COLLECTIONS SUMMARY FOR CAMP BULLIS, TEXAS

U.S. Army NAGPRA Compliance Project, Technical Report No. 9

Prepared for the
U.S. Army Environmental Center,
Environmental Compliance Division

by the
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers,
St. Louis District,
Mandatory Center of Expertise for the Curation and Management of Archaeological Collections
**Title and Subtitle:**
An Archaeological Collections Summary for Camp Bullis, Texas

**Authors:**
U.S. Army Engineer District, St. Louis, Mandatory Center of Expertise for the Curation and Management of Archaeological Collections (MCX)

**Performing Organization:**
U.S. Army Engineer District, St. Louis, Mandatory Center of Expertise for the Curation and Management of Archaeological Collections (CELM-PD-C), 1222 Spruce Street, St. Louis, MO 63103

**Sponsoring Agency:**
U.S. Army Environmental Center, Environmental Compliance Division (SFIM-AEC-ECN), Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD 21010-5401

**Supplementary Notes:**
This research was supported in part by an appointment to the Research Participation Program at the St Louis District, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers administered by the Oak Ridge Institute for Science and Education through an interagency agreement between the U.S. Department of Energy and the St Louis District, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers.

**Abstract:**
The U.S. Army Environmental Center tasked the Mandatory Center of Expertise for the Curation and Management of Archaeological Collections (MCX) with the job of assisting the Army in complying with the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), P.L. 101-601. The MCX was asked to locate and assess archaeological collections derived from Army lands, to identify the Native American or Native Hawaiian organizations culturally affiliated with the collections, and to draft Section 6 summary letters for each installation. A two-stage process was used to identify, locate and assess the contents of the collections, consisting of archival research and telephone interviews with the repository personnel. This report conveys the results of the collection research completed for the compliance with Section 6 of NAGPRA

**Subject Terms:**
Archaeology; curation; cultural resources management; funerary objects; Native Americans; NAGPRA; Camp Bullis

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AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL COLLECTIONS SUMMARY
FOR
CAMP BULLIS, TEXAS

Information Provided for Compliance with the
Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act
Section 6 Summary

Prepared for the
U.S. Army Environmental Center,
Environmental Compliance Division
Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland

By
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers,
St. Louis District,
Mandatory Center of Expertise for the
Curation and Management of Archaeological Collections,
U.S. Army NAGPRA Compliance Project,
Technical Report No. 9

August 1995
OBJECTIVES AND METHODS

The U.S. Army Environmental Center (AEC) tasked the Mandatory Center of Expertise for the Curation and Management of Archaeological Collections (MCX) with the job of assisting Army installation personnel in complying with the requirements of the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (P.L. 101-601, NAGPRA). The MCX was asked to locate and assess archaeological collections derived from Army-owned lands, to identify the federally recognized Native American tribes most likely culturally affiliated with the collections, to draft Section 6 Summary letters for each installation, and to conduct physical inventories of any collections that contain human skeletal remains. This report conveys the results of the collections research completed to assist Camp Bullis in complying with the Section 6 Summary requirements of NAGPRA.

The MCX used a two-stage process to identify, locate, and assess the contents of archaeological collections from the installation. First, archival research was performed to review all archaeological site records and reports for the installation. Second, telephone interviews were conducted with personnel at installations, universities, museums, and archaeological contractors that were identified during the archival research as possible repositories of Army collections.

Archival research for Camp Bullis began with a search of the National Archeological Data Base (NADB) for references pertaining to the installation. This was followed by a thorough examination of all archaeological site forms and a literature review of all pertinent archaeological reports and manuscripts on file at the Texas Archaeological Research Laboratory, University of Texas, Austin (TARL). The records search was performed in March 1995 and sought to identify any work on the installation that may have produced archaeological collections.

Subsequent telephone interviews to potential collections repositories ascertained whether the materials were present and the range of objects in each collection. Once the collections were located and assessed, MCX personnel identified federally recognized Native American tribes that are likely to be culturally affiliated with the materials in the collections. A draft Section 6 Summary letter to the tribes is enclosed (Appendix I), as well as a listing of the current tribal chairperson for each tribe (Appendix II).
RESEARCH RESULTS

ARCHAEOLOGICAL INVESTIGATIONS AT CAMP BULLIS

Numerous groups have performed archaeological investigations at Camp Bullis starting in 1977 and continuing to the present. Investigating organizations include:

Center for Archaeological Research at the University of Texas, San Antonio
Geo-Marine, Incorporated, Plano, Texas
Prewitt & Associates, Incorporated, Austin, Texas

Investigations consisted of systematic surveys, test excavations, and excavations to mitigate adverse effects on sites where necessary for the installation's mission. Approximately 30 percent of Camp Bullis lands have been surveyed for cultural resources, according to Dusty Bruins, Environmental Coordinator for Camp Bruins (telephone conversation, 3 February 1995). Artifact collections generally consist of prehistoric lithic materials and historic ceramics, glass, and metal items.

Camp Bullis is a sub-installation to Fort Sam Houston.

SUMMARY OF ARCHAEOLOGICAL COLLECTIONS

A total of approximately 26 ft$^3$ of prehistoric and historic artifacts and associated documentation has been recovered from Camp Bullis. As of the date of this report, these collections are located in the following repositories.

Center for Archaeological Research, University of Texas, San Antonio
Camp Bullis, Texas
Geo-Marine, Plano, Texas
Prewitt & Associates, Austin, Texas
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Fort Worth District

22 ft$^3$ of boxed materials
<1 ft$^3$ of boxed materials
<1 linear foot of documentation
2 ft$^3$ of boxed materials
<1 ft$^3$ of boxed materials
In addition, when reviewing the site forms for Camp Bullis, site 41BX922 is recorded as having lithic artifacts collected during a Prewitt & Associates survey. The site form indicates that the curation facility is the Fort Sam Houston Military Museum; however, the curator of the museum, John Manguso, stated that the museum does not curate any Camp Bullis materials. The collection location for these artifacts is therefore undetermined.

The attached Summary of Current Locations of Archaeological Collections from Camp Bullis (Appendix III) provides detailed information about each collection derived as a result of archaeological investigations at the installation. A collection consists of all of the materials, artifacts, and associated documentation (e.g., field notes, maps, photos, data analyses, correspondence) produced as a result of an archaeological investigation or project at a single site or multiple sites. In some cases, the same archaeological site may have been investigated by various individuals or organizations. Depending on where the resulting collections are curated, they may be stored and identified as separate collections or separate components of a single collection. In cases where the artifacts and records have become separated, we list the records collections repository as well.

Every attempt has been made to locate all collections cited on available archaeological site records or in published and unpublished references to archaeological investigations on the installation.

A fragmentary human jaw was collected from a very small limestone cave or fissure by a geohydraulologist during a survey of the karst formations on Camp Bullis lands in December 1994. The mandible is currently curated at the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Fort Worth District Office.

REFERENCES TO ARCHAEOLOGICAL INVESTIGATIONS

Three sets of references regarding archaeological work conducted on Camp Bullis are attached: Appendix IV contains the list of references reviewed by the MCX during its archival research; Appendix V is the list of references contained in the National Archeological Data Base (NADB); and Appendix VI provides the references cited in the literature but not available for review by the MCX.
NATIVE AMERICAN TRIBES ASSOCIATED WITH CAMP BULLIS

The chronological periods of the archaeological collections from Camp Bullis, as recorded on the site records, range from unknown prehistoric to historic Euroamerican sites. During the ethnohistoric period, the Tonkawas, Coahuiltecs, and Karankawas inhabited this area in the beginning of historic times, but by the end of the 17th Century, the lands were claimed by the Spanish colonial empire (Gerstle, et al. 1978:7).

The Tonkawa were relocated to Oklahoma at the turn of the 20th Century (Yenne 1986:169). They are federally recognized as the Tonkawa Tribe of Indians of Oklahoma, and include among their members the only surviving Karankawas and a number of people with Lipan ancestry (Schilz 1994:640). The Lipan Apache were historically associated with the lands directly southwest of the Camp Bullis area according to the 1978 Indian Land Claims adjudications (U.S.G.S. n.d.). The remnants of the tribe were driven into Mexico at the beginning of the present century (Terrell 1971:316). Other tribes possibly affiliated with the Camp Bullis area include the Caddo and the Comanche (Yenne 1986:10, 29, 51).
SECTION 6 COMPLIANCE

P.L. 101-601 (NAGPRA) requires that federal agencies engage in active consultation with Native Americans with federally recognized tribes and/or lineal descendants who may be culturally affiliated with the archaeological collections from the installation. Enclosed are a draft NAGPRA Section 6 Summary letter (Appendix I) and a list of the tribal chairpersons from the federally recognized tribes (Appendix II) which may be culturally affiliated with the collections.

Initial consultation should be conducted on a government-to-government basis. Refer to P.L. 101-601 (NAGPRA) for specifics on required Native American consultation and the legal definitions of items subject to NAGPRA.
REFERENCES CITED

Gerstle, Andrea, Thomas C. Kelly, and Cristi Assad
1978 The Fort Sam Houston Project: An Archaeological and Historical Assessment.
Center for Archaeological Research, the University of Texas at San Antonio.

Schilz, Thomas F.
1994 Tonkawa. In, Native America in the Twentieth Century: An Encyclopedia, edited

Terrell, John Updike
1971 American Indian Almanac. The World Publishing Company, New York and
Cleveland.

U.S.G.S.
Survey for the Indian Claims Commission, Reston, Virginia.

Yenne, Bill
APPENDIX I

DRAFT SECTION 6 SUMMARY LETTER
FOR CAMP BULLIS, TEXAS

[Installation Header]

[Tribal POC Name]
[Title]
[Address]
[City, State, Zip]

Dear [Name of POC]:

I am writing to inform you of collections held by Camp Bullis that may contain Native American cultural items, as defined by the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), that are, or are likely to be, culturally affiliated with the [Tribe]. Camp Bullis has documented these archaeological collections in a summary in accordance with the requirements of Section 6 of NAGPRA.

Camp Bullis is responsible for collections that include approximately twenty-two cubic feet of material housed at the Center for Archaeological Research, University of Texas, San Antonio, less than one cubic foot of material housed at the Fort Sam Houston Military Museum, and approximately two cubic feet temporarily housed in the offices of Prewitt & Associates. These archaeological collections were generated from surveys and/or excavations conducted from 1977 to the present. The collections consist of prehistoric stone tools and what is described as historic debris, as well as associated documentation such as field notes, photographs, and correspondence. No sacred objects, objects of cultural patrimony, or funerary objects were identified in our review of the collection documentation.

We are notifying the [Tribe] because some of these materials were found in, or near the area thought to be part of the territory occupied or used aboriginally by the [Tribe]. In accordance with Section 6 of NAGPRA, we are inviting you to consult with us regarding these archaeological collections. Upon your written request, we will provide you access to review our records, catalogues, relevant studies, or other pertinent data for the purpose of determining the geographic origin, cultural affiliation, and basic facts surrounding acquisition and accession of these collections.

In the process of completing the Section 6 Summary, a human jaw fragment was identified in the Camp Bullis collections. The mandible was found in a limestone fissure during
a geologic survey of the karst formation on Camp Bullis in December 1994. No other cultural remains were found in association with the jaw, and it is unclear how it was deposited in the fissure. The fragment is currently located in the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Fort Worth District office.

Therefore, by means of this letter we are also initiating consultation regarding the NAGPRA Section 5 Inventory. If [Tribe] wishes to comment on, or participate in, the Section 5 consultation, please respond within 60 days of receipt of this letter.

Please feel free to contact [Installation POC name] regarding any of these issues, at [telephone, address].

To facilitate discussions between Camp Bullis and the [Tribe] on these matters, please forward the name and method of contacting your tribal representative, traditional religious leader, or preferred NAGPRA point of contact. We look forward to working with you.

Sincerely,

[Commander's signature]

CF: MEDCOM U.S. Army Medical Command
ATTN: MCFA-E (Mr. Gilberto Gonzalez)
Fort Sam Houston, TX 78234-6000

USAEC Commander, US Army Environmental Center
ATTN: SFIM-AEC-EC (Guldenzopf)
Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD 21010-5401

MCX Commander, US Army Corps of Engineers
ATTN: CELMS-PD-C (Trimble)
1222 Spruce Street
St. Louis, MO 63103-2833
APPENDIX II

NATIVE AMERICAN POINTS OF CONTACT
FOR CAMP BULLIS, TEXAS

FEDERALLY RECOGNIZED TRIBES
Caddo:
Mr. Noah Frank, Chairman
Caddo Indian Tribe of Oklahoma Tribal Council
P.O. Box 487
Binger, OK 73009
(405) 656-2344
(405) 656-2892 FAX

Comanche:
Mr. Wallace Coffey, Chairman
Comanche Indian Tribe of Oklahoma Business Committee
HC 32 Box 1720
Lawton, OK 73502
(405) 492-4988
(405) 492-4981 FAX

Tonkawa:
Mr. Richard Cornell, President
Tonkawa Tribe of Indians of Oklahoma Tribal Council
P.O. Box 70
Tonkawa, OK 74653
(405) 628-2561
(405) 628-3375 FAX
APPENDIX III

SUMMARY OF CURRENT LOCATIONS OF ARCHAEOLOGICAL COLLECTIONS FROM CAMP BULLIS, TEXAS

All collections information has been entered into a Paradox data base file and can be queried by any of the fields listed below, as well as by the name of the installation and by MACOM. The data base will be delivered by the MCX to the U.S. Army Environmental Center upon completion of the U.S. Army NAGPRA Compliance Project. Inquiries for additional information are welcome (MCX: 314-331-8865; U.S. Army Environmental Center NAGPRA Compliance Project: 410-671-1573). The data fields listed in the summary of collections contain the following information:

REPOSITORY: The current location in which the collection is stored, as of the date of this report.

REPOSITORY POC: The person contacted by the MCX, or the person to whom inquiries regarding the collection should be addressed.

TELEPHONE: The telephone number for the repository POC.

COLLECTION ID: The identifying unit used by the repository to store and/or locate the collection. This can be a unique accession number assigned by the repository, the archaeological site number or project name, the name of the collector of the collection, or another number or name assigned by the repository.

SITE NUMBERS: The official site number or name only for those sites from which materials were collected. An investigator may have performed work at additional sites but did not collect any materials. Those site numbers are not included in this field.

FIELDWORK DATES: The date(s) during which the investigation(s) occurred. This information is provided to differentiate between projects that may have investigated the same site repeatedly.

EXCAVATOR/COLLECTOR: The individual and/or organization that conducted the investigation.
COLLECTION SIZE: The volume or number of objects in a collection, estimated by the repository POC or from project reports.

DESCRIPTION OF MATERIALS: General material classes of the objects in the collection derived from data provided on site records, in references, and/or by the Repository POC.

ANTIQUITY/ARCH. PERIOD: Chronological or cultural-historical designations recorded on site records or in references specific to the collection.

CULTURAL AFFILIATION: This column contains only those ethnic identifications found in the site records or references specific to the collection. This field is left blank if no such information was recorded.

BASIS OF DETERMINATION: Documents the source of the cultural affiliation information (e.g., site record, oral testimony, reference).

SECTION 5 MATERIALS: Describes the number and kind of human skeletal remains and associated funerary objects in the collection, as indicated by the site records, references, repository management documents, or information from repository POC. If these materials are present or are suspected to be present, NAGPRA Section 5 requires a physical inventory of the materials.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Repository</th>
<th>Repository POC</th>
<th>Telephone</th>
<th>Collection ID</th>
<th>Site Numbers</th>
<th>Fieldwork Dates</th>
<th>Excavator</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Camp Bullis Environmental Office</td>
<td>Dusty Bruins</td>
<td>(210) 221-7806</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>Surface Collection</td>
<td>1960's</td>
<td>Camp Bull Environmc</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Geo-Marine, Plano, TX</td>
<td>Duane Peter</td>
<td>(214) 423-5480</td>
<td>Camp Bullis Project</td>
<td>41BX811</td>
<td>1994</td>
<td>Floyd B. La Marine</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fieldwork Dates</td>
<td>Excavator/Collector</td>
<td>Collection Size</td>
<td>Description of Materials</td>
<td>Antiquity/Archaeological Period</td>
<td>Cultural Affiliation</td>
<td>Basis Determined</td>
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<tr>
<td>----------------</td>
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<td>-----------------</td>
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<td>--------------------------------</td>
<td>----------------------</td>
<td>-----------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1980's</td>
<td>Camp Bullis</td>
<td>&lt; 1 cu. ft.</td>
<td>Prehistoric Lithics; Historic Ceramics</td>
<td>Prehistoric; Historic</td>
<td>Unknown Native American; Euro-American</td>
<td>Material</td>
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<tr>
<td>1994</td>
<td>Floyd B. Largent, Geo Marine</td>
<td>&lt; 1 linear ft. of Records Only</td>
<td>Field Notes, Photos, Old Site Forms, Report</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1994</td>
<td>Prewitt &amp; Associates</td>
<td>2 cu. ft., Artifacts; .5 cu. ft., Records</td>
<td>Lithic Artifacts; Historic Debris</td>
<td>Unknown Prehistoric; Historic Anglo</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1977</td>
<td>Thomas C. Hester, Center for Archaeological Research</td>
<td>21.64 cu. ft. (388 Artifacts)</td>
<td>Lithic Arrowheads &amp; Chert Pieces</td>
<td>Unknown Prehistoric; Historic Anglo</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Antiquity/Archaeological Period</td>
<td>Cultural Affiliation</td>
<td>Basis of Determination</td>
<td>Section 5 Materials</td>
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<tr>
<td>Prehistoric; Historic</td>
<td>Unknown Native American; Euro-American</td>
<td>Material Type</td>
<td>None</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Unknown Prehistoric; Historic</td>
<td>Unknown Prehistoric</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>Human Mandible Fragment</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Unknown Prehistoric; Historic</td>
<td>Unknown Prehistoric; Historic</td>
<td>None Identified</td>
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APPENDIX IV

MCX LIST OF REFERENCES

In addition to the references reviewed by MCX personnel at the archaeological site information center, every attempt was made to obtain references cited but not on file. Information taken from these references was coded for data relating to collections made from sites located on installation property (see attached sample of PD-C Bibliographic Data Sheet form) and entered into a database for ease of manipulation.

Report titles were drawn directly from the title page of reports, and consist of the following fields:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FIELD</th>
<th>DATA ENTERED</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Subject Property</td>
<td>Army Installation name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Last Name</td>
<td>Primary author's last name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>First Name</td>
<td>Primary author's first name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Middle Initial</td>
<td>Primary author's middle initial</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Secondary Authors</td>
<td>Names of secondary authors, or in instances where the author is a company rather than an individual, the company name is listed here</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Title</td>
<td>Title of the reference. For letter reports, the person or agency to whom the correspondence is addressed is listed as the title.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Series</td>
<td>If the report is part of a publication series, the name and number are provided here.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date</td>
<td>Date of publication or submission</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Length</td>
<td>Report length in pages</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contract Number</td>
<td>Contract number and delivery order number, if applicable</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The data for the next three fields are drawn directly from the report title page and reflect the hierarchy of contracting agencies involved in accomplishing the work. In some cases, the sponsoring agency is listed as the Army installation; in others, the intermediary contracting agent, (e.g., the Army Corps of Engineers or the National Park Service) is listed as the Sponsoring Agency.

- **Sponsoring Agency**: Agency for which the report was prepared
- **Contractor**: The agent contracted to perform the work
- **Subcontractor**: The agent subcontracted to perform the work

The majority of the citations for archaeological investigations on Army land refer to unpublished reports prepared under contract with federal agencies, consequently the MCX printout was designed to address these reports. In instances where the author is a company rather than an individual, the company name is listed in the Secondary Authors field (due to the length of the field). For published references, the publisher is listed in the Sponsoring Agency field.
PD-C Bibliography Data Sheet

Date: ___________________________  Information obtained by: ___________________________

PD-C Project:

Subject Property:

Repository (name and location):

Record Collection Name/Number:

Report Date and Length (in pages):

Author(s):

Title:

Contractor/Address or Publisher/Address (city, state):

Subcontractor/Address (city, state):

Report Series and Number:

Contract/Purchase Order Number(s):

Sponsoring Agency/Address:

Project Name and Location:

Principal Investigator(s)/Director(s):

Fieldwork Dates:

Type of Investigation (e.g., survey, testing, mitigation):

CELS Form 810  Feb. 1995

Previous Editions of This Form Obsolete

CELS-PD-C
Site Numbers:

Archaeological Period (e.g., Hohokam, Mississippian):

Material Classes (range):

Artifact Collections and Locations:

Approximate Size of Collections (e.g., number of objects):

Record Collections and Locations:

NAGPRA Materials (Check if present)

Human Skeletal Remains

Objects
Associated Funerary
Unassociated Funerary
Sacred
Cultural Patrimony

Cultural Affiliation(s):

Basis for Affiliation Determination (e.g., geographic location, burial practices):

Comments:
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<th>Subject property : Camp Bullis, TX</th>
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<tr>
<td>Last name : Boyd</td>
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<tr>
<td>First name : Douglas</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Middle Initial : K.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Secondary Authors : I. Wayne Cox, Herbert G. Uecker</td>
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<tr>
<td>Title : Archeological and Historical Investigations at Camp Bullis, Bexar and Comal Counties, Texas: The 1989 Season.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Series : Report of Investigations, Number 75</td>
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<td>Date : June 1990</td>
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<tr>
<td>Last name : Dibble</td>
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<tr>
<td>First name : David</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Middle Initial : S.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Secondary Authors :</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Title : Archeological Reconnaissance in the Salado Creek Watershed, Bexar County, Texas.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Series : Texas Archaeological Salvage Project, Survey Report No. 9</td>
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<tr>
<td>Date : Nov 1979</td>
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<tr>
<td>Length : 32</td>
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<tr>
<td>Contract Number : PO A3535(70)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Sponsoring Agency : Interagency Archaeological Services - Denver, Heritage Conservation and Recreation Service</td>
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<tr>
<td>Contractor : Texas Archeological Survey, University of Texas, Austin</td>
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<td>Subcontractor :</td>
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<tr>
<td>Last name : Gerstle</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>First name : Andrea</td>
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<td>Middle Initial :</td>
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<tr>
<td>Secondary Authors : Thomas C. Kelly, Cristi Assad</td>
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<tr>
<td>Title : The Fort Sam Houston Project: An Archaeological and Historical Assessment.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Series : Archaeological Survey Report No. 40</td>
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<td>Length : 390</td>
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<tr>
<td>Contractor : Center for Archaeological Research, University of Texas-San Antonio</td>
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<td>Subcontractor :</td>
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</table>
MCX List of References for Camp Bullis, Texas [MEDCOM] as of March 1996

Subject property: Camp Bullis, TX

Last name: Hines
First name: Margaret
Middle Initial: H.

Secondary Authors: Steve A. Tomka

Title: Prehistoric Research Context for Camp Bullis and Fort Sam Houston, Bexar and Comal Counties, Texas.
Series: Technical Report No. 16
Date: Dec 1993
Length: 60
Contract Number: DACA63-89-D-0063

Sponsoring Agency: US Army Corps of Engineers-Fort Worth District
Contractor: Prewitt and Associates, Inc.
Subcontractor:

---

Subject property: Camp Bullis, TX

Last name: Quigg
First name: J.
Middle Initial: Michael

Secondary Authors:

Title: Cultural Resources Reconnaissance in Secondary Impact Areas Along Salado Creek at Brooke Army Medical Center, Fort Sam Houston and Camp Bullis, Bexar County, Texas.
Series: Technical Report No. 5
Date: Sep 1988
Length: 31
Contract Number: DACW63-86-D-0010, D.O. No. 14

Sponsoring Agency: US Army Corps of Engineers-Fort Worth District
Contractor: Prewitt and Associates, Inc.
Subcontractor:
APPENDIX V

NATIONAL ARCHEOLOGICAL DATA BASE
REFERENCES FOR CAMP BULLIS, TEXAS

No attempt has been made to edit the National Archeological Data Base format or to correct obvious errors. Only one citation is listed for Camp Bullis in the data base.

Quigg, J. Michael
1988  Cultural Resources Reconnaissance in Secondary Impact Areas Along Salado Creek at Brook Army Medical Center, Fort Sam Houston and Camp Bullis, Bexas County, Texas. Technical Reports (5). Prewitt and Associates, Inc., Austin. (845071)