



Microbial Influenced Corrosion (MIC) Study

**National Defense Industry Association
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Report Documentation Page

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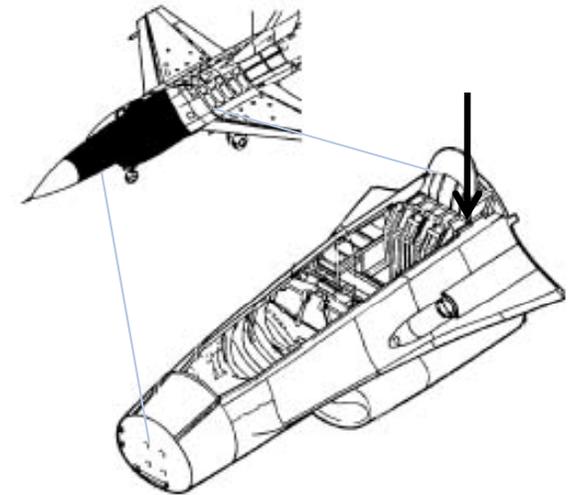
Overview

- Background
- Technical Approach
- Aircraft Sampling
- Microbial Characterization
- MIC Testing - Technical Approach
- Results of MIC Testing
- Mitigation Assessment
- Conclusions & Recommendations
- Overview of Current Project
- Points of Contact
- Questions



Background

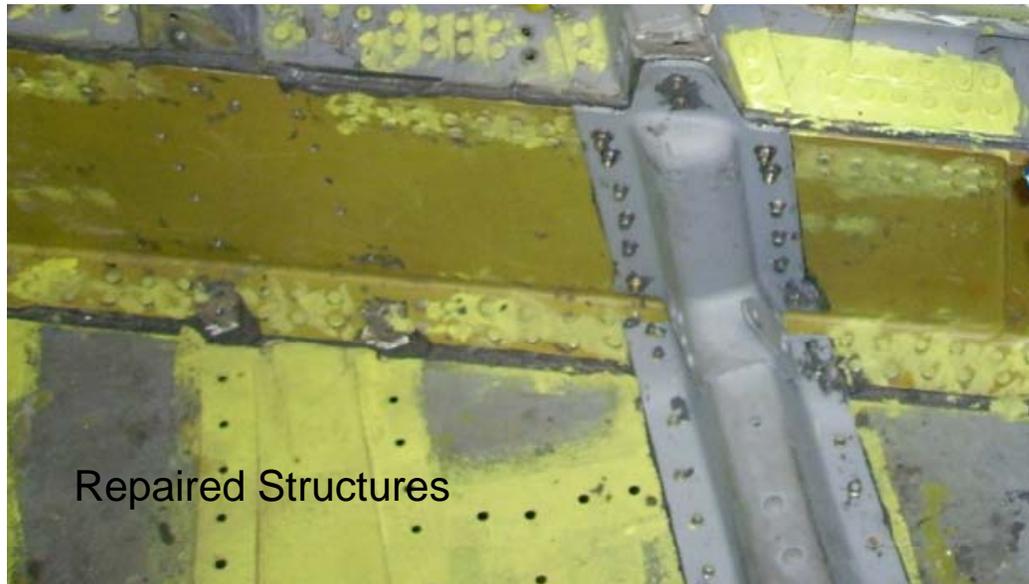
- Moisture routinely enters aircraft in different ways
 - open canopy, condensation, high humidity, Environmental Control System or ECS, etc...
- Moisture is absorbed and retained within insulation blankets used to seal lower walls and floor,
- No drain holes in aft area to remove moisture (B/D variants),
- Water collects and retained in low lying areas breaks down protective coating system and causes structural corrosion,
- Water and organic/inorganic nutrients support microbial growth.





Background (cont...)

- Hill AFB representatives at World Wide Review for TCG countries stated that structural corrosion is a problem in most "B" and "D" models





Background (cont...)

- Microbial contamination may exist in many areas within all types of military aircraft
- Microbial contamination is often not reported during field and depot-level maintenance operations





Background (cont...)

- Most damage confined to pitting corrosion of primary and secondary support structures
- Pitting corrosion morphology (i.e., tunneling suggests MIC)





Microbial Influenced Corrosion Characterization and Prevention

(FY09-10 Project)



Technical Approach

- Work with client and stakeholder team to evaluate the potential for MIC of aircraft structures:
 - Collect and characterize microbial species from aircraft
 - Validate MIC damage mechanisms under environmental conditions expected within areas of aircraft
 - Identify and assess the effect of possible short- and long-term mitigation technologies:
 - Chemical disinfection (T.O 1-1-8 and T.O 1-1-691)
 - Biocidal rinses and coatings
 - Biocidal Corrosion Preventative Compounds or CPCs



Aircraft Sampling

Condemned Aircraft Component Parts



- Sixty-three samples collected from similar parts and OML locations (control samples) on six aircraft at Hill Air Force Base



Microbial Isolates Recovered

- Seventeen (17) different bacterial isolates and sixteen (16) fungal isolates recovered from the sixty-three surface samples collected from aircraft and nine off-aircraft component parts
- Compared microbial populations recovered from the aircraft and parts; looking for consistencies and differences of populations recovered from corroded versus non-corroded areas
- Compared microbial populations to MIC species reported in literature
- Coordinated observations, results, conclusions and recommendations with representatives from Hill AFB, the Air Force Research Laboratory (AFRL), and Naval Research Laboratory (NRL)

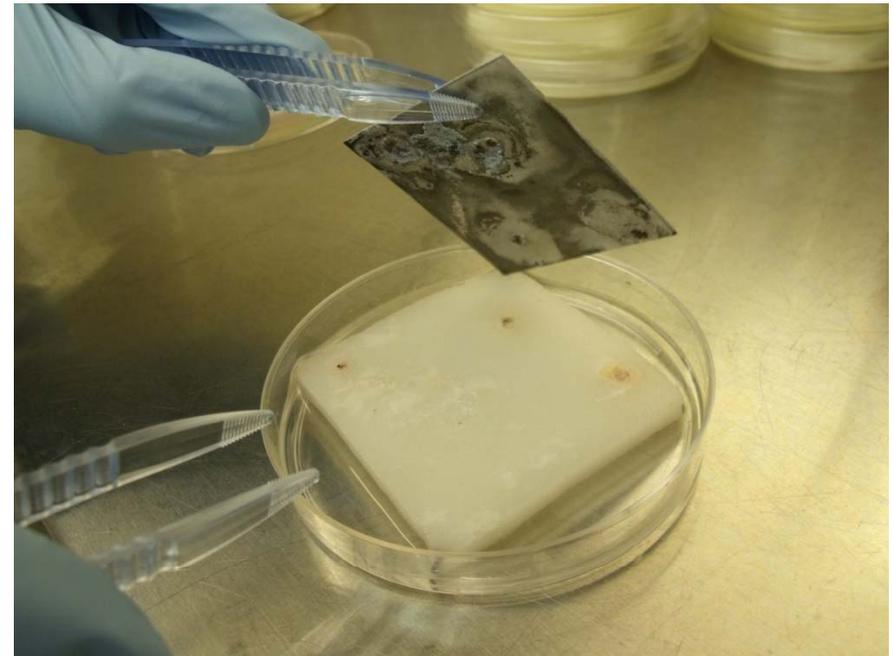
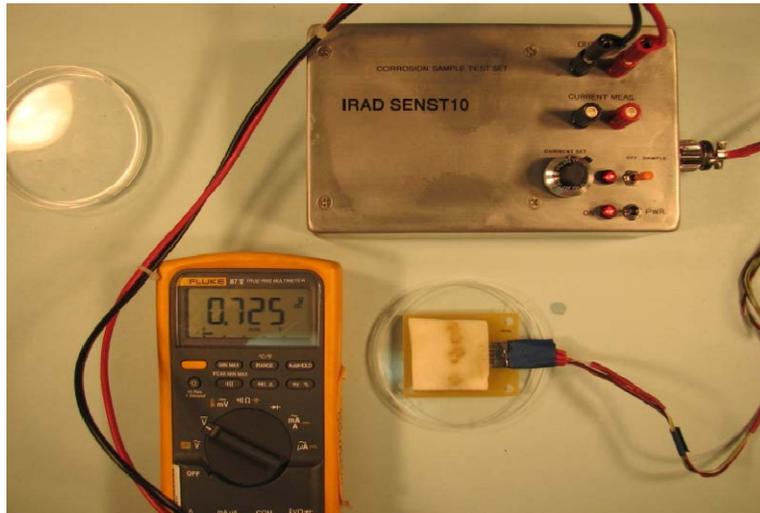


Test Matrix

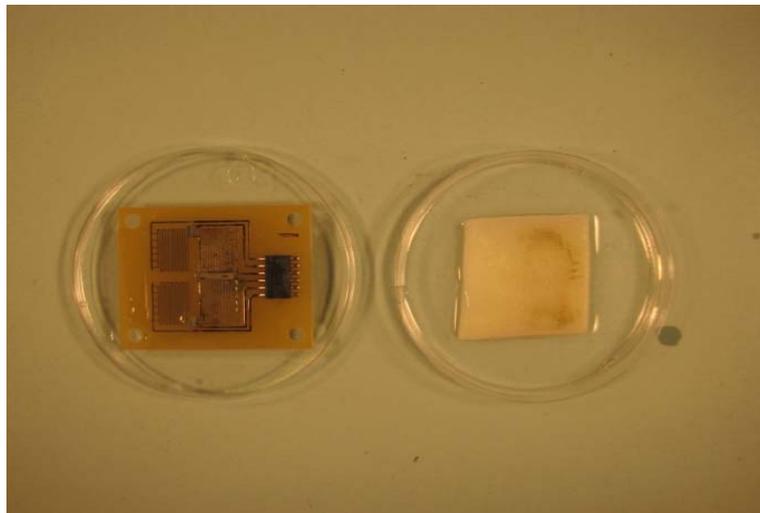
| Parameter | Description |
|--|--|
| Coupon Type | 2024-T3 aluminum alloy |
| Sensor Type | 1020 low carbon steel |
| Incubation Conditions | 26 ± 2C; 75-80% Rel. Humidity |
| Bacteria Consortium | <i>Microbacterium saperdae</i> <i>Rhodococcus equi</i> <i>Staphylococcus epidermidis</i> |
| Fungal Consortium | <i>Aspergillus fumigatus</i> <i>Fusarium oxysporum</i> <i>Penicillium oxalicum</i> <i>Rhodoturula sp.</i> <i>Trichoderma sp.</i> |
| Control Sensors and Coupons – Positive A | Dosed with microbes known to influence corrosion and used in a recent AFRL corrosion study: <i>Pseudomonas fluorescens</i> <i>Delftia acidovorans</i> <i>Enterobacter cloacae</i> |
| Control Sensors and Coupons – Positive B | Dosed with bleach, a corrosive agent |
| Control Sensors and Coupons – Negative | Dosed with buffer only (no microbes present) |



Experimental Set-up



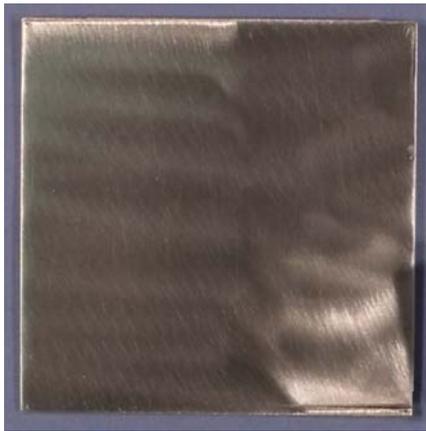
Weight-loss Coupons



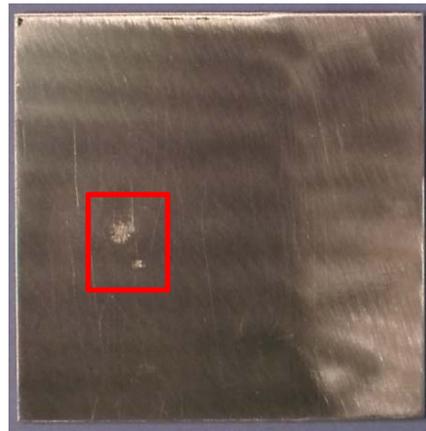
Battelle Corrosion Sensors



Aluminum Coupon Results: 1-month Exposure, Chemically Descaled



Bacteria Consortia



Fungi Consortia



Combination



Buffer Only



Aluminum Coupon Results: 2-month Exposure, Descaled

Top



Bacteria Consortia



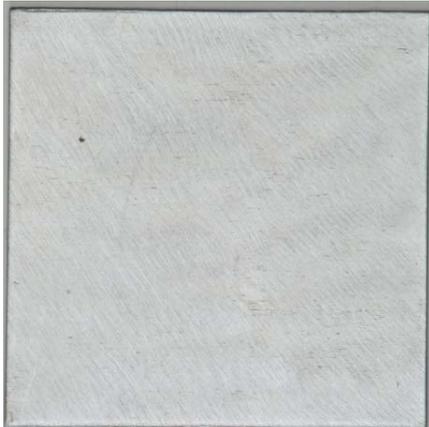
Fungi Consortia



Combination



Buffer Only



Bottom



Al Coupon Results: 3 Month Exposure, Descaled - Optical Micrographs

Bacteria Consortia



Fungi Consortia



Combination



Buffer Only



Top

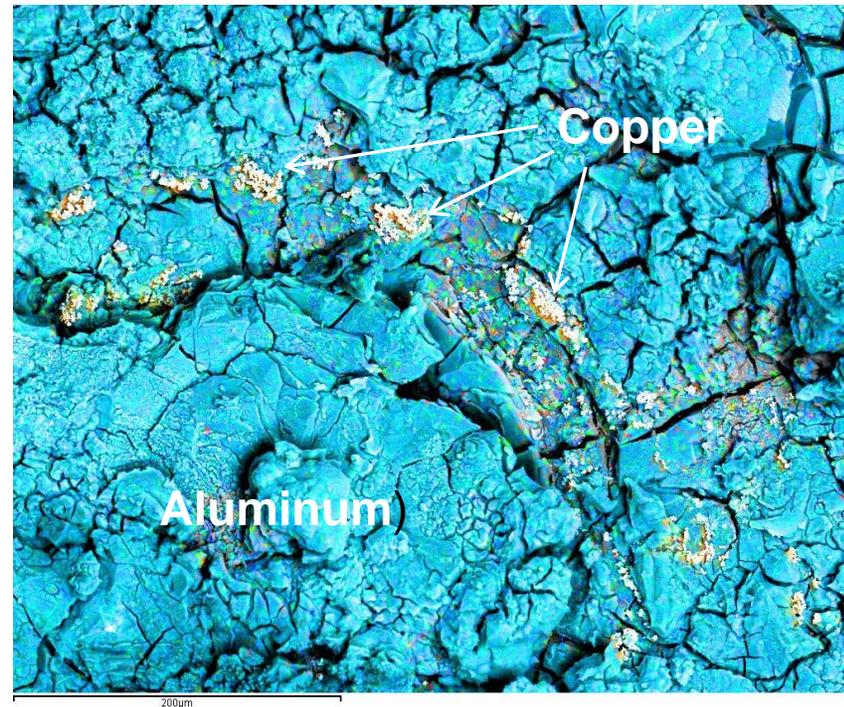
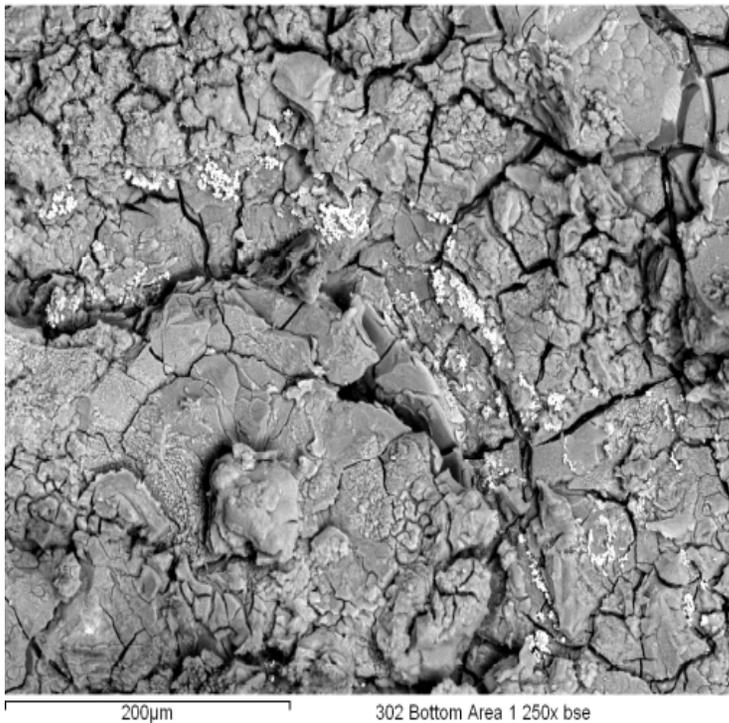
Bottom





Aluminum Coupon Results: 3 Month Exposure, Cleaned (Representative Samples)

Coupon ID 302 Bacteria Consortia

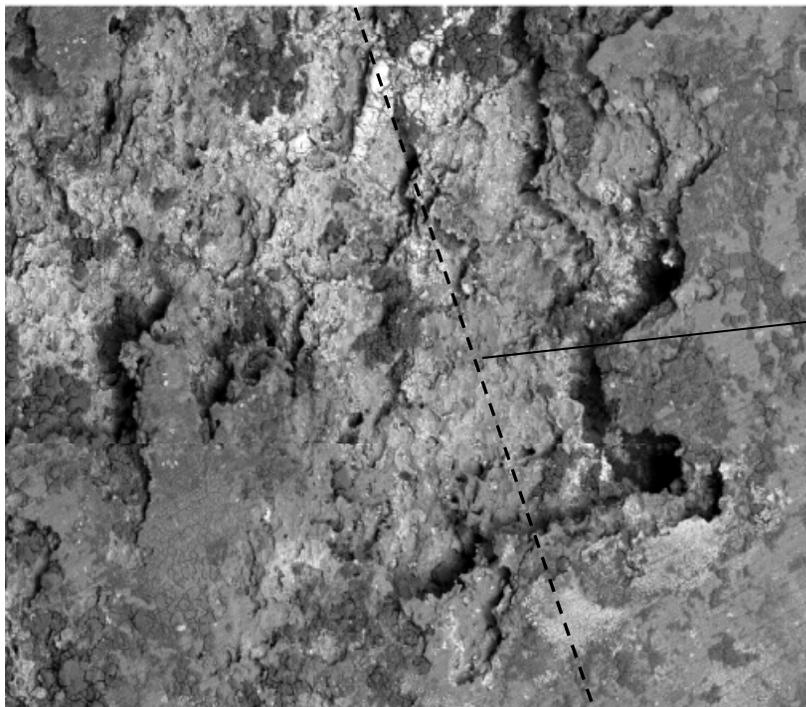


Dried biofilm and corrosion products inside pit area, with evidence of selective metal ion extraction or dealloying from metal or alloying networks



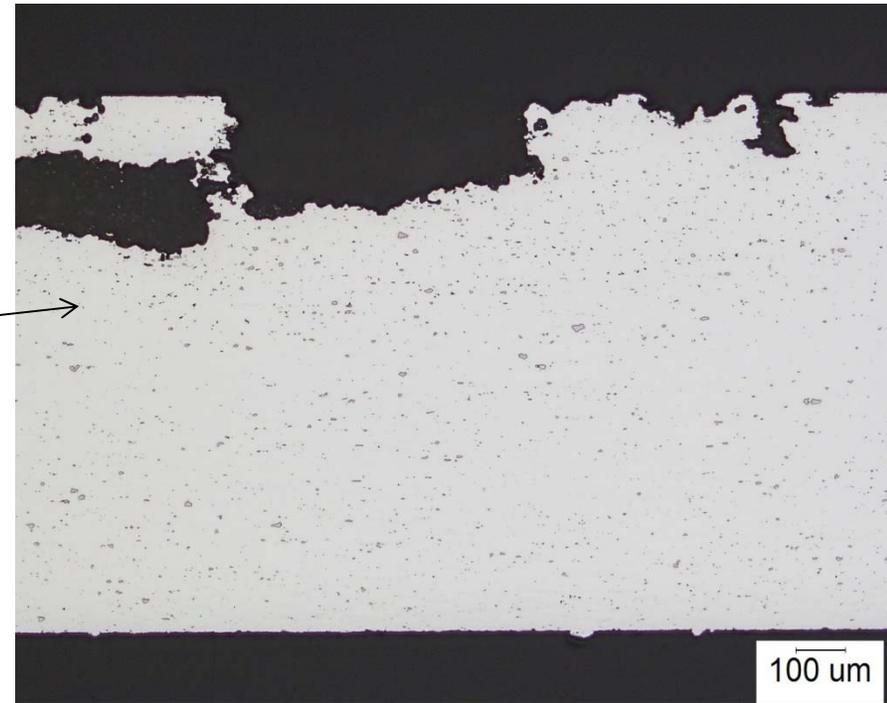
Aluminum Coupon Results: 3 Month Exposure, Descaled (Representative Samples)

Coupon ID 305 Fungi Consortia



800μm

305 Bottom Cleaned 75x bse



100 μm



Aluminum Coupon Results: 3-month exposure

Legend

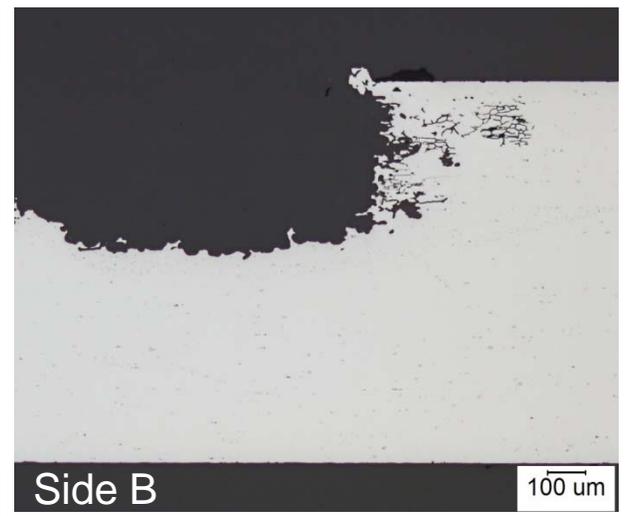
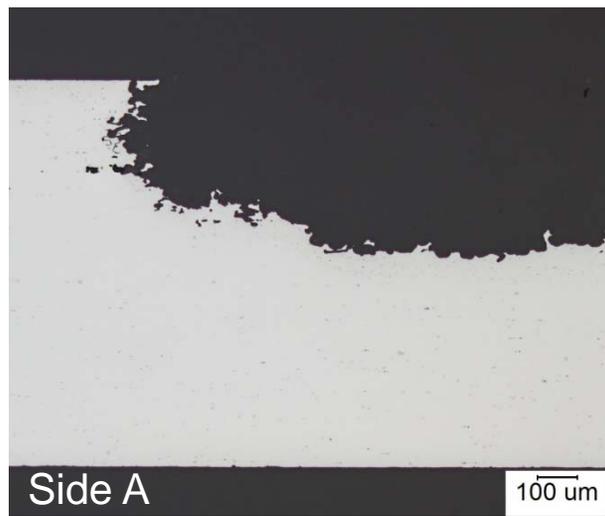
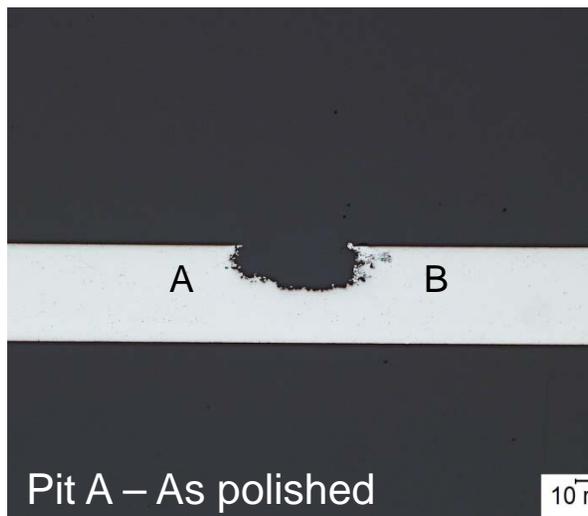
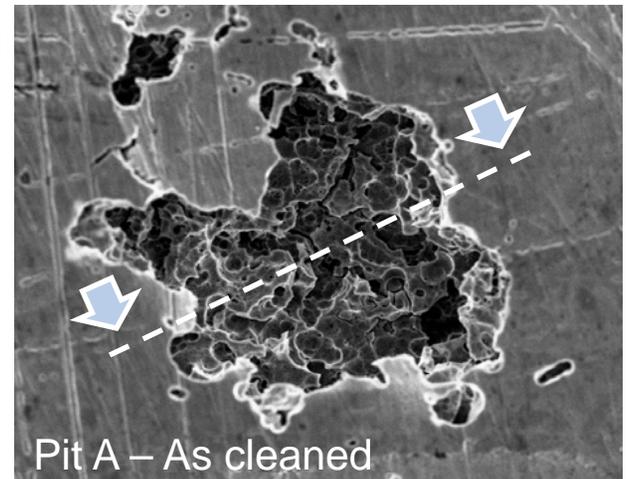
B Bottom
G General
L Localized
NP No pitting
P Pitting
T Top
X # of Pits

| Coupon ID | Test Solution | pH | Discoloration | | Pitting, max (mils) | Comments |
|-----------|--------------------|-----|---------------|--------|---------------------|---|
| | | | Top | Bottom | | |
| 701 | Buffer only | 7 | 3L-NP | G-NP | ~5 T | General staining only – T/B |
| 702 | Buffer only | 7 | None | E-1P | ~3 B | 1 area of localized pitting - B |
| 703 | Buffer only | 7 | 1G-3P | G-NP | ~2 T | General staining only – T/B |
| 704 | Buffer only | 7 | None | 3L-1P | <5 B | Localized staining – B only |
| 705 | Buffer only | 7 | None | None | 0 | No staining detected – T/B |
| 706 | Buffer + Biocide | 5.5 | 2L-1P | 2L-1P | ~1 B/3 T | Localized staining only – T/B |
| 707 | Buffer + Biocide | 5.5 | 2L-1P | 1L-1P | ~1 T/B | Localized staining only – T/B |
| 708 | Buffer + Biocide | 5.5 | 2L-1P | G-NP | ~3 T | Localize staining only – T/B |
| 709 | Buffer + Biocide | 5.5 | 2L-NP | 1L-1P | ~5 B | Localized staining/etching – T/B |
| 710 | Buffer + Biocide | 5.5 | 4L-NP | G-1P | ~1 B | Localized staining – T/B |
| 711 | Water only | 5.5 | None | None | 0 | No staining detected – T/B |
| 712 | Water only | 5.5 | None | None | 0 | No staining detected – T/B |
| 713 | Water only | 5.5 | None | 1L-1P | ~1 B | Localized staining – B only |
| 714 | Water only | 5.5 | None | None | 0 | No staining detected – T/B |
| 715 | Water only | 5.5 | None | None | 0 | No staining detected – T/B |
| 716 | Fungal Consortia | 7.5 | 3L-1P | G-NP | >6 T | Surface staining – B only |
| 717 | Fungal Consortia | 7.5 | 4L-4P | G-NP | >12 T | Surface staining/localized pitting on T surfaces only |
| 718 | Fungal Consortia | 7.5 | 1L-1P | G-NP | >20 T | Edge corrosion – T only |
| 719 | Fungal Consortia | 7.5 | 3L-1P | G-NP | <1 T | Surface staining – T/B |
| 720 | Fungal Consortia | 7.5 | G-NP | None | 0 | No staining detected – T/B |
| 721 | Aircraft Consortia | 7.5 | G-2P | G-5P | >15 B | Edge corrosion pits – B deepest |
| 722 | Aircraft Consortia | 7.5 | 22L-2P | G-NP | ~15 T | Edge corrosion pits – T deepest |
| 723 | Aircraft Consortia | 7.5 | 3L-3P | 4L-4P | ~10 T | Edge corrosion pits – T deepest |
| 724 | Aircraft Consortia | 7.5 | 1L-1P | G-NP | ~10 T | Edge corrosion pits – T deepest |
| 725 | Aircraft Consortia | 7.5 | 5L-5P | G-1P | >30 T/B | Edge thru-wall penetration |



Aluminum Coupon Results: 3-month Exposure (Representative Sample)

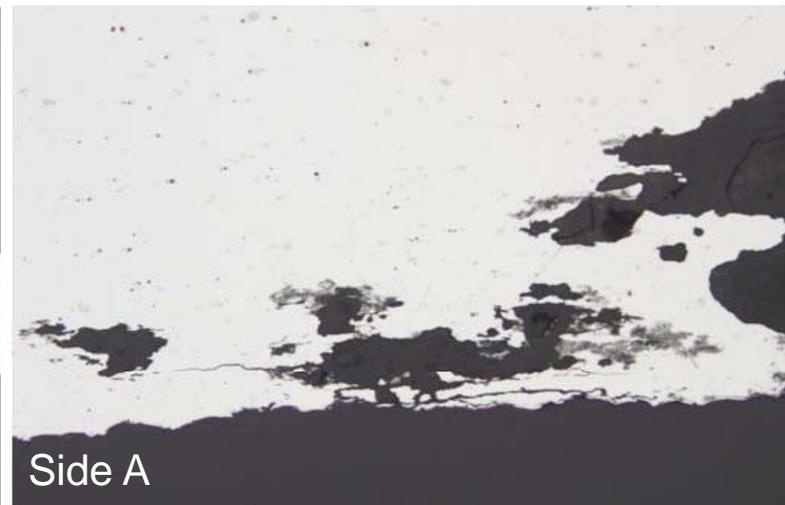
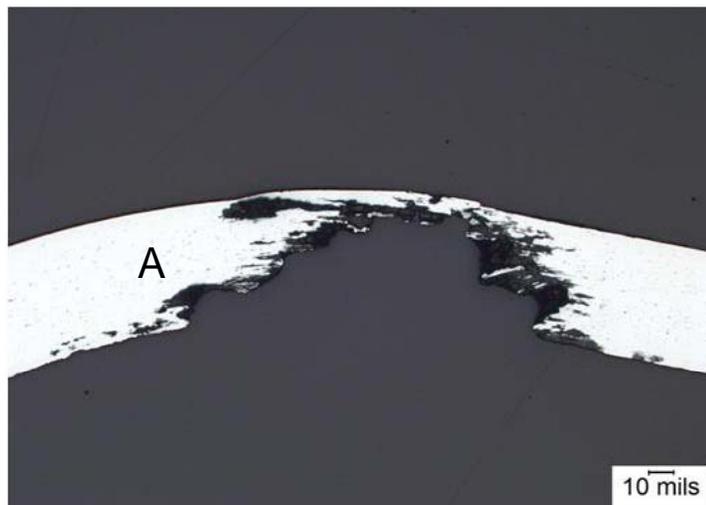
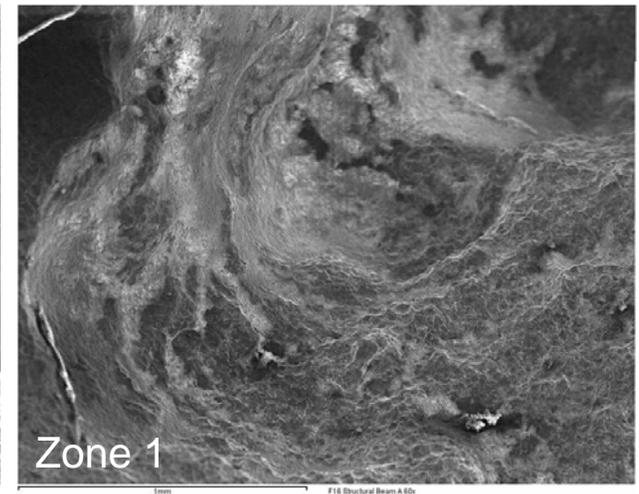
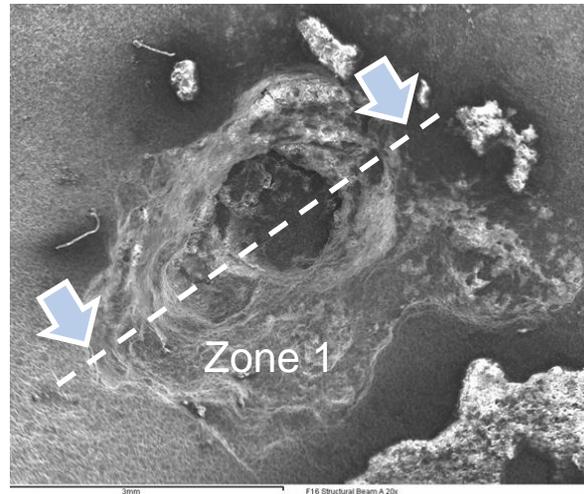
Coupon ID No. 722 (Aircraft Consortia)





Aluminum Parts Results: In-Service Exposure (Representative Sample)

Aircraft Beam





MIC Cr⁺⁶ Mitigation Assessment: Technical Approach

• ASTM Test Methods

- E 2180-07: Standard Test Method for Determining the Activity of Incorporated Antimicrobial Agent(s) in Polymeric or Hydrophobic Materials
- D 5590-00 (Reapproved 2005): Standard Test Method for Determining the Resistance of Paint Films and Related Coatings to Fungal Defacement by Accelerated Four-Week Agar Plate Assay
- D 3274-09: Standard Test Method for Evaluating Degree of Surface Disfigurement of Paint Films by Fungal or Algal Growth, or Soil and Dirt Accumulation

• Fungal Consortium

- *Aspergillus sp* (FI-19)
- *Fusarium oxysporum* (FI-6)
- *Hypocrea jecorina* (FI-1)
- *Pleosporaceae sp.* (FI-17)
- *Ustilago maydis* (FI-13)
- *Aureobasidium pullulans* (FI-16)
- *Fusarium sp.* (FI-18)
- *Penicillium oxalicum* (FI-12)
- *Rhodoturala mucilaginoso* (FI-7)

• Test Systems

| Test System | Description |
|-------------|--|
| A | Coupons on acidified Potato Dextrose Agar (aPDA); variation of ASTM D5590-00 |
| B | Coupons on Agar slurry inoculum overlay; variation of ASTM E 2180-07 |
| C | Coupon Suspension Test |



MIC Cr⁺⁶ Mitigation Assessment: Test Matrix

| Sample Type | Sample Group | Sample Numbers | Description |
|-----------------------------|--------------|----------------|--|
| Test | 1 | 1-3 | Cr ⁺⁶ conversion coating applied to coupons spiked with fungal consortium |
| | 2 | 4-6 | Non-Cr ⁺⁶ treatment applied to coupons spiked with fungal consortium |
| | 3 | 7-9 | Cr ⁺⁶ conversion coating and Cr ⁺⁶ primer applied to coupons spiked with fungal consortium |
| | 4 | 10-12 | Non-Cr ⁺⁶ treatment and Non-Cr ⁺⁶ primer applied to coupons spiked with fungal consortium |
| | 5 | 13-15 | Cr ⁺⁶ conversion coating and Cr ⁺⁶ primer and topcoat applied to coupons spiked with fungal consortium |
| | 6 | 16-18 | Non-Cr ⁺⁶ conversion coating and Non-Cr ⁺⁶ primer and topcoat applied to coupons spiked with fungal consortium |
| | 7 | 19-21 | Uncoated coupons spiked with fungal consortium |
| Positive Matrix Controls | 8 | 22-24 | Whatman #2 filter paper spiked with fungal consortium |
| Negative Matrix Controls | 9 | 25-27 | Cr ⁺⁶ coated coupons; spiked with sterile water |
| | 10 | 28-30 | Non-Cr ⁺⁶ coated coupons; spiked with sterile water |
| | 11 | 31-33 | Uncoated coupons; spiked with sterile water |
| | 12 | 34-36 | Whatman #2 filter paper; spiked with sterile water |
| Positive Antifungal Control | 13 | 37-39 | Coupons coated with a known antifungal (TBD) |



MIC Cr⁺⁶ Mitigation Assessment: 4-week Exposure Results

| Coupon Type | SYSTEM I: Treated – aPDA + fungal consortium (coupon laying on fungi treated agar media) | | |
|--|--|--------|--------|
| | DAY 8 | DAY 14 | DAY 28 |
| Chrome Conversion Coating Coupon Type: A <i>Alodine 1200 (Henkel)</i> | | | |
| Non-Chrome Treatment Coupon Type: E <i>Prekote® (Pantheon Chemical)</i> | | | |
| Chrome Conversion Coating + Chrome Primer Coupon Type: B <i>Alodine 1200 (Henkel)</i> <i>MIL-PRF-23377H, TY 1, CL 2 (Deft - 02Y040A)</i> | | | |
| Non-Chrome Treatment + Non-Chrome Primer Coupon Type: F <i>Prekote® (Pantheon Chemical)</i> <i>MIL-PRF-23377H, TY 1, CL N (Deft - 02GN083)</i> | | | |



MIC Cr⁺⁶ Mitigation Assessment: 4-week Exposure Results

| SYSTEM I: Treated – aPDA + fungal consortium (coupon laying on fungi treated agar media) | | | |
|--|-------|--------|--------|
| Coupon Type | DAY 8 | DAY 14 | DAY 28 |
| <p>Chrome Conversion Coating + Chrome Primer + Topcoat Coupon Type: C</p> <p><i>Alodine 1200 (Henkel)</i> MIL-PRF-23377H, TY 1, CL 2 (Deft – 02Y04A) MIL-PRF-85285D, TY 4, CL H (Deft – 99GY001)</p> | | | |
| <p>Non-Chrome Treatment + Non-Chrome Primer + Topcoat Coupon Type: G</p> <p><i>Prekote® (Pantheon Chemical)</i> MIL-PRF-23377H, TY 1, CL N (Deft – 02GN083) MIL-PRF-85285D, TY 4, CL H (Deft – 99GN001)</p> | | | |
| <p>Uncoated Coupon Type: D</p> <p><i>Bare Al2024-T3</i> (Negative Control)</p> | | | |
| <p>Whatman Paper (Positive Control)</p> | | | |



MIC Cr⁺⁶ Mitigation Assessment: Exposure Results

| SYSTEM I: Treated – aPDA + fungal consortium (coupon laying on fungi treated agar media) | | | |
|---|-------|--------|--------|
| Coupon Type | DAY 6 | DAY 13 | DAY 28 |
| Bunge Silver Coating Coupon Type: H <i>Proprietary Coating w/ Silver Inhibitor</i> | | | |
| Non-Chrome Treatment + Mg-Rich Primer Coupon Type: I <i>Prekote® (Pantheon Chemical)</i> <i>Aerodur 2100 (Akzo Nobel Aerospace)</i> | | | N/A |
| Non-Chrome Treatment + Mg-Rich Primer + Topcoat Coupon Type: J <i>Prekote® (Pantheon Chemical)</i> <i>Aerodur 2100 (Akzo Nobel Aerospace)</i> <i>MIL-PRF-85285D, TY 4, CL H (Deft – 99GY001)</i> | | | N/A |



Conclusions

- 17 bacterial & 16 fungal species (common environmental isolates)
 - Minimal impact to health & safety
- Fungal species promote MIC of Al2024-T3 alloy
- Intergranular attack with selective metal ion extraction mode of corrosion damage
- Hexavalent chromium has limited biocidal effect on specific fungal species
- Age and condition of chromated primer “controls” resistance to MIC on 2024-T3 aluminum alloy



Evaluation of Antimicrobial Compounds and Their Effects on MIC

(FY11-12 Project)



Scope

- To continue all ongoing comparative assessments of hexavalent chromium containing primers and non-chromated primers being investigated by the United States Air Force
- To evaluate antimicrobial compounds with broad spectrum inhibition properties blended into a water rinse and applied directly to outer moldline (OML) surfaces of an aircraft
- To evaluate antimicrobial compounds with broad spectrum inhibition properties blended into a commercial coating or thin corrosion preventative compound (CPC) and directly applied to the inner moldline (IML) surfaces of an aircraft
- To measure and evaluate in the laboratory the contribution of MIC processes to crevice corrosion that are occurring on aircraft structures



Technical Approach & Teaming

- **Task 1.0 Assessment of MIC with Chromated and Non-chromated Treatments and Biocidal Coatings**

Battelle – formulate biocidal coatings, prepare all test panel sets, and provide required panel testing and data analysis

NRL – assist Battelle with an analysis of results and microscopic characterization of fungal growth

- **Task 2.0 Formulate and Evaluate Biocidal Rinse Water Solutions**

Battelle – prepare all test panel sets, assist in the down-selection, formulate biocidal rinse solutions; conduct visual and microscopic assessments of panels

NRL – analyze and microscopically (SEM) characterize test panel surfaces

CP&S – assist in the selection and formulation of commercial biocides



Technical Approach & Teaming

- **Task 3.0 Formulate and Evaluate CPCs Containing Biocides**

Battelle – prepare test panels, measure and validate the beneficial effects of CPCs containing biocides through an elimination of fungal growth and reduction of coating degradation

NRL – provide consulting services, assist with analysis of test data, and conduct microscopic characterization of "as-tested" surfaces of designated panels

CP&S – provide support with the down-selection and formulation of biocidal CPC materials

- **Task 4.0 Investigate MIC Processes and Effects on Crevice Corrosion**

NRL – measure and validate the contribution of MIC processes to crevice corrosion

SwRI – conduct a controlled laboratory corrosion assessment of MIC and anti-microbial activities on the surfaces of Al2024-T3 test panels

Battelle – prepare test panel sets and provide technical support on an "as-required" basis



Points of Contact

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Questions??

Thank you!