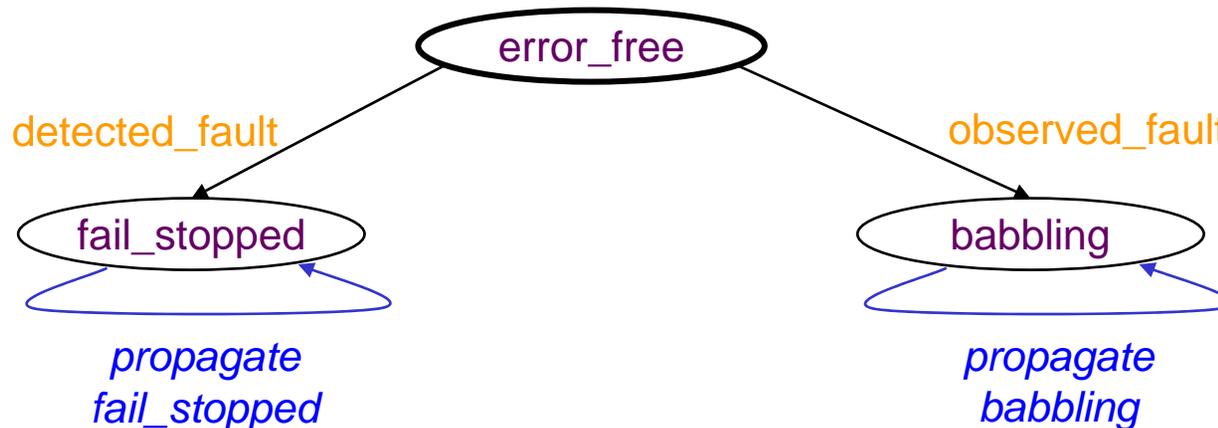
Error state & occurrence model as AADL extension

- Error states and transitions
- Fault events & occurrence rates
- Error propagation rates
- Masking of subcomponent and propagation errors

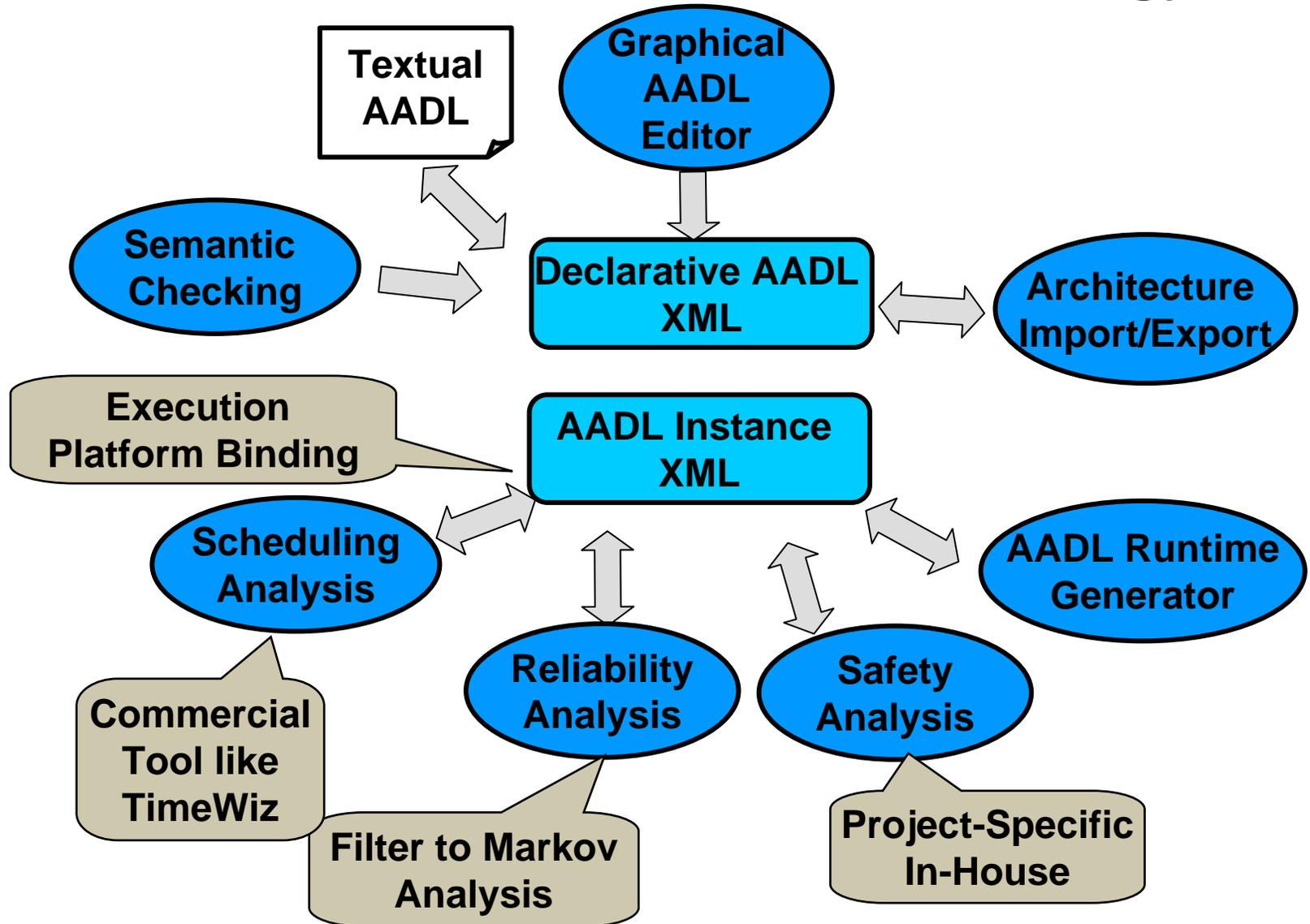
Reflects hazard analysis,  
component failure modes &  
effects analysis

Architecture model provides

- Dependency information
- Isolation analysis
- Basis for stochastic process model generation



# An XML-Based AADL Tool Strategy



# Open Source AADL Tool Environment

- OSATE is
  - Developed by the Software Engineering Institute
  - Available at under a no cost Common Public License (CPL)
  - Implemented on top of Eclipse Release 3 ([www.eclipse.org](http://www.eclipse.org))
  - Generated from an AADL meta model using the Eclipse Modeling Framework (EMF)
  - A textual & graphical AADL front-end with semantic & XML/XMI support
  - Extensible through architecture analysis & generation plug-ins
- OSATE offers
  - Low cost entrypoint to the use of SAE AADL



# SAE AADL and OSATE: Enablers of Embedded Systems Research

- Industry standard architecture modeling notation & model interchange format facilitates
  - Interchange of architecture models between contractors & subcontractors
  - Common architecture model for non-functional system property analysis from different perspectives
  - In-house prototyping of project specific architecture analysis & generation
  - Architecture research with access to industrial models & industry exposure to research results

