

AD-A274 483



DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE
PUBLICATION SYSTEM

CHANGE TRANSMITTAL

2

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF DEFENSE
Assistant Secretary of Defense (Health Affairs)

CHANGE NO. 5
to July 1991, Reprint
DoD 6010.8-R
September 17, 1993

CIVILIAN HEALTH AND MEDICAL PROGRAM
OF THE UNIFORMED SERVICES (CHAMPUS)

The Acting Assistant Secretary of Defense (Health Affairs) has authorized the withdrawal of Change No. 4 to DoD 6010.8-R, "Civilian Health and Medical Program of the Uniformed Services (CHAMPUS)," July 1991 (Reprint). The attached replacement pages will implement the Partial Hospitalization Benefit and restore the Regulation to its former text prior to Change No. 4.

PAGE CHANGES

Remove: 2-i through 2-iv, 2-3&2-4, 2-9&2-10, 2-19 through 2-26, 4-i through 4-viii, 4-5&4-6, 4-11&4-12, 4-13b&4-14, 4-21 through 4-24, 4-44&4-45, 6-i&6-ii, 6-17 through 6-20, 6-23&6-24, 7-7&7-8, 14-i&14-ii, 14-17&14-18

Insert: Attached replacement pages

EFFECTIVE DATE

The above changes are effective immediately.

94-00122



57pg

James L. Elmer
JAMES L. ELMER
Director
Correspondence and Directives

This document has been approved
for public release and sale; its
distribution is unlimited.

Attachments
57 pages

DTIC
ELECTE
JAN 05 1994
S A

94 1 3 118

WHEN PRESCRIBED ACTION HAS BEEN TAKEN, THIS TRANSMITTAL SHOULD BE FILED WITH THE BASIC DOCUMENT

CHAPTER 2

DEFINITIONS

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>SECTION</u>		<u>Page</u>
A.	General.	2-1
B.	Specific Definitions.	2-1
	Abortion.	2-1
	Absent Treatment.	2-1
	Abuse.	2-1
	Accidental Injury.	2-1
	Active Duty.	2-1
	Active Duty Member.	2-2
	Acupuncture.	2-2
	Adequate Medical Documentation, Medical Treatment Records.	2-2
	Adequate Medical Documentation, Mental Health Records.	2-2
	Adjunctive Dental Care.	2-2
	Admission.	2-3
	Adopted Child.	2-3
	All-Inclusive Per Diem Rate.	2-3
	Allowable Charge.	2-3
	Allowable Cost.	2-3
	Ambulance.	2-3
	Amount in Dispute.	2-3
	Anesthesia Services.	2-3
	Appealable Issue.	2-3
	Appealing Party.	2-4
	Appropriate Medical Care.	2-4
	Attending Physician.	2-4
	Authorized Provider.	2-4
	Backup Hospital.	2-4
	Basic Program.	2-4
	Beneficiary.	2-4
	Beneficiary Liability.	2-5
	Birthing Center.	2-5
	Birthing Room.	2-5
	Brace.	2-5
	Capped Rate.	2-5
	Certified Nurse Midwife.	2-5
	Certified Psychiatric Nurse Specialist.	2-5
	CHAMPUS DRG-Based Payment System.	2-5
	CHAMPUS Fiscal Intermediary.	2-5
	CHAMPUS Health Benefits Advisors (HBAs).	2-5
	Chemotherapy.	2-5
	Child.	2-5
	Chiropractor.	2-6
	Christian Science Nurse.	2-6

DTIC QUALITY INSPECTED 6

For	
&l	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
d	<input type="checkbox"/>
	<input type="checkbox"/>
form 50	
ility Codes	

Dist	and/or Special
A-1	

SECTIONPage

Christian Science Practitioner.	2-6
Christian Science Sanatorium.	2-6
Chronic Medical Condition.	2-6
Chronic Renal Disease (CRD).	2-6
Clinical Psychologist.	2-6
Clinical Social Worker.	2-7
Collateral Visits.	2-7
Combined Daily Charge.	2-7
Complications of Pregnancy.	2-7
Confinement.	2-7
Conflict of Interest.	2-7
Congenital Anomaly.	2-8
Consultation.	2-8
Consulting Physician or Dentist.	2-8
Conviction.	2-8
Coordination of Benefits.	2-8
Cosmetic, Reconstructive, or Plastic Surgery.	2-8
Cost-Share.	2-8
Custodial Care.	2-8
Day or Night Care.	2-9
Days.	2-9
Deceased Service Member.	2-9
Deductible.	2-9
Deductible Certificate.	2-9
Defense Enrollment Eligibility Reporting System (DEERS).	2-9
Dental Care.	2-10
Dentist.	2-10
Dependent.	2-10
Deserter or Desertion Status.	2-10
Diagnosis-Related Groups (DRGs).	2-10
Diagnostic Admission.	2-10
Doctor of Dental Medicine (D.M.D.).	2-10
Doctor of Medicine (M.D.).	2-11
Doctor of Osteopathy (D.O.).	2-11
Domiciliary Care.	2-11
Donor.	2-11
Double Coverage.	2-11
Double Coverage Plan.	2-11
Dual Compensation.	2-11
Durable Medical Equipment.	2-12
Emergency Inpatient Admission.	2-12
Entity.	2-12
Essentials of Daily Living.	2-12
Experimental.	2-12
External Partnership Agreement.	2-13
Extramedical Individual Providers of Care.	2-13
Fraud.	2-13
Freestanding.	2-13
Former Spouse.	2-13
Full-Time Course of Higher Education.	2-13
General Staff Nursing Service.	2-14
Good Faith Payments.	2-14

SECTIONPage

High Risk Pregnancy.	2-14
Hospital, Acute Care (General and Special).	2-14
Hospitals, Long-Term (Tuberculosis, Chronic Care, or Rehabilitation).	2-14
Hospital, Psychiatric.	2-14
Illegitimate Child.	2-14
Immediate Family.	2-14
Independent Laboratory.	2-14
Infirmaries.	2-14
Initial Determination.	2-14
In-Out Surgery.	2-15
Inpatient.	2-15
Institution-affiliated.	2-15
Institution-based.	2-15
Institutional Provider.	2-15
Intensive Care Unit (ICU).	2-15
Intern.	2-15
Internal Partnership Agreement.	2-15
Item, Service, or Supply.	2-16
Laboratory and Pathological Services.	2-16
Legitimized Child.	2-16
Licensed Practical Nurse (L.P.N.).	2-16
Licensed Vocational Nurse (L.V.N.).	2-16
Long-Term Hospital Care.	2-16
Low-risk Pregnancy.	2-16
Management Plan.	2-16
Marriage and Family Counselor or Pastoral Counselor.	2-17
Maternity Care.	2-17
Medicaid.	2-17
Medical.	2-17
Medical Emergency.	2-17
Medically or Psychologically Necessary.	2-17
Medical Supplies and Dressings (Consumables).	2-18
Medicare.	2-18
Mental Disorder.	2-18
Mental Health Counselor.	2-18
Mental Health Therapeutic Absence.	2-18
Mental Retardation.	2-18
Missing in Action (MIA).	2-18
Morbid Obesity.	2-18
Most-favored Rate.	2-19
Natural Childbirth.	2-19
Naturopath.	2-19
Nonavailability Statement.	2-19
Nonparticipating Provider.	2-19
North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) Member.	2-19
Official Formularies.	2-19
Optometrist (Doctor of Optometry).	2-19
Oral Surgeon (D.D.S. or D.M.D.).	2-20
Orthopedic Shoes.	2-20
Other Allied Health Professionals.	2-20
Other Special Institutional Providers.	2-20
Outpatient.	2-20

SECTIONPage

Ownership or Control Interest.	2-20
Partial Hospitalization	2-20
Participating Provider.	2-21
Party to a Hearing.	2-21
Party to the Initial Determination.	2-21
Pharmacist.	2-21
Physical Medicine Services or Physiatry Services.	2-21
Physical Handicap.	2-21
Physical Therapist.	2-21
Physician.	2-22
Podiatrist (Doctor of Podiatry or Surgical Chiropody).	2-22
Preauthorization.	2-22
Prescription Drugs and Medicines.	2-22
Preventive Care.	2-22
Primary Payer.	2-22
Private Duty (Special) Nursing Services.	2-22
Private Room.	2-22
Program for the Handicapped (PPTH).	2-22
Progress Notes.	2-23
Prosthetic Device (Prosthesis).	2-23
Provider.	2-23
Provider Exclusion and Suspension.	2-23
Provider Termination.	2-23
Psychiatric Emergency	2-23
Radiation Therapy Services.	2-23
Referral.	2-23
Registered Nurse.	2-24
Representative.	2-24
Resident (Medical).	2-24
Residential Treatment Center (RTC).	2-24
Retiree.	2-24
Routine Eye Examinations.	2-24
Sanction.	2-24
Secondary Payer.	2-24
Semiprivate Room.	2-24
Skilled Nursing Facility.	2-24
Skilled Nursing Service.	2-24
Special Tutoring.	2-25
Spectacles, Eyeglasses, and Lenses.	2-25
Sponsor.	2-25
Spouse.	2-25
Student Status.	2-25
Suppliers of Portable X-Ray Services.	2-25
Surgery.	2-25
Surgical Assistant.	2-25
Suspension of Claims Processing.	2-25
Timely Filing.	2-26
Treatment Plan.	2-26
Uniformed Services.	2-26
Veteran.	2-26
Well-Baby Care.	2-26
Widow or Widower.	2-26
Worker's Compensation Benefits.	2-26
X-Ray Services.	2-26

Admission. The formal acceptance by a CHAMPUS authorized institutional provider of a CHAMPUS beneficiary for the purpose of diagnosis and treatment of illness, injury, pregnancy, or mental disorder.

Adopted Child. A child taken into one's own family by legal process and treated as one's own child. In case of adoption, CHAMPUS eligibility begins as of 12:01 a.m. of the day of the final adoption decree. NOTE: There is no CHAMPUS benefit entitlement during any interim waiting period.

All-Inclusive Per Diem Rate. The OCHAMPUS determined rate that encompasses the daily charge for inpatient care and, unless specifically excepted, all other treatment determined necessary and rendered as part of the treatment plan established for a patient, and accepted by OCHAMPUS.

Allowable Charge. The CHAMPUS-determined level of payment to physicians, other individual professional providers and other providers, based on one of the approved reimbursement methods set forth in Chapter 14 of this Regulation. Allowable charge also may be referred to as the CHAMPUS-determined reasonable charge.

Allowable Cost. The CHAMPUS-determined level of payment to hospitals or other institutions, based on one of the approved reimbursement methods set forth in Chapter 14 of this Regulation. Allowable cost may also be referred to as the CHAMPUS-determined reasonable cost.

Ambulance. A specially designed vehicle for transporting the sick or injured that contains a stretcher, linens, first aid supplies, oxygen equipment, and such lifesaving equipment required by state and local law, and that is staffed by personnel trained to provide first aid treatment.

Amount in Dispute. The amount of money, determined under this Regulation, that CHAMPUS would pay for medical services and supplies involved in an adverse determination being appealed if the appeal were resolved in favor of the appealing party. See Chapter 10 for additional information concerning the determination of "amount in dispute" under this Regulation.

Anesthesia Services. The administration of an anesthetic agent by injection or inhalation, the purpose and effect of which is to produce surgical anesthesia characterized by muscular relaxation, loss of sensation, or loss of consciousness when administered by or under the direction of a physician or dentist in connection with otherwise covered surgery or obstetrical care, or shock therapy. Anesthesia services do not include hypnosis or acupuncture.

Appealable Issue. Disputed questions of fact which, if resolved in favor of the appealing party, would result in the authorization of CHAMPUS benefits, or approval as an authorized provider in accordance with this Regulation. An appealable issue does not exist if no facts are in dispute, if no CHAMPUS benefits would be payable, or if there is no authorized provider, regardless of the resolution of any disputed facts. See Chapter 10 for additional information concerning the determination of "appealable issue" under this Regulation.

Appealing Party. Any party to the initial determination who files an appeal of an adverse determination or requests a hearing under the provisions of this Regulation.

Appropriate Medical Care

1. Services performed in connection with the diagnosis or treatment of disease or injury, pregnancy, mental disorder, or well-baby care which are in keeping with the generally accepted norms for medical practice in the United States;

2. The authorized individual professional provider rendering the medical care is qualified to perform such medical services by reason of his or her training and education and is licensed or certified by the state where the service is rendered or appropriate national organization or otherwise meets CHAMPUS standards; and

3. The services are furnished economically. For purposes of this Regulation, "economically" means that the services are furnished in the least expensive level of care or medical environment adequate to provide the required medical care regardless of whether or not that level of care is covered by CHAMPUS.

Attending Physician. The physician who has the primary responsibility for the medical diagnosis and treatment of the patient. A consultant, an assistant-at-surgery or an anesthesiologist is not an attending physician. Under very extraordinary circumstances, because of the presence of complex, serious, and multiple, but unrelated, medical conditions, a patient may have more than one attending physician concurrently rendering medical treatment during a single period of time.

Authorized Provider. A hospital or institutional provider, physician, or other individual professional provider, or other provider of services or supplies specifically authorized to provide benefits under CHAMPUS in Chapter 6 of this Regulation.

Backup Hospital. A hospital which is otherwise eligible as a CHAMPUS institutional provider and which is fully capable of providing emergency care to a patient who develops complications beyond the scope of services of a given category of CHAMPUS authorized freestanding institutional provider and which is accessible from the site of the CHAMPUS authorized freestanding institutional provider within an average transport time acceptable for the types of medical emergencies usually associated with the type of care provided by the freestanding facility.

Basic Program. The primary medical benefits authorized under Chapter 55 of title 10, United States Code, and set forth in Chapter 4 of this Regulation.

Beneficiary. An individual who has been determined to be eligible for CHAMPUS benefits, as set forth in Chapter 3 of this Regulation.

specific medical, surgical, or psychiatric treatment that will reduce the disability to the extent necessary to enable the patient to function outside the protected, monitored, or controlled environment. A custodial care determination is not precluded by the fact that a patient is under the care of a supervising or attending physician and that services are being ordered and prescribed to support and generally maintain the patient's condition, or provide for the patient's comfort, or ensure the manageability of the patient. Further, a custodial care determination is not precluded because the ordered and prescribed services and supplies are being provided by an R.N., L.P.N., or L.V.N.

NOTE: The determination of custodial care in no way implies that the care being rendered is not required by the patient; it only means that it is the kind of care that is not covered under CHAMPUS. A program of physical and mental rehabilitation which is designed to reduce a disability is not custodial care as long as the objective of the program is a reduced level of care.

Days. Calendar days.

Deceased Service Member. A person who, at the time of his or her death, was an active duty member of a Uniformed Service under a call or order that did not specify a period of 30 days or less; or a retiree of a Uniformed Service.

Deductible. Payment by a beneficiary of the first \$50 of the CHAMPUS-determined allowable costs or charges for otherwise covered outpatient services or supplies provided in any one fiscal year; or for a family, the aggregate payment by two or more beneficiaries who submit claims of the first \$100.

Deductible Certificate. A statement issued to the beneficiary (or sponsor) by a CHAMPUS fiscal intermediary certifying to deductible amounts satisfied by a CHAMPUS beneficiary for any applicable fiscal year.

Defense Enrollment Eligibility Reporting System (DEERS). The automated system that is composed of two phases:

1. Enrolling all active duty and retired service members, their dependents, and the dependents of deceased service members, and
2. Verifying their eligibility for health care benefits in the direct care facilities and through CHAMPUS.

Dental Care. Services relating to the teeth and their supporting structures.

Dentist. Doctor of Dental Medicine (D.M.D.) or Doctor of Dental Surgery (D.D.S.) who is licensed to practice dentistry by an appropriate authority.

Dependent. A person who bears any of the following relationships to an active duty member (under a call or order that does not specify a period of 30 days or less), retiree, or deceased active duty member or retiree, of a Uniformed Service, that is, lawful spouse, former spouse (in certain circumstances), unremarried widow or widower, or child; or a spouse and child of an active duty member of the armed forces of foreign North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) nations (refer to section B. in Chapter 3 of this Regulation).

Deserter or Desertion Status. A service member is a deserter, or in a desertion status, when the Uniformed Service concerned has made an administrative determination to that effect, or the member's period of unauthorized absence has resulted in a court-martial conviction of desertion. Administrative declarations of desertion normally are made when a member has been an unauthorized absentee for over 30 days, but particular circumstances may result in an earlier declaration. Entitlement to CHAMPUS benefits ceases as of 12:01 a.m. on the day following the day the desertion status is declared. Benefits are not to be authorized for treatment received during a period of unauthorized absence that results in a court-martial conviction for desertion. Dependent eligibility for benefits is reestablished when a deserter is returned to military control and continues, even though the member may be in confinement, until any discharge is executed. When a deserter status is later found to have been determined erroneously, the status of deserter is considered never to have existed, and the member's dependents will have been eligible continuously for benefits under CHAMPUS.

Diagnosis-Related Groups (DRGs). Diagnosis-related groups (DRGs) are a method of dividing hospital patients into clinically coherent groups based on the consumption of resources. Patients are assigned to the groups based on their principal diagnosis (the reason for admission, determined after study), secondary diagnoses, procedures performed, and the patient's age, sex, and discharge status.

Diagnostic Admission. An admission to a hospital or other authorized institutional provider, or an extension of a stay in such a facility, primarily for the purpose of performing diagnostic tests, examinations, and procedures.

Doctor of Dental Medicine (D.M.D.). A person who has received a degree in dentistry, that is, that department of the healing arts which is concerned with the teeth, oral cavity, and associated structures.

body weight is 200 percent or more of the ideal weight for height and bone structure according to the most current Metropolitan Life Table. The associated medical conditions are diabetes mellitus, hypertension, cholecystitis, narcolepsy, pickwickian syndrome (and other severe respiratory diseases), hypothalamic disorders, and severe arthritis of the weight-bearing joints.

Most-Favored Rate. The lowest usual charge to any individual or third-party payer in effect on the date of the admission of a CHAMPUS beneficiary.

Natural Childbirth. Childbirth without the use of chemical induction or augmentation of labor or surgical procedures other than episiotomy or perineal repair.

Naturopath. A person who practices naturopathy, that is, a drugless system of therapy making use of physical forces such as air, light, water, heat, and massage. NOTE: Services of a naturopath are not covered by CHAMPUS.

Nonavailability Statement. A certification by a commander (or a designee) of a Uniformed Services medical treatment facility recorded on DD Form 1251, generally for the reason that the needed medical care being requested by a CHAMPUS beneficiary cannot be provided at the facility concerned because the necessary resources are not available.

Nonparticipating Provider. A hospital or other authorized institutional provider, a physician or other authorized individual professional provider, or other authorized provider that furnished medical services or supplies to a CHAMPUS beneficiary, but who did not agree on the CHAMPUS claim form to participate or to accept the CHAMPUS-determined allowable cost or charge as the total charge for the services. A nonparticipating provider looks to the beneficiary or sponsor for payment of his or her charge, not CHAMPUS. In such cases, CHAMPUS pays the beneficiary or sponsor, not the provider.

North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) Member. A military member of an armed force of a foreign NATO nation who is on active duty and who, in connection with official duties, is stationed in or passing through the United States. The foreign NATO nations are Belgium, Canada, Denmark, France, Federal Republic of Germany, Greece, Iceland, Italy, Luxemburg, the Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Turkey, and the United Kingdom.

Official Formularies. A book of official standards for certain pharmaceuticals and preparations that are not included in the U.S. Pharmacopeia.

Optometrist (Doctor of Optometry). A person trained and licensed to examine and test the eyes and to treat visual defects by prescribing and adapting corrective lenses and other optical aids, and by establishing programs of exercises.

Oral Surgeon (D.D.S. or D.M.D.). A person who has received a degree in dentistry and who limits his or her practice to oral surgery, that is, that branch of the healing arts that deals with the diagnosis and the surgical correction and adjunctive treatment of diseases, injuries, and defects of the mouth, the jaws, and associated structures.

Orthopedic Shoes. Shoes prescribed by an orthopedic surgeon to effect changes in foot or feet position and alignment and which are not an integral part of a brace.

Other Allied Health Professionals. Individual professional providers other than physicians, dentists, or extramedical individual providers, as specified in Chapter 6 of this Regulation.

Other Special Institutional Providers. Certain special institutional providers, either inpatient or outpatient, other than those specifically defined, that provide courses of treatment prescribed by a doctor of medicine or osteopathy; when the patient is under the supervision of a doctor of medicine or osteopathy during the entire course of the inpatient admission or the outpatient treatment; when the type and level of care and services rendered by the institution are otherwise authorized in this Regulation; when the facility meets all licensing or other certification requirements that are extant in the jurisdiction in which the facility is located geographically; which is accredited by the Joint Commission on Accreditation if an appropriate accreditation program for the given type of facility is available; and which is not a nursing home, intermediate facility, halfway house, home for the aged, or other institution of similar purpose.

Outpatient. A patient who has not been admitted to a hospital or other authorized institution as an inpatient.

Ownership or Control Interest. For purposes of Chapter 9.F.1., a "person with an ownership or control interest" is anyone who

1. Has directly or indirectly a 5 percent or more ownership interest in the entity; or
2. Is the owner of a whole or part interest in any mortgage, deed of trust, note, or other obligation secured (in whole or in part) by the entity or any of the property or assets thereof, which whole or part interest is equal to or exceeds 5 percent of the total property and assets of the entity; or
3. Is an officer or director of the entity if the entity is organized as a corporation; or
4. Is a partner in the entity if the entity is organized as a partnership.

Partial Hospitalization. A treatment setting capable of providing an interdisciplinary program of medical therapeutic services at least 3 hours

per day, 5 days per week, which may embrace day, evening, night and weekend treatment programs which employ an integrated, comprehensive and complementary schedule of recognized treatment approaches. Partial hospitalization is a time-limited, ambulatory, active treatment program that offers therapeutically intensive, coordinated, and structured clinical services within a stable therapeutic environment. Partial hospitalization is an appropriate setting for crisis stabilization, treatment of partially stabilized mental health disorders, and a transition from an inpatient program when medically necessary. Such programs must enter into a participation agreement with CHAMPUS, and be accredited and in substantial compliance with the standards of the Mental Health Manual or the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations (JCAHO) (formerly known as the Consolidated Standards).

Participating Provider. A hospital or other authorized institutional provider, a physician or other authorized individual professional provider, or other authorized provider that furnished services or supplies to a CHAMPUS beneficiary and that has agreed, by act of signing and submitting a CHAMPUS claim form and indicating participation in the appropriate space on the claim form, to accept the CHAMPUS-determined allowable cost or charge as the total charge (even though less than the actual billed amount), whether paid for fully by the CHAMPUS allowance or requiring cost-sharing by the beneficiary (or sponsor).

Party to a Hearing. An appealing party or parties and CHAMPUS.

Party to the Initial Determination. Includes CHAMPUS and also refers to a CHAMPUS beneficiary and a participating provider of services whose interests have been adjudicated by the initial determination. In addition, a provider who has been denied approval as an authorized CHAMPUS provider is a party to that initial determination, as is a provider who is disqualified or excluded as an authorized provider under CHAMPUS, unless the provider is excluded based on a determination of abuse or fraudulent practices or procedures under another federal or federally funded program. See Chapter 10 for additional information concerning parties not entitled to administrative review under the CHAMPUS appeals and hearing procedures.

Pharmacist. A person who is trained specially in the scientific basis of pharmacology and who is licensed to prepare and sell or dispense drugs and compounds and to make up prescriptions ordered by a physician.

Physical Medicine Services or Physiatry Services. The treatment of disease or injury by physical means such as massage, hydrotherapy, or heat.

Physical Handicap. A physical condition of the body that meets the following criteria:

1. Duration. The condition is expected to result in death, or has lasted, or with reasonable certainty is expected to last, for a minimum period of 12 months; and

2. Extent. The condition is of such severity as to preclude the individual from engaging in substantially basic productive activities of daily living expected of unimpaired persons of the same age group.

Physical Therapist. A person who is trained specially in the skills and techniques of physical therapy (that is, the treatment of disease by physical agents and methods such as heat, massage, manipulation, therapeutic exercise, hydrotherapy, and various forms of energy such as electrotherapy and ultrasound), who has been authorized legally (that is, registered) to administer treatments prescribed by a physician and who is entitled legally to use the designation "Registered Physical Therapist." A physical therapist also may be called a physiotherapist.

Physician. A person with a degree of Doctor of Medicine (M.D.) or Doctor of Osteopathy (D.O.) who is licensed to practice medicine by an appropriate authority.

Podiatrist (Doctor of Podiatry or Surgical Chiropody). A person who has received a degree in podiatry (formerly called chiropody), that is, that specialized field of the healing arts that deals with the study and care of the foot, including its anatomy, pathology, and medical and surgical treatment.

Preauthorization. A decision issued in writing by the Director, OCHAMPUS, or a designee, that CHAMPUS benefits are payable for certain services that a beneficiary has not yet received.

Prescription Drugs and Medicines. Drugs and medicines which at the time of use were approved for commercial marketing by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration, and which, by law of the United States, require a physician's or dentist's prescription, except that it includes insulin for known diabetics whether or not a prescription is required. Drugs grandfathered by the Federal Food, Drug and Cosmetic Act of 1938 may be covered under CHAMPUS as if FDA approved.

NOTE: The fact that the U.S. Food and Drug Administration has approved a drug for testing on humans would not qualify it within this definition.

Preventive Care. Diagnostic and other medical procedures not related directly to a specific illness, injury, or definitive set of symptoms, or obstetrical care, but rather performed as periodic health screening, health assessment, or health maintenance.

Primary Payer. The plan or program whose medical benefits are payable first in a double coverage situation.

Private Duty (Special) Nursing Services. Skilled nursing services rendered to an individual patient requiring intensive medical care. Such private duty (special) nursing must be by an actively practicing registered nurse (R.N.) or licensed practical or vocational nurse (L.P.N. or L.V.N.) only when the medical condition of the patient requires intensive skilled nursing services (rather than primarily providing the essentials of daily living) and when such skilled nursing care is ordered by the attending physician.

Private Room. A room with one bed that is designated as a private room by the hospital or other authorized institutional provider.

Program for the Handicapped (PPTH). The special program set forth in Chapter 5 of this Regulation, through which dependents of active duty members receive supplemental benefits for the moderately or severely mentally retarded and the seriously physically handicapped over and above those medical benefits available under the Basic Program.

Progress notes. Progress notes are an essential component of the medical record wherein health care personnel provide written evidence of ordered and supervised diagnostic tests, treatments, medical procedures, therapeutic behavior and outcomes. In the case of mental health care, progress notes must include: the date of the therapy session; length of the therapy session; a notation of the patient's signs and symptoms; the issues, pathology and specific behaviors addressed in the therapy session; a statement summarizing the therapeutic interventions attempted during the therapy session; descriptions of the response to treatment, the outcome of the treatment, and the response to significant others; and a statement summarizing the patient's degree of progress toward the treatment goals. Progress notes do not need to repeat all that was said during a therapy session but must document a patient contact and be sufficiently detailed to allow for both peer review and audits to substantiate the quality and quantity of care rendered.

Prosthetic Device (Prosthesis). An artificial substitute for a missing body part.

Provider. A hospital or other institutional provider, a physician, or other individual professional provider, or other provider of services or supplies as specified in Chapter 6 of this Regulation.

Provider Exclusion and Suspension. The terms "exclusion" and "suspension", when referring to a provider under CHAMPUS, both mean the denial of status as an authorized provider, resulting in items, services, or supplies furnished by the provider not being reimbursed, directly or indirectly, under CHAMPUS. The terms may be used interchangeably to refer to a provider who has been denied status as an authorized CHAMPUS provider based on 1) a criminal conviction or civil judgment involving fraud, 2) an administrative finding of fraud or abuse under CHAMPUS, 3) an administrative finding that the provider has been excluded or suspended by another agency of the Federal Government, a state, or a local licensing authority, 4) an administrative finding that the provider has knowingly participated in a conflict of interest situation, or 5) an administrative finding that it is in the best interests of the CHAMPUS or CHAMPUS beneficiaries to exclude or suspend the provider.

Provider Termination. When a provider's status as an authorized CHAMPUS provider is ended, other than through exclusion or suspension, based on a finding that the provider does not meet the qualifications, as set forth in Chapter 6 of this Regulation, to be an authorized CHAMPUS provider.

Psychiatric Emergency. A psychiatric inpatient admission is an emergency when, based on a psychiatric evaluation performed by a physician (or other qualified mental health care professional with hospital admission authority), the patient is at immediate risk of serious harm to self or others as a result of a mental disorder and requires immediate continuous skilled observation at the acute level of care.

Radiation Therapy Services. The treatment of diseases by x-ray, radium, or radioactive isotopes when ordered by the attending physician.

Referral. The act or an instance of referring a CHAMPUS beneficiary to another authorized provider to obtain necessary medical treatment. Under CHAMPUS, only a physician may make referrals.

Registered Nurse. A person who is prepared specially in the scientific basis of nursing, who is a graduate of a school of nursing, and who is registered for practice after examination by a state board of nurse examiners or similar regulatory authority, who holds a current, valid license, and who is entitled legally to use the designation R.N.

Representative. Any person who has been appointed by a party to the initial determination as counsel or advisor and who is otherwise eligible to serve as the counsel or advisor of the party to the initial determination, particularly in connection with a hearing.

Resident (Medical). A graduate physician or dentist who has an M.D. or D.O. degree, or D.D.S. or D.M.D. degree, respectively, is licensed to practice, and who chooses to remain on the house staff of a hospital to get further training that will qualify him or her for a medical or dental specialty.

Residential Treatment Center (RTC). A facility (or distinct part of a facility) which meets the criteria in Chapter 6.B.4.

Retiree. A member or former member of a Uniformed Service who is entitled to retired, retainer, or equivalent pay based on duty in a Uniformed Service.

Routine Eye Examinations. The services rendered in order to determine the refractive state of the eyes.

Sanction. For purpose of Chapter 9, "sanction" means a provider exclusion, suspension, or termination.

Secondary Payer. The plan or program whose medical benefits are payable in double coverage situations only after the primary payer has adjudicated the claim.

Semiprivate Room. A room containing at least two beds. If a room is designated publicly as a semiprivate accommodation by the hospital or other authorized institutional provider and contains multiple beds, it qualifies as a semiprivate room for the purposes of CHAMPUS.

Skilled Nursing Facility. An institution (or a distinct part of an institution) that meets the criteria as set forth in subsection B.4. of Chapter 6 of this Regulation.

Skilled Nursing Service. A service that can only be furnished by an R.N., or L.P.N. or L.V.N., and is required to be performed under the supervision of a physician to ensure the safety of the patient and achieve the medically desired result. Examples of skilled nursing services are intravenous or intramuscular injections, levin tube or gastrostomy feedings, or tracheotomy aspiration and insertion. Skilled nursing services are other than those services that provide primarily support for the essentials of daily living or that could be performed by an untrained adult with minimum instruction or supervision.

Special Tutoring. Teaching or instruction provided by a private teacher to an individual usually in a private or separate setting to enhance the educational development of an individual in one or more study areas.

Spectacles, Eyeglasses, and Lenses. Lenses, including contact lenses, that help to correct faulty vision.

Sponsor. An active duty member, retiree, or deceased active duty member or retiree, of a Uniformed Service upon whose status his or her dependents' eligibility for CHAMPUS is based.

Spouse. A lawful wife or husband regardless of whether or not dependent upon the active duty member or retiree.

Student Status. A dependent of a member or former member of a Uniformed Service who has not passed his or her 23rd birthday, and is enrolled in a full-time course of study in an institution of higher learning.

Suppliers of Portable X-Ray Services. A supplier that meets the conditions of coverage of the Medicare program, set forth in the Medicare regulations (reference (m)), or the Medicaid program in the state in which the covered service is provided.

Surgery. Medically appropriate operative procedures, including related preoperative and postoperative care; reduction of fractures and dislocations; injection and needling procedures of the joints; laser surgery of the eye; and those certain procedures listed in paragraph C.2.a. of Chapter 4 of this Regulation.

Surgical Assistant. A physician (or dentist or podiatrist) who assists the operating surgeon in the performance of a covered surgical service when such assistance is certified as necessary by the attending surgeon, when the type of surgical procedure being performed is of such complexity and seriousness as to require a surgical assistant, and when interns, residents, or other house staff are not available to provide the surgical assistance services in the specialty area required.

Suspension of Claims Processing. The temporary suspension of processing (to protect the government's interests) of claims for care furnished by a specific provider (whether the claims are submitted by the provider or beneficiary) or claims submitted by or on behalf of a specific CHAMPUS beneficiary pending action by the Director, OCHAMPUS, or a designee, in a case of suspected fraud or abuse. The action may include the administrative remedies provided for in Chapter 9 or any other Department of Defense issuance (e.g. DoD issuances implementing the Program Fraud Civil Remedies Act), case development or investigation by OCHAMPUS, or referral to the Department of Defense-Inspector General or the Department of Justice for action within their cognizant jurisdictions.

Timely Filing. The filing of CHAMPUS claims within the prescribed time limits as set forth in Chapter 7 of this Regulation.

Treatment Plan. A detailed description of the medical care being rendered or expected to be rendered a CHAMPUS beneficiary seeking approval for inpatient benefits for which preauthorization is required as set forth in section B. of Chapter 4 of this Regulation. A treatment plan must include, at a minimum, a diagnosis (either ICD-9-CM or DSM-III); detailed reports of prior treatment, medical history, family history, social history, and physical examination; diagnostic test results; consultant's reports (if any); proposed treatment by type (such as surgical, medical, and psychiatric); a description of who is or will be providing treatment (by discipline or specialty); anticipated frequency, medications, and specific goals of treatment; type of inpatient facility required and why (including length of time the related inpatient stay will be required); and prognosis. If the treatment plan involves the transfer of a CHAMPUS patient from a hospital or another inpatient facility, medical records related to that inpatient stay also are required as a part of the treatment plan documentation.

Uniformed Services. The Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, Coast Guard, Commissioned Corps of the USPHS, and the Commissioned Corps of the NOAA.

Veteran. A person who served in the active military, naval, or air service, and who was discharged or released therefrom under conditions other than dishonorable.

NOTE: Unless the veteran is eligible for "retired pay," "retirement pay," or "retainer pay," which refers to payments of a continuing nature and are payable at fixed intervals from the government for military service neither the veteran nor his or her dependents are eligible for benefits under CHAMPUS.

Well-Baby Care. A specific program of periodic health screening, developmental assessment, and routine immunization for children from birth up to 2 years.

Widow or Widower. A person who was a spouse at the time of death of the active duty member or retiree and who has not remarried.

Worker's Compensation Benefits. Medical benefits available under any worker's compensation law (including the Federal Employees Compensation Act), occupational disease law, employer's liability law, or any other legislation of similar purpose, or under the maritime doctrine of maintenance, wages, and cure.

X-Ray Services. An x-ray examination from which an x-ray film or other image is produced, ordered by the attending physician when necessary and rendered in connection with a medical or surgical diagnosis or treatment of an illness or injury, or in connection with maternity or well-baby care.

CHAPTER 4

BASIC PROGRAM BENEFITS

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>SECTION</u>	<u>Page</u>
A. General.	4-1
1. Scope of benefits.	4-1
2. Persons eligible for Basic Program benefits.	4-1
3. Authority to act for CHAMPUS.	4-1
4. Status of patient controlling for purposes of cost-sharing.	4-1
5. Right to information.	4-1
6. Physical examinations.	4-2
7. Timely filing of claims.	4-2
8. Double coverage and third party recoveries.	4-2
9. Nonavailability Statements (DD Forms 1251).	4-3
a. Rules applicable to issuance of Nonavailability Statement (DD Form 1251).	4-3
b. Beneficiary responsibility.	4-3
c. Rules in effect at time civilian medical care is provided apply.	4-3
d. Nonavailability Statement (DD Form 1251) must be filed with applicable claim.	4-3
e. Nonavailability Statement (MAS) and Claims Adjudication.	4-4
10. Utilization review and quality assurance.	4-4
11. Preauthorization.	4-4
a. Purpose of Preauthorization.	4-4
b. Admissions to authorized institutions requiring preauthorization.	4-4
c. Other preauthorization requirements.	4-5
12. Utilization review, quality assurance and preauthorization for inpatient mental health services and partial hospitalization	4-5
a. In General.	4-5
b. Preadmission authorization.	4-5
13. Implementing instructions.	4-6
B. Institutional Benefits.	4-6
1. General.	4-6
a. Billing practices.	4-6
b. Successive inpatient admissions.	4-6a
c. Related services and supplies.	4-6a
d. Inpatient, appropriate level required.	4-6a
e. General or special education not covered.	4-6a
2. Covered hospital services and supplies.	4-6a
a. Room and board.	4-6a
b. General staff nursing services.	4-6a
c. ICU.	4-7
d. Operating room, recovery room.	4-7
e. Drugs and medicines.	4-7
f. Durable medical equipment, medical supplies, and dressings.	4-7
g. Diagnostic services.	4-7

SECTION

	<u>Page</u>
h. Anesthesia.	4-7
i. Blood.	4-7
j. Radiation therapy.	4-7
k. Physical therapy.	4-7
l. Oxygen.	4-7
m. Intravenous injections.	4-7
n. Shock therapy.	4-7
o. Chemotherapy.	4-7
p. Renal and peritoneal dialysis.	4-7
q. Psychological evaluation tests.	4-8
r. Other medical services.	4-8
3. Covered services and supplies provided by special medical treatment institutions or facilities, other than hospitals or RTCs.	4-8
a. Room and board.	4-8
b. General staff nursing services.	4-8
c. Drugs and medicines.	4-8
d. Durable medical equipment, medical supplies, and dressings.	4-8
e. Diagnostic services.	4-8
f. Blood.	4-8
g. Physical therapy.	4-8
h. Oxygen.	4-8
i. Intravenous injections.	4-8
j. Shock therapy.	4-8
k. Chemotherapy.	4-9
l. Psychological evaluation tests.	4-9
m. Renal and peritoneal dialysis.	4-9
n. Other medical services.	4-9
4. Services and supplies provided by RTCs.	4-9
a. Room and board.	4-9
b. Patient assessment.	4-9
c. Diagnostic services.	4-9
d. Psychological evaluation tests.	4-9
e. Treatment of mental disorders.	4-9
f. Other necessary medical care.	4-9
g. Criteria for determining medical or psychological necessity.	4-9
h. Preauthorization requirement.	4-9a
i. Concurrent review.	4-9b
5. Extent of institutional benefits.	4-9b
a. Inpatient room accommodations.	4-9b
b. General staff nursing services.	4-10
c. ICU.	4-11
d. Treatment rooms.	4-11
e. Drugs and medicines.	4-11
f. Durable medical equipment, medical supplies, and dressings.	4-11
g. Transitional use items.	4-12
h. Anesthetics and oxygen.	4-12
6. Inpatient mental health services.	4-12
a. Criteria for determining medical or psychological necessity	4-12
b. Emergency admissions	4-12a
c. Preauthorization requirements	4-12a
d. Concurrent review	4-12b

SECTION

	<u>Page</u>
7. Emergency inpatient hospital services.	4-12b
a. Existence of medical emergency.	4-13
b. Immediate admission required.	4-13
c. Closest hospital utilized.	4-13
8. RTC day limit.	4-13
9. Inpatient mental health care day limits.	4-13a
10. Psychiatric partial hospitalization services.	4-13b
a. In general.	4-13b
b. Criteria for determining medical/psychological necessity of psychiatric partial hospitalization services.	4-13b
c. Preauthorization and concurrent review requirements.	4-13b
d. Institutional benefits limited to 60 days.	4-13c
e. Waiver of the 60-day partial hospitalization program limit.	4-13c
f. Services and supplies.	4-13c
g. Social services required.	4-13d
h. Educational services required.	4-13d
i. Family therapy required.	4-13d
j. Professional mental health benefits limited.	4-13d
k. Non-mental health related medical services.	4-13d
C. Professional Services Benefit.	4-13d
1. General.	4-13d
a. Billing practices.	4-14
b. Services must be related.	4-14
2. Covered services of physicians and other authorized individual professional providers.	4-14
a. Surgery.	4-14
b. Surgical assistance.	4-15
c. Inpatient medical services.	4-15
d. Outpatient medical services.	4-15
e. Psychiatric services.	4-15
f. Consultation services.	4-15
g. Anesthesia services.	4-15
h. Radiation therapy services.	4-15
i. X-ray services.	4-15
j. Laboratory and pathological services.	4-15
k. Physical medicine services or physiatry services.	4-15
l. Maternity care.	4-15
m. Well-baby care.	4-15
n. Other medical care.	4-15
o. Private duty (special) nursing services.	4-15
p. Routine eye examinations.	4-16
3. Extent of professional benefits.	4-16
a. Multiple surgery.	4-16
b. Different types of inpatient care, concurrent.	4-16
c. Need for surgical assistance.	4-17
d. Aftercare following surgery.	4-17
e. Cast and sutures, removal.	4-17
f. Inpatient care, concurrent.	4-17
g. Consultants who become the attending surgeon.	4-17
h. Anesthesia administered by the attending physician.	4-18
i. Treatment of mental disorders.	4-18
j. Physical and occupational therapy.	4-20
k. Well-baby care.	4-20
l. Private duty (special) nursing.	4-21

SECTION

	<u>Page</u>
D. Other Benefits.	4-23
1. General.	4-23
2. Billing practices.	4-24
3. Other covered services and supplies.	4-24
a. Blood.	4-24
b. Durable medical equipment.	4-24
c. Medical supplies and dressings (consumables).	4-25
d. Oxygen.	4-25
e. Ambulance.	4-25
f. Prescription drugs and medicines.	4-26
g. Prosthetic devices.	4-26
h. Orthopedic braces and appliances.	4-27
E. Special Benefit Information.	4-27
1. General.	4-27
2. Abortion.	4-27
3. Family planning.	4-27
a. Birth control (such as contraception).	4-27
b. Genetic testing.	4-28
4. Treatment of alcoholism.	4-29
a. Emergency and inpatient hospital services.	4-29
b. Authorized alcoholism treatment.	4-29
c. Exclusions.	4-30
d. Confidentiality.	4-30
5. Organ transplants.	4-30
a. Recipient costs.	4-30
b. Donor costs.	4-30
c. General limitations.	4-31
d. Kidney acquisition.	4-31
e. Liver Transplants.	4-31
f. Heart Transplants.	4-31b
6. Eyeglasses, spectacles, contact lenses, or other optical devices.	4-31c
a. Exception to general exclusion.	4-31c
b. Limitations.	4-32
7. Transsexualism or hermaphroditism.	4-32
8. Cosmetic, reconstructive, or plastic surgery.	4-32
a. Limited benefits under CHAMPUS.	4-33
b. General exclusions.	4-33
c. Noncovered surgery, all related services and supplies excluded.	4-33a
d. Examples of noncovered cosmetic, reconstructive, or plastic surgery procedures.	4-34
9. Complications (unfortunate sequelae) resulting from noncovered initial surgery or treatment.	4-35
10. Dental.	4-35
a. Adjunctive dental care, limited.	4-35
b. General exclusions.	4-36
c. Preauthorization required.	4-36
d. Covered oral surgery.	4-36
e. Inpatient hospital stay in connection with non-adjunctive, noncovered dental care.	4-36a
11. Drug abuse.	4-37
a. Limitations on who can prescribe drugs.	4-37
b. Drug maintenance programs excluded.	4-37
c. Kinds of prescription drugs that are monitored carefully by CHAMPUS for possible abuse situations.	4-37

SECTIONPage

d.	CHAMPUS fiscal intermediary responsibilities.	4-38
e.	Unethical or illegal provider practices related to drugs.	4-38
f.	Detoxification.	4-38
12.	Custodial care.	4-39
a.	Kinds of conditions that can result in custodial care.	4-39
b.	Benefits available in connection with a custodial care case.	4-39
c.	Exception to custodial care exclusion, admission to a hospital.	4-40
d.	Reasonable care for which benefits were authorized or reimbursed before June 1, 1977.	4-40
13.	Domiciliary care.	4-40
a.	Examples of domiciliary care situations.	4-40
b.	Benefits available in connection with a domiciliary care case.	4-41
c.	General exclusion.	4-41
14.	CT scanning.	4-41
a.	Approved CT scan services.	4-41
b.	Review guidelines and criteria.	4-41
15.	Morbid obesity.	4-41
a.	Conditions for coverage.	4-41
b.	Exclusions.	4-42
16.	Maternity care.	4-42
a.	Benefit.	4-42
b.	Cost-share.	4-42
17.	Biofeedback.	4-42a
a.	Benefits provided.	4-42a
b.	Limitations.	4-42a
c.	Exclusions.	4-42a
d.	Provider requirements.	4-42a
e.	Implementation guidelines.	4-42a
18.	Cardiac Rehabilitation.	4-42a
a.	Benefits provided.	4-42b
b.	Limitations.	4-42b
c.	Exclusions.	4-42b
d.	Provider requirements.	4-42b
e.	Payment.	4-42b
f.	Implementation guidelines.	4-42b
F.	Beneficiary or Sponsor Liability.	4-42b
1.	General.	4-42b
2.	Dependents of active duty members of the Uniformed Services.	4-42c
a.	Annual fiscal year deductible for outpatient services or supplies.	4-42c
b.	Inpatient cost-sharing.	4-43

SECTIONPage

c.	Outpatient cost-sharing.	4-44
d.	Ambulatory surgery.	4-44
e.	Psychiatric partial hospitalization services.	4-44
3.	Retirees, dependents of retirees, dependents of deceased active duty members, and dependents of deceased retirees.	4-44
a.	Annual fiscal year deductible for outpatient services or supplies.	4-44
b.	Inpatient cost-sharing.	4-45
c.	Outpatient cost-sharing.	4-45
d.	Psychiatric partial hospitalization services.	4-45
4.	Former spouses.	4-45
a.	Annual fiscal year deductible for outpatient services or supplies.	4-45
b.	Inpatient cost-sharing.	4-45
c.	Outpatient cost-sharing.	4-45
5.	Cost-sharing under the Military-Civilian Health Services Partnership Program.	4-45
a.	External partnership agreement.	4-45
b.	Internal partnership agreement.	4-46
6.	Amounts over CHAMPUS-determined allowable costs or charges.	4-46
a.	Participating provider.	4-46
b.	Nonparticipating providers.	4-46
7.	[Reserved]	
8.	Cost-sharing for services provided under special discount arrangements.	4-46a
a.	General rule.	4-46a
b.	Specific applications.	4-46a
G.	Exclusions and Limitations.	4-46a
1.	Not medically or psychologically necessary.	4-46a
2.	Unnecessary diagnostic tests.	4-46a
3.	Institutional level of care.	4-46a
4.	Diagnostic admission.	4-46a
5.	Unnecessary postpartum inpatient stay, mother or newborn.	4-47
6.	Therapeutic absences.	4-47
7.	Custodial care.	4-47
8.	Domiciliary care.	4-47
9.	Rest or rest cures.	4-47
10.	Amounts above allowable costs or charges.	4-47
11.	No legal obligation to pay, no charge would be made.	4-47
12.	Furnished without charge.	4-47
13.	Furnished by local, state, or Federal Government.	4-47
14.	Study, grant, or research programs.	4-47
15.	Not in accordance with accepted standards, experimental or investigational.	4-48
16.	Immediate family, household.	4-48

SECTION

Page

17. Double coverage.	4-48
18. Nonavailability Statement required.	4-48
19. Preauthorization required.	4-48
20. Psychoanalysis or psychotherapy, part of education.	4-48
21. Runaways.	4-48
22. Services or supplies ordered by a court or other government agency.	4-48
23. Work-related (occupational) disease or injury.	4-48
24. Cosmetic, reconstructive, or plastic surgery.	4-48
25. Surgery, psychological reasons.	4-48
26. Electrolysis.	4-49
27. Dental care.	4-49
28. Obesity, weight reduction.	4-49
29. Transsexualism or hermaphroditism.	4-49
30. Sexual dysfunctions or inadequacies.	4-49
31. Corns, calluses, and toenails.	4-49
32. Dyslexia.	4-49
33. Surgical sterilization, reversal.	4-49
34. Artificial insemination, in-vitro fertilization, gamete intrafallopian transfer and all other similar reproductive technologies.	4-49
35. Nonprescription contraceptives.	4-49
36. Tests to determine paternity or sex of a child.	4-49
37. Preventive care.	4-49
38. Chiropractors and naturopaths.	4-50
39. Counseling.	4-50
40. Acupuncture.	4-50
41. Hair transplants, wigs, or hairpieces.	4-50
a. Benefits provided.	4-50
b. Exclusions.	4-50
42. Education or training	4-51
43. Reserved.	4-51
44. Exercise.	4-51
45. Audiologist, speech therapist.	4-51
46. Vision care.	4-51
47. Eye and hearing examinations.	4-51
48. Prosthetic devices.	4-51
49. Orthopedic shoes.	4-51
50. Eyeglasses.	4-51
51. Hearing aids.	4-51
52. Telephonic services.	4-51
53. Air conditioners, humidifiers, dehumidifiers, and purifiers.	4-51
54. Elevators or chair lifts.	4-51
55. Alterations.	4-51
56. Clothing.	4-51
57. Food, food substitutes.	4-51

SECTIONPage

58. Enuresis.	4-52
59. Reserved.	4-52
60. Autopsy and postmortem.	4-52
61. Camping.	4-52
62. Housekeeper, companion.	4-52
63. Noncovered condition, unauthorized provider.	4-52
64. Comfort or convenience.	4-52
65. "Stop smoking" programs.	4-52
66. Megavitamin psychiatric therapy, orthomolecular psychiatric therapy.	4-52
67. Transportation.	4-52
68. Travel.	4-52
69. Institutions.	4-52
70. Supplemental diagnostic services.	4-52
71. Supplemental consultations.	4-52
72. Inpatient mental health services.	4-52
73. Economic interest in connection with mental health admissions.	4-53
74. Not specifically listed.	4-53
H. Payment and Liability for Certain Potentially Excludable Services Under the Peer Review Organization Program.	4-53
1. Applicability.	4-53
2. Payment for certain potentially excludable expenses.	4-53
3. Liability for certain excludable services.	4-54
4. Criteria for determining that beneficiary knew or could reasonably be expected to have known that services were excludable.	4-54
5. Criteria for determining that provider knew or could reasonably have been expected to have known that that services were excludable.	4-54

c. Documentation for preauthorization - approved treatment plan. A request for preauthorization described in subsection A.11. of this chapter, requires submission of a detailed treatment plan, in accordance with guidelines and procedures issued by the Director, OCHAMPUS.

d. Other preauthorization requirements

(1) The Director, OCHAMPUS, or a designee, shall respond to all requests for preauthorization in writing and shall send notification of approval or denial to the beneficiary.

(2) The Director, OCHAMPUS, or a designee, shall specify, in the approved preauthorization, the services and supplies the approval covers.

(3) An approved preauthorization is valid only for 90 days from the date of issuance. If the preauthorized services and supplies are not obtained or commenced within the 90-day period, a new preauthorization request is required.

(4) A preauthorization may set forth other special limits or requirements as indicated by the particular case or situation for which preauthorization is being issued.

12. Utilization review, quality assurance and preauthorization for inpatient mental health services and partial hospitalization.

a. In general. The Director, OCHAMPUS shall provide, either directly or through contract, a program of utilization and quality review for all mental health care services. Among other things, this program shall include mandatory preadmission authorization before nonemergency inpatient mental health services may be provided and mandatory approval of continuation of inpatient services within 72 hours of emergency admissions. This program shall also include requirements for other pretreatment authorization procedures, concurrent review of continuing inpatient and partial hospitalization care, retrospective review, and other such procedures as determined appropriate by the Director, OCHAMPUS. The provisions of paragraph H of this chapter and paragraph F, Chapter 15, shall apply to this program. The Director, OCHAMPUS, shall establish, pursuant to paragraph F., Chapter 15, procedures substantially comparable to requirements of paragraph H of this chapter and Chapter 15. If the utilization and quality review program for mental health care services is provided by contract, the contractor(s) need not be the same contractor(s) as are engaged under Chapter 15 in connection with the review of other services.

b. Preadmission authorization.

(1) This section generally requires preadmission authorization for all nonemergency inpatient mental health services and prompt continued stay authorization after emergency admissions. It also requires preadmission authorization for all admissions to a partial hospitalization program, without exception, as the concept of an emergency admission does not pertain to a partial hospitalization level of care. Institutional services for which payment would otherwise be authorized, but which were provided without compliance with preadmission authorization requirements, do not qualify for the same payment that would be provided if the preadmission requirements had been met.

(2) In cases of noncompliance with preadmission authorization requirements, institutional payment will be reduced by the amount attributable to the days of services without the appropriate certification up to a maximum of five days of services. In cases in which payment is determined on a prospectively set per-discharge basis (such as the DRG-based payment system), the reduction shall be \$500 for each day of services provided without the appropriate preauthorization, up to a maximum of five days of services.

(3) For purposes of paragraph A.12.b.(2) of this chapter, a day of services without the appropriate preauthorization is any day of services provided prior to:

- (a) the receipt of an authorization; or
- (b) the effective date of an authorization subsequently received.

(4) Services for which payment is disallowed under paragraph A.12.b.(2) of this chapter may not be billed to the patient (or the patient's family).

13. Implementing instructions. The Director, OCHAMPUS, or a designee, shall issue policies, instructions, procedures, guidelines, standards, or criteria as may be necessary to implement the intent of this Regulation.

B. INSTITUTIONAL BENEFITS

1. General. Services and supplies provided by an institutional provider authorized as set forth in Chapter 6 of this Regulation may be cost-shared only when such services or supplies (i) are otherwise authorized by this Regulation; (ii) are medically necessary; (iii) are ordered, directed, prescribed, or delivered by an OCHAMPUS-authorized individual professional provider as set forth in Chapter 6 of this Regulation or by an employee of the authorized institutional provider who is otherwise eligible to be a CHAMPUS authorized individual professional provider; (iv) are delivered in accordance with generally accepted norms for clinical practice in the United States; (v) meet established quality standards; and (vi) comply with applicable definitions, conditions, limitations, exceptions, or exclusions as otherwise set forth in this Regulation.

a. Billing practices. To be considered for benefits under this section B., covered services and supplies must be provided and billed for by a hospital or other authorized institutional provider. Such billings must be fully itemized and sufficiently descriptive to permit CHAMPUS to determine whether benefits are authorized by this Regulation. In the case of continuous care, claims shall be submitted to the appropriate CHAMPUS fiscal intermediary at least every 30 days either by the beneficiary or sponsor or, on a participating basis, directly by the facility on behalf of the beneficiary (refer to Chapter 7).

authorized institution is called in specifically to care for a single patient (individual nursing) or more than one patient (group nursing), whether the patient is billed for the nursing services directly or through the hospital or other institution, such services constitute private duty (special) nursing services and are not eligible for benefits under this paragraph (the provisions of paragraph C.2.o. of this chapter would apply).

c. ICU. An ICU is a special segregated unit of a hospital in which patients are concentrated, by reason of serious illness, usually without regard to diagnosis. Special lifesaving techniques and equipment are available regularly and immediately within the unit, and patients are under continuous observation by a nursing staff specially trained and selected for the care of this type of patient. The unit is maintained on a continuing, rather than an intermittent or temporary, basis. It is not a postoperative recovery room or a postanesthesia room. In some large or highly specialized hospitals, the ICUs may be refined further for special purposes, such as for respiratory conditions, cardiac surgery, coronary care, burn care, or neurosurgery. For purposes of CHAMPUS, these specialized units would be considered ICUs if they otherwise conformed to the definition of an ICU.

d. Treatment rooms. Standard treatment rooms include emergency rooms, operating rooms, recovery rooms, special treatment rooms, and hyperbaric chambers and all related necessary medical staff and equipment. To be recognized for purposes of CHAMPUS, treatment rooms must be so designated and maintained by the hospital or other authorized institution on a continuing basis. A treatment room set up on an intermittent or temporary basis would not be so recognized.

e. Drugs and medicines. Drugs and medicines are included as a supply of a hospital or other authorized institution only under the following conditions:

- (1) They represent a cost to the facility rendering treatment;
- (2) They are furnished to a patient receiving treatment, and are related directly to that treatment; and
- (3) They are ordinarily furnished by the facility for the care and-treatment of inpatients.

f. Durable medical equipment, medical supplies, and dressings. Durable medical equipment, medical supplies, and dressings are included as a supply of a hospital or other authorized institution only under the following conditions:

- (1) If ordinarily furnished by the facility for the care and treatment of patients; and
- (2) If specifically related to, and in connection with, the condition for which the patient is being treated; and
- (3) If ordinarily furnished to a patient for use in the hospital or other authorized institution (except in the case of a temporary or disposable item); and

(4) Use of durable medical equipment is limited to those items provided while the patient is an inpatient. If such equipment is provided for use on an outpatient basis, the provisions of section D. of this chapter apply.

g. Transitional use items. Under certain circumstances, a temporary or disposable item may be provided for use beyond an inpatient stay, when such item is necessary medically to permit or facilitate the patient's departure from the hospital or other authorized institution, or which may be required until such time as the patient can obtain a continuing supply; or it would be unreasonable or impossible from a medical standpoint to discontinue the patient's use of the item at the time of termination of his or her stay as an inpatient.

h. Anesthetics and oxygen. Anesthetics and oxygen and their administration are considered a service or supply if furnished by the hospital or other authorized institution, or by others under arrangements made by the facility under which the billing for such services is made through the facility.

6. Inpatient mental health services. Inpatient mental health services are those services furnished by institutional and professional providers for treatment of a nervous or mental disorder (as defined in Chapter 2) to a patient admitted to a CHAMPUS-authorized acute care general hospital; a psychiatric hospital; or, unless otherwise exempted, a special institutional provider.

a. Criteria for determining medical or psychological necessity. In determining the medical or psychological necessity of acute inpatient mental health services, the evaluation conducted by the Director, OCHAMPUS (or designee) shall consider the appropriate level of care for the patient, the intensity of services required by the patient, and the availability of that care. The purpose of such acute inpatient care is to stabilize a life-threatening or severely disabling condition within the context of a brief, intensive model of inpatient care in order to permit management of the patient's condition at a less intensive level of care. Such care is appropriate only if the patient requires services of an intensity and nature that are generally recognized as being effectively and safely provided only in an acute inpatient hospital setting. In addition to the criteria set forth in this paragraph B.6. of this chapter, additional evaluation standards, consistent with such criteria, may be adopted by the Director, OCHAMPUS (or designee). Acute inpatient care shall not be considered necessary unless the patient needs to be observed and assessed on a 24-hour basis by skilled nursing staff, and/or requires continued intervention by a multidisciplinary treatment team; and in addition, at least one of the following criteria is determined to be met:

- (1) Patient poses a serious risk of harm to self and/or others.
- (2) Patient is in need of high dosage, intensive medication or somatic and/or psychological treatment, with potentially serious side effects.
- (3) Patient has acute disturbances of mood, behavior, or thinking.

(4) For patients in care at the time the inpatient limit is reached, a waiver must be requested prior to the limit. For patients being readmitted after having received 30 or 45 days in the fiscal year, the waiver review will be conducted at the time of the preadmission authorization.

d. Acute care day limits do not apply to services provided under the Program for the Handicapped (Chapter 5 of this Regulation) or services provided as partial hospitalization care.

10. Psychiatric partial hospitalization services.

a. In general. Partial hospitalization services are those services furnished by a CHAMPUS-authorized partial hospitalization program and authorized mental health providers for the active treatment of a mental disorder. All services must follow a medical model and vest patient care under the general direction of a licensed psychiatrist employed by the partial hospitalization center to ensure medication and physical needs of all the patients are considered. The primary or attending provider must be a CHAMPUS authorized mental health provider, operating within the scope of his/her license. These categories include physicians, clinical psychologists, certified psychiatric nurse specialists, clinical social workers, marriage and family counselors, pastoral counselors and mental health counselors. Partial hospitalization services are covered as a basic program benefit only if they are provided in accordance with this paragraph B.10. of this chapter.

b. Criteria for determining medical or psychological necessity of psychiatric partial hospitalization services. Psychiatric partial hospitalization services will be considered necessary only if all of the following conditions are present:

(1) The patient is suffering significant impairment from a mental disorder (as defined in Chapter 2) which interferes with age appropriate functioning.

(2) The patient is unable to maintain himself or herself in the community, with appropriate support, at a sufficient level of functioning to permit an adequate course of therapy exclusively on an outpatient basis (but is able, with appropriate support, to maintain a basic level of functioning to permit partial hospitalization services and presents no substantial imminent risk of harm to self or others).

(3) The patient is in need of crisis stabilization, treatment of partially stabilized mental health disorders, or services as a transition from an inpatient program.

(4) The admission into the partial hospitalization program is based on the development of an individualized diagnosis and treatment plan expected to be effective for that patient and permit treatment at a less intensive level.

c. Preauthorization and concurrent review requirements. All preadmission authorization and concurrent review requirements and procedures applicable to acute mental health inpatient hospital care in paragraphs A.12. and B. of this chapter are applicable to the partial hospitalization program.

except that the criteria for considering medical or psychological necessity shall be those set forth in paragraph B.10.b. of this chapter, and no emergency admissions will be recognized.

d. Institutional benefits limited to 60 days. Benefits for institutional services for partial hospitalization are limited to 60 treatment days (whether a full day or partial day program) in a fiscal year or in an admission. This limit may be extended by waiver.

e. Waiver of the 60-day partial hospitalization program limit. The Director, OCHAMPUS (or designee) may, in special cases, waive the 60-day partial hospitalization benefit and authorize payment for care beyond the 60-day limit.

(1) The criteria for waiver are set forth in paragraph B.10.b. of this chapter. In applying these criteria in the context of waiver request review, special emphasis is placed on determining whether additional days of partial hospitalization are medically/psychologically necessary to complete essential elements of the treatment plan prior to discharge. Consideration is also given in cases in which a patient exhibits well-documented new symptoms or maladaptive behaviors which have appeared in the partial hospitalization setting requiring significant revisions to the treatment plan.

(2) The clinician responsible for the patient's care is responsible for documenting the need for additional days and must establish an estimated length of stay beyond the date of the 60-day limit. There must be evidence of a coherent and specific plan for assessment, intervention and reassessment that reasonably can be accomplished within the time frame of the additional days of coverage requested under the waiver provisions.

(3) For patients in care at the time the partial hospitalization program limit is reached, a waiver must be requested prior to the limit. For patients being readmitted after having received 60 days in the fiscal year, the waiver review will be conducted at the time of the preadmission authorization.

f. Services and supplies. The following services and supplies are included in the per diem rate approved for an authorized partial hospitalization program:

(1) Board. Includes use of the partial hospital facilities such as food service, supervised therapeutically constructed recreational and social activities, and other general services as considered appropriate by the Director, OCHAMPUS, or a designee.

(2) Patient assessment. Includes the assessment of each individual accepted by the facility, and must, at a minimum, consist of a physical examination; psychiatric examination; psychological assessment; assessment of physiological, biological and cognitive processes; developmental assessment; family history and assessment; social history and assessment; educational or vocational history and assessment; environmental assessment; and recreational/activities assessment. Assessments conducted within 30 days prior to admission to a partial program may be used if approved and deemed adequate to permit treatment planning by the partial hospital program.

(3) Psychological testing.

(4) Treatment services. All services, supplies, equipment and space necessary to fulfill the requirements of each patient's individualized diagnosis and treatment plan (with the exception of the five psychotherapy sessions per week which may be allowed separately for individual or family psychotherapy based upon the provisions of B.10.g. of this chapter.) All mental health services must be provided by a CHAMPUS authorized individual professional provider of mental health services. [Exception: PHPs that employ individuals with master's or doctoral level degrees in a mental health discipline who do not meet the licensure, certification and experience requirements for a qualified mental health provider but are actively working toward licensure or certification, may provide services within the all-inclusive per diem rate but the individual must work under the clinical supervision of a fully qualified mental health provider employed by the PHP.]

g. Social services required. The facility must provide an active social services component which assures the patient appropriate living arrangements after treatment hours, transportation to and from the facility, arrangement of community based support services, referral of suspected child abuse to the appropriate state agencies, and effective after care arrangements, at a minimum.

h. Educational services required. Programs treating children and adolescents must ensure the provision of a state certified educational component which assures that patients do not fall behind in educational placement while receiving partial hospital treatment. CHAMPUS will not fund the cost of educational services separately from the per diem rate. The hours devoted to education do not count toward the therapeutic half or full day program.

i. Family therapy required. The facility must ensure the provision of an active family therapy treatment component which assures that each patient and family participate at least weekly in family therapy provided by the institution and rendered by a CHAMPUS authorized individual professional provider of mental health services. There is no acceptable substitute for family therapy. An exception to this requirement may be granted on a case-by-case basis by the Director, OCHAMPUS, or designee, only if family therapy is clinically contraindicated.

j. Professional mental health benefits limited. Professional mental health benefits are limited to a maximum of one session (60 minutes individual, 90 minutes family) per authorized treatment day not to exceed five sessions in any calendar week. These may be billed separately from the partial hospitalization per diem rate only when rendered by an attending, CHAMPUS-authorized mental health professional who is not an employee of, or under contract with, the partial hospitalization program for purposes of providing clinical patient care.

k. Non-mental health related medical services. Separate billing will be allowed for otherwise covered, non-mental health related medical services.

C. PROFESSIONAL SERVICES BENEFIT

1. General. Benefits may be extended for those covered services described in this section C., that are provided in accordance with good medical practice and established standards of quality by physicians or other authorized individual professional providers, as set forth in Chapter 6 of this Regulation. Such benefits are subject to all applicable definitions, conditions, exceptions, limitations, or exclusion as may be otherwise set forth

in this or other chapters of this Regulation. Except as otherwise specifically authorized, to be considered for benefits under this section C., the described services must be rendered by a physician, or prescribed, ordered, and referred medically by a physician to other authorized individual professional providers. Further, except under specifically defined circumstances, there should be an attending physician in any episode of care. (For example, certain services of a clinical psychologist are exempt from this requirement. For these exceptions, refer to Chapter 6.)

a. Billing practices. To be considered for benefits under this section C., covered professional services must be performed personally by the physician or other authorized individual professional provider, who is other than a salaried or contractual staff member of a hospital or other authorized institution, and who ordinarily and customarily bills on a fee-for-service basis for professional services rendered. Such billings must be itemized fully and sufficiently descriptive to permit CHAMPUS to determine whether benefits are authorized by this Regulation. For continuing professional care, claims should be submitted to the appropriate CHAMPUS fiscal intermediary at least every 30 days either by the beneficiary or sponsor, or directly by the physician or other authorized individual professional provider on behalf of a beneficiary (refer to Chapter 7 of this Regulation).

b. Services must be related. Covered professional services must be rendered in connection with and directly related to a covered diagnosis or definitive set of symptoms requiring medically necessary treatment.

2. Covered services of physicians and other authorized individual professional providers

a. Surgery. Surgery means operative procedures, including related preoperative and postoperative care; reduction of fractures and dislocations; injection and needling procedures of the joints; laser surgery of the eye; and the following procedures:

- Bronchoscopy
- Laryngoscopy
- Thoracoscopy
- Catheterization of the heart
- Arteriograph thoracic lumbar
- Esophagoscopy
- Gastrosocopy
- Proctoscopy
- Sigmoidoscopy
- Peritoneoscopy
- Cystoscopy
- Colonoscopy
- Upper G.I. panendoscopy
- Encephalograph
- Myelography
- Discography
- Visualization of intracranial aneurysm by intracarotid injection of dye, with exposure of carotid artery, unilateral

1. Private duty (special) nursing. Benefits are available for the skilled nursing services rendered by a private duty (special) nurse to a beneficiary requiring intensive skilled nursing care that can only be provided with the technical proficiency and scientific skills of an R.N. The specific skilled nursing services being rendered are controlling, not the condition of the patient or the professional status of the private duty (special) nurse rendering the services.

(1) Inpatient private duty (special) nursing services are limited to those rendered to an inpatient in a hospital that does not have an ICU. In addition, under specified circumstances, private duty (special) nursing in the home setting also is covered.

(2) The private duty (special) nursing care must be ordered and certified to be medically necessary by the attending physician.

(3) The skilled nursing care must be rendered by a private duty (special) nurse who is neither a member of the immediate family nor is a member of the beneficiary's household.

[RESERVED]

(4) Private duty (special) nursing care does not, except incidentally, include providing services that provide or support primarily the essentials of daily living or acting as a companion or sitter.

(5) If the private duty (special) nursing care services being performed are primarily those that could be rendered by the average adult with minimal instruction or supervision, the services would not qualify as covered private duty (special) nursing services, regardless of whether performed by an R.N., regardless of whether or not ordered and certified to by the attending physician, and regardless of the condition of the patient.

(6) In order for such services to be considered for benefits, a private duty (special) nurse is required to maintain detailed daily nursing notes, whether the case involves inpatient nursing service or nursing services rendered in the home setting.

(7) Claims for continuing private duty (special) nursing care shall be submitted at least every 30 days. Each claim will be reviewed and the nursing care evaluated whether it continues to be appropriate and eligible for benefits.

(8) In most situations involving private duty (special) nursing care rendered in the home setting, benefits will be available only for a portion of the care, that is, providing benefits only for that time actually required to perform medically necessary skilled nursing services. If full-time private duty (special) nursing services are engaged, usually for convenience or to provide personal services to the patient, CHAMPUS benefits are payable only for that portion of the day during which skilled nursing services are rendered, but in no event is less than 1 hour of nursing care payable in any 24-hour period during which skilled nursing services are determined to have been rendered. Such situations often are better accommodated through the use of visiting nurses. This allows the personal services that are not coverable by CHAMPUS to be obtained at lesser cost from other than an R.N. Skilled nursing services provided by visiting nurses are covered under CHAMPUS.

NOTE: When the services of an R.N. are not available, benefits may be extended for the otherwise covered services of a L.P.N. or L.V.N.

D. OTHER BENEFITS

1. General. Benefits may be extended for the allowable charge of those other covered services and supplies described in this section D., which are provided in accordance with good medical practice and established standards of quality by those other authorized providers described in Chapter 6 of this Regulation. Such benefits are subject to all applicable definitions, conditions, limitations, or exclusions as otherwise may be set forth in this or other chapters of this Regulation. To be considered for benefits under this section D., the described services or supplies must be prescribed and ordered by a physician. Other authorized individual professional providers acting within their scope of licensure may also prescribe and order these services and supplies unless otherwise specified in this section D. For example, durable medical equipment and cardiorespiratory monitors can only be ordered by a physician.

2. Billing practices. To be considered for benefits under this Section D., covered services and supplies must be provided and billed for by an authorized provider as set forth in Chapter 6 of this Regulation. Such billing must be itemized fully and described sufficiently, even when CHAMPUS payment is determined under the CHAMPUS DRG-based payment system, so that CHAMPUS can determine whether benefits are authorized by this Regulation. Except for claims subject to the CHAMPUS DRG-based payment system, whenever continuing charges are involved, claims should be submitted to the appropriate CHAMPUS fiscal intermediary at least every 30 days (monthly) either by the beneficiary or sponsor or directly by the provider. For claims subject to the CHAMPUS DRG-based payment system, claims may be submitted only after the beneficiary has been discharged or transferred from the hospital.

3. Other covered services and supplies

a. Blood. If whole blood or plasma (or its derivatives) are provided and billed for by an authorized institution in connection with covered treatment, benefits are extended as set forth in section B. of this chapter. If blood is billed for directly to a beneficiary, benefits may be extended under this section D. in the same manner as a medical supply.

b. Durable medical equipment

(1) Scope of benefit. Subject to the exceptions in paragraphs (2) and (3) below, only durable medical equipment (DME) which is ordered by a physician for the specific use of the beneficiary, and which complies with the definition of "Durable Medical Equipment" in Chapter 2 of this Regulation, and which is not otherwise excluded by this Regulation qualifies as a Basic Program benefit.

(2) Cardiorespiratory monitor exception.

(a) When prescribed by a physician who is otherwise eligible as a CHAMPUS individual professional provider, or who is on active duty with a United States Uniformed Service, an electronic cardiorespiratory monitor, including technical support necessary for the proper use of the monitor, may be cost-shared as durable medical equipment when supervised by the prescribing physician for in-home use by:

1 An infant beneficiary who has had an apparent life-threatening event, as defined in guidelines issued by the Director, OCHAMPUS, or a designee, or,

2 An infant beneficiary who is a subsequent or multiple birth biological sibling of a victim of sudden infant death syndrome (SIDS), or,

3 An infant beneficiary whose birth weight was 1,500 grams or less, or,

4 An infant beneficiary who is a pre-term infant with pathologic apnea, as defined in guidelines issued by the Director, OCHAMPUS, or a designee, or,

(3) Newborn patient in his or her own right. When a newborn infant remains as an inpatient in his or her own right (usually after the mother is discharged), the newborn child becomes the beneficiary and patient and the extended inpatient stay becomes a separate inpatient admission. In such a situation, a new, separate inpatient cost-sharing amount is applied. If a multiple birth is involved (such as twins or triplets) and two or more newborn infants become patients in their own right, a separate inpatient cost-sharing amount must be applied to the inpatient stay for each newborn child who has remained as an inpatient in his or her own right.

c. Outpatient cost-sharing. Dependents of active duty members of the Uniformed Services or their sponsors are responsible for payment of 20 percent of the CHAMPUS-determined allowable cost or charge beyond the annual fiscal year deductible amount (as described in paragraph F.2.a. of this chapter) for otherwise covered services or supplies provided on an outpatient basis by authorized providers.

d. Ambulatory surgery. Notwithstanding the above provisions pertaining to outpatient cost-sharing, dependents of active duty members of the Uniformed Services or their sponsors are responsible for payment of \$25 for surgical care that is authorized and received while in an outpatient status and that has been designated in guidelines issued by the Director, OCHAMPUS, or a designee.

e. Psychiatric partial hospitalization services. Institutional and professional services provided under the psychiatric partial hospitalization program authorized by paragraph B.10. of this chapter shall be cost-shared as inpatient services.

3. Retirees, dependents of retirees, dependents of deceased active duty members, and dependents of deceased retirees. CHAMPUS beneficiary liability set forth for retirees, dependents of retirees, dependents of deceased active duty members, and dependents of deceased retirees is as follows:

a. Annual fiscal year deductible for outpatient services or supplies. The annual fiscal year deductible for otherwise covered outpatient services or supplies provided retirees; dependents of retirees, dependents of deceased active duty members, and dependents of deceased retirees, is the same as the annual fiscal year outpatient deductible applicable to dependents of active duty members of rank E-5 or above (refer to paragraph F.2.a.(1) or (2) of this chapter).

b. Inpatient cost-sharing. Cost-sharing amounts for inpatient services shall be as follows:

(1) Services subject to the CHAMPUS DRG-based payment system. The cost-share shall be the lesser of an amount calculated by multiplying a per diem amount for each day of the hospital stay except the day of discharge or 25 percent of the hospital's billed charges. The per diem amount shall be calculated so that total cost-sharing amounts for these beneficiaries is equivalent to 25 percent of the CHAMPUS-determined allowable costs for covered services or supplies provided on an inpatient basis by authorized providers. The per diem amount shall be published annually by CHAMPUS.

(2) Services subject to the mental health per diem payment system. The cost-share is dependent upon whether the hospital is paid a hospital-specific per diem or a regional per diem under the provisions of subsection A.2. of Chapter 14. With respect to care paid for on the basis of a hospital-specific per diem,

the cost-share shall be 25% of the hospital-specific per diem amount. For care paid for on the basis of a regional per diem, the cost share shall be the lower of a fixed daily amount or 25% of the hospital's billed charges. The fixed daily amount shall be 25% of the per diem adjusted so that total beneficiary cost-shares will equal 25% of total payments under the mental health per diem payment system. This fixed daily amount shall be updated annually and published in the Federal Register along with the per diems published pursuant to subparagraph A.2.d.(2) of Chapter 14.

(3) Other services. For services exempt from the CHAMPUS DRG-based payment system and the CHAMPUS mental health per diem payment system and services provided by institutions other than hospitals, the cost-share shall be 25% of the CHAMPUS-determined allowable charges.

c. Outpatient cost-sharing. Retirees, dependents of retirees, dependents of deceased active duty members, and dependents of deceased retirees are responsible for payment of 25 percent of the CHAMPUS-determined allowable costs or charges beyond the annual fiscal year deductible amount (as described in paragraph F.2.a. of this chapter) for otherwise covered services or supplies provided on an outpatient basis by authorized providers.

d. Psychiatric partial hospitalization services. Institutional and professional services provided under the psychiatric partial hospitalization program authorized by paragraph B.10. of this chapter shall be cost-shared as inpatient services.

4. Former spouses. CHAMPUS beneficiary liability set forth for former spouses eligible under the provisions of paragraph B.2.b. of Chapter 3 is as follows:

a. Annual fiscal year deductible for outpatient services or supplies. An eligible former spouse is responsible for the payment of the first \$100 of the CHAMPUS-determined reasonable costs or charges for otherwise covered outpatient services or supplies provided in any one fiscal year. (Except for services received prior to April 1, 1991, the deductible amount is \$50.00). The former spouse cannot contribute to, nor benefit from, any family deductible of the member or former member to whom the former spouse was married or of any CHAMPUS-eligible children.

b. Inpatient cost-sharing. Eligible former spouses are responsible for the payment of cost-sharing amounts the same as those required for retirees, dependents of retirees, dependents of deceased active duty members, and dependents of deceased retirees.

c. Outpatient cost-sharing. Eligible former spouses are responsible for payment of 25 percent of the CHAMPUS-determined reasonable costs or charges beyond the annual fiscal year deductible amount for otherwise covered services or supplies provided on an outpatient basis by authorized providers.

5. Cost-Sharing under the Military-Civilian Health Services Partnership Program. Cost-sharing is dependent upon the type of partnership program entered into, whether external or internal. (See section P. of Chapter 1, for general requirements of the Military-Civilian Health Services Partnership Program.)

a. External Partnership Agreement. Authorized costs associated with the use of the civilian facility will be financed through CHAMPUS under the normal cost-sharing and reimbursement procedures applicable under CHAMPUS.

CHAPTER 6
AUTHORIZED PROVIDERS

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>SECTION</u>	<u>Page</u>
A. General.	6-1
1. Listing of provider does not guarantee payment of benefits.	6-1
2. Outside the United States or emergency situations within the United States	6-1
3. Dual compensation/conflict of interest.	6-1
4. For-profit institutions excluded under PPTH.	6-2
5. Utilization review and quality assurance.	6-2
6. Exclusion of beneficiary liability.	6-3
7. Provider required.	6-3
8. Participating provider.	6-3
9. Limitation to authorized institutional provider designation.	6-3
10. Authorized provider.	6-3
 B. Institutional Providers.	 6-4
1. General.	6-4
a. Preauthorization.	6-4
b. Billing practices.	6-4
c. Medical records.	6-4
2. Nondiscrimination policy.	6-5
a. Emergency care.	6-5
b. Care rendered before finding of a violation.	6-5
c. Other facility not available.	6-5
3. Procedures for qualifying as a CHAMPUS-approved institutional provider.	6-5
a. JCAHO accreditation status.	6-5
b. Required to comply with criteria.	6-5
c. Notice of peer review rights.	6-6
d. Surveying of facilities.	6-6
e. Institutions not in compliance with CHAMPUS standards.	6-6
f. Participation agreements required for some hospitals which are not Medicare-participating.	6-6
4. Categories of institutional providers.	6-6
a. Hospitals, acute care, general and special.	6-6
b. Liver transplantation centers.	6-7
c. Heart transplantation centers.	6-9
d. Hospitals, psychiatric.	6-11
e. Hospitals, long-term (tuberculosis, chronic care, or rehabilitation).	6-12
f. Skilled nursing facility.	6-12
g. Residential treatment centers.	6-13
h. Christian Science sanatoriums.	6-16
i. Infirmaries.	6-16

SECTIONPage

	j. Other special institutional providers.	6-17
	k. Birthing centers.	6-20b
	l. Psychiatric partial hospitalization programs	6-23
C.	Individual Professional Providers of Care.	6-23a
	1. General.	6-23a
	a. Licensing required, scope of license.	6-23b
	b. Monitoring required.	6-24
	c. Christian Science.	6-24
	d. Physician referral and supervision.	6-24
	e. Medical records.	6-24
	2. Interns and residents.	6-24
	3. Types of providers.	6-25
	a. Physicians.	6-25
	b. Dentists.	6-25
	c. Other allied health professionals.	6-25
	d. Extramedical individual providers.	6-28
D.	Other Providers.	6-32
	1. Independent laboratory.	6-32
	2. Suppliers of portable x-ray services.	6-32
	3. Pharmacies.	6-32
	4. Ambulance companies.	6-32
	5. Medical equipment firms, medical supply firms.	6-32
E.	Implementing Instructions.	6-33
F.	Exclusion.	6-33

NOTE: An infirmary in a boarding school also may qualify under this provision, subject to review and approval by the Director, OCHAMPUS, or a designee.

j. Other special institutional providers.

(1) General

(a) Care provided by certain special institutional providers (on either an inpatient or outpatient basis), may be cost-shared by CHAMPUS under specified circumstances and only if the provider is specifically identified in this paragraph B.4.j.

1 The course of treatment is prescribed by a doctor of medicine or osteopathy.

2 The patient is under the supervision of a physician during the entire course of the inpatient admission or the outpatient treatment.

3 The type and level of care and service rendered by the institution are otherwise authorized by this Regulation.

4 The facility meets all licensing or other certification requirements that are extant in the jurisdiction in which the facility is located geographically.

5 Is other than a nursing home, intermediate care facility, home for the aged, halfway house, or other similar institution.

6 Is accredited by the JCAHO or other CHAMPUS-approved accreditation organization, if an appropriate accreditation program for the given type of facility is available. As future accreditation programs are developed to cover emerging specialized treatment programs, such accreditation will be a prerequisite to coverage by CHAMPUS for services provided by such facilities.

(b) To ensure that CHAMPUS beneficiaries are provided quality care at a reasonable cost when treated by a special institutional provider, the Director, OCHAMPUS, or a designee, will retain the right to:

1 Require prior approval of all admissions to special institutional providers.

2 Set appropriate standards for special institutional providers in addition to or in the absence of JCAHO accreditation.

3 Monitor facility operations and treatment programs on a continuing basis and conduct onsite inspections on a scheduled and unscheduled basis.

4 Negotiate agreements of participation.

5 Terminate approval of a case when it is ascertained that a departure from the facts upon which the admission was based originally has occurred.

6 Declare a special institutional provider not eligible for CHAMPUS payment if that facility has been found to have engaged in fraudulent or deceptive practices.

(c) In general, the following disclaimers apply to treatment by special institutional providers:

1 Just because one period or episode of treatment by a facility has been covered by CHAMPUS may not be construed to mean that later episodes of care by the same or similar facility will be covered automatically.

2 The fact that one case has been authorized for treatment by a specific facility or similar type of facility may not be construed to mean that similar cases or later periods of treatment will be extended CHAMPUS benefits automatically.

(2) Types of providers. The following is a list of facilities that have been designated specifically as special institutional providers.

(a) Free-standing ambulatory surgical centers. Care provided by freestanding ambulatory surgical centers may be cost-shared by CHAMPUS under the following circumstances:

1 The treatment is prescribed and supervised by a physician.

2 The type and level of care and services rendered by the center are otherwise authorized by this Regulation.

3 The center meets all licensing or other certification requirements of the jurisdiction in which the facility is located.

4 The center is accredited by the JCAHO, the Accreditation Association for Ambulatory Health Care, Inc. (AAAHC), or such other standards as authorized by the Director, OCHAMPUS.

5 A childbirth procedure provided by a CHAMPUS-approved free-standing ambulatory surgical center shall not be cost-shared by CHAMPUS unless the surgical center is also a CHAMPUS-approved birthing center institutional provider as established by the birthing center provider certification requirement of this Regulation.

(b) PFTH facilities. Special institutional providers also include facilities that seek approval to provide care authorized under the PFTH. (Refer to Chapter 5 of this Regulation.)

(c) Substance use disorder rehabilitation facilities. In order to be authorized under CHAMPUS as a provider of substance use detoxification, rehabilitative services, outpatient treatment, and family therapy, substance use rehabilitation facilities, both freestanding facilities and hospital-based facilities, shall operate primarily for the purpose of providing treatment of substance use disorders (on either an inpatient (including partial care) or an outpatient basis) and shall meet the following criteria:

1 The course of treatment shall be prescribed by and supervised by a qualified mental health provider (refer to Chapter 4, paragraph C.3.1.) practicing within the scope of his or her license. When indicated by the patient's physical status, the patient shall be under the general supervision of a physician.

2 The type and level of care provided by the facility are otherwise authorized by this Regulation.

3 The facility shall meet all licensing and other certification requirements of the jurisdiction in which the facility is located.

4 The facility shall be accredited by and shall remain in substantial compliance with standards issued by either the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations under the Consolidated Standards Manual, or the Commission Accreditation of Rehabilitation Facilities (CARF) or shall meet such other requirements as the Director, OCHAMPUS, finds necessary in the interest of the health and safety of the individuals who are furnished services in the facility.

5 The facility shall have entered into a participation agreement with OCHAMPUS within which the facility agrees, in part, to:

a Accept payment for its services based on an allowable-cost rate acceptable to the Director, OCHAMPUS, or such other method as determined by the Director, OCHAMPUS;

b Furnish OCHAMPUS with cost data certified to by an independent accounting firm or other agency as authorized by the Director, OCHAMPUS;

c Accept the CHAMPUS-determined rate as payment in full and to collect from the CHAMPUS beneficiary those amounts that represent the beneficiary's liability, as defined in Chapter 4, and charges for services and supplies that are not a benefit of CHAMPUS;

d Make all reasonable efforts acceptable to the Director, OCHAMPUS, to collect those amounts which represent the beneficiary's liability, as defined in Chapter 4;

e Permit access by the Director, OCHAMPUS, to clinical records of CHAMPUS beneficiaries and to the financial and organizational records of the facility;

f Comply with the provisions of Chapter 8, and to submit claims first to all health insurance coverage to which the beneficiary is entitled that is primary to CHAMPUS.

6 The substance use rehabilitation facility shall not be considered to be a CHAMPUS-authorized provider and CHAMPUS benefits shall not be paid for services provided by the substance use rehabilitation facility until the date the participation agreement is signed by the Director, OCHAMPUS, or a designee.

7 The substance use rehabilitation facility is not designated by the Health Care Financing Administration as an alcohol and drug abuse hospital for purposes of applicability of the Medicare prospective payment system.

8 At a minimum, medical records will be maintained in accordance with the JCAHO Consolidated Standard Manual for Child, Adolescent, and Adult Psychiatric, Alcoholism, and Drug Abuse Facilities and Facilities Serving the Mentally Retarded, along with the requirements set forth in Section 199.7(b)(3). The alcohol rehabilitation facility is responsible for assuring that patient services and all treatment are accurately documented and completed in a timely manner.

k. Birthing centers. A birthing center is a freestanding or institution-affiliated outpatient maternity care program which principally provides a planned course of outpatient prenatal care and outpatient childbirth service limited to low-risk pregnancies; excludes care for high-risk pregnancies; limits childbirth to the use of natural childbirth procedures; and provides immediate newborn care.

(1) Certification requirements. A birthing center which meets the following criteria may be designated as an authorized CHAMPUS institutional provider:

(a) The predominant type of service and level of care rendered by the center is otherwise authorized by this Regulation.

(b) The center is licensed to operate as a birthing center where such license is available, or is specifically licensed as a type of ambulatory health care facility where birthing center specific license is not available, and meets all applicable licensing or certification requirements that are extant in the state, county, municipality, or other political jurisdiction in which the center is located.

(i) Professional staff. The center's professional staff is legally and professionally qualified for the performance of their professional responsibilities.

(j) Medical records. The center maintains full and complete written documentation of the services rendered to each woman admitted and each newborn delivered. A copy of the informed consent document required by subparagraph (c), above, which contains the original signature of the CHAMPUS beneficiary, signed and dated at the time of admission, must be maintained in the medical record of each CHAMPUS beneficiary admitted.

(k) Quality assurance. The center has an organized program for quality assurance which includes, but is not limited to, written procedures for regularly scheduled evaluation of each type of service provided, of each mother or newborn transferred to a hospital, and of each death within the facility.

(l) Governance and administration. The center has a governing body legally responsible for overall operation and maintenance of the center and a full-time employee who has authority and responsibility for the day-to-day operation of the center.

1. Psychiatric partial hospitalization programs. Psychiatric partial hospitalization programs must be either a distinct part of an otherwise authorized institutional provider or a freestanding program. The treatment program must be under the general direction of a psychiatrist employed by the partial hospitalization program to ensure medication and physical needs of all the patients are considered. The primary or attending provider must be a CHAMPUS authorized mental health provider, operating within the scope of his/her license. These categories include physicians, clinical psychologists, certified psychiatric nurse specialists, clinical social workers, marriage and family counselors, pastoral counselors and mental health counselors. CHAMPUS reimbursement is limited to programs complying with all requirements of Chapter 4, paragraph B.10. In addition, in order for a partial hospitalization program (PHP) to be authorized, the PHP shall comply with the following requirements:

(1) The PHP shall comply with the CHAMPUS Standards for Partial Hospitalization Programs and Facilities, as promulgated by the Director, OCHAMPUS.

(2) The PHP shall be specifically accredited by and remain in substantial compliance with standards issued by the Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations under the Mental Health Manual (formerly the Consolidated Standards). NOTE: A one-time grace period is being allowed not to exceed April 1, 1994 for this provision only if the provider is already accredited under the JCAHO hospital standards. The provider must agree not to accept any new admissions for CHAMPUS patients for care beyond April 1, 1994, if accreditation and substantial compliance with the Mental Health Manual standards have not been obtained by that date.

(3) The PHP shall be licensed as a partial hospitalization program to provide PHP services within the applicable jurisdiction in which it operates.

(4) The PHP shall accept the CHAMPUS-allowable partial hospitalization program rate, as provided in Chapter 14, paragraph A.2.1., as payment in full for services provided.

(5) The PHP shall comply with all requirements of this section applicable to institutional providers generally concerning preauthorization, concurrent care review, claims processing, beneficiary liability, double coverage, utilization and quality review and other matters.

(6) The PHP must be fully operational and treating patients for a period of at least six months (with at least 30 percent minimum patient census) before an application for approval may be submitted. The PHP shall not be considered a CHAMPUS-authorized provider nor may any CHAMPUS benefits be paid to the facility for any services provided prior to the date the facility is approved by the Director, OCHAMPUS, or designee.

(7) All mental health services must be provided by a CHAMPUS-authorized mental health provider. [Exception: PHPs that employ individuals with master's or doctoral level degrees in a mental health discipline who do not meet the licensure, certification and experience requirements for a qualified mental health provider but are actively working toward licensure or certification, may provide services within the all-inclusive per diem rate but the individual must work under the clinical supervision of a fully qualified mental health provider employed by the PHP.] All other program services shall be provided by trained, licensed staff.

(8) The PHP shall ensure the provision of an active family therapy treatment component which assures that each patient and family participate at least weekly in family therapy provided by the institution and rendered by a CHAMPUS authorized mental health provider.

(9) The PHP must have a written agreement with at least one backup CHAMPUS-authorized hospital which specifies that the hospital will accept any and all CHAMPUS beneficiaries transferred for emergency mental health or medical/surgical care. The PHP must have a written emergency transport agreement with at least one ambulance company which specifies the estimated transport time to each backup hospital.

(10) The PHP shall enter into a participation agreement with the Director, OCHAMPUS, which shall include but which shall not be limited to the following provisions:

(a) The PHP agrees not to bill the beneficiary for services in excess of the cost-share or services for which payment is disallowed for failure to comply with requirements for preauthorization or concurrent care review.

(b) The PHP agrees not to bill the beneficiary for services excluded on the basis of Chapter 4, paragraphs G.1. (not medically necessary), G.3. (inappropriate level of care) or G.7. (custodial care), unless the beneficiary has agreed in writing to pay for the care, knowing the specific care in question had been determined noncovered by CHAMPUS. (A general statement signed at admission as to financial liability does not fulfill this requirement.)

C. INDIVIDUAL PROFESSIONAL PROVIDERS OF CARE

1. General. Individual professional providers of care are those providers who bill for their services on a fee-for-service basis and are not employed or

contracted with by an institutional provider. This category also includes those individuals who have formed professional corporations or associations qualifying as a domestic corporation under section 301.7701-5 of the Internal Revenue Service Regulations (reference (cc)). Such individual professional providers must be licensed or certified by the local licensing or certifying agency for the jurisdiction in which the care is provided; or in the absence of state licensure/certification, be a member of or demonstrate eligibility for full clinical membership in, the appropriate national or professional certifying association that sets standards for the profession of which the provider is a member. Services provided must be in accordance with good medical practice and prevailing standards of quality of care and within recognized utilization norms.

a. Licensing/Certification required, scope of license. Otherwise covered services shall be cost-shared only if the individual professional provider holds a current, valid license or certification to practice his or her profession in the jurisdiction where the service is rendered. Licensure/certification must be at the full clinical practice level. The services provided must be within the scope of the license, certification or other legal authorization. Licensure or certification is required to be a CHAMPUS authorized provider if offered in the jurisdiction where the service is rendered, whether such licensure or certification is required by law or provided on a voluntary basis. The requirement also applies for those categories of providers that would otherwise be exempt by the state because the provider is working in a non-profit, state-owned or church setting. Licensure/certification is mandatory for a provider to become a CHAMPUS-authorized provider.

b. Monitoring required. The Director, OCHAMPUS, or a designee, shall develop appropriate monitoring programs and issue guidelines, criteria, or norms necessary to ensure that CHAMPUS expenditures are limited to necessary medical supplies and services at the most reasonable cost to the government and beneficiary. The Director, OCHAMPUS, or a designee, also will take such steps as necessary to deter overutilization of services.

c. Christian Science. Christian Science practitioners and Christian Science nurses are authorized to provide services under CHAMPUS. Inasmuch as they provide services of an extramedical nature, the general criteria outlined above do not apply to Christian Science services (refer to subparagraph C.3.d.(2), below, regarding services of Christian Science practitioners and nurses).

d. Physician referral and supervision. Physician referral and supervision is required for the services of paramedical providers as listed in subparagraph C.3.c.8. and for marriage and family counselors, pastoral counselors, and mental health counselors. Physician referral means that the physician must actually see the patient, perform an evaluation, and arrive at an initial diagnostic impression prior to referring the patient. Documentation is required of the physician's examination, diagnostic impression, and referral. Physician supervision means that the physician provides overall medical management of the case. The physician does not have to be physically located on the premises of the provider to whom the referral is made. Communication back to the referring physician is an indication of medical management.

e. Medical records: Individual professional providers must maintain adequate clinical records to substantiate that specific care was actually furnished, was medically necessary, and appropriate, and identify(ies) the individual(s) who provided the care. This applies whether the care is inpatient or outpatient. The minimum requirements for medical record documentation are set forth by the following:

- (1) The cognizant state licensing authority;
- (2) The Joint Commission on Accreditation of Healthcare Organizations, or other health care accreditation organizations as may be appropriate;
- (3) Standards of practice established by national medical organizations; and
- (4) This Regulation.

2. Interns and residents. Interns and residents may not be paid directly by CHAMPUS for services rendered to a beneficiary when their services are provided as part of their employment (either salaried or contractual) by a hospital or other institutional provider.

(a) Psychiatric admission evaluation report within 24 hours of admission.

(b) History and physical examination within 24 hours of admission; complete report documented within 72 hours for acute and residential programs and within 3 working days for partial programs.

(c) Individual and family therapy notes within 24 hours of procedure for acute, detoxification and Residential Treatment Center (RTC) programs and within 48 hours for partial programs.

(d) Preliminary treatment plan within 24 hours of admission.

(e) Master treatment plan within 5 calendar days of admission for acute care, 10 days for RTC care, 5 days for full-day partial programs and within 7 days for half-day partial programs.

(f) Family assessment report within 72 hours of admission for acute care and 7 days for RTC and partial programs.

(g) Nursing assessment report within 24 hours of admission.

(h) Nursing notes at the end of each shift for acute and detoxification programs; every ten visits for partial hospitalization; and at least once a week for RTCs.

(i) Daily physician notes for intensive treatment, detoxification, and rapid stabilization programs; twice per week for acute programs; and once per week for RTC and partial programs.

(j) Group therapy notes once per week.

(k) Ancillary service notes once per week.

NOTE: A pattern of failure to meet the above criteria may result in provider sanctions prescribed under Chapter 9 of the Regulation.

4. Double coverage information. When the CHAMPUS beneficiary is eligible for medical benefits coverage through another plan, insurance, or program, either private or Government, the following information must be provided:

a. Name of other coverage. Full name and address of double coverage plan, insurance, or program (such as Blue Cross, Medicare, commercial insurance, and state program).

b. Source of double coverage. Source of double coverage (such as employment, including retirement, private purchase, membership in a group, and law).

c. Employer information. If source of double coverage is employment, give name and address of employer.

d. Identification number. Identification number or group number of other coverage.

5. Right to additional information

a. As a condition precedent to the cost-sharing of benefits under this Regulation or pursuant to a review or audit, whether the review or audit is prospective, concurrent, or retroactive, OCHAMPUS or CHAMPUS contractors may request, and shall be entitled to receive, information from a physician or hospital or other person, institution, or organization (including a local, state, or Federal Government agency) providing services or supplies to the beneficiary for whom claims or requests for approval for benefits are submitted. Such information and records may relate to the attendance, testing, monitoring, examination, diagnosis, treatment, or services and supplies furnished to a beneficiary and, as such, shall be necessary for the accurate and efficient administration of CHAMPUS benefits. This may include requests for copies of all medical records or documentation related to the episode of care. In addition, before a determination on a request for preauthorization or claim of benefits is made, a beneficiary, or sponsor, shall provide additional information relevant to the requested determination, when necessary. The recipient of such information shall hold such records confidential except when:

(1) Disclosure of such information is authorized specifically by the beneficiary;

(2) Disclosure is necessary to permit authorized governmental officials to investigate and prosecute criminal actions; or

(3) Disclosure is authorized or required specifically under the terms of DoD Directives 5400.7 and 5400.11, the Freedom of Information Act, and the Privacy Act (references (i), (j), and (k)) (refer to section M. of Chapter 1 of this Regulation).

b. For the purposes of determining the applicability of and implementing the provisions of Chapters 8 and 9, or any provision of similar purpose of any other medical benefits coverage or entitlement, OCHAMPUS or CHAMPUS fiscal intermediaries, without consent or notice to any beneficiary or sponsor, may release to or obtain from any insurance company or other organization, governmental agency, provider, or person, any information with respect to any beneficiary when such release constitutes a routine use duly published in the Federal Register in accordance with the Privacy Act.

c. Before a beneficiary's claim of benefits is adjudicated, the beneficiary or the provider(s) must furnish to CHAMPUS that information which is necessary to make the benefit determination. Failure to provide the requested

CHAPTER 14
 PROVIDER REIMBURSEMENT METHODS

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>SECTION</u>	<u>Page</u>
A. Hospitals.	14-1
1. CHAMPUS DRG-based payment system.	14-1
a. General.	14-1
b. Applicability of the DRG system.	14-3
c. Determination of payment amounts.	14-6
2. CHAMPUS mental health per diem payment system.	14-13
a. Applicability of the mental health per diem payment system.	14-13
b. Hospital-specific per diems for higher volume hospitals and units.	14-14
c. Regional per diems for lower volume hospitals and units.	14-14
d. Base period and update factors.	14-15
e. Higher volume hospitals.	14-15
f. Payment for hospital based professional services.	14-16
g. Leave days.	14-17
h. Exemptions from the CHAMPUS mental health per diem payment system.	14-17
i. Per diem payment for psychiatric partial hospitalization services	14-17
3. Billed charges and set rates.	14-17a
4. CHAMPUS discount rates.	14-18
B. Skilled Nursing Facilities (SNFs).	14-18
C. Reimbursement for Other Than Hospitals and SNFs.	14-18
D. Reimbursement of Freestanding Ambulatory Surgical Centers.	14-18
E. Reimbursement of Birthing Centers.	14-18
F. Reimbursement of Residential Treatment Centers.	14-19
G. Reimbursement of Individual Health-Care Professionals and Other Non-Institutional Health-Care Providers.	14-21
1. Allowable charge method.	14-21
2. All-inclusive rate.	14-22
3. Alternative method.	14-22
H. Reimbursement Under the Military-Civilian Health Services Partnership Program.	14-22
1. Reimbursement of institutional health care providers.	14-22
2. Reimbursement of individual health-care professionals and other non-institutional health care providers.	14-22

<u>SECTION</u>	<u>Page</u>
I. Accommodation of Discounts Under Provider Reimbursement Methods.	14-22
1. General rule.	14-22
2. Special applications.	14-23
3. Procedures.	14-23
J. Outside the United States.	14-23
K. Implementing Instructions.	14-23

notice in accordance with procedures established by the Director, OCHAMPUS, or a designee.

g. Leave days. CHAMPUS shall not pay for days where the patient is absent on leave from the specialty psychiatric hospital or unit. The hospital must identify these days when claiming reimbursement. CHAMPUS shall not count a patient's leave of absence as a discharge in determining whether a facility should be classified as a higher volume hospital pursuant to paragraph A.2.e. of this chapter.

h. Exemptions from the CHAMPUS mental health per diem payment system. The following providers and procedures are exempt from the CHAMPUS mental health per diem payment system.

(1) Non-specialty providers. Providers of inpatient care which are not either psychiatric hospitals or psychiatric specialty units as described in subparagraph A.2.a.(1) of this chapter are exempt from the CHAMPUS mental health per diem payment system. Such providers should refer to subsection A.1. of this chapter for provisions pertinent to the CHAMPUS DRG-based payment system.

(2) DRG 424. Admissions for operating room procedures involving a principal diagnosis of mental illness (services which group into DRG 424) are exempt from the per diem payment system. They will be reimbursed pursuant to the provisions of subsection A.3. of this chapter.

(3) Non-mental health services. Admissions for non-mental health procedures in specialty psychiatric hospitals and units are exempt from the per diem payment system. They will be reimbursed pursuant to the provisions of subsection A.3. of this chapter.

(4) Sole community hospitals. Any hospital which has qualified for special treatment under the Medicare prospective payment system as a sole community hospital and has not given up that classification is exempt.

(5) Hospitals outside the U.S. A hospital is exempt if it is not located in one of the 50 states, the District of Columbia or Puerto Rico.

i. Per diem payment for psychiatric partial hospitalization services.

(1) In general. Psychiatric partial hospitalization services authorized by Chapter 4, paragraph B.10. and provided by institutional providers authorized under Chapter 6, paragraph B.4.1., are reimbursed on the basis of prospectively determined, all-inclusive per diem rates. The per diem payment amount must be accepted as payment in full for all institutional services provided, including board, routine nursing services, ancillary services (includes art, music, dance, occupational and other such therapies), psychological testing and assessments, overhead and any other services for which the customary practice among similar providers is included as part of the institutional charges.

(2) Services which may be billed separately. The following services are not considered as included within the per diem payment amount and may be separately billed when provided by an authorized independent professional provider:

(a) Psychotherapy sessions not included.

Professional services provided by an authorized professional provider (who is not employed by or under contract with the partial hospitalization program) for purposes of providing clinical patient care to a patient in the partial hospitalization program are not included in the per diem rate. They may be separately billed. Professional mental health benefits are limited to a maximum of one session (60 minutes individual, 90 minutes family, etc.) per authorized treatment day not to exceed five sessions in any calendar week.

(b) Non-mental health related medical services.

Those services not normally included in the evaluation and assessment of a partial hospitalization program, non-mental health related medical services, may be separately billed when provided by an authorized independent professional provider. This includes ambulance services when medically necessary for emergency transport.

(3) Per diem rate. For any full day partial hospitalization program (minimum of 6 hours), the maximum per diem payment amount is 40 percent of the average inpatient per diem amount per case paid to both high and low volume psychiatric hospitals and units (as defined in Chapter 14, A.2.) by Federal census region during fiscal year 1990. The average will be based upon CHAMPUS claims processed to completion during the above period and updated to the current year using the same factors as used under the CHAMPUS mental health per diem reimbursement system (as described in Chapter 14, A.2.). A partial hospitalization program of less than 6 hours (with a minimum of three hours) will be paid a per diem rate of 75 percent of the rate for full-day program.

(4) Other requirements. No payment is due for leave days, for days in which treatment is not provided, or for days in which the duration of the program services was less than three hours.

3. Billed charges and set rates. The allowable costs for authorized care in all hospitals not subject to the CHAMPUS DRG-based payment system or the CHAMPUS mental health per diem payment system shall be determined on the basis of billed charges or set rates. Under this procedure the allowable costs may not exceed the lower of:

a. The actual charge for such service made to the general public;
or

b. The allowed charge applicable to the policyholders or subscribers of the CHAMPUS fiscal intermediary for comparable services under comparable circumstances, when extended to CHAMPUS beneficiaries by consent or agreement; or

c. The allowed charge applicable to the citizens of the community

or state as established by local or state regulatory authority, excluding title XIX of the Social Security Act or other welfare program, when extended to CHAMPUS beneficiaries by consent or agreement.

4. CHAMPUS discount rates. The CHAMPUS-determined allowable cost for authorized care in any hospital may be based on discount rates established under section I. of this chapter.

B. SKILLED NURSING FACILITIES (SNFs)

The CHAMPUS-determined allowable cost for reimbursement of a SNF shall be determined on the same basis as for hospitals which are not subject to the CHAMPUS DRG-based payment system.

C. REIMBURSEMENT FOR OTHER THAN HOSPITALS AND SNFs

The Director, OCHAMPUS, or a designee, shall establish such other methods of determining allowable cost or charge reimbursement for those institutions, other than hospitals and SNFs, as may be required.

D. REIMBURSEMENT OF FREESTANDING AMBULATORY SURGICAL CENTERS

Authorized care furnished by freestanding ambulatory surgical centers shall be reimbursed on the basis of the CHAMPUS-determined reasonable cost.

E. REIMBURSEMENT OF BIRTHING CENTERS

1. Reimbursement for maternity care and childbirth services furnished by an authorized birthing center shall be limited to the lower of the CHAMPUS established all-inclusive rate or the center's most-favored all-inclusive rate.

2. The all-inclusive rate shall include the following to the extent that they are usually associated with a normal pregnancy and childbirth: laboratory studies, prenatal management, labor management, delivery, post-partum management, newborn care, birth assistant, certified nurse-midwife professional services, physician professional services, and the use of the facility.

3. The CHAMPUS established all-inclusive rate is equal to the sum of the CHAMPUS area prevailing professional charge for total obstetrical care for a normal pregnancy and delivery and the sum of the average CHAMPUS allowable institutional charges for supplies, laboratory, and delivery room for a hospital inpatient normal delivery. The CHAMPUS established all-inclusive rate areas will coincide with those established for prevailing professional charges and will be updated concurrently with the CHAMPUS area prevailing professional charge database.

4. Extraordinary maternity care services, when otherwise authorized, may be reimbursed at the lesser of the billed charge or the CHAMPUS allowable charge.