The report contains articles on political, economic, sociological, and government events and developments in North Korea.
## TRANSLATIONS ON NORTH KOREA

**No. 556**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CONTENTS</th>
<th>PAGE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Kim Il-Song Sends Birthday Greetings to JSP's Tomomi Narita (KCNA, 16 Sep 77)</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Report on Visit of Equatorial Guinean President (Various sources, various dates)</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pyongyang Welcoming Rally, President's Wife Visits Nursery, Departure of Delegation, Joint Communique</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>'NODONG SINMUN' Welcomes Visit of Burma's Ne Win (KCNA, 20 Sep 77)</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>'NODONG SINMUN' Condemns Alleged SR-71 Incursions (KCNA, 21 Sep 77)</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Proceedings of International Seminar on Chuche Idea (KCNA, various dates)</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Third-Day Session, Close of Seminar</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Government Leaders Meet With Chuche Seminar Delegates (KCNA, various dates)</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arab Journalist, South-West Africa Group, Senegalese Diplomat, Saharan Republic Delegation, Iraq Ba'th Party, Zimbabwe Patriotic Front, Burundi Party, Panamanian Journalist, Venezuelan University Official</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
CONTENTS (Continued)

PDHY Official
Sudanese Delegation
Yemen Arab Republic Official
Gambian Delegation
Nigerian Delegation
Central African Empire Delegation
Pakistani Figures
Benin Delegation
Norwegian Socialist Left Party
Rwanda Delegation
Gabonese Delegation
Swedish Communists
PLO Delegation
Radio Dubai Director
Panhellenic Socialist Movement
Cameroonian Delegate
Luxembourg Delegate
Seychelles Delegation
Danish Delegation
Angolan Delegate
Guinea-Bissau Delegate
Congolese Delegation
Arab Lawyers Union Official

Report on Activities of Chuche Seminar Delegates
(KCNA, various dates) ........................................ 24

More Delegation Arrivals
Art Performance for Visitors
KPA Artists' Performance
Friendship Meeting
Departure of Delegates
Additional Departures

Activities of Madagascar Government Delegation Reported
(KCNA, various dates) ........................................ 29

Foreign Minister Remi Speech
Exchange of Banquet Toasts
Departure of Delegation

Developing National Culture Said Significant to Newly Emerging Countries
(Yi Sok-yun; NODONG SINMUN, 21 May 77) ................. 33

Nine Ways to Capture the 8.5 Million Ton Food Grain Pinnacle Outlined
(Editorial; NODONG SINMUN, 7 Jul 77) ....................... 37
CONTENTS (Continued)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Briefs</th>
<th>PAGE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Household Work Teams</td>
<td>51</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Munch' on Local Industry</td>
<td>51</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Railroad Modernization</td>
<td>51</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sop'o Cargo Station</td>
<td>52</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Phosphate Fertilizer</td>
<td>52</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8 February Cement Plant</td>
<td>52</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fishery Base Construction</td>
<td>53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pukch'ang Power Station</td>
<td>53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sodusu Generator Construction</td>
<td>53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yongdae Coal Mine</td>
<td>53</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ore Transport</td>
<td>54</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kangson Steel Works</td>
<td>54</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Songjin Steel Works</td>
<td>54</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Thermopower Expansion Project</td>
<td>54</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Railroad Electrification</td>
<td>54</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Transport Struggle</td>
<td>55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4 June Factory</td>
<td>55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Railroad Accessories</td>
<td>55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cargo Cars</td>
<td>55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sungho-ri Cement Plant</td>
<td>55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hamhung Railroad Transport</td>
<td>56</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Namp'o Vehicle Transport</td>
<td>56</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ch'ongjin Maritime Transport</td>
<td>56</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Namp'o Transport Unit</td>
<td>56</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Support to Vehicle Transport</td>
<td>56</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Long Distance Transport</td>
<td>57</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marine Transport</td>
<td>57</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>North P'yongan Transport</td>
<td>57</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Support to Transportation</td>
<td>57</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Concentrated Transport Support</td>
<td>58</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Processed Steel</td>
<td>58</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8 November Mine</td>
<td>58</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Songjin Steel Works</td>
<td>59</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South P'yongan Mining</td>
<td>59</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kaech'on Coal Mine Complex</td>
<td>59</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tokch'on Coal Mine Complex</td>
<td>59</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Anju Mine</td>
<td>59</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pukch'ang Railroad Bureau</td>
<td>59</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Steel Production Statistics</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sungni Vehicle Factory</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kaech'on Mining Complex</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ambassador to Somalia</td>
<td>61</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Austrian Group's Visit</td>
<td>61</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Syrian Ambassador's Recall</td>
<td>61</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Youth Group to Algeria</td>
<td>61</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chongnyon Delegations</td>
<td>61</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
KIM IL-SONG SENDS BIRTHDAY GREETINGS TO JSP'S TOMOMI NARITA

Pyongyang KCNA in English 1000 GMT 16 Sep 77 OW

[Text] Pyongyang, September 16 (KCNA)—The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, general secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, sent a message of greetings to Tomomi Narita, chairman of the Central Executive Committee of the Japan Socialist Party, on his 65th birthday.

The message said:

I, in the name of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and in my own name, extend warm congratulations and cordial greetings to you on your 65th birthday.

You, holding the important post of chairman of the Japan Socialist Party for a long period, have waged an unyielding struggle against the U.S. imperialist policies of aggression and war and the militarization of Japan and for the achievement of the country's complete independence, peace, democracy and neutrality.

You are still today devotedly struggling against U.S. imperialism and monopoly capital of Japan and for defence of the vital rights of the working people.

This struggle waged by you along with the Japan Socialist Party is a righteous struggle for guaranteeing the sovereignty of Japan and the democratic development of society and, for this, you enjoy deep trust and respect from broad strata of the Japanese people and working masses.

You also have done a lot of work in support of our people's cause of national reunification.

You have actively struggled against the U.S. imperialist occupation of South Korea and the "two Koreas" plot of the splittists within and without and for the independent and peaceful reunification of our country, the development of the friendly relations between the peoples of Korea and Japan and in defence of the democratic, national rights of Koreans in Japan.
Availing myself of this opportunity, I express deep thanks to you, Mr Chairman, noting with satisfaction that you and the Japan Socialist Party have always extended positive support and encouragement to the just cause of our people.

Believing that the excellent friendly and cooperative relations established between our two parties will as ever grow stronger and develop through the common struggle against imperialism policies of aggression and war and for the development of the friendly relations between the peoples of the two countries, I heartily wish new success to you and your party in the future work and good health to you.

CSO: 4220
Pyongyang, September 17 (KCNA)—A grand Pyongyang mass meeting was held at the Pyongyang indoor stadium this afternoon in welcome of the party and government delegation of the Republic of Equatorial Guinea headed by his Excellency Bijogo Negue Ndong Macias Nguema, chairman of the Central Committee of the National United Workers Party of Equatorial Guinea and life president of the Republic of Equatorial Guinea.

The great leader of our party and our people Comrade Kim Il-song and his wife attended the mass meeting together with His Excellency Bijogo Negue Ndong Macias Nguema and his wife.

Present at the meeting were a large number of working people in Pyongyang.

Put with due respect on the platform were a portrait of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song and a portrait of President Bijogo Negue Ndong Macias Nguema.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, in company with President Bijogo Negue Ndong Macias Nguema, appeared on the platform to the strains of the welcome music.

That moment the attendents broke into stormy cheers of "manse" (hurrah) and a thunderous applause, rocking the stadium.

Comrade Chong Chun-ki, chairman of the Pyongyang Municipal People's Committee, spoke first at the meeting.

President Bijogo Negue Ndong Masias Nguema spoke next.

The meeting powerfully demonstrated the friendship and solidarity forged between Korea and Equatorial Guinea under the banner of anti-imperialism and independence.
President's Wife Visits Nursery

Pyongyang KCNA in English 1624 GMT 16 Sep 77 OW

[Text]  Pyongyang, September 16 KCNA —Madame Bindang Bijogo Negue Ndong Macias Nguema, wife of His Excellency Bijogo Negue Ndong Macias Nguema, chairman of the Central Committee of the National United Workers Party of Equatorial Guinea and life president of the Republic of Equatorial Guinea, on a visit to our country, inspected the Pyongyang September 15 Weekly Nursery on September 15.

Some members of the party and government delegation of the Republic of Equatorial Guinea and its suite also inspected the nursery.

The guests were accompanied by Comrade Kim Song-ae, chairman of the Central Committee of the Democratic Woman's Union, and personages concerned.

A festive mood prevailed in the weekly nursery that day.

Hearing the story about the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song's deep love and solicitude for the children and women, the guests went round modern facilities of the nursery.

The guests were deeply impressed to see in various rooms our lovely children stoutly growing up, cultivating wisdom and talents, under the loving care of the respected and beloved leader.

Departure of Delegation

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0343 GMT 18 Sep 77 SK

[Text]  Pyongyang, September 18 (KCNA) --The party and government delegation of the Republic of Equatorial Guinea headed by His Excellency Bijogo Negue Ndong Macias Nguema, Workers Party of Equatorial and life president of the Republic of Equatorial Guinea, left here on September 18 by special plane after successfully concluding its official visit to our country which it paid on the invitation of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, general secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and president of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

Comrade Kim Il-song, the great leader of our party and our people, and his wife came to the airport and warmly saw off President Bijogo Negue Ndong Macias Nguema and his wife.

A grand farewell function was held at the airport in honour of the party and government delegation of the Republic of Equatorial Guinea headed by President Bijogo Negue Ndong Macias Nguema. The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song firmly shook hands with President Bijogo Negue Ndong Macias Nguema and warmly hugged him at parting. The life president of the Republic of Equatorial Guinea got into the plane amid the warm cheers of the crowd wishing him bon voyage. The special plane left the airport at 11 A.M.
Joint Communique

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0425 GMT 19 Sep 77 SK

[Text] Pyongyang, September 19 (KCNA)--A joint communique of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Republic of Equatorial Guinea was released in Pyongyang on September 18.

The joint communique says:

On the invitation of Comrade Kim Il-song, general secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and president of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the party and government delegation of the Republic of Equatorial Guinea headed by His Excellency Bijogo Negue Ndong Macias Nguema, chairman of the Central Committee of the National United Workers' Party of Equatorial Guinea, life president of the republic and head of state and People's Revolutionary Government of Equatorial Guinea, paid an official visit to the Democratic People's Republic of Korea from September 15 to 18, 1977.

During the visit talks were held between Comrade Kim Il-song, general of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and president of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, and His Excellency Bijogo Negue Ndong Macias Nguema, chairman of the Central Committee of the National United Workers' Party of Equatorial Guinea, life president of the republic and head of state and People's Revolutionary Government of Equatorial Guinea, the communique notes, and continues:

The talks proceeded in a very friendly atmosphere and a unanimity of views was reached on the questions discussed there.

At the talks the two sides informed each other of the situation in their respective countries and exchanged views on the question of further strengthening and developing the relations of friendship and cooperation between the two countries and on the international problems of common concern.

The two sides expressed satisfaction over the steady development of the relations of friendship and cooperation between the peoples of Korea and Equatorial Guinea in conformity with the main trend of the present times when many countries of the world are taking the road of independence and agreed upon further expanding and developing these relations in many fields in the future.

The Equatorial Guinean side highly appraised the brilliant successes and experiences the Korean people have gained in the socialist revolution and the socialist construction of embodying the chuche idea under the most correct and tested leadership of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song and expressed the hope that they would achieve greater successes in the future struggle for the complete victory of socialism.
It expressed full support and solidarity for the Korean people in their struggle to realize the independent and peaceful reunification of the country and held that the question of Korea's reunification should be solved in accordance with the three principles and five-point policy of national reunification set forth by the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song.

The Equatorial Guinean side denounced the "two Koreas" plot of the imperialists and their stooges and their arms build-up in South Korea and strongly maintained that the United States should completely withdraw all its troops from South Korea pursuant to the resolutions on the Korean question adopted at the 30th session of the U.N. General Assembly and the 5th summit conference of non-aligned countries.

The Korean side highly appreciated the energetic struggle which the people of Equatorial Guinea are now carrying on to liquidate the aftermaths of the Spanish colonial rule, build a new society and smash the ceaseless subversive activities and sabotages of the Spanish ruling forces to obstruct and blockade the Republic of Equatorial Guinea, the National United Workers' Party and the People's Revolutionary Government, solving their problem on their own efforts under the most correct and seasoned leadership of His Excellency Bijogo Negue Ndong Macias Nguema, the supreme leader of the people of Equatorial Guinea, and wished them greater successes in their future struggle.

The Korean side expressed support and solidarity for the Equatorial Guinean side, condemning the Spanish reactionaries for conducting internationally a slander campaign against the government and people of Equatorial Guinea and their supreme leader His Excellency Bijogo Negue Ndong Macias Nguema in an attempt to conceal the crimes committed by the Spanish imperialist government against the valiant people of Equatorial Guinea and its massacre and harsh exploitation of people of Equatorial Guinea during the colonial rule and mislead world public opinion.

The Korean side fully supported the government of the Republic of Equatorial Guinea pursuing a correct anti-imperialist policy of strict neutrality, freedom and independence, a non-aligned policy, externally.

The two sides, analysing the present international situation, assessed that the present era is an era of independence and it is an irresistible main trend of our times for an increasing number of countries in the world to take the road of independent development.

The two sides denounced the imperialists for making desperate efforts to get rid of the position where they are going to bankruptcy and ruin with each passing day and obstinately clinging to their scheme to divide and disintegrate the non-aligned countries, the developing countries.

The imperialist, neo-colonialist and dominationist forces are trying to drive a wedge between non-aligned countries, alienate them, make them clash each other and win these countries over to their side.
In view of this situation the two sides stressed the need for the non-aligned countries to heighten vigilance against the splitting and alienating machinations of the foreign dominating and oppressive forces and step up their united action in the struggle against them.

The two sides deemed it necessary for the non-aligned countries to firmly unite politically, closely cooperate with each other economically and further intensify the common struggle to destroy the old international economic order and establish a new fair international economic order corresponding to the genuine interests and will of the developing countries and the world progressive peoples.

The two sides expressed full support and solidarity for the Asian people in their struggle against the imperialist aggression and intervention and all forms of domination and inequality and for the countries, independent development, and for the entire African people in their struggle for the complete liberation and unity of Africa, and voiced full support to the struggle of the Palestinian people and other Arab people, the joint communique says, and goes on:

The two sides expressed the conviction that the non-aligned countries and the developing countries will struggle in unity and thus contribute to the building of a new world free from imperialism, neo-colonialism, dominationism, racism, exploitation and oppression.

The head of Equatorial Guinea formally invited the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, president of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, to pay a state visit to the Republic of Equatorial Guinea.

Comrade President Kim Il-song accepted this invitation with pleasure and said that the date of the visit would be fixed in the future.

CSO: 4220
Pyongyang KCNA in English 0438 GMT 20 Sep 77 SK

[Text] Pyongyang, September 20 (KCNA)--Papers here today run editorials warmly welcoming his excellency U Ne Win, president and chairman of the Council of State of the Socialist Republic of the Union of Burma, who is paying a state visit to our country upon the invitation of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il-song, president of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

An editorial of NODONG SINMUN says that the Korean people warmly welcome with happy feelings the visit of President U Ne Win, their close friend, to our country.

It declares:

The visit of President U Ne Win to our country upon the invitation of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song will mark a momentous milestone in consolidating the friendly and cooperative relations established between Korea and Burma and developing them to a higher stage and a great support and inspiration to the just cause of our people fighting to accelerate the independent and peaceful reunification of the country, and it will help towards strengthening the solidarity of the peoples of the developing countries in Asia who advocate independence.

The Burmese people are today registering great successes in the work of consolidating the country's independence and building the national economy and national culture under the correct leadership of President U Ne Win, their outstanding leader.

The Socialist Republic of the Union of Burma is pursuing an "independent foreign policy" in its external relations.

Our people genuinely rejoice, as over their own, over the achievements made by the friendly Burmese people in consolidating the national independence and building a new society and heartily wish them greater successes in their future struggle for the independent development and prosperity of the country.
The Korean and Burmese peoples understand and support each other and cooperate with each other on the same road of advocating independence and building a new prosperous society.

The Burmese people have a high opinion of the shining successes our people have made in the revolution and construction by applying the immortal chuche idea under the wise leadership of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song and support our people's cause of justice.

The Burmese Government actively supports the struggle of our people to reunify the country independently and in a peaceful way, without any interference of outside forces, and is making sincere efforts in the international arena in support of the just national reunification policy of our party and the government of our republic.

Our era today is a new era in history, an era of independence, in which the age-old desire of mankind to enjoy independence is being brought to realisation everywhere in the world, stresses the editorial.

It continues:

The imperialists and colonialists resort to aggression and interference in all parts of the world and attempt to turn away particularly the non-aligned countries from the road of anti-imperialism and independence and place them under their domination and control. The situation obtaining today demands the non-aligned countries and the world progressive people to advocate independence and closely unite against all forms of aggression and interference, subjugation and inequality.

The Korean people will strive to strengthen friendship and solidarity with the Burmese people and firmly join hands with the world progressive people for the cause of anti-imperialism and independence.

CSO: 4220
NODONG SINMUN CONDEMNS ALLEGED SR-71 INCURSIONS

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0420 GMT 21 Sep 77 SK

[Text] Pyongyang, September 21 (KCNA)—NODONG SINMUN and MINJU CHOSON today in their commentaries lash at the hostile acts of a U.S. high-speed high-altitude reconnaissance plane.

As already reported, the U.S. imperialist aggression forces perpetrated espionage and hostile acts by sending twice an "SR-71" high-speed high-altitude reconnaissance plane into the coastal air above Musudan, North Hamgyong Province, inside the military boundary between 22 hours 18 minutes, September 19, and zero hour 18 minutes, September 20.

The commentary of NODONG SINMUN says that this grave military provocation on the part of the U.S. imperialist aggressors was an intentional and prepense one aimed at throwing cold water on the public opinion at home and abroad that calls for the withdrawal of the U.S. troops, rendering the situation strained in Korea and speeding up the preparations for a war.

It goes on:

We sternly condemn the thoughtless acts of the U.S. imperialists who, challenging the demand of the times and desire of the people, are disturbing peace in Korea and leading the situation to a dangerous phase. The hostile acts of the U.S. high-speed high-altitude reconnaissance plane apparently show once again that the aggressive nature of U.S. imperialism has not changed.

The commentary recalls that behind the loud talk about "phased pullback" of the U.S. ground forces from South Korea, the U.S. imperialists are reinforcing their air forces in and around South Korea, increasing the puppet army strength, reinforcing its equipment and carrying out ceaseless military exercises.

It points out:

The never ceasing war racket in South Korea once again reveals the intention of the U.S. imperialists to increase tension and justify their policy of military occupation in South Korea and, at the same time, to step up their policies of aggression and war in Korea.
The infiltration of a high-speed high-altitude reconnaissance plant into the coastal air above Musudan by the U.S. imperialists for espionage and hostile acts against us was an open manifestation of such intention, which shows that they are brewing a new military plot against our people.

In recent years alone, the U.S. imperialists carried out espionage on many occasions by sending high-speed high-altitude reconnaissance planes into the air above the land and sea of our country.

The repeated military provocations of the U.S. imperialists are very grave and reckless acts that threaten and disturb peace in Korea and might create an unexpected situation.

The U.S. imperialists must stop their hostile acts against our people, not forgetting the lesson of the incident of the "EC-121" plane which was downed while committing espionage in the air space of our country, and immediately get out of South Korea.

If they persist in the policy of reckless military adventures, they will be held responsible for the consequences arising therefrom.

CSO: 4220
PROCEEDINGS OF INTERNATIONAL SEMINAR ON CHUCHE IDEA

Third-Day Session

Pyongyang KCNA in English 1727 GMT 16 Sep 77 OW

[Text]  Pyongyang, September 16 (KCNA)—The afternoon sitting of the third-day session (September 16) of the international seminar on the chuche idea now open here was addressed by 12 delegates including Genard Carnero Checa, general secretary of the Latin American Federation of Journalists; head of the government delegation of the Republic of Mali Mustapha Soumare, minister of national education of the Republic of Mali; head of the Japanese delegation for the study of the chuche idea Dr Kaoru Yasui, chairman of the Japan-Korea Solidarity Committee of Social Scientists and professor of the Hosei University, Japan; head of the delegation of the Spanish Communist Party Armando Lopez Salinas, member of the Executive Committee of its Central Committee; head of the delegation of the Cyprus Socialist Party Chrysanthos Savvides, its special secretary; and Frances Beal, chairman of the "U.S. chuche study group" and general manager of the U.S. newspaper "GUARDIAN."

In their speeches they stressed in unison that the chuche idea founded by the great leader President Kim Il-song is a unique idea based on the philosophical principle that man is the master of everything and decides everything and an encyclopedic guiding idea which gives scientific answers to all the questions raised by our era, the era of independence.

Close of Seminar

Pyongyang KCNA in English 1056 GMT 19 Sep 77 OW

[Text]  Pyongyang, September 19 (KCNA)—The international seminar on the chuche idea which opened on September 14 at the People's Palace of Culture in Pyongyang, the capital of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, successfully concluded its work on September 17.

The whole course of the Pyongyang international seminar, which continued for four days with the attendance of 89 delegations and delegates from 73 countries and four international organizations, demonstrated once again the profound philosophical principle and rich content of the chuche idea, the founding of which reflects the demand of the era of independence, a new era in history, and attested to its correctness and vitality, and showed the earnest desire
and firm determination of the attendents of the seminar, the pioneers of our
times who set about deeply studying and grasping the chuche idea and success-
fully applying it to practical activities.

A historic Pyongyang Declaration was adopted at the closing session.

The Pyongyang Declaration proved that history is vigorously advancing on the
track of independence and convincingly expounded that the chuche idea, re-
flecting the demand of the era of independence, is a great guiding idea and
a powerful theoretical and practical weapon which gives comprehensive answers
to all problems arising in the revolutionary struggle and the work of con-
struction and leads the peoples along the road of victory.

The Pyongyang international seminar approved the proposal of the speakers,
reflecting the ardent wishes of the people to search the truth of the chuche
idea and study and grasp it and the matured demand for the formation of an
international organization to help in it, and formed a 9-member organizing
committee to set up an international organization to study the chuche idea.

The attendents of the Pyongyang international seminar expressed their bound-
less respect and reverence for the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, the
founder of the chuche idea, and they adopted at the closing session a letter
to the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song carrying their deepest reverence with
enthusiastic applause.

The fourth-day session was presided over by Genaro Carnero Checa, general
secretary of the Latin American Federation of Journalists, who is a member
of the organizing committee of the seminar.

There were read out at the session messages of greetings to the great leader
Comrade Kim Il-song from Habimana Bonaventure, general secretary of the National
Revolutionary Movement for Development of Rwanda, and Vorgulv Frowin, vice-
chairman of the Socialist Left Party of Norway, on the international seminar
on the chuche idea.

Many messages of greetings to the great leader and to the seminar from po-
itical parties, public organizations, groups for the study of the chuche
idea, prominent public figures and men of academic circles of different
countries were introduced.

The discussion continued at the session.

The floor was taken by head of the delegation of Korean scientists in Japan
Pak Yong-kon, dean of a faculty of the Korean University; head of the dele-
gation of the Party of National Unity and Progress of Burundi Daniel Nyambariza,
member of the Political Bureau of its Central Committee and professor of the
Bujumbura University; member of the party and government delegation of the
Syrian Arab Republic Mazhar Anbri, ex-minister of justice of the Syrian Arab
Republic; head of the government delegation of the Central African Empire
Jean Sebiro, minister of state of the imperial court and personal councilor of the imperial majesty; head of the delegation of the "Lebanese Group for Studying Kimilsongism" in Lebanon Chawki Ajami, chairman of the Central Committee of the "Lebanese Group for studying Kimilsongism" in Lebanon; head of the delegation of the Socialist Left Party of Norway Steinar Stjerno, member of the Executive Committee of its Central Committee; head of the party and government delegation of the People's Republic of Benin Moussa Bajo Ali-Traore, member of the Central Committee of the Party of the People's Revolution of Benin and Ambassador of the People's Republic of Benin to the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, Ian Donald Borrie, national vice-chairman of the New Zealand-DPRK Society.


Party and government delegate of the Republic of Guinea-Bissau Nicandro Pereira Barreto, director of the Ministry of Justice of Guinea-Bissau, member of the party committee of the autonomous sector of Bissau responsible for information and propaganda; head of the government delegation of the Republic of Senegal Fall Mamadou, first councilor of the Senegalese Embassy in Peking; delegate of the Chilean Left-Wing Revolutionary Movement Renato Araneda, leader of the Central Committee of the Chilean Left-Wing Revolutionary Movement and deputy chief of the External Committee of its Central Committee; delegate of the General Confederation of Labour of Reunion Payet Bruny, member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Reunion and general secretary of the General Confederation of Labour of Reunion; Paifllah Alhamoud, director and editor-in-chief of the Jordanian weekly "AL-SAHAFI"; Bhugaloo Heeralall, director of the Port Louis High School of Mauritius.

Delegate of the Arab-Lawyers Union Amin el Tahir el Shibli, deputy secretary-general of the Arab-Lawyers Union; Mahoma Mwaungulu, chairman of the "Group for the Study of the Works of Comrade Kim Il-song" in Europe; Fadiel Abeyed, director general of the press organization of the Arab Gulf Information; Prof
Jose Rafael Nunez Tenorio, director of philosophical faculty of the Central University of Venezuela; and Daisy Bona-Allen, managing editor of the Sierra Leonean newspaper "FLASH" and assistant secretary-general of the Association of Sierra Leonean Journalists.

Many delegates presented their speeches in writing.

In his speech the head of the delegation of the "Lebanese Group for Studying Kimilsongism" in Lebanon stressed the necessity of forming a specialized international scientific institution for the study of the chuche idea and announced that a congress of Kimilsongism would be held in November in his country and a specialized dissemination centre of the revolutionary ideas of Comrade Kim Il-song would be founded in Lebanon.

In his speech the head of the delegation of the Gambian People's Progressive Party and government proposed that faculties of the chuche idea be set up at Korean institutions of higher learning for foreign students, particularly for students of Third World countries, and assistance be given in every way in the study of the chuche idea in the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the homeland of the chuche.

Mahoma Mwaungula, chairman of the "Group for the Study of the Works of Comrade Kim Il-song" in Europe in his speech pointed to the great vitality of the chuche idea. When he loudly shouted "Chuche, Kim Il-song" and proposed to sing "Song of General Kim Il-song" in reverence for the great leader President Kim Il-song, all the attendants rose from their seats and responded to it with enthusiastic applause and loudly chorused "Song of General Kim Il-song."

The head of the delegation of the People's Republic of Bangladesh proposed in his speech to institute "Day of Korean Reunification" to organize and mobilize the peoples throughout the world in support of the struggle of the Korean people for the reunification of the country.

The managing editor of the Sierra Leonean newspaper "FLASH" called upon all countries studying the chuche idea to organize committees for supporting Korea's reunification and widely conduct the movement for promoting the reunification of Korea and shouted the slogan "Yankee, go home!" in which all the attendants joined in chorus.

Whenever speakers, concluding their speeches, shouted the slogan "Long live the great leader President Kim Il-song!" and reverently wished good health and a long life to President Kim Il-song who founded the chuche idea, the attendants all rose to their feet and broke into enthusiastic cheers and stormy applause.

Dr Shakir al-Fahham, minister of education of the Syrian Arab Republic, who is chairman of the organizing committee of the seminar, made a closing address. He pointed out with satisfaction that the Pyongyang session of the international seminar on the chuche idea was held in conformity with the
desire and expectation of the progressive people of the world and achieved the success hoped for. Declaring the seminar closed, he reverently wished good health and a long life to the great leader President Kim Il-song, the founder of the chuche idea.

When he concluded his closing address with the slogan "Long live the chuche idea, the ever-victorious militant banner!" all the attendants rose to their feet and warmly hailed the success of the seminar with cheers and thunderous applause. The seminar closed with the national anthem of our country.
GOVERNMENT LEADERS MEET WITH CHUCHE SEMINAR DELEGATES

Arab Journalist

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0459 GMT 17 Sep 77 SK

[Text] Pyongyang, September 17 (KCNA)--Vice-President Kim Tong-kyu on September 16 met and had a friendly talk with Zulfiqar Kobeissi, Arab writer-journalist, who is attending the international seminar on the chuche idea now in session in Pyongyang. Personage concerned (?Chi Chae)-Kyong was present there.

South-West Africa Group

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0503 GMT 17 Sep 77 SK

[Text] Pyongyang, September 17 (KCNA)--Vice-President Kim Tong-Kyu on September 16 met and had a friendly talk with the delegation of the South-West Africa People's organization headed by Nwahafa N'dilula, member of the Central Committee of the Youth League of the South-West Africa People's Organization, to the international seminar on the chuche idea now going on in Pyongyang. Personage concerned Chi Chae-Kyong was present there.

Senegalese Diplomat

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0500 GMT 17 Sep 77 SK

[Text] Pyongyang, September 17 (KCNA)--Vice-President Kang Yang-uk on September 16 met and had a friendly talk with the government delegation of the Republic of Senegal headed by Fall Mamadou, first councilor of the Senegalese Embassy in Peking, which is attending the international seminar on the chuche seminar underway in Pyongyang. Personage concerned Yi Yong-sang was present there.

Saharan Republic Delegation

Pyongyang KCNA in English 1553 GMT 17 Sep 77 OW

[Text] Pyongyang, September 17 (KCNA)--Comrade Pak Song-chol, premier of the Administration Council, on September 16 received and had a friendly talk with
the government delegation headed by Ould Salek Mohumed Salem, minister of
information of the Saharan Arab Democratic Republic, which is attending
the international seminar on the chuche idea now under way in Pyongyang.
Personage concerned Yi Chong-mok was present here.

Iraq Ba'th Party

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0413 GMT 20 Sep 77 SK

[Text] Pyongyang, September 20 (KCNA)—Comrade Kim Tong-kyu on September
19 met and had a friendly conversation with the delegation of the Arab
Socialist Ba'th Party of Iraq headed by Sabah Salman, chief editor of AL-
THAWRA, the organ of the Arab Socialist Ba'th Party, which had attended the
international seminar on the chuche idea.

Zimbabwe Patriotic Front

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0450 GMT 20 Sep 77 SK

[Text] Pyongyang, September 20 (KCNA)—Comrade Kim Tong-kyu on September
19 met and had a friendly conversation with the delegation of the Zimbabwe
Patriotic Front headed by Edgar Z. Tekere, secretary general of the Zimbabwe
African National Union, which had attended the international seminar on the
chuche idea.

Burundi Party

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0410 GMT 20 Sep 77 SK

[Text] Pyongyang, September 20 (KCNA)—Comrade Kim Tong-kyu on September
19 met and had a friendly conversation with the delegation of the Party of
National Unity and Progress of Burundi headed by Daniel Nyambariza, member
of the Political Bureau of its Central Committee and professor of the
Bujumbura University, which had attended the international seminar on the
chuche idea.

Panamanian Journalist

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0417 GMT 20 Sep 77 SK

[Text] Pyongyang, September 20 (KCNA)—Comrade Chong Chun-ki on September
19 met and had a friendly talk with Jorge E. Ruiz, chairman of the Panamanian
Journalists Union, who had attended the international seminar on the chuche
idea.

Venezuelan University Official

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0414 GMT 20 Sep 77 SK

[Text] Pyongyang, September 20 (KCNA)—Comrade Chong Chun-ki on September
19 met and had a friendly conversation with Prof Jose Rafael Nunez Tenorio,
director of the philosophical faculty of the Central University of Venezuela, who had attended the international seminar on the chuche idea.

**PDRY Official**

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0412 GMT 20 Sep 77 SK

[Text] Pyongyang, September 20 (KCNA)--Comrade Chong-ki on September 19 met and had a friendly talk with the delegation of the United National Front Republic of Yemen headed by Nagi Salem Brak, member of its Central Committee, which had attended the international seminar on the chuche idea.

**Sudanese Delegation**

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0418 GMT 20 Sep 77 SK

[Text] Pyongyang, September 20 (KCNA)--Comrade Pak Song-chol, premier of the Administration Council, on September 19 met and had a friendly conversation with head of the delegation of the Sudan Socialist Union Dr Omer el Amin, member and secretary for development of its central committee, who had attended the international seminar on the chuche idea.

**Yemen Arab Republic Official**

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0419 GMT 20 Sep 77 SK

[Text] Pyongyang, September 20 (KCNA)--Comrade Pak Song-chol, premier of the Administration Council, on September 19 met and had a friendly conversation with the government delegate director of the Political Department of the Foreign Ministry of the Yemen Arab Republic, who had attended the international seminar on the chuche idea.

**Gambian Delegation**

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0415 GMT 20 Sep 77 SK

[Text] Pyongyang, September 20 (KCNA)--Comrade Pak Song-chol, premier of the Administration Council, on September 19 met and had a friendly conversation with the Gambian People's Progressive Party and government delegation headed by Abdou Rahman Sallah, chairman of the Gambian People's Progressive Party youth movement, which had attended the international seminar on the chuche idea.

**Nigerian Delegation**

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0448 GMT 20 Sep 77 SK

[Text] Pyongyang, September 20 (KCNA)--Vice-President Kang Yang-uk on September 19 met and had a friendly talk with the government delegation of the
Federal Republic of Nigeria headed by A.O. Olusesi, deputy director of a department of the Ministry of Information and Culture of the Federal Republic of Nigeria, which had attended the international seminar on the chuche idea.

Central African Empire Delegation

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0451 GMT 20 Sep 77 SK

[Text] Pyongyang, September 20 (KCNA)—Vice-Premier and Foreign Minister Ho Tam on September 17 met and had a friendly talk with the government delegation of the Central African Empire headed by Jean Sebiro, minister of state of the imperial court and councilor of the imperial office of the Central African Empire.

Pakistani Figures

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0354 GMT 22 Sep 77 SK

[Text] Pyongyang, September 22 (KCNA)—Vice-President Kang Yang-uk on September 21 met and had a friendly talk with Mohammad Aslam Nagi, chairman of the Lahore, Pakistan, "Committee for the Study of Kimilsongism" and lawyer of the Pakistan Supreme Court, and Abdul Malik, general secretary of the Karachi Committee of the Afro-Asian Peoples Solidarity Organization of Pakistan, who had attended the international seminar on the chuche idea.

Benin Delegation

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0410 GMT 22 Sep 77 SK

[Text] Pyongyang, September 22 (KCNA)—Comrade Kim Yong-nam on September 21 met and had a friendly conversation with the party and government delegation of the People's Republic of Benin headed by Moussa Bajo Ali-Traore, ambassador of the PRB to the DPRK, and member of the Central Committee of the Party of the People's Revolution of Benin, which had attended the international seminar on the chuche idea.

Norwegian Socialist Left Party

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0412 GMT 22 Sep 77 SK

[Text] Pyongyang, September 22 (KCNA)—Comrade Kim Yong-nam on September 21 met and had a friendly conversation with the delegation of the Socialist Left Party of Norway headed by Steinar Stjerno, member of the Executive Committee of its Central Committee, which had attended the international seminar on the chuche idea.

Rwanda Delegation

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0414 GMT 22 Sep 77 SK

[Text] Pyongyang, September 22 (KCNA)—Comrade Kim Yong-nam on September 21 met and had a friendly talk with the delegation of the National Revolu-
ary Movement for Development and the government of Rwanda headed by Sinamenye Ildephonse, its executive advisor, which had attended the international seminar on the chuche idea.

Gabonese Delegation

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0411 GMT 22 Sep 77 SK

[Text] Pyongyang, September 22 (KCNA)—Comrade Chong Chun-ki September 21 met and had a friendly conversation with the delegation of the Democratic Party headed by Mamadou Diop, member of its Central Committee and general director of the Gabonese Customs, which had attended the international seminar on the chuche idea.

Swedish Communists

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0416 GMT 22 Sep 77 SK

[Text] Pyongyang, September 22 (KCNA)—Comrade Kim Tong-kyu on September 21 met and had a friendly talk with the delegation of the Left Party Communists of Sweden headed by Jan Erik Roos, member of its Central Committee, which had attended the international seminar on the chuche idea.

PLO Delegation

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0421 GMT 22 Sep 77 SK

[Text] Pyongyang, September 22 (KCNA)—Comrade Kim Tong-kyu on September 21 met and had a friendly conversation with the delegation of the Palestine Liberation Organization headed by Aboammar Saad, member of the Palestinian National Council, which had attended the international seminar on the chuche idea.

Radio Dubai Director

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0423 GMT 22 Sep 77 SK

[Text] Pyongyang, September 22 (KCNA)—Comrade Kim Tong-kyu on September 21 met and had a friendly conversation with Abdul Wahab Samman, official report advisor of Rular Sharpah and director of Radio "Dubai" of the United Arab Emirates, who attended the international seminar on the chuche idea.

Panhellenic Socialist Movement

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0415 GMT 22 Sep 77 SK

[Text] Pyongyang, September 22 (KCNA)—Comrade Kim Tong-kyu on September 21 met and had a friendly talk with George Pattas, member of the International Relations Committee of the Panhellenic Socialist Movement (PASOK), who had attended the international seminar on the chuche idea as its delegate.
Cameroonian Delegate

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0417 GMT 22 Sep 77 SK

[Text] Pyongyang, September 22 (KCNA)—Comrade Hwang Chang-yop on September 21 met and had a friendly conversation with Missam Han, delegate of the National Union of Cameroonian Journalists and the Cameroonian Committee of Rural Development, who had attended the international seminar on the chuche idea.

Luxembourg Delegate

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0419 GMT 22 Sep 77 SK

[Text] Pyongyang, September 22 (KCNA)—Comrade Hwang Chang-yop on September 21 met and had a friendly talk with Albert Rodesch, lawyer of Luxembourg, who had attended the international seminar on the chuche idea.

Seychelles Delegation

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0422 GMT 22 Sep 77 SK

[Text] Pyongyang, September 22 (KCNA)—Vice-President Kang Yank-uk on September 21 met and had a friendly talk with the government delegation of the Republic of Seychelles headed by Jimmy Collet, secretary of the General Union of Workers of Seychelles, which had attended the international seminar on the chuche idea.

Danish Delegation

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0420 GMT 22 Sep 77 SK

[Text] Pyongyang, September 22 (KCNA)—Vice-President Kang Yang-uk on September 21 met and had a friendly conversation with the delegation of the Denmark-DPRK Friendship Association headed by Arne Arlov Petersen, writer and journalist of Denmark, which had attended the international seminar on the chuche idea.

Angolan Delegate

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0401 GMT 23 Sep 77 SK

[Text] Pyongyang, September 23 (KCNA)—Comrade Kim Tong-kyu on September 22 met and had a friendly conversation with Joao Evangelista Hailonda, secretary of the Revolutionary Council of the People's Republic of Angola, who had attended the international seminar on the chuche idea as delegate of the People's Movement for the Liberation of Angola.
Guinea-Bissau Delegate

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0400 GMT 23 Sep 77 SK

[Text] Pyongyang, September 23 (KCNA)—Comrade Hwang Chang-yop on September 22 met and had a friendly conversation with the party and government delegate of the Republic of Guinea-Bissau, Nicandro Pereira Barreto, director of the Ministry of Justice of Guinea-Bissau, member of the party committee of the autonomous sector of Bissau responsible for information and propaganda, who had attended the international seminar on the chuche idea.

Congolese Delegation

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0409 GMT 23 Sep 77 SK

[Text] Pyongyang, September 23 (KCNA)—Comrade Kim Yong-nam on September 22 met and had a friendly talk with the delegation of the Congolese Party of Labour headed by Nigassaki-Oya Norbert, first councilor of the Department of External Relations of the Central Committee of the Congolese Party of Labour, which had attended the international seminar on the chuche idea.

Arab Lawyers Union Official

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0402 GMT 23 Sep 77 SK

[Text] Pyongyang, September 23 (KCNA)—Vice-President Kang Yang-uk on September 22 met and had a friendly talk with Amin el Tahir el Shibli, deputy secretary-general of the Arab-Lawyers' Union, who had attended the international seminar on the chuche idea as its delegate.

CSO: 4220
REPORT ON ACTIVITIES OF CHUCHE SEMINAR DELEGATES

More Delegation Arrivals

Pyongyang KCNA in English 1020 GMT 16 Sep 77 OW

[Text]  Pyongyang, September 16 (KCNA)--A delegation of the Revolutionary Party of Workers of Argentina headed by Luis Mattini, its secretary general; a government delegation of the Central African Empire headed by Jean Sebrio, minister of state of the imperial court and personal councilor of His Imperial Majesty Bokassa I of the Central African Empire; a delegation of the Zimbabwe Patriotic Front headed by Edgar Z. Tekere, secretary general of the Zimbabwe African National Union; and Payet Bruny, member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of Reunion and general secretary of the General Confederation of Labour of Reunion, who is the delegate of the confederation, arrived in Pyongyang on September 15 by plane to attend the international seminar on the chuche idea now open in Pyongyang, the capital of the homeland of chuche.

The delegates were met at the airport by Comrades Kim Yong-nam and Hwang Chang-yop and personages concerned Kim Il-tae, Han Si-hae and Kim Chang-yong, and many working people in Pyongyang.

Art Performance for Visitors

Pyongyang KCNA in English 1606 GMT 19 Sep 77 OW

[Text]  Pyongyang, September 19 (KCNA)--The song and dance tale "The Song of Paradise" was performed at the Mansudae Art Theatre on the evening of September 18 in welcome of delegates from foreign countries to the international seminar on the chuche idea held in Pyongyang. Invited to see the performance were the party and government delegations of different countries, delegates of the groups for the study of the chuche idea, delegates of international organizations and foreign public organizations, parliamentarians and prominent public figures and men of science, education, culture and the press of many countries who had attended the Pyongyang international seminar on the chuche idea.
Seeing the performance together with the guests were members of the delegation of our country, the delegation of the Revolutionary Party for Reunification headed by Comrade O Su-il and the delegation of Korean Scientists in Japan headed by dean of a faculty of the Korean University Pak Yong-kon, who had attended the seminar. Comrades Kim Yong-nam, Ho Tam, Chong-ki and Hwang Chang-yop and personages concerned saw the performance with the guests. The song and dance tale "The Song of Paradise" was acclaimed by the guests for its high ideological and artistic value. Prior to the performance, the guests were shown round the modernly-equipped Mansudae Art Theatre.

KPA Artists' Performance

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0356 GMT 22 Sep 77 SK

[Text] Pyongyang, September 22 (KCNA)—A song and dance performance was given by artists of the song and dance ensemble of the Korean People's Army at the February 8 House of Culture on the evening of September 21 in honour of the delegates to the international seminar on the chuche idea. Invited to see the performance were party and government delegations, delegates of groups for the study of the chuche idea from various countries of the world, and delegates of international organizations and public organizations, parliamentarians, noted public figures and men of science, education, culture and the press of various countries which had attended the international seminar on the chuche idea in Pyongyang.

Watching the performance together with the guests were the members of the delegation of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the delegation of Korean Scientists in Japan who had attended the seminar.

Seeing the performance together with the guests were Comrade Chong Chun-ki, Comrade Hwang Chang-yop and personages concerned, working people in the city and soldiers of the People's Army.

The performance was warmly acclaimed by the audience. At the end of the performance, a basket of flowers in the name of the attendants of the international seminar on the chuche idea was presented to the artists in congratulation of their successful performance.

Friendship Meeting

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0403 GMT 23 Sep 77 SK

[Text] Pyongyang, September 23 (KCNA)—A friendship meeting with the foreign delegates to the international seminar on the chuche idea was held on the picturesque Moranbong Hill situated in the heart of Pyongyang on September 22.

That day the Moranbong Hill was crowded with working people, artists, school youth and children and kindergarteners in Pyongyang. They accorded a warm
to the party and government delegations, delegates of groups for the study of the chuche idea, delegates of international organizations and public organizations, parliamentarians, noted public figures, men of science, education, culture and the press from various countries of the world and the members of the delegation of Korean Scientists in Japan who had attended the Pyongyang international seminar on the chuche idea.

Foreign friends and the attendants of the friendship meeting danced and sang songs together carrying infinite respect and reverence for the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, the founder of the chuche idea, deepening the sentiments of friendship and solidarity.

Present there were Comrade Hwang Chang-yop and Kim Yong-son, Han Si-hae, Chu Chang-chun and other personages concerned.

Departure of Delegates

Pyongyang KCNA in English 1029 GMT 21 Sep 77 OW

[Text] Pyongyang, September 21 (KCNA)—Some delegations and delegates which had attended the international seminar on the chuche idea left here on September 20 by plane.

They were the party and government delegation of the Syrian Arab Republic headed by Dr Shakir al-Fahham, minister of education of the Syrian Arab Republic; government delegate of the Republic of Togo Sossah Kounoutcho, general director of scientific research of Togo; the delegation of the Socialist Party of Costa Rica headed by Jose Francisco Aguilar Bulgarell, chairman of its Central Committee; Genaro Carnero Checa, general secretary of the Latin American Federation of Journalists; the government delegation of the Republic of Mali headed by Mustapha Soumare, minister of national education of the Republic of Mali; the government delegation of the Cooperative Republic of Guyana headed by Elvin Modavid, member of the Political Bureau and secretary of the Central Committee of the People's National Congress of Guyana and minister of state of the Cooperative Republic of Guyana; the delegation of the Arab Socialist Ba'th Party of Iraq headed by Sabah Salman, chief editor of "AL-THAWRAH," the organ of the Arab Socialist Ba'th Party; the delegation of the Malta Labour Party headed by Salvu Sant, its president.

The government delegation of the Federal Republic of Nigeria headed by A.O. Olusesi, deputy director of a department of the Ministry of Information and Culture of the Federal Republic of Nigeria; the delegation of the Party of National Unity and Progress of Burundi headed by Daniel Nyambariza, member of the Political Bureau of its Central Committee and professor of the Bujumbura University; Prof Jose Rafael Nunez Tenorio, director of the philosophical faculty of the Central University of Venezuela; Jorge E. Ruiz, chairman of the Panamanian Journalists Union; the delegation of the Sudan Socialist Union headed by Dr Omar al-Amin, member and secretary for development of its Central Committee; the government delegation of the Republic
of Senegal headed by Fall Mamadou, first councilor of the Senegalese Embassy in Peking; S.B. Lungu, assistant secretary general of the Organization of African Trade Union Unity; Prof Dr Giancarlo Elia Valori, secretary general of the Italian International Relations Institute; the delegation of the United National Front political organization of the People's Democratic Republic of Yemen headed by Nagi Salim Brak, member of its Central Committee; government delegate of the Yemen Arab Republic Ahmad Muhammad Haydar, general director of the Political Department of the Foreign Ministry of the Yemen Arab Republic; and the delegation of the Communist Party of Greece (Interior) headed by Voutsas Eheftherios, member of its Central Committee.

Flying out of Pyongyang earlier were the delegation of the National United Workers Party of Equatorial Guinea headed by Ivasa Rondo Nko, member of its Central Committee; the government delegation of the Republic of Uganda headed by A.H.K. Jumba Masagazi, minister of planning and economic development of the Republic of Uganda; the delegation of the Spanish Communist Party headed by Armando Lopez Salinas, member of the Executive Committee of its Central Committee; the government delegation of the Saharan Arab Democratic Republic headed by Ould Salek Mohamed Salem, minister of information of the Saharan Arab Democratic Republic; the delegation of the South-West Africa People's Organization headed by Mwahafa Ndilula, member of the Central Committee of the Youth League of the South-West Africa People's Organization; and Zulfiqar Kobeissi, Arab writer-journalist.

The guests were seen off at the airport by Comrades Kim Yong-nam, Chong Chun-ki and Hwang Chang-yop and personages concerned.

Additional Departures

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0425 GMT 23 Sep 77 SK

[Text] Pyongyang, September 23 (KCNA)--Some delegations and delegates that had attended the international seminar on the chuche idea left here on September 22 by plane.

They were the delegation of the League of Communists of Yugoslavia headed by Balint Imre, member of the Presidency of its Central Committee; the government delegation of the Democratic Republic of Sao Tome and Principe headed by Celestino Rocha da Costa, minister of national education, sports and justice; the government delegation of the Central African Empire headed by Jean Sebiro, minister of state of the imperial court and councilor of the imperial office of the Central African Empire; the delegation of the Socialist Left Party of Norway headed by Steinar Stjerno, member of the Executive Committee of its Central Committee; the delegation of the Gabonese Democratic Party headed by Mamadou Diop, member of its Central Committee and general director of the Gabonese Customs; the Gambian Peoples Progressive Party and government delegation headed by Abdou Rahman Sallah, chairman of the Gambian People's Progressive Party youth movement; Missam-Han, delegate of the National Union of Cameroonian Journalists and the Cameroonian Committee of Rural Development.
The delegation of the Denmark-DPRK Friendship Association headed by Arne Helov Petersen, writer and journalist of Denmark; the delegation of the National Revolutionary Movement for Development and government of Rwanda headed by Sinamenye Ildephonse, its executive advisor; Albert Rodesch, lawyer of Luxembourg; Bhugaloo Heeralall, director of the Port Louis High School of Mauritius; Ouedraoga Ouindelassido Francois, general treasurer of the Patriotic League for Development of the Republic of Upper Volta; the delegation of the Left Party Communists of Sweden headed by Jan Erik Roos, member of its Central Committee; the government delegation of the Republic of Seychelles headed by Jimmy Collet, secretary of the General Union of Workers of Seychelles; Abdul Wahab Samman, official report advisor of Ruler Sharpah and director of Radio "Dubai" of the United Arab Emirates; the delegation of the Zimbabwe Patriotic Front headed by Edgar Z. Tekere, secretary general of the Zimbabwe African National Union; the delegation of the Palestine Liberation Organization headed by Aboammar Saad, member of the Palestinian National Council; the delegation of the Korea Information Committee of Holland headed by Ad van Hout, secretary general of the committee; and George Pattas, member of the International Relations Committee of the Panhellenic Socialist Movement (PASOK) and its delegate.

The guests were seen off at the airport by Comrade Kim Yong-nam, Comrade Chang Chun-ki, Comrade Hwang Chang-yop and personages concerned Kim Kwan-sop, Kim Il-tae, Kim Ki-nam, Han Si-hae, Chu Chang-chun, and a large number of working people in Pyongyang.

On September 21 Mohammad Aslam Nagi, chairman of the Lahore, Pakistan, "Committee for the Study of Kimilsongism" and lawyer of the Pakistan Supreme Court, left here by train.

CSO: 4220
Pyongyang KCNA in English 1749 GMT 19 Sep 77 OW

[Text] Pyongyang, September 19 (KCNA)--Head of the government delegation of the Democratic Republic of Madagascar Richard Christian Remi, member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Revolutionary Vanguard and foreign minister of Madagascar, called for exposing and denouncing the "two Koreas" plot of the imperialists and their accomplices and stooges on every occasion.

Speaking at the solidarity meeting supporting the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea held in Pyongyang on September 18 by 86 delegations and delegates from 72 countries and four international organizations, he pointed out: We should foil the fantastic dream of the imperialists and their accomplices and stooges for admission of "two Koreas" to the United Nations.

The imperialists, in league with the South Korean puppet clique, have turned South Korea into a foreign military base, into a cauldron leading humanity to destruction and into a huge prison notorious for the violation of human rights.

We all should make positive efforts to achieve the speedy reunification of Korea and thus ease the tension in Asia and consolidate world peace.

Three years have passed since the adoption of a resolution favourable to the DPRK at the 30th session of the UN General Assembly. But, the imperialists, as they do not easily give up their habit, ignore this resolution of the highest international organization and abuse the UN right and keep the so-called "UN Command" under the UN flag. They are trying to gain time and intensifying reckless provocative machinations. It is intolerable that the resolution of such an important international community has not borne fruit.

As the resolution demands the disbandment of the "UN Command" and particularly the withdrawal of the U.S. troops from South Korea, our struggle will make a
contribution to the fulfillment of our duty as UN members and thus to the opening of the gate to the reunification of Korea and the ensurance of peace.

Exchange of Banquet Toasts

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0421 GMT 20 Sep 77 SK

[Text] Pyongyang, September 20 (KCNA)—Richard Christian Remi, member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Revolutionary Vanguard of Madagascar and foreign minister of the Democratic Republic of Madagascar, arranged on September 19 a banquet at the People's Palace of Culture in connection with the visit to our country of the government delegation of the Democratic Republic of Madagascar. Invited to the banquet were Comrade Ho Tam and his wife and personages concerned.

Head of the delegation Richard Christian Remi made a toast at the banquet. In his toast he said:

We attended the international seminar on the chuche idea held in the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the bulwark of socialism and the advance base of revolution and, in this course, trained and armed ourselves ideologically for our strenous common struggle against imperialism, colonialism and racism.

The seminar made the torch of chuche flare up higher and its banner fly more vigorously on all the continents and in an increasing number of revolutionary and peace-loving countries.

Our participation in the seminar and our official visit to Korea constituted a logical and natural continuation of the seminar held in Antananarivo last year and of the state visit of President Didier Ratsiraka to the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

The Malagasy people firmly believe, above all, in the firm friendship existing between our two heads of state and our two peoples. We consider that our current stay marked a momentum to strengthen and develop these relations. I therefore affirm that the Malagasy people, who are faithful to the democratic principles and love peace, justice, progress and freedom, have always supported and are supporting and will support the fraternal Korean people to see their supreme national desire relized.

The Malagasy delegation was very much impressed by the fact that the organizers of the international seminar on the chuche idea arranged the seminar under the patronage of President Didier Ratsiraka and made Madagascar a member of the organizing committee of the International Organization for the Study of the Chuche Idea, thereby according it a double honour. We will remain true to this trust in Madagascar.
The Malagasy delegation, my wife and myself had the great privilege of an audience with His Excellency President Kim Il-song, the respected and beloved leader of the Korean people, so we were able to directly convey to the father of the chuche idea the regards and words of deep respect from his friend and comrade-in-arms President Didier Ratsiraka.

Through our Korean visit we could notice at first hand the extraordinary talents of the valiant Korean people, he pointed out, and continued: We could witness a modern socialist state they have built in the land which had been reduced to a debris by the imperialist forces.

Comrade Ho Tam made a toast next. In his toast he said:

The visit to our country of the government delegation of the Democratic Republic of Madagascar has greatly helped towards being into fuller bloom the excellent friendly relations existing between the peoples of Korea and Madagascar.

Comrade Kim Il-song, the great leader of our people, received and had a cordial and friendly talk with you. Your Excellency Foreign Minister has done a lot of work for the successful seminar as a member of the organizing committee of the international seminar on the chuche idea.

In particular, His Excellency President Didier Ratsiraka, the outstanding leader of the Malagasy people, in the capacity of honorary chairman of the organizing committee of the international seminar on the chuche idea, extended warm congratulations to the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, the founder of the immortal chuche idea, and sent an inspiring congratulatory message to the organizing committee of the seminar.

Indeed, the international seminar on the chuche idea in Pyongyang was a historic event which demonstrated the truth, universality and the invincible vitality of the chuche idea, the great idea reflecting the trend of the present times, the era of independence.

At the seminar Your Excellency Foreign Minister highly appraised the chuche idea and analyzed with perfect logic and successes and experiences gained by the Malagasy socialist revolution under the banner of the chuche idea, thus deeply impressing the attendants of the seminar and the Korean people.

Your Excellency Foreign Minister highly appreciated the successes the Korean people under the wise leadership of the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song have made in the socialist revolution and construction by embodying the immortal chuche idea and expressed full support and solidarity for the Korean people in their just struggle for the country's independent and peaceful reunification.

In this connection I would like to express deep thanks to you and, through you, to respected His Excellency President Didier Ratsiraka, the Malagasy Government and people. We will actively strive to expand and develop the
relations of friendship and cooperation with the fraternal Malagasy people in many fields in the future, too.

The attendants of the banquet drank a toast to the indestructible, militant friendship and unity between the Korean people and the Malagasy people, to the good health and long life of the great leader of our people Comrade Kim Il-song and to the good health and long life of President Didier Ratsiraka, the outstanding leader of the Malagasy people.

The banquet proceeded in a friendly atmosphere.

Departure of Delegation

Pyongyang KCNA in English 0419 GMT 21 Sep 77 SK

[Text]  Pyongyang, September 21 (KCNA)—The government delegation of the Democratic Republic of Madagascar headed by Richard Christian Remi, member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Revolutionary Vanguard of Madagascar and foreign minister of the Democratic Republic of Madagascar, left here on September 20 by plane after attending the international seminar on the chuche idea and paying an official visit to our country.

The delegation was seen off at the airport by Comrade Ho Tam and his wife and personages concerned Kim Kyong-yon and Kil Chae-Kyong and a large number of working people in the city.

During its stay in our country the delegation visited historic Mangyongdae and saw round many places in Pyongyang.
DEVELOPING NATIONAL CULTURE SAID SIGNIFICANT TO NEWLY EMERGING COUNTRIES

Pyongyang NODONG SINMUN in Korean 21 May 77 p 6

[Article by Yi Sok-yun: "National Cultural Construction Among Newly Emerging Countries Is a Revolutionary Struggle for Building a Prosperous Sovereign Independent State"]

[Text] People in today's newly emerging states are engaged in the struggle to consolidate their national independence and the construction of national economy while endeavoring to develop their national culture.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il-song taught as follows:

"In order to achieve complete independence and prosperity of a people and insure a happy life for people, political sovereignty must be upheld and economic self-sufficiency achieved while developing the national culture on a full scale." ("Answers to Questions Asked by Foreign Reporters," Vol 2, p 202)

The struggle being waged by newly emerging countries to develop national culture is a revolutionary battle aimed at eliminating the cultural backwardness inherited from the past colonial rule, thereby creating a new life and constructing a prosperous sovereign independent state.

Culture assumes a very important position in the life of the people and their development. Without a real culture, we cannot talk about a civilized and happy life, prosperity and progress of the people.

It is prerequisite to the construction of a new world for newly emerging states to remove the cultural backwardness inherited from the past colonial rule and develop a new national culture.

Today, many independent nations in Asia, Africa and Latin America are culturally backward after being subjected to the long colonial rule of imperialists and colonialists.
In the past, imperialists and colonialists imposed barbaric fascist rules and a cruel policy of plunder on nations in Asia, Africa and Latin America while enforcing policies to wipe out national culture and stupefy the masses. People in these countries, who had been culturally advanced over western capitalist nations and contributed to human civilization, were robbed of their languages and literature, kept from learning science and technology and left groping in ignorance and in an uncivilized state. Furthermore, most nations in these areas had their unique cultural traditions trampled down on by imperialists and colonialists and became further separated from modern technological civilization.

For example, when national liberation was achieved, the majorities in many nations were illiterate. Many nations lacked their own languages and literature and were without universities, and many countries did not have their own national cadres and technical staffs, teachers and doctors to run national economic institutions, factories, and enterprises.

Newly emerging nations could not tackle the difficult and complicated task of building a new world and make any progress so long as their remained the cultural backwardness left by the imperialists and colonialists.

The fight for construction of a new life in newly emerging nations is a battle to discard all elements of backwardness and create new forces in all sectors of political, economic, cultural and social lives, as well as a struggle to independently explore their own destinies by liberated workers who hold their fates in their own hands. This fight demands that all problems that arise in the course of construction for a new life be solved by the peoples' own effort, and this is the only way to effectively undertake the difficult and complicated task of building a new world to conform to their nation's own needs.

In order to do this, the overall cultural standard of the people, who are the masters and driving power of revolution and construction, should be raised to the highest level and, subsequently, prepare them as capable construction workers, thereby contributing to the development of science and technology and the blossoming of culture and arts.

Only through this kind of effort can the infinite creative power and wisdom of the people be enhanced and put to use in revolution and construction forcefully, thereby enabling them to rely on their own resources to build factories and enterprises, and properly manage and operate vested companies and banks, and promote the education and raising of the new generation in such way that they can be entrusted with the task of shouldering the nation's destiny.

Only through rapid development of all sectors of national culture can the increasing cultural demands of the people be met, thereby raising their overall cultural standard, eliminating dependency on western imperialism.
and national nihilism, and lifting national pride and self-respect. This will also help check the ideological cultural infiltration of imperialists.

The fight of newly emerging nations to develop their national culture is, indeed, a battle to insure complete national independence and sovereignty, as well as a civilized and happy life for the people.

Therefore, today's newly emerging nations are placing an equal importance on national cultural development and economic self-sufficiency and are forcefully struggling to develop a new culture.

Many newly emerging states have begun a crusade against illiteracy and have gained great achievements. Not a small number of nations have taken nationalistic measures to support the crusades with such revolutionary slogans as: "Eradication of illiteracy is a revolutionary duty" or "to learn is to love the country." Iraq has adopted a law on eradication of illiteracy, and is now enforcing it, and many other nations including Laos, Angola, Peru and Burma, are enthusiastically mobilizing the masses for wide participation in the crusades against illiteracy. Tanzania has been able to remove illiteracy among over 5 million people in the past 5 years, and in Somalia, where once the absolute majority were illiterate, now about 75 percent of the population can read and write. General educational levels in many other countries are rising.

In their effort to develop national culture, newly emerging nations are devoting great efforts to educational programs.

There are many newly emerging nations which have created new national languages, are revising the contents of educational programs so as to fit their own needs, are engaged in constructing, on a large scale, all levels of schools, editing textbooks using national languages, and are educating national cadres, technicians and professionals as well as developing the sciences and arts.

At the same time, newly emerging states are on the alert against ideological and cultural infiltration by imperialists, and are staging wars to keep them off, and there are many countries which have closed their doors against and chased away the corrupt reactionary bourgeois culture propagated by cultural organizations of imperialists and their hired buglers, and are daringly banning the distribution of reactionary publications and movies of imperialists.

Through development of national culture, today the general literacy rate of workers in newly emerging nations is rising day by day, and there is a steady growth of national technical cadres. Furthermore, national organizations, factories and enterprises are being efficiently run by their own national technical cadres, and the creative power and revolutionary zeal of workers are ever more being strengthened.
Today's newly emerging nations are devoid of self-admiration despite the achievements in the construction of national culture, but rather treat the task as one that is important for national construction and development and are steadily and firmly pursuing it.

There is no doubt that newly emerging nations can hope for new achievements when they mount a stronger battle to construct national culture and remove the cultural backwardness inherited from past colonial rule.
NINE WAYS TO CAPTURE THE 8.5 MILLION TON FOOD GRAIN PINNACLE OUTLINED

Pyongyang NODONG SINMUN in Korean 7 Jul 77 p 1

[Editorial: "Let Us Turn All Wet and Dry Fields into 'Total Bumper Crop Fields' and Capture the 8.5 Million Ton Food Grain Pinnacle Without Fail"]

[Text] Holding high the programmatic instructions which the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song issued at the 13th Plenum of the Fifth Party Central Committee, the workers of the entire nation are preventing possible damages by drought and are vigorously stepping up the confrontation of the farming battle. Amidst this, members of the Sangso Cooperative Farm, Anju County, South P'yongan Province, have raised the torchlight of new innovation high, with a gigantic significance for implementing the task of food grain production during the current year without fail.

Having held high the militant slogan, "Let Us Turn All Wet and Dry Fields into 'Total Bumper Crop Fields' to Fly High the Victorious Banner on the 8.5 Million Ton Food Grain Pinnacle," members of the Sangso Cooperative Farm pledged to capture the proposed targets for increased food grain production without fail. That is, to weed wet and dry fields once or twice more than called for in the technical indexes, to formulate a scientific fertilization system to cause food crops to grow evenly without variations among the different fields and pieces of land, and to apply chemical fertilizers according to the demands of technical requirements, to apply additional manure for each stalk of corn, to fully operate all pumping facilities as long as drought should last, to fully irrigate corn fields, and to fully introduce advanced methods of fresh water supply for wet fields. They have also resolved to guarantee a program of 100 percent pollination of corn by applying pollen effectively, and to harvest fully matured food crops without fail by making fall harvest preparations.

With an indefatigable passion and vigor, all workers and agricultural volunteers are now tenaciously translating their resolution into practice.

The revolutionary initiative of members of the Sangso Cooperative Farm to transform all wet and dry fields into "total bumper crop fields" in order to provide great bumper food crops once again this year, and the militant
slogan proposed, are expressions of the burning loyalty of our agricultural workers, who most effectively support the noble intention of the great leader, who continues the epoch-making development of agricultural production and for the happiness of our people. Those are also the manifestations of their revolutionary will and militant vigor to sweep aside any and all difficulties which lie in the path of advancement, and to achieve a great push once again in agricultural production.

The battle slogan that the agricultural fighters of Anju have raised, and their initiative, vigorously summon the agricultural workers of the entire nation to the impending agricultural battle, including weeding.

The struggle to turn both wet and dry fields into "total bumper crop fields," -- this is a mass innovation movement of agricultural workers who want to thoroughly carry out the chuche farming method, the policy enunciated by our great leader for each kind of plant farming, to cause all plots of land and all kinds of plant crops to bear ample fruition, and thus to achieve once again a great food grain bumper crop this year. It is of gigantic significance in propelling the struggle to occupy the 8.5 million ton food grain pinnacle this year.

In his New Year's Address this year, Comrade Kim Il-song the respected and beloved leader, taught, "In the agricultural sector we must establish full countermeasures to prevent the impact of the cold front, carry out farming scientifically and technically in accordance with the demands of chuche farming methods, and thus generate a great leap in food grain production once again this year."

To capture without fail the 8.5 million ton food grain pinnacle this year is the glorious revolutionary task assigned to functionaries and workers in the agricultural sector.

This important task can be effectively carried out only if we meet the demands of chuche farming methods, with emphasis on farming each type of crop, and raising each crop scientifically, technically, and with earnestness.

Thanks to the wise guidance of our great leader, who always brightly illuminates the future path of agricultural development, the devoted struggle of agricultural workers, and of the entire people, farming conditions have been very favorable thus far.

When our agricultural workers hold higher the revolutionary slogan, "Production, Study, and Life -- All in Accordance With the Anti-Japanese Guerrilla Style!" and wage a massive struggle to turn all wet and dry fields into "total bumper crop fields," thoroughly carry out weeding in wet and dry fields, and apply fertilizers liberally, thus taking better care of food grain crops that have grown well so far without fluctuations, and thus making every piece of land, every ridge in fields, and each kind
of crop bear ample fruit, undoubtedly the banner of victory will fly on the 8.5 million ton food grain pinnacle.

The mass struggle to transform all wet and dry fields into "total bumper crop fields" — this is a vigorously advancing forward movement to generate a continuous upsurge and push in the attainment of agricultural development by successfully winning over the impact of the cold front, which is having catastrophic effects throughout the whole world, and to fully guarantee growing conditions for food grain crops in both wet and dry fields. The movement is also to further glorify our socialist rural economic system, which prospers more and more under the rays of the great agrarian theses.

The basic problem which determines the success or failure of agricultural production is to thoroughly prevent the damages of drought caused by the impact of the cold front.

Even amidst severe droughts, we now have a chuche irrigation system which permits irrigation water to flow abundantly at each cooperative farm, providing a strong basis for agricultural production, and there is also the policy proposed by our leader for utilizing underground water.

When our agricultural workers and support personnel vigorously launch into the struggle to transform all wet and dry fields into "total bumper crop fields" in order to make the maximum use of the already available irrigation and water conservation system, to actively introduce a fresh water pumping system into wet fields, to dig both wells and pools, and lay pipes, thus gaining more underground water and more tenaciously carrying out the task of pumping water into corn fields we will be in a better position to win over drought, which may cause serious damage to beautifully growing crops. Also, we can generate a greater upsurge in agricultural production, and going a step further, we can further glorify the honor of Ch'ollima Korea, where our people lead happy lives, knowing neither famine nor drought.

The struggle to transform all wet and dry fields into "total bumper crop fields" is truly an honorable and rewarding revolutionary struggle, fulfilling the basic duty and mission of our revolutionary fighters to firmly guard the agricultural front by generating a great upsurge in agricultural production in accordance with our great leader's intentions and wishes.

All guidance functionaries in the rural economic sector and agricultural workers must fly the banner of victory on the 8.5 million tons food grain pinnacle by emulating the initiative of the members of the Sangso Cooperative Farm, Anju County, South P'yongan Province, and by vigorously launching the struggle to transform all wet and dry fields into "total bumper crop fields" in a unified manner.

Success or failure in the struggle to transform all wet and dry fields into "total bumper crop fields" is dependent on how party organizations
and guidance functionaries in the agricultural sector arouse the broad strata of the masses.

The struggle to transform all wet and dry fields into "total bumper crop fields" is in its essence, a struggle to cause every kind of food crop to reach full fruition, without fluctuations, by enhancing a master-like self-awareness among agricultural workers.

Unless everyone, no matter who he may be, devotes himself sincerely to fully meeting the demands of chuche farming methods for each kind of crop, with the revolutionary self-awareness that they must be responsible for the rice basket of the nation, good results can never be achieved in this struggle.

Party organizations and guidance functionaries on cooperative farms must clearly explain this and inculcate agricultural workers with the significance and the essential demands of the struggle to transform all wet and dry fields into "total bumper crop fields," as well as the methods for such a struggle, and they must guide the masses by their example of setting standards through their own actions. Thus, they must see to it that agricultural workers acquire a master-like spirit, dedicate themselves sincerely to each kind of crop, and raise each one frugally and meticulously in accordance with chuche farming methods.

The struggle to transform all wet and dry fields into "total bumper crop fields" demands detailed organizational work and specific technical guidance.

In order to make every piece of wet field, and each corn plant, invariably bear grains which have fully ripened, concrete guidance must be provided for the detailed characteristics of each farming process, including weeding, fertilization, watering, and the prevention of damage by blight, insects, and storms.

Guidance functionaries in the agricultural economic sector, and management functionaries of cooperative farms, must, above all, plan and organize battles and labor forces to unfailingly achieve the battle targets of weeding by stages, and they must concentrate their forces on this so as not to allow even one blade of glass to raise its head, and to apply various chemical fertilizers at appropriate times, according to technical regulations.

At the same time, after ascertaining how the food grain crops in all wet and dry fields are growing, they must meticulously plan and organize so as to vigorously wage the struggle to eliminate fluctuation in raising food grain crops by arousing agricultural workers to apply compost where it is needed, to water corn fields liberally which are suffering from drought, and to prevent cold and dampness by digging ditches where they are needed. They must effectively carry out water control and substantively implement pollination so as to guarantee more than 100 percent of corn pollination.
The struggle to transform all wet and dry fields into "total bumper crop fields" can be waged more effectively only with the active support and aid of our working class.

Support personnel, led by the working class, who have now gone to rural areas, must stand shoulder to shoulder with agricultural workers who have arisen for the struggle to create "total bumper crop fields," and they must more enthusiastically raise the flame of joint innovation. On the other hand, functionaries and workers at state economic agencies, factories, and enterprises must vigorously step up well and pool making on a mass basis, pipe-laying, and the battle to water corn fields.

The struggle waged by our agricultural workers to transform all wet and dry fields into "total bumper crop fields" is an honorable struggle designed to strengthen the economic power of our country, to raise higher the living standards of our people, and to step up the victorious advance of our revolutionary cause.

All agricultural workers and volunteers must demonstrate proud exploits in this rewarding struggle with burning loyalty to the great leader Comrade Kim Il-song, and thus once again pile up high the grains of the total bumper crop.
APPEARANCE LISTS FOR DPRK PERSONALITIES

[The following lists of DPRK government and KWP officials have been extracted from Korean language sources published in Pyongyang. Order and titles of the original source have been preserved, but names have been presented in tabular form for ease of recognition.]

NEWSPAPER ANNIVERSARY—The following attended a report meeting on the 20th anniversary of the PYONGYANG SINMUN on the afternoon of 19 July at Moranbong Theater:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
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<tr>
<td>Kang Yang-uk</td>
<td>comrade</td>
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<td>Chong Chun-ki</td>
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<tr>
<td>Kang Hyon-su</td>
<td>functionary of the sector concerned</td>
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<td>Kim Yong-hak</td>
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<tr>
<td>Ch'ae Chun-pyong</td>
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<tr>
<td>Hong Hui-ch'ong</td>
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<tr>
<td>Yi Hyong-chom</td>
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The anniversary report was delivered by Kim Chong-hwan. [Pyongyang MINJU CHOSON in Korean 20 Jul 77 p 3]

POLISH BANQUET—Attending a banquet on the evening of 22 July held by the Polish charge d'affairs in the Ongnyugwan in honor of the 33rd anniversary of the rebirth of Poland were the following:

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<th>Name</th>
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<tr>
<td>Ho Tam</td>
<td>comrade</td>
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<tr>
<td>Kong Chin-t'ae</td>
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<tr>
<td>Hwang Chang-yop</td>
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<tr>
<td>Yi Ch'ang-son</td>
<td>functionary of the sector concerned</td>
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<tr>
<td>Kim Kyong-yon</td>
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<tr>
<td>Kim Ik-hyon</td>
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<tr>
<td>Yi Chong-mok</td>
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<tr>
<td>Kim Kil-hyon</td>
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<td>Chong Song-nam</td>
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<td>Han Su-kil</td>
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<td>Kim Yong-sun</td>
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<tr>
<td>Han Chu-kyong</td>
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<tr>
<td>Won Ch'ol-kap</td>
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</table>
Speeches were given by the Polish charge d'affaires and Comrade Ho Tam. [Pyongyang MINJU CHOSON in Korean 23 Jul 77 p 3]

EGYPTIAN ANNIVERSARY--The following personages attended a banquet on 23 July at the Ongnyugwan held by the Egyptian Ambassador to commemorate the 25th anniversary of the 23 July Revolution:

Kang Yang-uk
Kye Ung-t'ae
Yi Ch'ang-son
Kim Si-hak
Chong Song-nam
Yi Hwa-son
Kwon Hui-kyong
Kil Chae-kyong
Kim Yong-sun
Kwon Hui-kyong

Speeches were given by the Egyptian Ambassador and Kye Ung-t'ae. [Pyongyang MINJU CHOSON in Korean 24 Jul 77 p 3]

POWER STATION GIFTS--The following personages attended a meeting on 24 July for transmitting gifts from Kim Il-song to party personnel and workers at the Pukch'ang Thermal Power Station:

Kang Yang-uk
Yi Kun-mo
Yi Chi-ch'an

Speeches were given by the Egyptian Ambassador and Kye Ung-t'ae. [Pyongyang MINJU CHOSON in Korean 24 Jul 77 p 3]

PLA FOUNDING COMMEMORATED--The following attended a military meeting on 29 July at the Ministry of People's Armed Forces commemorating the 50th anniversary of the founding of the Chinese People's Liberation Army:

Kim Ch'ol-man
Kim Ik-hyon
Cho Myong-son
Yi Si-won

Speeches were delivered by Kim Ik-hyon and the PRC military attache. [Pyongyang NODONG SINMUN in Korean 30 Jul 77 p 4]
RPR FUNERAL COMMITTEE--The following personages compose the funeral committee for Comrade Pak Hyok, a cadre of the Revolutionary Party for Unification:

Paek Ki-sang  
So Ch'ol  
Kim Kwang-ch'on  
Chong T'ae-sam  
Yu Chong-hui  
Ho Chong-suk  
Hong Ki-mun  
Kim Song-yul  
Kim Ch'ol-min  
An Kwang-chun  
Pak Tu-il  
Cho Un-che  
Kim Pong-chu  
Chi Che-yong  
Chang Yun-p'il  
Kang Chom-suk  
Kang Hui-won  

[Pyongyang NODONG SINMUN in Korean 31 Jul 77 p 3]

FLOWER LAYING CEREMONY--The following personages attended a ceremony to lay a wreath from Kim Il-song at the graves of his parents and grandparents at Mangyongdae on the morning of 31 July:

Kang Yang-uk  
Yang Hyong-sop  
Yi Chong-ok  
Yi Kun-mo  
Kim Yong-nam  
Kim Ch'ol-man  
Ho Tam  
Chong Chun-ki  
Pak Su-tong  
Kim Hwan  
Kye Ung-t'ae  
Kong Chin-t'ae  
Kim Tu-yong  
Chong Tong-ch'ol  

[Pyongyang NODONG SINMUN in Korean 1 Aug 77 p 2]
MOTHER KANG REMEMBERED—A memorial meeting on the 45th anniversary of the death of Mother Kang Pan-sok was held on 31 July in the People's Cultural Palace with the following personages in attendance:

Pak Song-ch'ol
Kang Yang-uk
Yang Hyong-sop
Yi Chong-ok
Yon Hyong-muk
Yi Kun-mo
Hyon Mu-kwang
Kim Yong-nam
Kim Ch'ol-man
Ho Tam
Chong Chun-ki
Pak Su-tong
Kim Hwan
Kye Ung-t'ae
Kong Chin-t'ae
Kim Tu-yong
Chong Tong-ch'ol
Hwang Chang-yop
Chon Ch'ang-ch'ol
Kang Hyon-su
Kim Song-ae
Kim Pong-chu
Chang Yun-p'il
Chi Chae-yong

Comrade Chong Chun-ku delivered a memorial address at the meeting. [Pyongyang NODONG SINMUN in Korean 1 Aug 77 p 12]

PLA BANQUET—Attending a banquet on the evening of 1 August at the Ongnyagwan, held by the PRC military attache in commemoration of the 50th anniversary of the founding of the People's Liberation Army were the following:

Kang Yang-uk
Yi Yong-mu
Kim Ch'ol-man
Chong Chun-ki
Kim Kyong-yon
Kim Ik-hyon
Yi Chong-mok
Kim Kil-hyon
Chang Ch'ol
Chong Song-nam
Paek Yong-chun
Han Su-kil

Comrade Chong Chun-ku delivered a memorial address at the meeting. [Pyongyang NODONG SINMUN in Korean 1 Aug 77 p 12]
Kim Yong-sun
Han Chu-kyong

The PRC Military Attache spoke first, then a speech was delivered by Yi Yong-mu. [Pyongyang NODONG SINMUN in Korean 2 Aug 77 p 3]

PRC ORCHESTRA WELCOME--The following participated in a welcome on 2 August for the PRC Central Philharmonic Society, which arrived in Pyongyang by train:

Yi Ch'ang-son functionary of the sector concerned
Kim Kyong-yon "
Chang Ch'ol "
Kim Yong-sun "
Cho Yong-ch'ul "
Wang Kyong-hak "
Ch'oe Sang-muk "

The orchestra received a reception at Sinuiju on the morning of 2 August from responsible functionaries Kang Chung-han and Han Yong-sok. [Pyongyang NODONG SINMUN in Korean 3 Aug 77 p 3]

PRC ORCHESTRA BANQUET--The Ministry of Culture and Art held a banquet on 2 August in the Ongnyugwan to welcome the PRC Central Philharmonic, with the following in attendance:

Chong Chun-ku comrade
Yi Ch'ang-son functionary of the sector concerned
Kim Kyong-yon "
Chang Ch'ol "
Kim Yong-sun "
Cho Yong-ch'ul "
Wang Kyong-ahk "
Ch'oe Sang-muk "

Yi Ch'ang-son delivered a speech. [Pyongyang NODONG SINMUN in Korean 3 Aug 77 p 3]

GIFTS TO PUKCH'ANG--The following attended a meeting on 25 July to convey gifts and gratitude from Kim Il-song to workers and party personnel at the Pukch'ang Thermal Power Station:

Kang Yang-uk comrade
Yi Kun-mo "
Yi Chi-ch'an functionary of the sector concerned

[Pyongyang MINJU CHOSON in Korean 26 Jul 77 p 1]
MEETING COMMENORATED--The following attended a North P'yongan Province report meeting in Ch'angsong county to commemorate the 15th anniversary of the Local Party and Economic Functionaries Conference:

O Paek-yong comrade
Kim Pyong-yul functionary of the sector concerned
Kang Chung-han "
Han In-hwan "

The report was delivered by Kim Pyong-yul. [Pyongyang NODONG SINMUN in Korean 8 Aug 77 p 2]

SAN TOME DELEGATION--Attending a welcome at Pyongyang Airport on 9 August for the San Tome delegation led by Premier Miguel Trovoada were the following:

Pak Song-ch'ol premier
Chong Chun-ki comrade
Yi Ch'ang-son functionary of the sector concerned
Kang Hui-won "
Yu Kum-son "
Yi Chong-mok "
Pang T'ae-kyul "
Yi Hu-kyon "
Kim Yong-sun "

Speeches were delivered by Premier Trovoada and Pak Song-ch'ol. [Pyongyang NODONG SINMUN in Korean 10 Aug 77 p 1]

WELCOME FOR NIGERIANS--The following attended a welcome banquet on the evening of 11 August at Ongnyugwan for a Nigerian government delegation led by Ononiyl Adewoye:

Kye Ung-t'ae comrade
So Kwan-hi functionary of the sector concerned
Chong Song-nam "
Yi Song-ki "

Kye Ung-t'ae spoke first, then Commissioner Adewoye spoke. [Pyongyang NODONG SINMUN in Korean 12 Aug 77 p 3]

KOREA-BULGARIA SOCIETY--Attending the 11 August formation meeting of the Korea-Bulgaria Friendship Society were the following:
Kim Man-kum
Yi Chong-mok
Hong Il-ch' on
Kim Yong-sun
Mun Pyong-nok
Hong Song-man

Kim Man-kum was made chairman of the society. [Pyongyang NODONG SINMUN in Korean 12 Aug 77 p 3]

BANQUET FOR NIGERIANS--The following attended a banquet for the visiting Nigerian delegation held on the evening of 12 August at Ongnyugwan, hosted by the Nigerians:

Kye Ung-t' ae  comrade
So Kwan-hi  functionary of the sector concerned
Chong Song-nam  "
Yi Song-hi  "

Commissioner Adewoye spoke first, then Kye Ung-t'ae gave a speech. [Pyongyang NODONG SINMUN in Korean 13 Aug 77 p 3]

CHOSSEN SOREN WELCOME--The following attended a banquet on the evening of 13 August at the Ongnyugwan to welcome Chosen Soren functionaries of the Edogawa Chapter and the Ueno Second Branch:

Kye Ung-t'ae  comrade
Kim Nam-yun  functionary of the sector concerned
Han Pyong-hwa  "
Wang Kyong-hak  "

Han Pyong-hwa spoke first, then delegation chief Son Ho-mo gave a speech. [Pyongyang NODONG SINMUN in Korean 14 Aug 77 p 3]

CHINESE PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY--The Chinese Central Philharmonic Society arrived at special train in South Hamgyong Province, and the following welcomed them at Hamhung Station on 12 August:

Kim Hyong-ch' ong  functionary of the sector concerned
O Il-hyon  "
Cho Chin-hyong  "
Yi Song-yong  "

Functionary Chang Ch'ol accompanied them from Pyongyang. [Pyongyang NODONG SINMUN in Korean 14 Aug 77 p 3]
CHINESE SYMPHONY BANQUET—The following attended a banquet on 12 August for the Chinese Central Philharmonic Society, sponsored by the South Hamgyong Province Administrative Committee:

Yi Kil-song functionary of the sector concerned
Kim Hyong-ch'ong"
Chang Ch'ol"
O Il-hyon"
Cho Ch'ın-hyong"
Yi Song-yong"

Speakers at the banquet were Kim Hyong-ch'ong and Lu Chi, leader of the Philharmonic Society. [Pyongyang NODONG SINMUN in Korean 14 Aug 77 p 3]

LIBERATION ANNIVERSARY—The following attended a ceremony of laying garlands at the Liberation Tower on Moranbong, on 15 August, the 32nd anniversary of liberation:

Kim Kyong-yon functionary of the sector concerned
Kim Ik-hyon"
Kim Kil-hyon"
Kil Chae-kyong"
Pang T'ae-yul"
Yi Yong-ch'ang"
Kim Yong-sun"
Chi Ch'ang"

[Pyongyang NODONG SINMUN in Korean 16 Aug 77 p 3]

SOVIET FILM SCREENING—Attending a film screening held by the Soviet Ambassador at the Soviet Embassy on 15 August, for the 32nd anniversary of liberation were the following:

Kim Yong-sun functionary of the sector concerned
O Mun-han"
Cho Sang-muk"

[Pyongyang NODONG SINMUN in Korean 16 Aug 77 p 3]

HUNGARIAN FOREIGN MINISTER—The following were in attendance at a welcome banquet on the evening of 16 August for Frigyes Riya, Foreign Minister of Hungary:

Ho Tam comrade
Yi Ch'ang-son functionary of the sector concerned
Kim Kyong-yon"
Kil Chae-kyong"
Kim Yong-sun"
Kim Chae-suk DPRK Ambassador to Hungary
CHosen Soren Functionaries—The following attended a banquet on the evening of 17 August at the Ongnyugwan to welcome Chosen Soren functionaries delegation led by Yi Ho-mo:

Kim Man-kum
Kim Il-tae
Han Pyong-hwa
Wang Kyong-hak

The first speech was delivered by Han Pyong-hwa, followed by Yi Ho-mo.

CHosen Soren Delegations—The following delegations arrived in Wonsan on 16 August, then came to Pyongyang by special train: Chosen Soren Chibu functionaries delegation, led by Yi Ho-mo; 5th Korean Residents of Japan Educational Functionaries Delegation, led by Kim Su-chin, vice chairman of the Chosen Soren Central Committee Education Bureau; the 35th Korean Residents of Japan Fatherland Visitation Delegation, led by Yi T'ae-un, Chosen Soren Chiba-hen Headquarters vice chairman. On hand to greet them were the following:

Kim Man-kun
Kim Il-tae
Han Pyong-hwa
Wang Kyong-hak

Gabonese Banquet—The following attended a banquet held by the visiting Gabonese at Ongnyugwan on the evening of 17 August:

Kye Ung-t'ae
Yi Ch'ang-son
Kim Song-kol
Yi Hwa-son
Kil Chae-kyong
Pang T'ae-yul
Yi Hu-kyom
Chu Ch'ang-chun

[Pyongyang NODONG SINMUN in Korean 17 Aug 77 p 2]

[Pyongyang NODONG SINMUN in Korean 18 Aug 77 p 3]

[Pyongyang MINJU CHosen in Korean 18 Aug 77 p 3]
BRIEFS

HOUSEHOLD WORK TEAMS—Some 50-odd household work teams, composed of women family members, have been organized in Hamhung's Hoesang-kuyok [ward] for such tasks as sewing, knitting, straw work, wood working and making household utensils. The kuyok administrative committee organizes one or two such work teams in each tong and provides them assistance and guidance. As a result, the number of household work teams has increased from 30 to 50, making some 90 types of products. Some tong have solved their own raw materials needs by sending work teams into the mountains located within their area to gather materials and mountain herbs. Each tong has developed 10 chongbo of unused land and is raising wild sesame, beans and other kind of oil-bearing vegetables. The work teams also utilize scrap materials from local factories. By helping get the household work team products into the distribution network on time, the administrative committee improves the producers' will to produce and helps fill the demands of the residents for consumer goods. [Pyongyang MINJU CHOSON in Korean 19 Jul 77 p 2] 9122

MUNCH'ON LOCAL INDUSTRY—The Munch'on county administrative committee has been making central industries within the country assist local industries. Central industrial enterprises including the Mun'yong Steel Works, have helped local factories remodel or build machinery. They have made and sent machinery for making confectionaries and soy sauce to the Munch'on Soy Sauce Factory, including candy shaping machines and dough kneading machines. They devised 64 types of dies, including those for four air presses and three hydraulic presses, and sent them to a cooperative producing school supplies. [Pyongyang MINJU CHOSON in Korean 19 Jul 77 p 2] 9122

RAILROAD MODERNIZATION—Seventeen enterprises in S. Hamgyong Province, including the Yongsong Machine Factory, are repairing and modernizing cargo cars, sleeping cars and luxury cars for passenger trains travelling the lines between Wonsan and Najin, Hamhung and Sinbukch'ong and Hamhung and Sohojin. The Disabled Veterans' Plastic Products Factory in Hamhung produces thousands of square meters of vinyl sheeting in support of railroad car repair. Workers and technicians at the Yongsong Machine Factory produce kitchen facilities for dining cars. The Hoesang Iron Goods Production Complex produces construction materials for interior facilities on passenger cars and plates them. The Hamhung Wood Barrel Production Cooperative, entrusted with cars for mothers with infants, is repairing interiors and remodeling berths
to make the ride more comfortable. The Yongsong Enameled Ironware Factory is also engaged in repairing passenger cars. The Hungnam Fertilizer Complex and other factories have installed automatic generators for passenger car lights and has made automatic blackout equipment. Along with 19 other factories, the Hamhung Wool Spinning Factory has resolved to completely repair passenger cars in 40 days, not 6 months. One work team of the 8 February Vinylon Factory produced 1,300 different types of construction materials for repairing the interiors of passenger cars. [Pyongyang NODONG SINMUN in Korean 20 Jul 77 p 4] 9122

SOP'O CARGO STATION--The large-scale concentrated cargo station at Sop'o in Pyongyang is in the last stages of construction. All freight handling here will be done by machines. The station has warehouses for cement and coal and unloading yards for cartons and containerized cargo are placed on railroad spurs. Combatants of the Pyongyang Railroad Construction Office are putting finishing touches on automatic control rooms, which can automate all tasks. Construction workers handled in a short time the 20 or so inlet lines for extensions and cargo yards and warehouses. Warehouse construction for buildings handling hundreds of tons of cement and fertilizer also was completed in a short time. Volunteers are daily carrying hundreds of tons of gravel, sand, and rocks to the containerized cargo yards and unloading yards, and even housewives are pitching in. Workers of the Pyongyang Railroad Bureau themselves made much of the machinery necessary for the automatic control rooms and are now finishing the task. [Pyongyang NODONG SINMUN in Korean 21 Jul 77 p 1] 9122

PHOSPHATE FERTILIZER--In July, phosphate fertilizer production was more than 1.5 times the average daily results in the past half year. Functionaries of various combines are struggling to make even one ton more for forwarding faster to the countryside. The Munp'yong Smeltery is a model of phosphate fertilizer production. For example, combatants of the sulphuric acid shop, by means of good equipment and technical management, keep their facilities running fully to raise acid production. They cut gas escape losses through scientific management of facilities. Using positive mobilization, they have doubled phosphate fertilizer production, compared with early in the year. Workers of the phosphate work team have raised disintegration rates 5 percent, compared with previously, and have overfulfilled their daily plan 1.3-1.5 times. Raw material handlers have increased conveyor transportation, thus raising raw material transport capacity 1.6 times. The Namp'o Refinery is also normalizing high standards of phosphate fertilizer production. They are producing twice the amount they did last month. [Pyongyang MINJU CHOSON in Korean 22 Jul 77 p 1] 9122

8 FEBRUARY CEMENT PLANT--Work results at the 8 February Cement Plant show workers doubling and tripling their plans. Firing furnaces continuously spew forth clinker, which is loaded on conveyors and taken to the central warehouse. The huge facilities are run from a automated furnace control
room, where the firers watch television receivers and press control buttons to ensure full equipment usage. Warehouses, with piles of clinker, raw materials, and fuel, are loaded by crane operators, who have resolutely determined to double their daily plans. The cement shop itself has recently completed automation of the new cement crusher automatic control facilities and cement pneumatic transport pump automation facilities. Commanders at the consolidated command post, having industrial television as well as wired and wireless communication, are able to move quickly with various production control devices. [Pyongyang MINJU CHOSON in Korean 22 Jul 77 p 3] 9122

FISHERY BASE CONSTRUCTION--In response to the great leader's instructions, construction personnel have already completed work at the Och'on and Namp'o fishery bases, and are nearing completion at Mongkump'o, Kwaksan, and Ch'olsan. Guidance functionaries of the Ministry of Fisheries and the regional fishing guidance bureau are pushing this construction. In the Namp'o region, combatants of the Map'o Fisheries Station finished embankments and landing pier construction and in the last stages on shore buildings. Workers and technicians of the Third Construction Work Site of the Yalu River Irrigation Construction Consolidated Station, working on the fisheries base at Kwaksan, have nearly completed the construction project to increase the dockside mooring area for fishing boats. [Pyongyang MINJU CHOSON in Korean 23 Jul 77 p 1] 9122

PUKCH'ANG POWER STATION--Youth power combatants of the Chollima Pukch'ang Thermal Generating Station have produced 500 million kw/hours more than in a similar period last year. Units 2 and 3 produced 3000-5000 kg/hour more per hour. The No 4 generator during one past week produced 5,367,000 kg/hours more than in a similar period last year. Youth of the No 6 generator are normalizing their fixed plan at 40 percent higher, while those of the No 7 are increasing the capacity per generator by 12 percent. [Pyongyang NODONG CH'ONGNYON in Korean 24 Jul 77 p 1] 9122

SODUSU GENERATOR CONSTRUCTION--The Honor Guard Second Construction Office, entrusted with construction of the Sodusu No 3 generator, are devoting their strength to carrying out the great leader's New Year's message. Youth construction workers, who topped their half-year plan by 32 percent, are overfulfilling their daily plan 1.5 times. Third Shop young power workers, by attending to labor organization and renovating techniques, completed upper passage construction in 20 days. [Pyongyang NODONG CH'ONGNYON in Korean 24 Jul 7 p 1] 9122

YONGDAE COAL MINE--Fires of the coal revolution are burning at the Yongdae Coal Mine. One company's determined target is normalizing work at 30 percent above their coal production plan every month, and within that, presenting 20 percent to the nation as "patriotic coal." Last May, the first company of the Youth Production Pit of the Namjon Coal Mine, normalizing monthly coal production at 10,000 tons, which was 25 percent above the national plan, presented 1,000 tons to the nation. Company personnel have set high goals based on scientific capabilities, calling for normalizing coal production at 10,000 tons monthly and presenting 20 percent to the country. [Pyongyang MINJU CHOSON in Korean 24 Jul 77 p 3] 9122
ORE TRANSPORT—The Kimch'aek Steel Works is achieving great results in construction cargo station, having established buildings and facilities including interior track, cement warehouse, lumber unloading yard, and coal unloading yard. Steel combatants of Songjin Steel Works and miners of the Musan Mine are constructing concentrated cargo stations. Party personnel and workers at the Hwanghae and Kim Chaek Iron and Steel Complexes and the Ch'ongjin Steel Works, 13 April Iron Works, Songjin and Kangdok Fire-resistant Materials Factory, and the Changsan Mine are struggling to produce containerized cargo facilities quickly. Workers of the Kim Chaek Iron and Steel Complex, which also has its own spur line, repair freight cars, and have already made 200 of them like new. [Pyongyang NODONG SINMUN in Korean 26 Jul 77 p 1] 9122

KANGSON STEEL WORKS—Workers at the Kangson Steel Works are endeavoring to supplement before the end of the year their loading and unloading facilities, including cranes for completing private spurs so that trains can be loaded within one or two hours of arrival. They are fully equipping their raw materials and fuel yards, with the hopes of being able to store a month's worth of raw materials and fuel by 10 October and be able to store three months' worth by the middle of next year. Workers have set the goal of manufacturing before the end of September 100 types of cargo containers and 60 others for use on private spur lines. Technicians and workers of the rolling stock unit and repair unit of the transport shop have remodeled various types of gantry cranes, and manufactured foundation cranes and 10-ton cranes. Workers have doubled and trebled their speed to accomplish quotas ahead of their scheduled completion date. [Pyongyang NODONG SINMUN in Korean 26 Jul 77 p 3] 9122

SONGJIN STEEL WORKS—Workers and party personnel at the Songjin Steel Works are laboring on the containerized cargo yard construction yard with heavy machinery, including bulldozers and excavators. Having adopted the concentrated concrete pouring method, they are implementing it over an immense work area, and are accomplishing banking work over 10,000 square meters by fully mobilizing heavy equipment. Effecting combat organization while working on containers for fertilizer and cement warehouses, they have accomplished in two months what was said to require over three months. [Pyongyang NODONG SINMUN in Korean 26 Jul 77 p 3] 9122

THERMOPOWER EXPANSION PROJECT—Construction workers at the Unggi Thermal Power Station have completed the assembly of individual facilities such as turbines, generators, condensers, transformer substations, and transformers and are now working on the last remaining stages of assembling cables, high voltage conduits and oil pipes and insulation work. [Pyongyang NODONG SINMUN in Korean 28 Jul 77 p 1] 9122

RAILROAD ELECTRIFICATION—Construction workers of the sector concerned, including the Speed Battle Youth Shock Brigade, Railroad Department Railroad Electrification Construction Regiment, and the Hamhung Railroad Construction Unit, are pushing ahead with railroad electrification between Tanch'on and Komdok. The most difficult tasks, railroad tunnels and
enlarging stations, are being done by the Youth Shock Brigade, which has handled thousands of square meters. The Pyongyang City Battalion of the Youth Shock Brigade has essentially completed roadbed lowering and enlargement of the yard. Youth Shock Brigade personnel have completed transformer construction and are proceeding with construction to string electric wire. Electric workers of the Provincial Power Transmission and Distribution Department are aiding technicians in tasks entrusted to the Youth Shock Brigade in working to raise transmission wire towers between South Hamgyong Province's Kwangch'on and the Unch'on Station. It was extremely difficult to raise the high voltage transmission line towers while electricity was flowing through them. Workers of the Electrification Construction Regiment, having finished putting up electric poles, are stringing wire day and night. [Pyongyang NODONG SINMUN in Korean 2 Aug 77 p 1] 9122

TRANSPORT STRUGGLE—In support of the transportation revolution are the 4 June Rolling Stock Factory, which exceeded its vehicle production plan in May and June; the 6 July Railroad Factory, which increased production of spare parts; and the Pyongyang Railroad Operations Yard Passenger Train Unit, which was able to repair 126 more freight cars than planned by making 50,000 different parts during June. [Pyongyang MINJU CHOSON in Korean 2 Aug 77 p 1] 9122

4 JUNE FACTORY—The 4 June Rolling Stock Factory has set new records in axle cutting operations, and is turning out more axles than a similar period last month. Workers of the vehicle frame work team and chassis work team are daily achieving results of 2-300 percent over their plans in frame assembly and sidewall assembly. [Pyongyang MINJU CHOSON in Korean 2 Aug 77 p 1] 9122

RAILROAD ACCESSORIES—The 6 July Railroad Factory is producing more vehicle accessories. The engineering and power shop improved the efficiency of oxygen generators, while the casting shop raised the quality of its goods. The machine shop and technical facilities shop is normalizing high standards in production of rolling stock accessories. [Pyongyang MINJU CHOSON in Korean 2 Aug 77 p 1] 9122

CARGO CARS—At the Pyongyang Railroad Operations Yard Passenger Train Unit, workers are exceeding their daily plan for cargo cars by 2-3 times, and have the goal of repairing 700 freight cars more than their plan. The technical innovations personnel have devised 20 or so new facilities, including a steel cutter and eight types of automatic screw driving machines. [Pyongyang MINJU CHOSON in Korean 2 Aug 77 p 1] 9122

SUNGHO-RI CEMENT PLANT—Workers and party personnel at the Sungho-ri Cement Plant have been normalizing high standards in production this whole year. Particularly, baking workers of the "20th anniversary of the Republic's Founding" No 1 furnace, by adhering to technical standards and excelling at self-inspection and self-repair, are roasting more and better clinker per hour workers of the cement shop run each crusher fully. The operators of crushers Nos 1, 4 and 5, by managing fuel insertion and being in close contact with crane operators, are exceeding their daily plan. Workers of
the fire-resistant brick shop have also raised their daily production 1.5-fold. [Pyongyang NODONG SINMUN in Korean 3 Aug 77 p 4] 9122

HAMHUNG RAILROAD TRANSPORT--Transport workers of the Hamhung Railroad Bureau, having adopted containerized transport, are extending it vigorously to the 8 February Vinylon Factory Station, and the Tanch'on and Omong-ri Stations. Workers of the Tanch'on and Omong-ri Stations, in cooperation with working classes of the Kondok Mine, have remodeled more efficiently some 230 ore transport containers and have reduced the stopping time for concentrated transport trains for loading ores by 1 hour 20 minutes over normal. Workers in the transport sector of the 8 February Vinylon Complex adopted a cargo container for carbide which not only reduced freight train stopping time, but also increased transport safety. Transport workers at Hamhung Station, by mobilizing internal reserves, have made 20-odd containers and were able to mechanize fully all loading on freight trains except for box cars. [Pyongyang NODONG SINMUN in Korean 4 Aug 77 p 1] 9122

NAMP'O VEHICLE TRANSPORT--Workers at the Namp'o Vehicle Transport Station will finish their yearly plan on 10 October, and are raising their actual running rate by 85 percent in order to obtain results of 20 percent more by the end of the year. They exceeded their half year transport plan by 10.7 percent in the first two months of the "200 days of transport revolution." They also exceeded their July freight handling plan by 12.6 percent and are exceeding their August daily transport plan by more than 10 percent. [Pyongyang NODONG SINMUN in Korean 4 Aug 77 p 1] 9122

CH'ONGJIN MARITIME TRANSPORT--In the water transport sector, combatants of the Ch'ongjin Maritime Transport Station will carry out this year's cargo transport plan by 9 September, and are determined to exceed it by 30 percent by the year's end. To do this, they have the goal of raising their ship utilization rate by 88 percent and cut 1.5 weeks off ship turn around time. They are also completing the 15-day ship repair system. [Pyongyang NODONG SINMUN in Korean 4 Aug 77 p 1] 9122

NAMP'O TRANSPORT UNIT--Transport combatants of the Namp'o Vehicle Transport Unit set the high combat goal of fulfilling their year's plan by 10 October, and by overfulfilling the plan by 20 percent by the end of the year. They are struggling to raise the vehicle actual running rate more than 85 percent. The unit overfulfilled this year's half-year plan by 10.7 percent, and exceeded their July freight handling plan by 12.6 percent. [Pyongyang MINJU CHOSON in Korean 5 Aug 77 p 1] 9122

SUPPORT TO VEHICLE TRANSPORT--The Land Transport General Bureau, along with leading functionaries of each province's administrative committee transport management bureau and vehicle work stations, are dispatching trucks and drivers to match freight volume and kind, transport direction and section. They are also managing repair bases for the vehicles. Workers in the Kangwon Province Administrative Committee Transport Management Bureau are working to pull more coupling wagons, while workers at Kumgang and Kosong Vehicle Work Stations are carrying a few dozen more tons of freight daily than planned.
The Wonson First Vehicle Work Station raised the load capacity of their vehicles and raised results in hauling freight on coupling wagons. The combatants of the Oro Vehicle Work Station of the South Hamgyong Province Administrative Committee Transport Management Bureau raised their vehicle utilization rate by establishing a vehicle repair full equipment system and getting drivers to understand technical management of vehicles. The Hgomanon Vehicle Work Station, with good transport organization, carried out its July transport quota in 12 days and filled their daily transport plan 1.5 times. [Pyongyang MINJU CHOSON in Korean 5 Aug 77 p 1] 9122

LONG DISTANCE TRANSPORT—Fighters in the Pyongyang Long-distance Vehicle Management Bureau overfulfilled their daily plan 1.5 times. Workers of the First Long-distance Transport Unit and the Second Unit are struggling to carry raw materials and goods in faster time. The Chagang Province Long-distance Vehicle Transport Unit lessened vehicle turn-around time, thus raising its operations rate more than 80 percent. Workers of Long-distance Vehicles Nos 5725, 5705, and 5707 are ensuring full operations by making attachments themselves. [Pyongyang MINJU CHOSON in Korean 5 Aug 77 p 1] 9122

MARINE TRANSPORT—Workers of various marine transport stations in July are loading 1,000 tons more cargo daily than their daily average in June. Many ships, including ship No 2505 at the Ch'ongjin Marine Transport Station and ship No 2803 of the Hungnam Marine Transport Station are exceeding their yearly plans. Workers at the Hungnam Station have thoroughly established a command and control system, have raised high standards for concentrated transport as well as specialized transport, raised their boats' use rate, and harmonized long and short hauls to eliminate empty boat runs. Marine transport combatants have put up a boat repair basin and have thoroughly established a 15-day boat repair system at the Hungnam Station. To this end they have prepared spare parts and spare engines separated by standards and classifications so that concentrated repair begins as soon as the boat is in the dock. [Pyongyang NODONG SINMUN in Korean 30 Jul 77 p 1] 9122

NORTH P'YONGAN TRANSPORT—In North P'yongan Province, transport combatants of stations and factories having private lines are achieving continuous high results in cargo handling. Stations, under the guiding assistance of party organizations and Three Revolutions Teams, have established efficient loading and unloading facilities, and during the last two months have handled 50,000-odd tons more than their plan. Workers of the Sinuiju and Yomju Stations, who have exceeded their cargo transport plans every month since the "200 days of transport revolution" began, have constructed many more mechanical facilities for loading freight. Workers at the Chongju Youth Station, using the concentrated system as soon as cargo arrives, have reduced handling time by more than an hour compared with their plans. Workers at Tikhyon, Sakchu, Yongch'on, T'aech'on, and Kuchang Stations are also well organized for concentrated transport. The Sinuiju Chemical Fiber Plant has set up efficient loading machinery, including various cranes, for handling fuel and resources in the spur line of its storage yard. [Pyongyang NODONG SINMUN in Korean 30 Jul 77 p 1] 9122
SUPPORT TO TRANSPORTATION—Workers and steel works functionaries under the Ministry of Metallurgical Industry are giving support to the "200 days of transport revolution." Steel workers at Kangson and miners at Musan are investing labor in production of transport containers, private railroads lines, and freight car repair, including concentrated transport station construction. The working classes of Kim Ch'aek Iron and Steel Complex have remade many freight cars as good as new and sent them to the transport front. In a short time, steel workers at Kangson have made base cranes and 10-ton cranes, and remodeled gantry cranes to be used on private railroad lines. Workers of the Songjin Steel Works and the Musan Mine are now constructing concentrated cargo stations. Taking the lead in cargo container production are: the Hanghae and Kim Ch'aek iron and steel complexes, the Ch'ongjin Steel Works, the 13 April Iron Works, the Songjin Fire-resistant Materials Factory and the Yuson Fire-resistant Materials Factory. The working classes under the Ministry of Metallurgical Industry have set the goal of 1,000 cargo containers by 20 November. [Pyongyang MINJU CHOSON in Korean 28 Jul 77 p 2] 9122

CONCENTRATED TRANSPORT SUPPORT—Functionaries of the construction offices which went down to the Panch'uk, Ch'angp'yong, and Musan Stations have generally solved technical problems in cooperation with the workers in building concentrated cargo stations, and have also dispatched technical functionaries to the spot to solve important problems. Steel workers from Kim Ch'aek Iron and Steel Complex completed the Panch'uk Station concentrated transport yard by reducing planned construction time by one-third. Functionaries of the Ministry of Metallurgical Industry's Engineering and Maintenance Office are taking the lead in standardizing plans, and, with positive mobilization of resources, are organizing methodical business administration according to the needs of concentrated transport. [Pyongyang MINJU CHOSON in Korean 28 Jul 77 p 2] 9122

PROCESSED STEEL—The Hwanghai Iron and Steel Complex and 13 April Iron Works have overfulfilled their support plans in processed steel by 1.5 times, in support of the transport revolution. [Pyongyang MINJU CHOSON in Korean 28 Jul 77 p 2] 9122

8 NOVEMBER MINE—Miners of the 8 November mine exceeded their July plan and, by enlarging and modernizing facilities, are increasing ore production. Taking the lead in pit construction and drilling, the miners are holding technical innovation meetings and experience exchange meetings. They have widely adopted technical and advanced work methods including the new core extraction rift and core extraction blasting methods, and have raised their per unit index more than 1.5 times. Miners of the Mansan Pit, having adopted the new cutting method and using intrusion rock drills, excavators, and conveyor belts, set a record in ore production. They blast 10,000-20,000 tons at a time in the pit. One squad, for example, raised concentrated ore production 3 percent and extraction rate 2 percent above their planned index. [Pyongyang NODONG SINMUN in Korean 6 Aug 77 p 1] 9122
SONGJIN STEEL WORKS—The Songjin Steel Works, one of our country's reliable ferrous metal bases, is struggling to produce more steel. They overfilled their second quarter plan, and in July, produced considerably more steel and rolled steel in comparison with their daily average results over the second quarter. Melters of the Chollima Steel Shop are running their facilities to the maximum, depending on scientific means, such as industrial television, to continue work in conditions unfavorable to furnace operations. The melters of electric furnace No 13, by adopting broadly certain advanced melting methods, cut an average of 30 minutes off steel-making time. Melters of No 4 electric furnace achieved continuous insertion to suit the oxygen-free melting process, and, accordingly, in July, drew out molten iron once or twice more per day. One work team at the 280mm rolling machine is working to complete this year's plan before September. [Pyongyang NODONG SINMUN in Korean 6 Aug 77 p 1] 9122

SOUTH P'YONGAN MINING—Coal miners in South P'yongan Province are taking the lead in tunnelling and stripping, and by using reserve strip mines, in July raised coal production 25.6 percent, compared with the same period last year. [Pyongyang MINJU CHOSON in Korean 6 Aug 77 p 1] 9122

KAECH'ON COAL MINE COMPLEX—Miners of the Kaech'on Region Coal Mining Complex, at such places as Namchon, Choyang, and Pongch'on Coal Mines, raised basic tunnelling 1.2 times, stripping 1.8 times, and coal production 1.3 times, compared with the same period last year. At Choyang, miners adopted advanced work methods, including combined core blasting and pit blasting, and doubled stripping and coal production in July, compared with the same period last year. [Pyongyang MINJU CHOSON in Korean 6 Aug 77 p 1] 9122

TOKCH'ON COAL MINE COMPLEX—Miners of the Toksong, Hyongbong, and Chenam Coal Mines of the Tokch'on Region Coal Mining Complex, to keep in step with the rise in thermal power production of the Pukch'ang Thermal Power Station, in July increased coal production 1.8 times, basic tunnelling 1.3 times, preparatory tunnelling 1.7 times, and stripping 1.3 times, compared with the same period last year. Toksong miners doubled their basic tunnelling and raised stripping 1.4 times, with continuous drilling and continuous blasting. [Pyongyang MINJU CHOSON in Korean 6 Aug 77 p 1] 9122

ANJU MINE—The Anju Consolidated Mine raised its coal production 1.5 times in July, compared with daily results in the same period last year. [Pyongyang MINJU CHOSON in Korean 6 Aug 77 p 1] 9122

PUKCH'ANG RAILROAD BUREAU—The Pukch'ang Branch Railroad Bureau, responsible for coal transport to the Pukch'ang Thermal Power Station, has raised coal transport amounts 1.5 times daily. Workers raised the traction standard of locomotives 1.5-2 times, and have reduced loading or unloading times at stations and private spurs. They are working to reduce train idle time by 30 minutes. Branch bureau functionaries, who have gone to the Chongsang and Soch'ang Stations, have done well in formation of local and direct trains, and station personnel have raised coal shipments 1.7 times above plans. Functionaries of the Tokch'on Station and train crews,
who form concentrated transport trains when freight trains arrive from the
Hyongpyong Mine or the Toksong and Tokch'on Mines, have been loading con-
siderably more coal for the power station coal yard. [Pyongyang NODONG
SINMUN in Korean 8 Aug 77 p 1] 9122

STEEL PRODUCTION STATISTICS—Among the ferrous metal bases for our country
stand those Kim Ch'aek and Hwanghae iron and steel complexes and Kangson.
In July steel production, they raised production of steel 46 percent,
rolled steel 30 percent, pig iron 50 percent, over the average monthly
production results of the first half year. [Pyongyang MINJU CHOSON in
Korean 14 Aug 77 p 3] 9122

SUNGNI VEHICLE FACTORY—Workers and technicians of the Sungn'i Vehicle
Integrated Factory, who have taken to heart the great leader's teachings
during his on-the-spot guidance in the Tokch'on region last march, are
accomplishing new upsurges in vehicle production. Workers of the "Konsol"
Vehicle Production Shop have adopted new inspection tools and technical
facilities to raise the quality of rear axle manufacture. The cast steel
shop, pipe shop, and head control shop are all engaged in "Konsol" Vehicle
production. Party personnel and workers of the "Chaju" vehicle production
sector, including technicians of the engine shop and workers of the Chaju
No 1 Shop, have recently made a series of manufacturing facilities and
testing tools. Workers of the No 3 Shop have raised the quality of gear
boxes and gears. In addition, workers of the "Sungn'i 58" Vehicle Produc-
tion Shop are struggling to raise the performance of equipment and facili-
ties. [Pyongyang NODONG SINMUN in Korean 16 Aug 77 p 1] 9122

KAEC'H'ON MINING COMPLEX—Miners of the Kaech'on Region Coal Mining Complex
overfilled their July plan and in August are exceeding their plan by 21
percent in basic tunnelling, 18 percent in preparatory tunnelling, 84 per-
cent in stripping, and 14 percent in coal production over the same period
last year. For example, all tunnelling squads at the Namjon Mine have
raised tunnelling speed 1.2 times over the first of the year. The Youth
Pit Extraction First Company "Sea of Blood" Guard Unit is determined to
dig more than 11,000 tons of coal each month. Miners at the Pongch'on
Coal Mine are digging out 1.8 times more coal than the same period last
year. One company of open-pit miners at the Sillip Mine overfulfilled
their fixed plan by 100 percent, while another pit is taking out 200 more
tons daily, when compared with the end of June. [Pyongyang NODONG SINMUN
in Korean 18 Aug 77 p 1] 9122

60
AMBASSADOR TO SOMALIA—Pyongyang, September 16 (KCNA)—The Central People's Committee of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea issued a decree on the appointment of Comrade Han Pong-chol as ambassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to the Somali Democratic Republic. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 1010 GMT 16 Sep 77 OW]

AUSTRIAN GROUP'S VISIT—Pyongyang, September 16—The delegation of the Austrian Association for Promotion of Relations with the DPRK, headed by its general secretary Friedrich Vogl, issued a statement before leaving Korea after a 2-week stay. The statement said that the Korean People have achieved astonishing successes in industry, agriculture and education in accordance with the principle of chuche. The statement also supported the proposals put forward by President Kim Il-song aimed at forcing U.S. troops to withdraw from South Korea and achieving the country's reunification by the efforts of the Korean people themselves. It said that in the last 5 years of its existence the Austrian Association for Promotion of Relations with the Democratic People's Republic of Korea has always supported this goal. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 1620 GMT 16 Sep 77 OW]

SYRIAN AMBASSADOR'S RECALL—Pyongyang, September 21—Yassir al-Farra, ambassador extraordinary and plenipotentiary of the Syrian Arab Republic to our country, left here on September 20 by plane at the recall of his government. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0415 GMT 21 Sep 77 SK]

YOUTH GROUP TO ALGERIA—Pyongyang, September 21—A delegation of the League of Socialist Working Youth headed by Chi Chae-yong here on September 20 by plane to visit Algeria. The delegation was seen off at the airport by personages concerned and Chadly Mohamed, charge d'affaires ad-interim of the Algerian Democratic and People's Republic to our country. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0418 GMT 21 Sep 77 SK]

CHONGNYON DELEGATIONS—Pyongyang, September 21—Head of the congratulatory group of Koreans in Japan Yun Sang-chol, director of the international department of the Central Standing Committee of the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan (Chongnyon), the delegation of the Korean Democratic Lawyers Association in Japan headed by its chairman, Kim Kyu-sung, and the delegation of functionaries of trading corporations of Chongnyon headed by Yun Chae-su, vice-president of the Korea-Japan Export and Import Corporation under Chongnyon, left Pyongyang, the capital of revolution, on September 20 by plane after visiting the benevolent socialist homeland thanks to the great solicitude of the great leader Marshal Kim Il-song. [Text] [Pyongyang KCNA in English 0411 GMT 21 Sep 77 SK]

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61