COLLECTIONS SUMMARY
FOR
FORT LEAVENWORTH,
KANSAS

U.S. Army NAGPRA Compliance Project,
Technical Report No. 17

Prepared for the
U.S. Army Environmental Center,
Environmental Compliance Division

by the
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers,
St. Louis District,
Mandatory Center of Expertise for the Curation and Management
of Archaeological Collections

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The Original Document
### Title and Subtitle
An Archaeological Collections Summary for Fort Leavenworth, Kansas

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### Sponsoring/monitoring Agency Name(s) and Address(es)
U.S. Army Environmental Center, Environmental Compliance Division (SFIM-AEC-ECN), Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD 21010-5401

### Supplementary Notes
This research was supported in part by an appointment to the Research Participation Program at the St Louis District, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers administered by the Oak Ridge Institute for Science and Education through an interagency agreement between the U.S. Department of Energy and the St. Louis District, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers.

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### Abstract
The U.S. Army Environmental Center tasked the Mandatory Center of Expertise for the Curation and Management of Archaeological Collections (MCX) with the job of assisting the Army in complying with the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), P.L. 101-601. The MCX was asked to locate and assess archaeological collections derived from Army lands, to identify the Native American or Native Hawaiian organizations culturally affiliated with the collections, and to draft Section 6 summary letters for each installation. A two-stage process was used to identify, locate and assess the contents of the collections, consisting of archival research and telephone interviews with the repository personnel. This report conveys the results of the collection research completed for the compliance with Section 6 of NAGPRA.

### Subject Terms
Archaeology; curation; cultural resources management; funerary objects; Native Americans; NAGPRA; Fort Leavenworth

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AN ARCHAEOLOGICAL COLLECTIONS SUMMARY FOR
FORT LEAVENWORTH, KANSAS

Information Provided for Compliance with the
Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act
Section 6 Summary

Prepared for the
U.S. Army Environmental Center,
Environmental Compliance Division
Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland

By
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers,
St. Louis District,
Mandatory Center of Expertise for the
Curation and Management of Archaeological Collections,
U.S. Army NAGPRA Compliance Project,
Technical Report No. 17

July 1995
OBJECTIVES AND METHODS

The U.S. Army Environmental Center (AEC) tasked the Mandatory Center of Expertise for the Curation and Management of Archaeological Collections (MCX) with the job of assisting Army installation personnel in complying with the requirements of the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (P.L. 101-601, NAGPRA). The MCX was asked to locate and assess archaeological collections derived from Army-owned lands, to identify the federally recognized Native American tribes most likely culturally affiliated with the collections, to draft Section 6 Summary letters for each installation, and to conduct physical inventories of any collections that contain human skeletal remains. This report conveys the results of the collections research completed to assist Fort Leavenworth in complying with the Section 6 Summary requirements of NAGPRA.

The MCX used a two-stage process to identify, locate, and assess the contents of archaeological collections from the installation. First, archival research was performed to review all archaeological site records and reports for the installation. Second, telephone interviews were conducted with personnel at installations, universities, museums, and archaeological contractors that were identified during the archival research as possible repositories of Army collections.

Archival research for Fort Leavenworth began with a search of the National Archeological Data Base (NADB) for references pertaining to the installation. This was followed by a thorough examination of all archaeological site forms and a literature review of all pertinent archaeological reports and manuscripts on file at the Kansas State Historical Society in Topeka, Kansas. The records search was performed in April 1995 and sought to identify any work on the installation that may have produced archaeological collections.

Subsequent telephone interviews to potential collections repositories ascertained whether the materials were present and the range of objects in each collection. Once the collections were located and assessed, MCX personnel identified federally recognized Native American tribes that are likely to be culturally affiliated with the materials in the collections. Draft Section 6 Summary letters are enclosed for each of these tribes (Appendix I), as well as a listing of the current tribal chairperson (Appendix II).
The attached *Summary of Current Locations of Archaeological Collections from Fort Leavenworth* (Appendix III) provides detailed information about each collection derived as a result of archaeological investigations at the installation. A collection consists of all of the materials, artifacts and associated documentation (e.g., field notes, maps, photos, data analyses, correspondence), produced as a result of an archaeological investigation or project at a single site or multiple sites. In some cases, the same archaeological site may have been investigated by various individuals or organizations. Depending on where the resulting collections are curated, they may be stored and identified as separate collections or separate components of a single collection. In cases where the artifacts and records have become separated, we list the records collections repository as well.

Every attempt has been made to locate all collections cited on available archaeological site records or in published and unpublished references to archaeological investigations on the installation.

**NAGPRA Related Materials**

No funerary objects were identified in a thorough a review of the archaeological records, associated literature, and telephone interviews. The final examination of sacred objects or objects of cultural patrimony may be established by the associated Native American tribes (if determined to be culturally affiliated and the objects meet the definitions and restrictions specified in NAGPRA) upon further deliberation.

In 1966, three human pelvis fragments and associated artifacts (a burned antler fragment, a stone projectile point, a stone drill fragment, and chipped stone flakes), were excavated on Fort Leavenworth. They are presently curated at the Kansas State Historical Society.

**REFERENCES TO ARCHAEOLOGICAL INVESTIGATIONS**

Two sets of references regarding archaeological work conducted on Fort Leavenworth are attached: Appendix IV contains the list of references reviewed by the MCX during its archival research; and Appendix V is the list of references contained in the National Archeological Data Base (NADB).
NATIVE AMERICAN TRIBES ASSOCIATED WITH FORT LEAVENWORTH

The cultural affiliation for the artifacts collected from Fort Leavenworth was not stated in the reports or site files, however there is ethnographic evidence of Native American groups in the area. The federally recognized Native American tribes which claim aboriginal land on or bordering Fort Leavenworth are the Otoe and Missouria, the Iowa, the Omaha, and the Sac and Fox (U.S.G.S. n.d.; Peterson and Otter n.d.:6-17).

Other federally recognized Native American groups that resided aboriginally near the Fort Leavenworth area are the Kansa (or Kaw) (Unrau 1994:285) and the Osage (Wilson 1994:411-412; Peterson and Otter n.d.:6-17). Other groups that moved through the area in historic times are the Delaware (or Lenape), the Miami, and the Wyandot (or Wyandotte), the Loyal Shawnee, and Nez Perce (Clark 1994; Miller 1994; Trafzer 1994; Waldman 1985,1988; Peterson and Otter n.d.; Hacker 1994; Neely 1994). The Kickapoo (Stull 1994) and the Potawatomi (Neely 1994) received federally recognized reservations in Kansas in the late 19th Century.

The Otoe originally resided in eastern Nebraska, and the Missouria were located in the Lower Missouri River Valley as far south as present day Kansas City. In 1825, both tribes were resettled on a reservation in southern Nebraska and northern Kansas (Edmunds 1994:412-413; Peterson and Otter n.d.:6-17). Then in 1876 and 1881, they were moved to north central Oklahoma where they reside today (Edmunds 1994:412-413). The Otoe-Missouria have been adjudicated lands in northeast Nebraska, southwest Iowa and the northeast corner of Missouri (U.S.G.S. n.d.).

The Iowa are believed to originate from the Great Lakes region. They moved to what is now Iowa before recorded history (Waldman 1988:102-103; Peterson and Otter n.d.:6-17). The Iowa now reside on two reservations: the Iowa Tribe of Kansas and Nebraska reside in the extreme northeast corner of Kansas, near White Cloud, and the Iowa Tribe of Oklahoma in Perkins, Oklahoma (Foster 1994:276-277). The Iowa have been adjudicated lands in northwest Missouri and southern Iowa (U.S.G.S. n.d.).

The ancestors of the Omaha Tribe lived east of the Lower Ohio River Valley in what is now Indiana and Kentucky. In the 1770's they settled on the Missouri River near Homer, Nebraska (Waldman 1985:39; Riddington 1994:406-407). Then in 1854, they moved to a reservation in northeast Nebraska where they reside today (Riddington 1994:406-407). The Omaha Tribe has been adjudicated lands in northeast Nebraska, the northwest Missouri and Southwest Iowa (U.S.G.S. n.d.).

The Sac and Fox Tribe occupied present-day Michigan and Wisconsin in the Great Lakes region. In 1804, they were removed to Iowa, and then in 1861 forced into Kansas (Grant

The Shawnee originated in the Ohio River Valley, but after the death of the Shawnee leader Tecumseh in 1813, the various bands split apart and began to migrate south and west. The group known as the Loyal Shawnee resided in northeastern Kansas until they were removed to Oklahoma in 1872. They are not a federally recognized tribe but since moving to Oklahoma, they have become affiliated with the federally recognized Cherokee Nation (Hacker 1994:585-586; Neely 1994:584-585).

Additionally, a number of Nez Perce were held on Fort Leavenworth as prisoners of war in the late 1800's. The Nez Perce are a federally recognized tribe and reside on reservations in Idaho and Washington (Waldman 1985:136; 1988:158-161).

The Kickapoo inhabited southern Wisconsin when Europeans first came in contact with them in 1667. In 1832, they were removed to a newly created reservation in northeastern Kansas, forty miles north of Topeka in Brown County where many reside today (Stull 1994:286-287). The Kickapoo have been adjudicated lands in north central Illinois (U.S.G.S. n.d.).

And lastly, the Prairie Band of the Potawatomi have roots in the southern Great Lakes region (Waldman 1985:193; Stull 1994:464-466). Sometime between the 1830s (Edmunds 1994:469) and 1847 (Stuff 1994:464), they were moved to a reservation in northeastern Kansas, in Jackson County, approximately forty miles west of Fort Leavenworth. In 1861, the Citizen Band of Potawatomi split from the Prairie Band and moved to Oklahoma (Edmunds 1994:469). Both groups are federally recognized.
SECTION 6 COMPLIANCE

P.L. 101-601 (NAGPRA) requires that federal agencies engage in active consultation with Native Americans with federally recognized tribes and/or lineal descendants who may be culturally affiliated with the archaeological collections from the installation. Enclosed are draft NAGPRA Section 6 summary letters (Appendix I) and a list of the tribal chairpersons from the federally recognized tribes which may be culturally affiliated with the collections (Appendix II).

Initial consultation should be conducted on a government-to-government basis. Refer to P.L. 101-601 (NAGPRA) for specifics on required Native American consultation and the legal definitions of items subject to NAGPRA.
Stull, Donald D.


Unrau, William E.

U.S.G.S.

Waldman, Carl


Wilson, Terry P.
APPENDIX I

DRAFT SECTION 6 SUMMARY LETTER
FOR
FORT LEAVENWORTH, KANSAS

[Installation Header]

Mr. Kenneth E. Black, Chairperson
Otoe-Missouria Tribal Council
Route 1, Box 62
Red Rock, Oklahoma 74651

Dear Mr Black:

I am writing to inform you of collections held by Fort Leavenworth that may contain Native American cultural items, as defined by the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), that are, or are likely to be, culturally affiliated with the Otoe-Missouria. Fort Leavenworth has documented these archaeological collections in a Summary in accordance with the requirements of Section 6 of NAGPRA.

Fort Leavenworth is responsible for collections that include approximately 620 artifacts housed at the Kansas State Historical Society and approximately 11,660 artifacts housed at the Frontier Army Museum on the Fort. These archaeological collections were generated from surveys and/or excavations conducted from 1966 to 1993. The collections consist of prehistoric stone tools, ceramics, groundstone, animal bone tools, as well as botanical remains, animal bone fragments, shell, and historic materials such as building materials, ceramics, and metal fragments, as well as associated documentation such as field notes, photographs, and correspondence. Additionally, three human pelvis fragments and associated stone tools and an antler fragment are present in these collections.

We are notifying the Otoe-Missouria because some of these materials were found in, or near, the area thought to be part of the territory occupied or used aboriginally by the Otoe-Missouria. In accordance with Section 6 of NAGPRA, we are inviting you to consult with us regarding these archaeological collections. Upon your written request, we will provide you access to review our records, catalogues, relevant studies, or other pertinent data for the purpose of determining the geographic origin, cultural affiliation, and basic facts surrounding acquisition and accession of these collections.
In the process of completing the Section 6 Summary, the following potential Native American pelvis fragments and associated antler fragment and stone tools were identified in Fort Leavenworth's collections.

Our research thus far indicates that human skeletal remains and funerary objects were recovered from site 14 LV 328 by the Kansas State Historical Society in 1966. These remains reportedly are located at the Kansas State Historical Society. The accession number for these items is UBS 1992-21.

Therefore, by means of this letter we are also initiating consultation regarding the NAGPRA Section 5 Inventory. Fort Leavenworth is scheduled to conduct our Section 5 Inventory investigations of human remains and associated funerary objects in 1996. If the Otoe-Missouria wishes to comment on, or participate in, the Section 5 Inventory, please respond within 60 days of receipt of this letter.

Please feel free to contact [Installation POC name] regarding any of these issues, at [telephone, address].

To facilitate discussions between Fort Leavenworth and the Otoe-Missouria on these matters, please forward the name and method of contacting your tribal representative, traditional religious leader, or preferred NAGPRA point of contact. We look forward to working with you.

Sincerely,

[Commander's signature]

CF: TRADOC
   ATTN: ATEN-FN (Chris McDaid)
   Fort Monroe, VA 23651-5000

USAEC
   Commander, US Army Environmental Center
   ATTN: SFIM-AEC-EC (Guldenzopf)
   Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD 21010-5401

MCX
   Commander, US Army Corps of Engineers
   ATTN: CELMS-PD-C (Trimble)
   1222 Spruce Street
   St. Louis, MO 63103-2833
Mr. Leon Campbell, Chairman
Iowa of Kansas and Nebraska
Route 1, Box 58A
White Cloud, Kansas 66094

Dear Mr. Campbell:

I am writing to inform you of collections held by Fort Leavenworth that may contain Native American cultural items, as defined by the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), that are, or are likely to be, culturally affiliated with the Iowa. Fort Leavenworth has documented these archaeological collections in a Summary in accordance with the requirements of Section 6 of NAGPRA.

Fort Leavenworth is responsible for collections that include approximately 620 artifacts housed at the Kansas State Historical Society and approximately 11,660 artifacts housed at the Frontier Army Museum on the Fort. These archaeological collections were generated from surveys and/or excavations conducted from 1966 to 1993. The collections consist of prehistoric stone tools, ceramics, groundstone, animal bone tools, as well as botanical remains, animal bone fragments, shell, and historic materials such as building materials, ceramics, and metal fragments, as well as associated documentation such as field notes, photographs, and correspondence. Additionally, three human pelvis fragments and associated stone tools and an antler fragment are present in these collections.

We are notifying the Iowa because some of these materials were found in, or near, the area thought to be part of the territory occupied or used aboriginally by the Iowa. In accordance with Section 6 of NAGPRA, we are inviting you to consult with us regarding these archaeological collections. Upon your written request, we will provide you access to review our records, catalogues, relevant studies, or other pertinent data for the purpose of determining the geographic origin, cultural affiliation, and basic facts surrounding acquisition and accession of these collections.

In the process of completing the Section 6 Summary, the following potential Native American pelvis fragments and associated antler fragment and stone tools were identified in Fort Leavenworth's collections.

Our research thus far indicates that human skeletal remains and funerary objects were recovered from site 14 LV 328 by the Kansas State Historical Society in 1966. These remains reportedly are located at the Kansas State Historical Society. The accession number for these items is UBS 1992-21.

Therefore, by means of this letter we are also initiating consultation regarding the NAGPRA Section 5 Inventory. Fort Leavenworth is scheduled to conduct our Section 5
Inventory investigations of human remains and associated funerary objects in 1996. If the Iowa wishes to comment on, or participate in, the Section 5 Inventory, please respond within 60 days of receipt of this letter.

Please feel free to contact [Installation POC name] regarding any of these issues, at [telephone, address].

To facilitate discussions between Fort Leavenworth and the Iowa on these matters, please forward the name and method of contacting your tribal representative, traditional religious leader, or preferred NAGPRA point of contact. We look forward to working with you.

Sincerely,

[Commander's signature]

CF: TRADOC U.S. Army Training and Doctrine Command
ATTN: ATEN-FN (Chris McDaid)
Fort Monroe, VA 23651-5000

USAEC Commander, US Army Environmental Center
ATTN: SFIM-AEC-EC (Guldenzopf)
Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD 21010-5401

MCX Commander, US Army Corps of Engineers
ATTN: CELMS-PD-C (Trimble)
1222 Spruce Street
St. Louis, MO 63103-2833
Ms. Joan Rebar, Chairperson
Sac and Fox Nation of Missouri Tribal Council
Route 1, Box 60
Reserve, Kansas 66434-9723

Dear Ms. Rebar:

I am writing to inform you of collections held by Fort Leavenworth that may contain Native American cultural items, as defined by the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), that are, or are likely to be, culturally affiliated with the Sac and Fox. Fort Leavenworth has documented these archaeological collections in a Summary in accordance with the requirements of Section 6 of NAGPRA.

Fort Leavenworth is responsible for collections that include approximately 620 artifacts housed at the Kansas State Historical Society and approximately 11,660 artifacts housed at the Frontier Army Museum on the Fort. These archaeological collections were generated from surveys and/or excavations conducted from 1966 to 1993. The collections consist of prehistoric stone tools, ceramics, groundstone, animal bone tools, as well as botanical remains, animal bone fragments, shell, and historic materials such as building materials, ceramics, and metal fragments, as well as associated documentation such as field notes, photographs, and correspondence. Additionally, three human pelvis fragments and associated stone tools and an antler fragment are present in these collections.

We are notifying the Sac and Fox because some of these materials were found in, or near, the area thought to be part of the territory occupied or used aboriginally by the Sac and Fox. In accordance with Section 6 of NAGPRA, we are inviting you to consult with us regarding these archaeological collections. Upon your written request, we will provide you access to review our records, catalogues, relevant studies, or other pertinent data for the purpose of determining the geographic origin, cultural affiliation, and basic facts surrounding acquisition and accession of these collections.

In the process of completing the Section 6 Summary, the following potential Native American pelvis fragments and associated antler fragment and stone tools were identified in Fort Leavenworth's collections.

Our research thus far indicates that human skeletal remains and funerary objects were recovered from site 14 LV 328 by the Kansas State Historical Society in 1966. These remains reportedly are located at the Kansas State Historical Society. The accession number for these items is UBS 1992-21.

Therefore, by means of this letter we are also initiating consultation regarding the NAGPRA Section 5 Inventory. Fort Leavenworth is scheduled to conduct our Section 5
Dear Ms. Stone:

I am writing to inform you of collections held by Fort Leavenworth that may contain Native American cultural items, as defined by the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), that are, or are likely to be, culturally affiliated with the Kaw. Fort Leavenworth has documented these archaeological collections in a Summary in accordance with the requirements of Section 6 of NAGPRA.

Fort Leavenworth is responsible for collections that include approximately 620 artifacts housed at the Kansas State Historical Society and approximately 11,660 artifacts housed at the Frontier Army Museum on the Fort. These archaeological collections were generated from surveys and/or excavations conducted from 1966 to 1993. The collections consist of prehistoric stone tools, ceramics, groundstone, animal bone tools, as well as botanical remains, animal bone fragments, shell, and historic materials such as building materials, ceramics, and metal fragments, as well as associated documentation such as field notes, photographs, and correspondence. Additionally, three human pelvis fragments and associated stone tools and an antler fragment are present in these collections.

We are notifying the Kaw because some of these materials were found near the area thought to be part of the territory occupied or used aboriginally by the Kaw. In accordance with Section 6 of NAGPRA, we are inviting you to consult with us regarding these archaeological collections. Upon your written request, we will provide you access to review our records, catalogues, relevant studies, or other pertinent data for the purpose of determining the geographic origin, cultural affiliation, and basic facts surrounding acquisition and accession of these collections.

In the process of completing the Section 6 Summary, the following potential Native American pelvis fragments and associated antler fragment and stone tools were identified in Fort Leavenworth's collections.

Our research thus far indicates that human skeletal remains and funerary objects were recovered from site 14 LV 328 by the Kansas State Historical Society in 1966. These remains reportedly are located at the Kansas State Historical Society. The accession number for these items is UBS 1992-21.

Therefore, by means of this letter we are also initiating consultation regarding the NAGPRA Section 5 Inventory. Fort Leavenworth is scheduled to conduct our Section 5
Inventory investigations of human remains and associated funerary objects in 1996. If the Kaw wishes to comment on, or participate in, the Section 5 Inventory, please respond within 60 days of receipt of this letter.

Please feel free to contact [Installation POC name] regarding any of these issues, at [telephone, address].

To facilitate discussions between Fort Leavenworth and the Kaw on these matters, please forward the name and method of contacting your tribal representative, traditional religious leader, or preferred NAGPRA point of contact. We look forward to working with you.

Sincerely,

[Commander's signature]

CF: TRADOC U.S. Army Training and Doctrine Command
ATTN: ATEN-FN (Chris McDaid)
Fort Monroe, VA 23651-5000

USAEC Commander, US Army Environmental Center
ATTN: SFIM-AEC-EC (Guldenzopf)
Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD 21010-5401

MCX Commander, US Army Corps of Engineers
ATTN: CELMS-PD-C (Trimble)
1222 Spruce Street
St. Louis, MO 63103-2833
Dear Mr Negonsott:

I am writing to inform you of collections held by Fort Leavenworth that may contain Native American cultural items, as defined by the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), that are, or are likely to be, culturally affiliated with the Kickapoo. Fort Leavenworth has documented these archaeological collections in a Summary in accordance with the requirements of Section 6 of NAGPRA.

Fort Leavenworth is responsible for collections that include approximately 620 artifacts housed at the Kansas State Historical Society and approximately 11,660 artifacts housed at the Frontier Army Museum on the Fort. These archaeological collections were generated from surveys and/or excavations conducted from 1966 to 1993. The collections consist of prehistoric stone tools, ceramics, groundstone, animal bone tools, as well as botanical remains, animal bone fragments, shell, and historic materials such as building materials, ceramics, and metal fragments, as well as associated documentation such as field notes, photographs, and correspondence. Additionally, three human pelvis fragments and associated stone tools and an antler fragment are present in these collections.

We are notifying the Kickapoo because some of these materials were found near the area thought to be part of the territory occupied or used historically by the Kickapoo. In accordance with Section 6 of NAGPRA, we are inviting you to consult with us regarding these archaeological collections. Upon your written request, we will provide you access to review our records, catalogues, relevant studies, or other pertinent data for the purpose of determining the geographic origin, cultural affiliation, and basic facts surrounding acquisition and accession of these collections.

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Therefore, by means of this letter we are also initiating consultation regarding the NAGPRA Section 5 Inventory. Fort Leavenworth is scheduled to conduct our Section 5
Inventory investigations of human remains and associated funerary objects in 1996. If the Kickapoo wishes to comment on, or participate in, the Section 5 Inventory, please respond within 60 days of receipt of this letter.

Please feel free to contact [Installation POC name] regarding any of these issues, at [telephone, address].

To facilitate discussions between Fort Leavenworth and the Kickapoo on these matters, please forward the name and method of contacting your tribal representative, traditional religious leader, or preferred NAGPRA point of contact. We look forward to working with you.

Sincerely,

[Commander's signature]

CF: TRADOC U.S. Army Training and Doctrine Command
ATTN: ATEN-FN (Chris McDaid)
Fort Monroe, VA 23651-5000

USAEC Commander, US Army Environmental Center
ATTN: SFIM-AEC-EC (Guldenzopf)
Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD 21010-5401

MCX Commander, US Army Corps of Engineers
ATTN: CELMS-PD-C (Trimble)
1222 Spruce Street
St. Louis, MO 63103-2833
Mamie Rupnicki, Chairman
Prairie Band of Potawatomi Nation
14880 K Road, P.O. Box 97
Mayetta, Kansas 66509

Dear Ms. Rupnicki:

I am writing to inform you of collections held by Fort Leavenworth that may contain Native American cultural items, as defined by the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), that are, or are likely to be, culturally affiliated with the Prairie Band of the Potawatomi. Fort Leavenworth has documented these archaeological collections in a Summary in accordance with the requirements of Section 6 of NAGPRA.

Fort Leavenworth is responsible for collections that include approximately 620 artifacts housed at the Kansas State Historical Society and approximately 11,660 artifacts housed at the Frontier Army Museum on the Fort. These archaeological collections were generated from surveys and/or excavations conducted from 1966 to 1993. The collections consist of prehistoric stone tools, ceramics, groundstone, animal bone tools, as well as botanical remains, animal bone fragments, shell, and historic materials such as building materials, ceramics, and metal fragments, as well as associated documentation such as field notes, photographs, and correspondence. Additionally, three human pelvis fragments and associated stone tools and an antler fragment are present in these collections.

We are notifying the Prairie Band of the Potawatomi because some of these materials were found near the area thought to be part of the territory occupied or used historically by the Prairie Band of the Potawatomi. In accordance with Section 6 of NAGPRA, we are inviting you to consult with us regarding these archaeological collections. Upon your written request, we will provide you access to review our records, catalogues, relevant studies, or other pertinent data for the purpose of determining the geographic origin, cultural affiliation, and basic facts surrounding acquisition and accession of these collections.

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Therefore, by means of this letter we are also initiating consultation regarding the NAGPRA Section 5 Inventory. Fort Leavenworth is scheduled to conduct our Section 5 Inventory investigations of human remains and associated funerary objects in 1996. If the Prairie Band of the Potawatomi wishes to comment on, or participate in, the Section 5 Inventory, please respond within 60 days of receipt of this letter.

Please feel free to contact [Installation POC name] regarding any of these issues, at [telephone, address].

To facilitate discussions between Fort Leavenworth and the Prairie Band of the Potawatomi on these matters, please forward the name and method of contacting your tribal representative, traditional religious leader, or preferred NAGPRA point of contact. We look forward to working with you.

Sincerely,

[Commander's signature]

CF: TRADOC U.S. Army Training and Doctrine Command
ATTN: ATEN-FN (Chris McDaid)
Fort Monroe, VA 23651-5000

USAEC Commander, US Army Environmental Center
ATTN: SFIM-AEC-EC (Guldenzopf)
Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD 21010-5401

MCX Commander, US Army Corps of Engineers
ATTN: CELMS-PD-C (Trimble)
1222 Spruce Street
St. Louis, MO 63103-2833
NAGPRA Section 5 Inventory. Fort Leavenworth is scheduled to conduct our Section 5 Inventory investigations of human remains and associated funerary objects in 1996. If the Prairie Band of the Potawatomi wishes to comment on, or participate in, the Section 5 Inventory, please respond within 60 days of receipt of this letter.

Please feel free to contact [Installation POC name] regarding any of these issues, at [telephone, address].

To facilitate discussions between Fort Leavenworth and the Citizen Band of the Potawatomi on these matters, please forward the name and method of contacting your tribal representative, traditional religious leader, or preferred NAGPRA point of contact. We look forward to working with you.

Sincerely,

[Commander's signature]

CF: TRADOC U.S. Army Training and Doctrine Command ATTN: ATEN-FN (Chris McDaid) Fort Monroe, VA 23651-5000

USAEC Commander, US Army Environmental Center ATTN: SFIM-AEC-EC (Guldenzopf) Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD 21010-5401

MCX Commander, US Army Corps of Engineers ATTN: CELMS-PD-C (Trimble) 1222 Spruce Street St. Louis, MO 63103-2833
Dear Mr Tallchef:

I am writing to inform you of collections held by Fort Leavenworth that may contain Native American cultural items, as defined by the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), that are, or are likely to be, culturally affiliated with the Osage. Fort Leavenworth has documented these archaeological collections in a Summary in accordance with the requirements of Section 6 of NAGPRA.

Fort Leavenworth is responsible for collections that include approximately 620 artifacts housed at the Kansas State Historical Society and approximately 11,660 artifacts housed at the Frontier Army Museum on the Fort. These archaeological collections were generated from surveys and/or excavations conducted from 1966 to 1993. The collections consist of prehistoric stone tools, ceramics, groundstone, animal bone tools, as well as botanical remains, animal bone fragments, shell, and historic materials such as building materials, ceramics, and metal fragments, as well as associated documentation such as field notes, photographs, and correspondence. Additionally, three human pelvis fragments and associated stone tools and an antler fragment are present in these collections.

We are notifying the Osage because some of these materials were found near the area thought to be part of the territory occupied or used aboriginally by the Osage. In accordance with Section 6 of NAGPRA, we are inviting you to consult with us regarding these archaeological collections. Upon your written request, we will provide you access to review our records, catalogues, relevant studies, or other pertinent data for the purpose of determining the geographic origin, cultural affiliation, and basic facts surrounding acquisition and accession of these collections.

In the process of completing the Section 6 Summary, the following potential Native American pelvis fragments and associated antler fragment and stone tools were identified in Fort Leavenworth's collections.

Our research thus far indicates that human skeletal remains and funerary objects were recovered from site 14 LV 328 by the Kansas State Historical Society in 1966. These remains reportedly are located at the Kansas State Historical Society. The accession number for these items is UBS 1992-21.

Therefore, by means of this letter we are also initiating consultation regarding the NAGPRA Section 5 Inventory. Fort Leavenworth is scheduled to conduct our Section 5
Inventory investigations of human remains and associated funerary objects in 1996. If the Osage wishes to comment on, or participate in, the Section 5 Inventory, please respond within 60 days of receipt of this letter.

Please feel free to contact [Installation POC name] regarding any of these issues, at [telephone, address].

To facilitate discussions between Fort Leavenworth and the Osage on these matters, please forward the name and method of contacting your tribal representative, traditional religious leader, or preferred NAGPRA point of contact. We look forward to working with you.

Sincerely,

[Commander's signature]

CF: TRADOC     U.S. Army Training and Doctrine Command
       ATTN: ATEN-FN (Chris McDaid)
       Fort Monroe, VA  23651-5000

USAEC     Commander, US Army Environmental Center
       ATTN: SFIM-AEC-EC (Guldenzopf)
       Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD  21010-5401

MCX     Commander, US Army Corps of Engineers
       ATTN: CELMS-PD-C (Trimble)
       1222 Spruce Street
       St. Louis, MO  63103-2833
Dear Ms. Mankiller:

I am writing to inform you of collections held by Fort Leavenworth that may contain Native American cultural items, as defined by the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), that are, or are likely to be, culturally affiliated with the Shawnee. Fort Leavenworth has documented these archaeological collections in a Summary in accordance with the requirements of Section 6 of NAGPRA.

Fort Leavenworth is responsible for collections that include approximately 620 artifacts housed at the Kansas State Historical Society and approximately 11,660 artifacts housed at the Frontier Army Museum on the Fort. These archaeological collections were generated from surveys and/or excavations conducted from 1966 to 1993. The collections consist of prehistoric stone tools, ceramics, groundstone, animal bone tools, as well as botanical remains, animal bone fragments, shell, and historic materials such as building materials, ceramics, and metal fragments, as well as associated documentation such as field notes, photographs, and correspondence. Additionally, three human pelvis fragments and associated stone tools and an antler fragment are present in these collections.

We are notifying the Shawnee because some of these materials were found near the area thought to be part of the territory occupied or used historically by the Shawnee. In accordance with Section 6 of NAGPRA, we are inviting you to consult with us regarding these archaeological collections. Upon your written request, we will provide you access to review our records, catalogues, relevant studies, or other pertinent data for the purpose of determining the geographic origin, cultural affiliation, and basic facts surrounding acquisition and accession of these collections.

In the process of completing the Section 6 Summary, the following potential Native American pelvis fragments and associated antler fragment and stone tools were identified in Fort Leavenworth's collections.

Our research thus far indicates that human skeletal remains and funerary objects were recovered from site 14 LV 328 by the Kansas State Historical Society in 1966. These remains reportedly are located at the Kansas State Historical Society. The accession number for these items is UBS 1992-21.

Therefore, by means of this letter we are also initiating consultation regarding the NAGPRA Section 5 Inventory. Fort Leavenworth is scheduled to conduct our Section 5
Dear Mr. Hayes:

I am writing to inform you of collections held by Fort Leavenworth that may contain Native American cultural items, as defined by the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), that are, or are likely to be, culturally affiliated with the Nez Perce. Fort Leavenworth has documented these archaeological collections in a Summary in accordance with the requirements of Section 6 of NAGPRA.

Fort Leavenworth is responsible for collections that include approximately 620 artifacts housed at the Kansas State Historical Society and approximately 11,660 artifacts housed at the Frontier Army Museum on the Fort. These archaeological collections were generated from surveys and/or excavations conducted from 1966 to 1993. The collections consist of prehistoric stone tools, ceramics, groundstone, animal bone tools, as well as botanical remains, animal bone fragments, shell, and historic materials such as building materials, ceramics, and metal fragments, as well as associated documentation such as field notes, photographs, and correspondence. Additionally, three human pelvis fragments and associated stone tools and an antler fragment are present in these collections.

We are notifying the Nez Perce because some of these materials were found near the area thought to be part of the territory occupied or used historically by the Nez Perce. In accordance with Section 6 of NAGPRA, we are inviting you to consult with us regarding these archaeological collections. Upon your written request, we will provide you access to review our records, catalogues, relevant studies, or other pertinent data for the purpose of determining the geographic origin, cultural affiliation, and basic facts surrounding acquisition and accession of these collections.

In the process of completing the Section 6 Summary, the following potential Native American pelvis fragments and associated antler fragment and stone tools were identified in Fort Leavenworth's collections.

Our research thus far indicates that human skeletal remains and funerary objects were recovered from site 14 LV 328 by the Kansas State Historical Society in 1966. These remains reportedly are located at the Kansas State Historical Society. The accession number for these items is UBS 1992-21.

Therefore, by means of this letter we are also initiating consultation regarding the NAGPRA Section 5 Inventory. Fort Leavenworth is scheduled to conduct our Section 5
Inventory investigations of human remains and associated funerary objects in 1996. If the Nez Perce wishes to comment on, or participate in, the Section 5 Inventory, please respond within 60 days of receipt of this letter.

Please feel free to contact [Installation POC name] regarding any of these issues, at [telephone, address].

To facilitate discussions between Fort Leavenworth and the Nez Perce on these matters, please forward the name and method of contacting your tribal representative, traditional religious leader, or preferred NAGPRA point of contact. We look forward to working with you.

Sincerely,

[Commander]

CF: TRADOC U.S. Army Training and Doctrine Command
ATTN: ATEN-FN (Chris McDaid)
Fort Monroe, VA 23651-5000

USAEC Commander, US Army Environmental Center
ATTN: SFIM-AEC-EC (Guldenzopf)
Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD 21010-5401

MCX Commander, US Army Corps of Engineers
ATTN: CELMS-PD-C (Trimble)
1222 Spruce Street
St. Louis, MO 63103-2833
Dear Mr. Snake:

I am writing to inform you of collections held by Fort Leavenworth that may contain Native American cultural items, as defined by the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), that are, or are likely to be, culturally affiliated with the Delaware. Fort Leavenworth has documented these archaeological collections in a Summary in accordance with the requirements of Section 6 of NAGPRA.

Fort Leavenworth is responsible for collections that include approximately 620 artifacts housed at the Kansas State Historical Society and approximately 11,660 artifacts housed at the Frontier Army Museum on the Fort. These archaeological collections were generated from surveys and/or excavations conducted from 1966 to 1993. The collections consist of prehistoric stone tools, ceramics, groundstone, animal bone tools, as well as botanical remains, animal bone fragments, shell, and historic materials such as building materials, ceramics, and metal fragments, as well as associated documentation such as field notes, photographs, and correspondence. Additionally, three human pelvis fragments and associated stone tools and an antler fragment are present in these collections.

We are notifying the Delaware because some of these materials were found near the area thought to be part of the territory occupied or used historically by the Delaware. In accordance with Section 6 of NAGPRA, we are inviting you to consult with us regarding these archaeological collections. Upon your written request, we will provide you access to review our records, catalogues, relevant studies, or other pertinent data for the purpose of determining the geographic origin, cultural affiliation, and basic facts surrounding acquisition and accession of these collections.

In the process of completing the Section 6 Summary, the following potential Native American pelvis fragments and associated antler fragment and stone tools were identified in Fort Leavenworth's collections.

Our research thus far indicates that human skeletal remains and funerary objects were recovered from site 14 LV 328 by the Kansas State Historical Society in 1966. These remains reportedly are located at the Kansas State Historical Society. The accession number for these items is UBS 1992-21.

Therefore, by means of this letter we are also initiating consultation regarding the NAGPRA Section 5 Inventory. Fort Leavenworth is scheduled to conduct our Section 5...
Inventory investigations of human remains and associated funerary objects in 1996. If the Delaware wishes to comment on, or participate in, the Section 5 Inventory, please respond within 60 days of receipt of this letter.

Please feel free to contact [Installation POC name] regarding any of these issues, at [telephone, address].

To facilitate discussions between Fort Leavenworth and the Delaware on these matters, please forward the name and method of contacting your tribal representative, traditional religious leader, or preferred NAGPRA point of contact. We look forward to working with you.

Sincerely,

[Commander]

CF: TRADOC U.S. Army Training and Doctrine Command
ATTN: ATEN-FN (Chris McDaid)
Fort Monroe, VA 23651-5000

USAEC Commander, US Army Environmental Center
ATTN: SFIM-AEC-EC (Guldenzopf)
Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD 21010-5401

MCX Commander, US Army Corps of Engineers
ATTN: CELMS-PD-C (Trimble)
1222 Spruce Street
St. Louis, MO 63103-2833
Mr. Floyd Leonard, Chief  
Miami Tribe of Oklahoma  
P.O. Box 1326  
Miami, Oklahoma 74355

Dear Mr. Leonard:

I am writing to inform you of collections held by Fort Leavenworth that may contain Native American cultural items, as defined by the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), that are, or are likely to be, culturally affiliated with the Miami. Fort Leavenworth has documented these archaeological collections in a Summary in accordance with the requirements of Section 6 of NAGPRA.

Fort Leavenworth is responsible for collections that include approximately 620 artifacts housed at the Kansas State Historical Society and approximately 11,660 artifacts housed at the Frontier Army Museum on the Fort. These archaeological collections were generated from surveys and/or excavations conducted from 1966 to 1993. The collections consist of prehistoric stone tools, ceramics, groundstone, animal bone tools, as well as botanical remains, animal bone fragments, shell, and historic materials such as building materials, ceramics, and metal fragments, as well as associated documentation such as field notes, photographs, and correspondence. Additionally, three human pelvis fragments and associated stone tools and an antler fragment are present in these collections.

We are notifying the Miami because some of these materials were found near the area thought to be part of the territory occupied or used historically by the Miami. In accordance with Section 6 of NAGPRA, we are inviting you to consult with us regarding these archaeological collections. Upon your written request, we will provide you access to review our records, catalogues, relevant studies, or other pertinent data for the purpose of determining the geographic origin, cultural affiliation, and basic facts surrounding acquisition and accession of these collections.

In the process of completing the Section 6 Summary, the following potential Native American pelvis fragments and associated antler fragment and stone tools were identified in Fort Leavenworth's collections.

Our research thus far indicates that human skeletal remains and funerary objects were recovered from site 14 LV 328 by the Kansas State Historical Society in 1966. These remains reportedly are located at the Kansas State Historical Society. The accession number for these items is UBS 1992-21.

Therefore, by means of this letter we are also initiating consultation regarding the NAGPRA Section 5 Inventory. Fort Leavenworth is scheduled to conduct our Section 5
Inventory investigations of human remains and associated funerary objects in 1996. If the Miami wishes to comment on, or participate in, the Section 5 Inventory, please respond within 60 days of receipt of this letter.

Please feel free to contact [Installation POC name] regarding any of these issues, at [telephone, address].

To facilitate discussions between Fort Leavenworth and the Miami on these matters, please forward the name and method of contacting your tribal representative, traditional religious leader, or preferred NAGPRA point of contact. We look forward to working with you.

Sincerely,

[Commander]

CF: TRADOC U.S. Army Training and Doctrine Command
ATTN: ATEN-FN (Chris McDaid)
Fort Monroe, VA 23651-5000

USAEC Commander, US Army Environmental Center
ATTN: SFIM-AEC-EC (Guldenzopf)
Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD 21010-5401

MCX Commander, US Army Corps of Engineers
ATTN: CELMS-PD-C (Trimble)
1222 Spruce Street
St. Louis, MO 63103-2833
Mr. Leaford Bearskin, Chief  
Wyandotte Tribe of Oklahoma  
P.O. Box 250  
Wyandotte, Oklahoma 74370

Dear Mr. Bearskin:

I am writing to inform you of collections held by Fort Leavenworth that may contain Native American cultural items, as defined by the Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA), that are, or are likely to be, culturally affiliated with the Wyandotte. Fort Leavenworth has documented these archaeological collections in a Summary in accordance with the requirements of Section 6 of NAGPRA.

Fort Leavenworth is responsible for collections that include approximately 620 artifacts housed at the Kansas State Historical Society and approximately 11,660 artifacts housed at the Frontier Army Museum on the Fort. These archaeological collections were generated from surveys and/or excavations conducted from 1966 to 1993. The collections consist of prehistoric stone tools, ceramics, groundstone, animal bone tools, as well as botanical remains, animal bone fragments, shell, and historic materials such as building materials, ceramics, and metal fragments, as well as associated documentation such as field notes, photographs, and correspondence. Additionally, three human pelvis fragments and associated stone tools and an antler fragment are present in these collections.

We are notifying the Wyandotte because some of these materials were found near the area thought to be part of the territory occupied or used historically by the Wyandotte. In accordance with Section 6 of NAGPRA, we are inviting you to consult with us regarding these archaeological collections. Upon your written request, we will provide you access to review our records, catalogues, relevant studies, or other pertinent data for the purpose of determining the geographic origin, cultural affiliation, and basic facts surrounding acquisition and accession of these collections.

In the process of completing the Section 6 Summary, the following potential Native American pelvis fragments and associated antler fragment and stone tools were identified in Fort Leavenworth's collections.

Our research thus far indicates that human skeletal remains and funerary objects were recovered from site 14 LV 328 by the Kansas State Historical Society in 1966. These remains reportedly are located at the Kansas State Historical Society. The accession number for these items is UBS 1992-21.

Therefore, by means of this letter we are also initiating consultation regarding the NAGPRA Section 5 Inventory. Fort Leavenworth is scheduled to conduct our Section 5
Inventory investigations of human remains and associated funerary objects in 1996. If the Wyandotte wishes to comment on, or participate in, the Section 5 Inventory, please respond within 60 days of receipt of this letter.

Please feel free to contact [Installation POC name] regarding any of these issues, at [telephone, address].

To facilitate discussions between Fort Leavenworth and the Wyandotte on these matters, please forward the name and method of contacting your tribal representative, traditional religious leader, or preferred NAGPRA point of contact. We look forward to working with you.

Sincerely,

[Commander]

CF: TRADOC   U.S. Army Training and Doctrine Command
ATTN: ATEN-FN (Chris McDaid)
Fort Monroe, VA  23651-5000

USAEC   Commander, US Army Environmental Center
ATTN: SFIM-AEC-EC (Guldenzopf)
Aberdeen Proving Ground, MD  21010-5401

MCX   Commander, US Army Corps of Engineers
ATTN: CELMS-PD-C (Trimble)
1222 Spruce Street
St. Louis, MO  63103-2833
APPENDIX II

NATIVE AMERICAN POINTS OF CONTACT
FOR FORT LEAVENWORTH, KANSAS

FEDERALLY RECOGNIZED TRIBES

Otoe-Missouria
Mr. Kenneth E. Black, Chairperson
Otoe-Missouria Tribal Council
Route. 1, Box 62
Red Rock, OK 74651
(405) 723-4466
(405) 783-4273 fax

Iowa
Mr. Leon Campbell, Chairman
Iowa of Kansas and Nebraska
Route 1, Box 58A
White Cloud, KS 66094
(913) 595-3258
(913) 595-6610 fax

Omaha
Dr. Rudi Mitchell, Chairman
Omaha Tribal Council
P.O. Box 368
Macy, NE 68039
(402) 837-5391
(402) 837-5308 fax

Sac and Fox
Ms. Joan Rebar, Chairperson
Sac and Fox Nation of Missouri Tribal Council
Route 1, Box 60
Reserve, KS 66434-9723
(913) 742-7471
(913) 742-3785 fax
Kaw (Kansa)
Ms. Wanda Stone, Chairperson
Kaw Executive Council
Drawer 50
Kaw City, OK 74641
(405) 269-2552
(405) 269-2301 fax

Kickapoo
Emery Negasont, Chairman
Kickapoo Tribe of Kansas
P.O. Box 271
Horton, KS 66439
(913) 486-2131
(913) 486-2801 fax

Potawatomi
Mamie Rupnicki, Chairman
Prairie Band Potawatomi Nation
14880 K Road P.O. Box 97
Mayetta, KS 66509
(913) 966-2255
(913) 966-2144 fax

John A. Barret, Chairman
Citizen Band Potawatomi Business Council
1901 South Gordon Cooper Dr.
Shawnee, OK 74801
(405) 275-3121
(405) 275-0198 fax

Osage
Mr. George E. Tailche, Principal Chief
Osage Nation of Oklahoma
P.O. Box 53
Pawhuska, OK 74056
(918) 287-1128
(918) 287-1259 fax
Cherokee
Wilma Mankiller, Principal Chief
Cherokee Nation of Oklahoma
P.O. Box 948
Tahlequah, OK 74465
(918) 456-0671 ext. 466
(918) 256-0671 fax

Nez Perce
Mr. Charles Hayes, Chairman
Nez Perce Tribal Executive Committee
P.O. Box 365
Lapwai, ID 83540
(208) 843-2253
(208) 843-7354 fax

Delaware
Mr. Lawrence F. Snake, President
Delaware Executive Committee
P.O. Box 825
Anadarko, OK 73005
(405) 247-2448
(405) 247-9393 fax

Miami
Mr. Floyd Leonard, Chief
Miami Tribe of Oklahoma
P.O. Box 1326
Miami, OK 74355
(918) 542-1445
(918) 542-7260 fax

Wyandotte
Leaford Bearskin, Chief
Wyandotte Tribe of Oklahoma
P.O. Box 250
Wyandotte, OK 74370
(918) 678-2297/2298
(918) 678-2944 fax
APPENDIX III

SUMMARY OF CURRENT LOCATIONS OF ARCHAEOLOGICAL COLLECTIONS FROM FORT LEAVENWORTH, KANSAS

All collections information has been entered into a Paradox data base file and can be queried by any of the fields listed below, as well as by the name of the installation and by MACOM. The data base will be delivered by the MCX to the U.S. Army Environmental Center upon completion of the U.S. Army NAGPRA Compliance Project. Inquiries for additional information are welcome (MCX: 314-331-8865; U.S. Army Environmental Center NAGPRA Compliance Project: 410-671-1573). The data fields listed in the summary of collections contain the following information:

REPOSITORY: The current location in which the collection is stored, as of the date of this report.

REPOSITORY POC: The person contacted by the MCX, or the person to whom inquiries regarding the collection should be addressed.

TELEPHONE: The telephone number for the repository POC.

COLLECTION ID: The identifying unit used by the repository to store and/or locate the collection. This can be a unique accession number assigned by the repository, the archaeological site number or project name, the name of the collector of the collection, or another number or name assigned by the repository.

SITE NUMBERS: The official site number or name only for those sites from which materials were collected. An investigator may have performed work at additional sites but did not collect any materials. Those site numbers are not included in this field.

FIELDWORK DATES: The date(s) during which the investigation(s) occurred. This information is provided to differentiate between projects that may have investigated the same site repeatedly.
EXCAVATOR/COLLECTOR: The individual and/or organization that conducted the investigation.

COLLECTION SIZE: The volume or number of objects in a collection, estimated by the repository POC or from project reports.

DESCRIPTION OF MATERIALS: General material classes of the objects in the collection derived from data provided on site records, in references, and/or by the Repository POC.

ANTIQUITY/ARCH. PERIOD: Chronological or cultural-historical designations recorded on site records or in references specific to the collection.

CULTURAL AFFILIATION: This column contains only those ethnic identifications found in the site records or references specific to the collection. This field is left blank if no such information was recorded.

BASIS OF DETERMINATION: Documents the source of the cultural affiliation information (e.g., site record, oral testimony, reference).

SECTION 5 MATERIALS: Describes the number and kind of human skeletal remains and associated funerary objects in the collection, as indicated by the site records, references, repository management documents, or information from repository POC. If these materials are present or are suspected to be present, NAGPRA Section 5 requires a physical inventory of the materials.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Repository</th>
<th>Repository POC</th>
<th>Telephone</th>
<th>Collection ID</th>
<th>Site Numbers</th>
<th>Fieldwork Dates</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Frontier Army Museum, Fort Leavenworth, KS</td>
<td>Richard Frank</td>
<td>(913) 684-3767</td>
<td>Building Sites 45 &amp; 182</td>
<td>14LV152 &amp; 14LV154</td>
<td>1992</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Frontier Army Museum, Fort Leavenworth, KS</td>
<td>Richard Frank</td>
<td>(913) 684-3767</td>
<td>US Army Signal Corps, Stable Guard House, Crematory, &amp; Water Purification Plant</td>
<td>14LV155</td>
<td>1993</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kansas State Historical Society</td>
<td>John Reynolds</td>
<td>(913) 296-4779</td>
<td>14LV332</td>
<td>14LV332</td>
<td>1977</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kansas State Historical Society</td>
<td>John Reynolds</td>
<td>(913) 296-4779</td>
<td>14LV335-336</td>
<td>14LV335-336</td>
<td>1977</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kansas State Historical Society</td>
<td>John Reynolds</td>
<td>(913) 296-4779</td>
<td>14LV337</td>
<td>14LV337</td>
<td>1977</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kansas State Historical Society</td>
<td>John Reynolds</td>
<td>(913) 296-4779</td>
<td>14LV362</td>
<td>14LV362</td>
<td>1977</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kansas State Historical Society</td>
<td>John Reynolds</td>
<td>(913) 296-4779</td>
<td>14LV401</td>
<td>14LV401</td>
<td>1970</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kansas State Historical Society</td>
<td>John Reynolds</td>
<td>(913) 296-4779</td>
<td>14LV401 (revisited)</td>
<td>14LV401 (revisited)</td>
<td>1977</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kansas State Historical Society</td>
<td>John Reynolds</td>
<td>(913) 296-4779</td>
<td>Unmarked Burial Sites 1992-21</td>
<td>14LV328</td>
<td>1966</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kansas State Historical Society</td>
<td>John Reynolds</td>
<td>(913) 296-4779</td>
<td>Unmarked Burial Sites 1992-22</td>
<td>14LV335</td>
<td>1977</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Site Numbers</td>
<td>Fieldwork Dates</td>
<td>Excavator/Collector</td>
<td>Collection Size</td>
<td>Description of Materials</td>
<td>Antiquity/Archaeological Period</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------</td>
<td>----------------</td>
<td>---------------------</td>
<td>-----------------</td>
<td>--------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>152 &amp; 14LV154</td>
<td>1992</td>
<td>US Army Corps of Engineers-Kansas City District</td>
<td>~ 100 items; (1 cu. ft.)</td>
<td>Historic Glass, Ceramics, Metal, Leather, Button</td>
<td>Historic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>101-134, 14LV357, 14LV358</td>
<td>Apr. - May 1986</td>
<td>American Resources Group, Ltd.</td>
<td>&lt; 6,000 items</td>
<td>Prehistoric Faunal, Shell, Clay, Lithics, Historic Glass, Ceramics, Cork, Metal, Marble, Tile, Shoes</td>
<td>Prehistoric &amp; Historic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>357 - 14LV359</td>
<td>Apr. - May 1986</td>
<td>American Resources Group, Ltd.</td>
<td>&lt; 100 items</td>
<td>Prehistoric Ceramics, Faunal, Flakes, Groundstone, Projectile Point; Historic Ceramics, Glass, Nails, Ironstone</td>
<td>Prehistoric, Middle Ceramic, Historic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>356 &amp; 14LV358</td>
<td>Oct. - Nov. 1992</td>
<td>American Resources Group, Ltd.</td>
<td>&gt; 5,424 items</td>
<td>Prehistoric Ceramics, Lithics, Faunal, Botanical; Historic Ceramics, Glass, Metal</td>
<td>Prehistoric &amp; Historic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>155</td>
<td>1993</td>
<td>University of Oklahoma, Department of Anthropology</td>
<td>36 items</td>
<td>Historic Glass, Ceramics, Wagon, Faunal, Shell, Cement</td>
<td>Historic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>132</td>
<td>1977</td>
<td>Kansas State Historical Society</td>
<td>12 items</td>
<td>Historic Bullets, Cartridges, Shell Casings &amp; Associated Records</td>
<td>Historic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35-336</td>
<td>1977</td>
<td>Kansas State Historical Society</td>
<td>46 items</td>
<td>Prehistoric Chert Knife Fragments, Flakes, Cores; Historic Metal &amp; Associated Records</td>
<td>Prehistoric &amp; Historic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>37</td>
<td>1977</td>
<td>Kansas State Historical Society</td>
<td>12 items</td>
<td>Prehistoric Flint Chips, Shell Fragments, Ceramics &amp; Associated Records</td>
<td>Prehistoric</td>
</tr>
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<td>56-361</td>
<td>1977</td>
<td>Kansas State Historical Society</td>
<td>83 items</td>
<td>Prehistoric Lithics, Ceramics &amp; Faunal; Historic Ceramics, Metal, Glass &amp; Associated Records</td>
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<td>62</td>
<td>1977</td>
<td>Kansas State Historical Society</td>
<td>1 item</td>
<td>Historic Wheel Trim &amp; Associated Records</td>
<td>Historic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>63-366</td>
<td>1977</td>
<td>Kansas State Historical Society</td>
<td>122 items</td>
<td>Prehistoric Lithics, Ceramics; Historic Glass, Metal, Leather &amp; Associated Records</td>
<td>Prehistoric, Early &amp; Middle Ceramic; Historic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td>1970</td>
<td>Les Hixon</td>
<td>306 items</td>
<td>Prehistoric Lithics, Hematite, Faunal, Ceramics; Historic Glass, Metal, Button, Bullets &amp; Associated Records</td>
<td>Nebraskan or Hopewelian</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31 (revisited)</td>
<td>1977</td>
<td>Kansas State Historical Society</td>
<td>26 items</td>
<td>Prehistoric Sherds, Burned Bone (faunal), Flakes, Worked Flakes &amp; Associated Records</td>
<td>Prehistoric</td>
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<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>1966</td>
<td>Kansas State Historical Society</td>
<td>~ 10 items</td>
<td>Prehistoric Human Bone, Burned Antler Fragment, Projectile Point, Drill Fragment, Flakes &amp; Associated Records</td>
<td>Middle Woodland</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>35</td>
<td>1977</td>
<td>Kansas State Historical Society</td>
<td>1 item</td>
<td>Prehistoric Flake &amp; Associated Records</td>
<td>Prehistoric</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Item Size</td>
<td>Description of Materials</td>
<td>Antiquity/Archaeological Period</td>
<td>Cultural Affiliation</td>
<td>Basis of Determination</td>
<td>Section 5 Materials</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------</td>
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<td>------------------------</td>
<td>----------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 items</td>
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<td>Prehistoric Faunal, Shell, Clay, Lithics; Historic Glass, Ceramics, Cork, Metal, Marble, Tile, Shoes</td>
<td>Prehistoric &amp; Historic</td>
<td>Kansas City Hopewell</td>
<td>Wagner et al., 1989</td>
<td>None</td>
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<td>1 items</td>
<td>Prehistoric Ceramics, Faunal, Flakes, Groundstone, Projectile Point; Historic Ceramics, Glass, Nails, Ironstone</td>
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<td>15</td>
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<td>Historic</td>
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<td>Prehistoric Human Bone, Burned Antler Fragment, Projectile Point, Drill Fragment, Flakes &amp; Associated Records</td>
<td>Middle Woodland</td>
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<td>3 Human Pelvis Fragments &amp; All Associated Artifacts</td>
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<td>Prehistoric</td>
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APPENDIX IV

MCX LIST OF REFERENCES

In addition to the references reviewed by MCX personnel at the archaeological site information center, every attempt was made to obtain references cited but not on file. Information taken from these references was coded for data relating to collections made from sites located on installation property (see attached sample of PD-C Bibliographic Data Sheet form) and entered into a data base for ease of manipulation.

Report titles were drawn directly from the title page of reports, and consist of the following fields:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>FIELD</th>
<th>DATA ENTERED</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Subject Property</td>
<td>Army Installation name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Last Name</td>
<td>Primary author's last name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>First Name</td>
<td>Primary author's first name</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Middle Initial</td>
<td>Primary author's middle initial</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Secondary Authors</td>
<td>Names of secondary authors, or in instances where the author is a company rather than an individual, the company name is listed here</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Title</td>
<td>Title of the reference. For letter reports, the person or agency to whom the correspondence is addressed is listed as the title.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Series</td>
<td>If the report is part of a publication series, the name and number are provided here.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date</td>
<td>Date of publication or submission</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Length</td>
<td>Report length in pages</td>
</tr>
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<td>Contract number and delivery order number, if applicable</td>
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The data for the next three fields are drawn directly from the report title page and reflect the hierarchy of contracting agencies involved in accomplishing the work. In some cases, the sponsoring agency is listed as the Army installation; in others, the intermediary contracting agent, (e.g., the Army Corps of Engineers or the National Park Service) is listed as the Sponsoring Agency.

- **Sponsoring Agency**: Agency for which the report was prepared
- **Contractor**: The agent contracted to perform the work
- **Subcontractor**: The agent subcontracted to perform the work

The majority of the citations for archaeological investigations on Army land refer to unpublished reports prepared under contract with federal agencies, consequently the MCX printout was designed to address these reports. In instances where the author is a company rather than an individual, the company name is listed in the Secondary Authors field (due to the length of the field). For published references, the publisher is listed in the Sponsoring Agency field.
PD-C Bibliography Data Sheet

Date: __________________________ Information obtained by: __________________________

PD-C Project:

Subject Property:

Repository (name and location):

Record Collection Name/Number:

Report Date and Length (in pages):

Author(s):

Title:

Contractor/Address or Publisher/Address (city, state):

Subcontractor/Address (city, state):

Report Series and Number:

Contract/Purchase Order Number(s):

Sponsoring Agency/Address:

Project Name and Location:

Principal Investigator(s)/Director(s):

Fieldwork Dates:

Type of Investigation (e.g., survey, testing, mitigation):
Site Numbers:

Archaeological Period (e.g., Hohokam, Mississippian):

Material Classes (range):

Artifact Collections and Locations:

Approximate Size of Collections (e.g., number of objects):

Record Collections and Locations:

NAGPRA Materials (Check if present)

Human Skeletal Remains

Objects
Associated Funerary
Unassociated Funerary
Sacred
Cultural Patrimony

Cultural Affiliation(s):

Basis for Affiliation Determination (e.g., geographic location, burial practices):

Comments:
Subject property: Fort Leavenworth, KS

Last name: Bailey
First name: Berkley
Middle Initial: B.

Secondary Authors:

Title: Archaeological Mitigation of the US Army Signal Corps Stable Guard House, Crematory & Water Purification Plant (Building 268) and Associated Garbage Dumps and Burn Piles Uncovered During Construction of Eisenhower Hall at Fort Leavenworth, Kansas.

Series:

Date: May 1993
Length: 48
Contract Number: DACA41-93-P-0175

Sponsoring Agency: US Army Corps of Engineers-Kansas City District

Contractor: University of Oklahoma, Department of Anthropology

Subcontractor:

Subject property: Fort Leavenworth, KS

Last name: Barr
First name: Thomas
Middle Initial: P.

Secondary Authors: Don D. Rowlison

Title: An Archaeological Inventory of the Fort Leavenworth Military Reservation.

Series:

Date: Jul. 26, 1977
Length: 408
Contract Number: DACA41-76-C-0030

Sponsoring Agency: US Army Corps of Engineers-Kansas City District

Contractor: Kansas State Historical Society

Subcontractor:
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<tr>
<td>First name: Randall</td>
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<td>Middle Initial: M.</td>
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<td>Title: Letter &amp; Documents Regarding 14LV328 and 14LV335, Two Sites on Fort Leavenworth, Kansas</td>
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<td>Frances R. Knight, Tracey Sandefur, Terrance J. Martin and Kathryn E. Parker</td>
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<tr>
<td>Title: Phase II Archaeological Investigations at Fort Leavenworth, Kansas (Final).</td>
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<tr>
<td>Series: Cultural Resources Management Report No. 199</td>
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APPENDIX V

NATIONAL ARCHEOLOGICAL DATA BASE
REFERENCES FOR FORT LEAVENWORTH, KANSAS

No attempt has been made to edit the National Archeological Data Base format or to correct obvious errors.

Wagner, Mark J. and Michael J. Mcnerney
1993 Phase II Archaeological Investigations at Fort Leavenworth, Kansas. American Resources Group, Ltd., Carbondale, IL. Submitted to Corps of Engineers, Kansas City District, Kansas City, KS.

Wagner, Mark J. and Others
1993 Phase II Archaeological Investigations at Fort Leavenworth, Kansas. American Resources Group, Ltd, Carbondale, IL. Submitted to Corps of Engineers, Kansas City District.