GUIDELINES FOR TAILORING DOD-STD-2167A FOR SDS SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT

Robert J. Knapper
Cathy Jo Linn
John Salasin

February 1988

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IDA Paper P-2018 provides the SDIO with guidelines for tailoring of DOD-STD-2167A and related Data Item Descriptions (DIDs), including a suggested interpretation of the review requirements in MIL-STD-1521B for use as guidelines in developing prototype and production software. Although not approved for use, revision A of DOD-STD-2167 was chosen as the subject since it will supersede the current standard in 1987, and because it more adequately addresses modern software technology ideas. The recommendations in this paper are intended to be reflected in Requests for Proposals (RFPs) distributed to vendors proposing to develop SDI software and in contracts let for SDI software acquisition.
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PREFACE

This paper presents guidelines for tailoring the DOD-STD-2167A Software Development Standard to software that may be developed for the Strategic Defense Initiative Organization (SDIO). It is based on a preliminary examination of how DOD-STD-2167A might apply to Strategic Defense System (SDS) software in various stages of research and development. It provides general guidelines for use by SDIO, agents, and contractors.

The document, developed under Task Order T-R5-422, is part of IDA's effort to support the SDIO by providing analyses and recommendations for software activities. The document was reviewed on 16 July 1987 by the members of the following CSED Peer Review: Audrey Hook, Jack Kramer, Catherine McDonald, Sarah Nash, and Robert Winner. In addition, the draft version was externally reviewed by and comments were received from members of the SDIO community.
ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

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Appreciation is also expressed for comments received from reviewers outside of IDA: Danny Cohen - ISI, Albert Small - SRS Technologies, Lt Col Ted Mervosh - ESD Hanscom, Major Frank Maressa - SDIO, James Tremlett - RADC, and LT Marcia Van Wye - USSPACECOM.
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Guidelines for Tailoring DOD-STD-2167A for SDI Related Software Development

1. PURPOSE
This paper provides the SDIO with a recommended tailoring of DOD-STD-2167A and related Data Item Descriptions (DIDs), including a suggested interpretation of the review requirements in MIL-STD-1521B (Technical Reviews and Audits for Systems, Equipments, and Computer Software), for use as guidelines in developing prototype and production software. Although still a draft, Revision A of the Standard was chosen as the subject of this paper since it will supercede the current standard in 1987 and because it more adequately addresses modern software technology ideas. This paper does not suggest that changes be made to the Standard, but rather should be viewed as an interpretation of the Standard. However, based in part on recommendations derived from the initial draft of this paper and other work at IDA, some changes in the Standard have been made. The guidelines in this paper are intended to be reflected in Requests for Proposals (RFPs) distributed to vendors proposing to develop SDI software and in contracts let for SDI software acquisition.

2. SCOPE
Section 3. of this paper outlines the software needs of the SDI and describes how those needs may not be fulfilled with an untailored DOD-STD-2167A. (For reference, a copy of the Standard is found in Appendix D.) The specific tailoring recommendations for DOD-STD-2167A are found in Section 4. and the applicability of MIL-STD-1521B reviews over the range of potential SDI software programs is discussed. Appendix B covers the recommendations for tailoring the associated DIDs. Some notes and disclaimers are in Section 5.

3. BACKGROUND

3.1 SDI Software Needs
The software requirements of SDI Battle Management/Command, Control, and Communications (BM/C3) stretch beyond the current state-of-the-practice in performance, capacity, and adaptability. To meet those requirements in the future, software design and implementation will need to be innovative and must evolve rapidly with the changing edge of technology. Ideas will have to be translated quickly into software prototypes to demonstrate the validity of the technology they represent. In addition, libraries of certified' software components produced acquired for SDI or other Government funded programs will be heavily used.

All aspects of software, from early-on studies of theoretical concepts expressed formally as

'Certified in this case refers to software components guaranteed to be free of 'Trojan Horses' or other hostile entities and which are functionally correct to their specifications.
abstract equations, represented as finite state automata, etc., through to the development, testing, and deployment of entire systems, are actively being pursued today by the computing community for use in a wide range of applications. Although interested in recognizing and supporting emerging technologies, the SDIO may only fund software efforts that result in products expressed in executable software, which are applicable to and/or extensible into Strategic Defense System (SDS) subsystems. Ideally, but not exclusively, the software developed for one phase of the program will be upwardly compatible with succeeding phases. That is, the final software product from one phase becomes the initial specifications for a succeeding phase. This differs from a more traditional approach of funding programs that do not rely on or do not take advantage of prior products as an initial baseline. BM/C3 potential software programs will fall into four general phases:

1. Concept Formulation (CF) - where software is developed to assist in proving concepts, defining technology requirements, or for demonstrating the feasibility or appropriateness of technical approaches.

2. Initial Prototypes (IP) - where software is developed to provide an initial demonstration of components in a system context to assist in defining interfaces and in refining functional requirements.

3. Advanced Prototypes (AP) - where systematic, incrementally advanced, integratable software implementations of the initial prototypes provide detailed functional and performance requirements for system development.

4. Full-Scale Development (FSD) - where complete operational code, evaluated against specific full-scale engineering decision (FSED) criteria, is developed for real-world applications.

The SDIO classifies programs in the CF and IP categories as “technology” programs, while those in AP (and possibly a small number in IP) are classified as “experimental validation” programs. The important point in the classification scheme is not, however, the relationship of the categories to a funding classification, but rather the uses to which the results of a program are to be applied. As a consequence, the requirements and the applicability of military standards will vary among the four categories.

3.2 DOD-STD-2167A

The Defense System Software Development Standard, DOD-STD-2167A (27 October 1987 draft), contains the requirements for the development of mission-critical computer resources (MCCR) software. DOD-STD-2167A is intended to establish “uniform requirements for software development that are applicable throughout the system life cycle.” Although the Standard is intended for use through the entire life cycle and “is not intended to specify or discourage the use of any particular software development method”, it must be tailored to suit the specific contract needs of individual programs. In general, the Standard provides an adequate mechanism for the software development process. Some parts however, require a clarification, additional emphasis, or a specific interpretation to support the software philosophies held by the SDIO.

FSD software will make heavy use of reusable modules from non-developmental software (NDS) libraries of Government furnished software (GFS) components or certified Commercial Off-The Shelf (COTS) software. Procedures for developing, cataloging, storing, accessing, and
controlling certified software components in reusable component libraries will be very complex. A hierarchy of attributes relating to the security certification, fault tolerance, and verifiability of each library entry will have to be established and maintained through an intelligent library management system to make effective reuse of software. A straight-forward top-down design approach would not naturally lend itself to constructing software from these reusable modules. The reuse of software modules often requires an element of the bottom-up approach to design. The Standard supports reuse by requiring the contractor to consider using NDS software (para 4.2.4). However, the specific requirement to exploit reusable software is not emphasized. Tailoring is needed to require development methodologies that apply or encourage this practice.

Similarly, using the classic waterfall life cycle methodology within research activities is constraining. The waterfall method is an unambiguous method for implementing production software, beginning with requirements and proceeding linearly through specifications, design, implementation, and maintenance. With this method however, errors in requirements, specification, and design are not detected until the software is implemented. Finding errors so late in the life cycle adversely impacts not only cost but also delivery schedules. Errors in early phases are especially common in development projects for systems that have not been previously implemented and for which the requirements are not well-defined or understood. To avoid this pitfall, the SDIO is employing a prototyping discipline whereby key portions of the system are developed to ensure the correctness of the system requirements and specifications. Errors detected in the prototyping efforts result in early corrections to the system specification, saving time and helping to keep costs within budget. The Standard supports the use of prototyping by specifically requiring that the "software development process shall include the following major activities, which may overlap and may be applied iteratively or recursively..." (para 4.1.1). Also, the contractor is required to use a systematic and well-documented software development method (para 4.2.1). Prototyping is such a method. However, there is no explicit requirement for prototyping. The SDIO promotion of a prototyping development methodology needs to be reflected in the tailorings.

The SDI software will be developed by a variety of organizations ranging from universities to aerospace firms. The application of DOD-STD-2167A's documentation requirements (para 4.6.4 and Figure 2) needs to be tailored appropriately. For example, the impact of a CF activity conducting technology feasibility studies might become reduced if the activity is mired in formal documentation. It is reasonable that a minimum of formal documentation may be all that is needed with an IP prototype. On the other hand, an FSD activity may not only be constructing an operational product, as opposed to an experimental prototype, but would have well-defined requirements and specifications to use as the required formal documentation. Along the same lines, the formal reviews and audits as specified in MIL-STD-1521B are less applicable for CF and IP activities. The Standard supports this view by allowing the degree to which formal reviews are required to be determined by the contract (para 4.1.2). This is relatively explicit and should not need further clarification through tailoring. However, some suggested documentation and review requirements for various activities are shown in Section 4.4.

Finally, the Standard does not explicitly require the use of Ada and Ada program design language (PDL) as stated in DoD Directives 3405.1 and 3405.2. Even if a waiver for use of a language other than Ada will be requested, the Standard needs to be tailored to reflect

2Ada is a registered trademark of the U.S. Government, Ada Joint Program Office
conformity with DoDDs 3405.1 and 3405.2. In addition, the use of SDI Ada/Process Description Language (SA/PDL) to describe the design of information processing elements of the SDS will be required.

3.3 Related Efforts

In addition to applying military standards to the software development process as a whole, other efforts, such as for testing and evaluation, are underway to "standardize" specific aspects of software development.

A Test and Evaluation Master Plan (TEMP) is being developed to provide guidance for the planning, execution, and reporting of BM/C3 software test and evaluation (T&E) activities. This TEMP will differ from other TEMPs for large and complex software systems, such as the World Wide Military Command and Control Information System (WIS), in that this TEMP identifies the need for formal notations to support the rigorous specification of testing requirements as part of software requirements and specifications.

Since any system cannot be tested except against its specifications, T&E will be facilitated by using a formal notation that provides a grammar for ensuring complete specification of critical software characteristics, their threshold values, and associated testing requirements.

4. RECOMMENDED TAILORINGS

Tailoring is a cost-effective method for applying the requirements to meet the specific needs of particular programs. A well-tailored standard will avoid unnecessary activities during the acquisition and will thereby reduce the cost of the overall software development effort.

The tailoring of the Standard involves three general steps: tailoring the General Requirements in Section 4., tailoring the Specific Requirements in Section 5., and finally tailoring the associated DIDs. To facilitate an understanding of some of the tailoring, additional definitions have been suggested for Section 3. All paragraph or figure references that follow are from the Standard or DIDs. All changes within a paragraph will be denoted with change bars and highlighted with boldface type.

4.1 Additional Definitions

Additions to Section 3. DEFINITIONS.

3.XX Development phases:

3.XX.1 Concept Formulation. Development of software to assist in proving concepts, defining technology requirements, or demonstrating the feasibility or appropriateness of technical approaches.

3.XX.2 Initial Prototypes. Development of software to provide an initial demonstration of components in a system context to assist in defining interfaces and in refining functional requirements.

3.XX.3 Advanced Prototypes. Development of systematic, incrementally advanced, integratable software implementations of initial prototypes to provide detailed functional and performance requirements for system development.

3.XX.4 Full-Scale Development. Development of operational software systems.
undertaken based on an evaluation of prototype and study results with respect to specific full-scale engineering decision criteria.

4.2 General Requirements Tailoring

Changes in Section 4. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS.

para 4.1.1 Software development process. ... The software development process shall include the following major activities, as applicable to the development phase (see Figures 2a-2d) and as specified in the contract:

- a. Preliminary Software Requirements Analysis
- b. Preliminary Design (Initial Prototype)
- c. Iterative Prototype Design Change/Refinement/Expansion
- d. Refined Software Requirements Analysis
- e. Detailed Design
- f. Coding and Unit Testing
- g. CSC Integration and Testing
- h. CSCI Testing

The last item "i", is deleted.

para 4.1.2 Formal reviews/audits. ... Figures 2a through 2d illustrate the occurrence of formal reviews and audits for the four software development phases and shows the relationship of the minimal set of deliverable products to baselines and the Developmental Configuration.

para 4.1.9 Software development library. ... The contractor shall document and implement procedures for controlling software and associated documentation residing within the SDL. The contractor shall also document and implement procedures for cataloging, storing, accessing, and controlling reusable software. The contractor shall maintain the SDL.

para 4.2.4 Non-developmental software. The contractor shall, to the maximum extent possible, incorporate non-developmental software (NDS), such as reusable software that was internally developed or obtainable as Government furnished software (GFS), into the deliverable software. The contractor shall document plans for using NDS. NDS shall be catalogued, stored, and controlled through the procedures for the software development library. NDS may be...
FIGURE 2a. Concept formulation activities and products.
FIGURE 2b. Initial prototypes activities and products.
FIGURE 2c. Advanced prototypes activities and products.
para 4.2.7 High order language. The contractor shall use the High Order Language (HOL) Ada, as required by DoD Directives 3405.1 and 3405.2, to code deliverable software.

The last sentence in para 4.2.7, "If no HOL ...", is deleted.

para 4.2.8 Design and coding standards. The contractor shall document and implement the Ada PDL and Ada coding standards to be used in the development of deliverable software. In addition, the contractor shall use SDI Ada Process Description Language to provide a formal description of the design for simulation and evaluation prior to the development of code. Software coding standards shall comply with the requirements specified in Appendix B.

4.3 Detailed Requirements Tailoring

Changes in Section 5. DETAILED REQUIREMENTS.
No changes.

4.4 Data Item Descriptions

The DIDs associated with DOD-STD-2167A describe a concise and complete set of documents for recording information required by the Standard. As with the Standard itself, the DIDs may be tailored. The Contract Data Requirements List (CDRL), DD Form 1423, incorporated into a contract identifies the data requirements that shall be developed as specified by approved DIDs. Not every DID associated with the Standard is applicable to every contract however. Appendix B in this paper provides a tailoring of those DIDs requiring modification to maintain consistency with the Standard as tailored by this paper. Applicability, tailoring, etc. of the other DIDs is contract dependent. In addition, there are items for which DIDs do not exist, e.g. the Program Report for CF activities. Preparation of draft DIDs for these items may be considered as a future effort.

4.5 Documentation and Review Requirements (MIL-STD-1521B)

The SDIO will potentially fund programs at all four phases of development. As stated before, these programs are varying in their scope of activities and deliverable products. Therefore, it is reasonable that the documentation and review requirements across these four phases will also vary. Fundamental research performing exploratory development of experimental prototypes may not reach the stage of detailed design, while full-scale engineering development programs will develop completely integrated, operationally tested products.

Specific requirements for documentation and reviews are individually contract dependent and the guidelines for tailoring MIL-STD-1521B are found in Appendix J of that standard. The Standard is very clear in paragraph 100.4.1, "The key to tailoring MIL-STD-1521 is to match the MIL-STD-1521 requirements against the details of the applicable SOW/Contractual task requirements." The following though, may serve as a possible generic solution or as a baseline
for BM/C3 software programs. The mapping of the documentation and reviews listed for the IP and AP phases into the DIDs and MIL-STD-1521B is shown in parentheses.

4.5.1 Concept Formulation

The requirements for CF phase programs are relatively simple. Developing software to prove concepts or for defining requirements is not aimed at producing an operational implementation but rather at developing technology into a feasible demonstration with minimal risks. None of the documents required by DOD-STD-2167A nor the reviews required by MIL-STD-1521B are applicable. However, all SDIO funded activities are expected to generate products, either in the form of documents, code, or both. For CF programs the following will be required:

Documentation:

* Program Report consisting of textual documentation describing:
  - Capabilities and functionality of the technology developed
  - Interface with other SDI activities
  - Benefits provided to SDI
  - Approach used to develop this technology
  - Test results from simulating the prototype

* Concepts Prototype Code, either as Ada, SA/PDL, or a specifically approved language

Reviews:

* Concepts Prototype Product Review

4.5.2 Initial Prototypes

IP programs will develop the initial prototypes in SA/PDL, often using the technology demonstrated in CF programs. Preliminary requirements will be derived directly from CF code. Test plans and procedures will also be developed; testing will be conducted and reported. An IP program would need the following documents and formal reviews:

Documentation:

* Initial Prototype Requirements Specification (Preliminary Software Requirements
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Specification)

* Initial Prototype Development Plan (Preliminary Software Development Plan)


* Initial Prototype Source and Object code

* Initial Prototype Test Description (Preliminary Software Test Description)

* Initial Prototype Test Report (Preliminary Software Test Report)

Reviews:


* Initial Prototype Design Review (Preliminary Design Review)

* Initial Prototype Product Review

4.5.3 Advanced Prototypes

Programs in the AP phase will involve systematic, incremental growth of IP prototypes and will result in very nearly the implementation of a complete system or integratable component capable of handling real-world operational constraints in the simulation system. The system design will be taken directly from the SA/PDL of the preceding IP. Structural, functional, and interface organization and procedures will be documented in a software development plan. As the incremental prototypes are produced, tested, and refined, the final requirements and the final design documents will be produced. Test plans and procedures will also be produced; testing will be conducted and reported. An AP program should include the following documentation and reviews:

Documentation:

* Software Prototype Development Plan (Refined Software Development Plan)

* Software Prototype Requirements Specifications (Refined Software Requirements Specification)

* Software Prototype Top-Level Design Documents (Refined Software Top-Level Design Document)

* Software Prototype Detailed Design Document (Software Detailed Design Document)

3Items in "( )" are the relevant DOD-STD-2167A DIDs

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* Software Prototype Source and Object code
* Software Prototype Test Description (Refined Software Test Description)
* Software Prototype Test Report (Refined Software Test Report)

Reviews:

* Final Software Prototype Specification Review (Refined Software Specification Review)
* Final Software Prototype Top-Level Design Review (Refined Preliminary Design Review)
* Final Software Prototype Design Review (Critical Design Review)
* Final Software Prototype Test Readiness Review (Test Readiness Review)
* Final Software Prototype Product Review

4.5.4 Full-Scale Development

A full-scale engineering development program will result in a completely operational, fully integrated, and thoroughly tested software system. The software requirements and detailed design will have been refined from AP programs. From this point, depending on the contract, it is reasonable to produce all of the documentation and prepare for all of the formal reviews specified in DOD-STD-2167A and MIL-STD-1521B by using the waterfall life cycle method as a model.

5. CONCLUSIONS

The 27 October 1987 draft of DOD-STD-2167A and 01 May 1987 drafts of the associated DIDs were used in this paper. This version of DOD-STD-2167A has been forwarded by the Joint Logistical Commanders Joint Policy Coordinating Group on Resource Management to the Defense Product Standards Office for release. Any changes made to the Standard prior to this release should not affect this paper.

As mentioned in the previous section, the requirements for documentation and reviews are contract specific. The SDIO and/or the contracting agency should work with the contractor to correctly specify the appropriate documents and reviews needed.

The Standard, although tuned to more modern methods of software development, must still be tailored to provide a structure for cost-effective software acquisition. The recommendations in this paper are untried. However, a good example, along the same lines, of a completely tailored Standard is currently in draft form out of the System Integration Office of the U.S. Space Command.
APPENDIX A
LIST OF ACRONYMS

ABM  Anti-Ballistic Missile
AP   Advanced Prototypes
BM/C3 Battle Management/Command, Control, Communications
CDRL Contract Data Requirements List
CF   Concept Formulation
COTS Commercial Off-the-Shelf
CSC  Computer Software Component
CSCI Computer Software Configuration Item
DID  Data Item Description
DOD  Department of Defense
FSD  Full-Scale Development
FSED Full-Scale Engineering Decision
GFS  Government Furnished Software
HOL  High Order Language
IP   Initial Prototypes
LLCSC Lower-Level Computer Software Component
MCCR Mission-Critical Computer Resources
NDS  Non-Developmental Software
PDL  Program Design Language
RFP  Request for Proposals
SA/PDL SDL Ada/Process Description Language
SDI  Strategic Defense Initiative
SDIO Strategic Defense Initiative Organization
SDL  Software Development Library
SDP  Software Development Plan
SDS  Strategic Defense System
SOW  Statement of Work
TLSC Top-Level Computer Software Component
WIS  World Wide Military Command and Control Information System
APPENDIX B
Applicable Data Item Description Tailorings

B.1 Software Development Plan (DI-MCCR-80030A)

Changes in Section 10. PREPARATION INSTRUCTIONS

para 10.2.5.9 Software development library. This paragraph shall be numbered 3.9 and shall
describe the software development library (SDL) to be used by the contractor for controlling
the software and associated documentation. This paragraph shall include a description of the
contractor's procedures and methods for establishing and implementing the SDL, the contractor's
access and control procedures for data stored in the SDL, and the contractor's procedures
for cataloging, storing, and accessing reusable component software.

para 10.2.6.2.1 Software development techniques and methodologies. This subparagraph
shall be numbered 4.2.1 and identify and describe the techniques and methodologies the
contractor plans to use to perform:

- a. Preliminary Software Requirements Analysis (including structured requirements
   analysis tools, techniques, or a combination of both)
- b. Preliminary Design (Initial Prototype)
- c. Iterative Prototype Design Change/Refinement/Expansion
- d. Refined Software Requirements Analysis
  - e. Detailed Design
  - f. Coding and Unit Testing
  - g. CSC Integration and Testing
  - h. CSCI Testing

para 10.2.6.2.4 Design standards. This subparagraph shall be numbered 4.2.4 and shall
reference the Ada PDL design standards the contractor will use in developing the
software. This subparagraph shall also reference the SA/PDL used for process
description.

The last sentence in para 10.2.6.2.4, "If the contractor ..." is deleted.

para 10.2.6.2.5 Coding standards. This subparagraph shall be numbered 4.2.5 and shall
reference the Ada coding standards in the contractor will use in developing the
software. Any planned modifications to the referenced coding standards shall be documented in
this subparagraph.

The second sentence in para 10.2.6.2.5, "If the contractor ..." is deleted.
B.2 Software Requirements Specification (DI-MCCR-80025A)

para 10.2.5.3.1 Programming language(s). This subparagraph shall be numbered 3.3.1 and shall reference the Ada programming language required by DoDDs 3405.1 and 3405.2, to be used to implement the CSCI.

para 10.2.5.3.2 Coding standards. This subparagraph shall be numbered 3.3.2 and shall specify directly or by reference the Ada coding standards under which the CSCI shall be implemented.

para 10.2.5.3.3 Compiler/assembler. This subparagraph shall be numbered 3.3.3 and shall specify the Ada compiler to be used to translate the CSCI implementation.

para 10.2.5.4.1 Design standards. This subparagraph shall be numbered 3.4.1 and shall specify directly or by reference the Ada PDL standards under which the CSCI shall be implemented.

B.3 Software Product Specification (DI-MCCR-80029A)

para Compiler/assembler. This paragraph shall be numbered 3.5 and shall specify the Ada compiler used to translate the source code.
APPENDIX C
REFERENCES


2. Software Development Plan, DI-MCCR-80030A, Data Item Description, prepared by NAVY-EC, 01 May 1987 draft.


DRAFT

MILITARY STANDARD

DEFENSE SYSTEM

SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT

AMSC NO. ______

DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT A.

AREA MCCR

Approved for public release: distribution is unlimited.
1. This Military Standard is approved for use by all Departments and Agencies of the Department of Defense.

2. Beneficial comments (recommendations, additions, deletions) and any pertinent data which may be of use in improving this document should be addressed to: Commander, Space and Naval Warfare Systems Command, ATTN: SPAWAR - 3212, Washington, D.C. 20363-5100, by using the self-addressed Standardization Document improvement Proposal (DD Form 1426) appearing at the end of this document or by letter.
1. This standard establishes uniform requirements for software development that are applicable throughout the system life cycle. The requirements of this standard provide the basis for Government insight into a contractor's software development, testing, and evaluation efforts. This standard is to be used in conjunction with DOD-STD-2168, Defense System Software Quality Program.

2. This standard is not intended to specify or discourage the use of any particular software development method. The contractor is responsible for selecting software development methods that best support the achievement of contract requirements.

3. This standard, together with the other DOD and military documents referenced in Section 2, provides the means for establishing, evaluating, and maintaining quality in software and associated documentation. Guidance on the implementation of this standard and its relationship to these other documents is provided in DOD-HDBK-287.

4. Data Item Descriptions (DIDs) applicable to this standard are listed in Section 6. These DIDs describe a set of documents for recording the information required by this standard. Production of deliverable data using automated techniques is encouraged.
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An example of system development reviews and audits
Deliverable products, reviews, audits, and baselines
Example of a system breakdown and CSCI organizational structure
Evaluation criteria for products of system requirements analysis/design
Evaluation criteria for products of Software Requirements Analysis
Evaluation criteria for products of Preliminary Design
Evaluation criteria for products of Detailed Design
Evaluation criteria for products of Coding and CSU Testing
Evaluation criteria for products of CSC Integration and Testing
Evaluation criteria for products of CSCI Testing

List of acronyms and abbreviations
Requirements for software coding standards
Category and priority classifications for software problem reporting
Evaluation Criteria
1. SCOPE

1.1 Purpose. The purpose of this standard is to establish requirements to be applied during the acquisition, development, and support of software systems.

1.2 Application. This standard applies to the extent specified in the contract clauses, the Statement of Work (SOW), and the Contract Data Requirements List (CDRL).

1.2.1 System development. Application of this standard must be coordinated with MIL-STD-499, Engineering Management, for total system development.

1.2.2 Software quality program. Application of this standard must be coordinated with DOD-STD-2168, Defense System Software Quality Program, to provide a complete software quality program.

1.2.3 Firmware. This standard applies to the development or support of the software element of firmware. This standard does not apply to the development of the hardware element of firmware.

1.2.4 Software developed by Government agencies. The provisions of this standard may be applied to Government agencies. When a Government agency performs software development or support in accordance with this standard, the term "contractor" refers to that Government agency and the term "subcontractor" refers to any contractor of that Government agency.

1.3 Tailoring of this standard. This standard contains a set of requirements designed to be tailored for each contract by the contracting agency. The tailoring process intended for this standard is the deletion of non-applicable requirements.
2. REFERENCED DOCUMENTS

2.1 Government documents.

2.1.1 Specifications, standards, and handbooks. Unless otherwise specified, the following specifications, standards, and handbooks of the issue listed in that issue of the Department of Defense Index of Specifications and Standards (DODISS) specified in the solicitation form are a part of this standard to the extent specified herein.

MILITARY STANDARDS

DOD-STD-2168 - Defense System Software Quality Program
DOD-STD-480 - Configuration Control - Engineering Changes, Deviations, and Waivers
MIL-STD-481 - Configuration Control - Engineering Changes, Deviations, and Waivers (Short Form)
MIL-STD-490 - Specification Practices
MIL-STD-499 - Engineering Management

2.1.2 Other Government documents, drawings, and publications. None.

(Copies of specifications, standards, handbooks, drawings, and publications required by contractors in connection with specific acquisition functions should be obtained from the contracting agency or as directed by the contracting officer.)

2.2 Other publications. None.

2.3 Order of precedence. In the event of a conflict between the text of this standard and the references cited herein, the text of this standard shall take precedence.
3. DEFINITIONS

3.1 Allocated Baseline. See DOD-STD-480.

3.2 Authentication. Determination by the Government that specification content is acceptable.

3.3 Baseline. See DOD-STD-480.

3.4 Computer data definition. A statement of the characteristics of the basic elements of information operated upon by hardware in responding to computer instructions. These characteristics may include, but are not limited to, type, range, structure, and value.

3.5 Computer hardware. Devices capable of accepting and storing computer data, executing a systematic sequence of operations on computer data, or producing control outputs. Such devices can perform substantial interpretation, computation, communication, control, or other logical functions.

3.6 Computer resources. The totality of computer hardware, software, personnel, documentation, supplies, and services applied to a given effort.

3.7 Computer software (or software). A combination of associated computer instructions and computer data definitions required to enable the computer hardware to perform computational or control functions.

3.8 Computer Software Component (CSC). A distinct part of a computer software configuration item (CSCI). CSCs may be further decomposed into other CSCs and Computer Software Units (CSUs).

3.9 Computer Software Configuration Item (CSCI). A configuration item for computer software.

3.10 Computer software documentation. Technical data or information, including computer listings and printouts, which documents the requirements, design, or details of computer software, explains the capabilities and limitations of the software, or provides operating instructions for using or supporting computer software during the software's operational life.

3.11 Computer Software Unit (CSU). An element specified in the design of a Computer Software Component (CSC) that is separately testable.


3.13 Configuration Item. See DOD-STD-480.

3.14 Contracting agency. As used in this standard, contracting agency refers to the "contracting office" as defined in Federal Acquisition Regulation Subpart 2.1, or its designated representative.

3.15 Developmental Configuration. The contractor's software and associated technical documentation that defines the evolving configuration of a CSCI during development. It is under the development contractor's configuration control and describes the software design and implementation. The Developmental Configuration for a CSCI consists of a Software Design Document and source code listings. Any item in the Developmental Configuration may be stored on electronic media.


3.17 Firmware. The combination of a hardware device and computer instructions or computer data that reside as read-only software on the hardware device. The software cannot be readily modified under program control.
3.18 **Formal Qualification Testing (FQT).** A process that allows the contracting agency to determine whether a configuration item complies with the allocated requirements for that item.

3.19 **Functional Baseline.** See DOD-STD-480.

3.20 **Hardware Configuration Item (HWC).** A configuration item for hardware.

3.21 **Independent Verification and Validation (IV&V).** Verification and validation performed by a contractor or Government agency that is not responsible for developing the product or performing the activity being evaluated. IV&V is an activity that is conducted separately from the software development activities governed by this standard.

3.22 **Non-developmental software (NDS).** Deliverable software that is not developed under the contract but is provided by the contractor, the Government, or a third party. NDS may be referred to as reusable software, Government furnished software, or commercially available software, depending on its source.

3.23 **Product Baseline.** See DOD-STD-480.

3.24 **Release.** A configuration management action whereby a particular version of software is made available for a specific purpose (e.g., released for test).

3.25 **Reusable software.** Software developed in response to the requirements for one application that can be used, in whole or in part, to satisfy the requirements of another application.

3.26 **Software development file (SDF).** A repository for a collection of material pertinent to the development or support of software. Contents typically include (either directly or by reference) design considerations and constraints, design documentation and data, schedule and status information, test requirements, test cases, test procedures, and test results.

3.27 **Software development library (SDL).** A controlled collection of software, documentation, and associated tools and procedures used to facilitate the orderly development and subsequent support of software. The SDL includes the Developmental Configuration as part of its contents. A software development library provides storage of and controlled access to software and documentation in human-readable form, machine-readable form, or both. The library may also contain management data pertinent to the software development project.

3.28 **Software engineering environment.** The set of automated tools, firmware devices, and hardware necessary to perform the software engineering effort. The automated tools may include but are not limited to compilers, assemblers, linkers, loaders, operating system, debuggers, simulators, emulators, test tools, documentation tools, and data base management system(s).

3.29 **Software support.** The sum of all activities that take place to ensure that implemented and fielded software continues to fully support the operational mission of the software.

3.30 **Software test environment.** A set of automated tools, firmware devices, and hardware necessary to test software. The automated tools may include but are not limited to test tools such as simulation software, code analyzers, etc. and may also include those tools used in the software engineering environment.

3.31 **System Specification.** A system level requirements specification. A system specification may be a System/Segment Specification (SSS), Prime Item Development Specification (PIDS), or Critical Item Development Specification (CIDS).
3.32 Validation. The process of evaluating software to determine compliance with specified requirements.

3.33 Verification. The process of evaluating the products of a given software development activity to determine correctness and consistency with respect to the products and standards provided as input to that activity.

3.34 Version. An identified and documented body of software. Modifications to a version of software (resulting in a new version) require configuration management actions by either the contractor, the contracting agency, or both.

3.35 Definitions of acronyms used in this standard. See Appendix A.
4. GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

4.1 Software development management. The contractor shall perform software development management in compliance with the following requirements.

4.1.1 Software development process. The contractor shall implement a process for managing the development of the deliverable software. The contractor's software development process for each CSCl shall be compatible with the contract schedule for formal reviews and audits. The software development process shall include the following major activities, which may overlap and may be applied iteratively or recursively:

a. System Requirements Analysis/Design
b. Software Requirements Analysis
c. Preliminary Design
d. Detailed Design
e. Coding and CSU Testing
f. CSC Integration and Testing
g. CSC Testing.
h. System Integration and Testing.

4.1.2 Formal reviews/audits. During the software development process, the contractor shall conduct or support formal reviews and audits as required by the contract. Guidance on formal reviews and audits is provided in MIL-STD-1521. The relationship of the formal reviews and audits to software and hardware development is shown in Figure 1. Figure 2 illustrates the occurrence of formal reviews and audits for software and shows the relationship of deliverable products to baselines and the Developmental Configuration.

4.1.3 Software development planning. The contractor shall develop plans for conducting the activities required by this standard. These plans shall be documented in a Software Development Plan (SDP). Following contracting agency approval of the SDP, the contractor shall conduct the activities required by this standard in accordance with the SDP. With the exception of scheduling information, updates to the SDP shall be subject to contracting agency approval.

4.1.4 Risk management. The contractor shall document and implement procedures for risk management. The contractor shall identify, analyze, prioritize, and monitor the areas of the software development project that involve potential technical, cost, or schedule risks.

4.1.5 Security. The contractor shall comply with the security requirements specified in the contract.

4.1.6 Subcontractor management. The contractor shall pass down to the subcontractor(s) all contractual requirements necessary to ensure that all software and associated documentation delivered to the contracting agency are developed in accordance with the prime contract requirements. The contractor shall provide to the subcontractor(s) the baselined requirements for the software to be developed by the subcontractor(s).

4.1.7 Interface with software IV&V agent(s). The contractor shall interface with the software Independent Verification and Validation (IV&V) agent(s) as specified in the contract.

4.1.8 Cost/schedule reporting. The contractor shall prepare and maintain cost/schedule reports at the CSCl level. The cost reports shall indicate budgeted versus actual expenditures and shall conform to the Work Breakdown Structure (WBS) applicable to the development effort. These reports shall also indicate to the contracting agency planned, actual, and predicted progress.
FIGURE 1. An example of system development reviews and audits.
4.1.9 Software development library. The contractor shall establish a software development library (SDL). The contractor shall document and implement procedures for controlling software and associated documentation residing within the SDL. The contractor shall maintain the SDL for the duration of the contract.

4.1.10 Corrective action process. The contractor shall document and implement a corrective action process for handling all problems detected in the products under configuration control and in the software development activities required by the contract. The corrective action process shall comply with the following requirements:

a. The process shall be closed-loop, ensuring that all detected problems are promptly reported and entered into the corrective action process, action is initiated on them, resolution is achieved, status is tracked and reported, and records of the problems are maintained for the life of the contract.

b. Inputs to the corrective action process shall consist of problem/change reports and other discrepancy reports.

c. Each problem shall be classified by category and by priority. The categories and priorities identified in Appendix C shall be included in the category and priority classifications.

d. Analysis shall be performed to detect trends in the problems reported.

e. Corrective actions shall be evaluated to: (1) verify that problems have been resolved, adverse trends have been reversed, and changes have been correctly implemented in the appropriate processes and products, and (2) to determine whether additional problems have been introduced.

4.1.11 Problem/change report. The contractor shall prepare a problem/change report to describe each problem detected in software or documentation that has been placed under configuration control. The problem/change report shall describe the corrective action needed and the actions taken to resolve the problem. These reports shall serve as input to the corrective action process.

4.2 Software engineering. The contractor shall perform software engineering in compliance with the following requirements.

4.2.1 Software development methods. The contractor shall use systematic and well documented software development methods to perform requirements analysis, design, coding, integration, and testing of the deliverable software. The contractor shall implement software development methods that support the formal reviews and audits required by the contract.

4.2.2 Software engineering environment. The contractor shall establish a software engineering environment to perform the software engineering effort. The software engineering environment shall comply with the security requirements of the contract. The contractor shall document and implement plans for the installation, configuration control, and maintenance of each item of the environment.

4.2.3 Safety analysis. The contractor shall perform the analysis necessary to ensure that the software requirements, design, and operating procedures minimize the potential for hazardous conditions during the operational mission. Any potentially hazardous conditions or operating procedures shall be clearly identified and documented.
FIGURE 2. Deliverable products, reviews, audits, and baselines.
DOD-STD-2167A (DRAFT)

Detailed Design  | Coding and CII Testing  | CII Integration and Testing  | CII Testing  | System Integration and Testing

- Software Design Documents (DET. DESIGN)
- Source Code Listings
- Source Code
- Software Test Description(s) (TEST DESCRIPTION) (PROTOCOLS)
- Software Test Reports
- Operation and Support Documents
- Version Description Document(s)
- Software Product Specification(s)
- Critical Design Review
- Test Readiness Review
- CII Functional and Physical Configuration Audits
- Product Baseline

Notes:
- Incorporate into baseline
- Incorporate into developmental configuration
- May be vendor supplied (see 4.8.4)
- May be A:
  1. System/Segment Specification
  2. Prime Item Specification
  3. Critical Item Specification
- May be deferred until after system integration & testing

FIGURE 2. Deliverable products, reviews, audits, and baselines - continued.
4.2.4 Non-developmental software. The contractor shall consider incorporating non-developmental software (NDS) into the deliverable software. The contractor shall document plans for using NDS. NDS may be incorporated by the contractor without contracting agency approval only if the NDS is fully documented in accordance with the requirements of this standard. The software development files for NDS need not contain the design considerations, constraints, or data. Incorporation of NDS shall comply with the data rights requirements in the contract.

4.2.5 Computer software organization. The contractor shall decompose and partition each CSCI into Computer Software Components (CSCs) and Computer Software Units (CSUs) in accordance with the development method(s) documented in the Software Development Plan (SDP). The contractor shall ensure that the requirements for the CSCI are completely allocated and further refined to facilitate the design and test of each CSC and CSU. Figure 3 presents an illustration of a system breakdown and CSCI decomposition.

4.2.6 Traceability of requirements to design. The contractor shall document the traceability of the requirements allocated from the system specification to each CSCI, its Computer Software Components (CSCs) and Computer Software Units (CSUs), and from the CSU level to the Software Requirements Specifications (SRSs) and Interface Requirements Specifications (IRS).

4.2.7 High order language. The contractor shall use the High Order Language(s) (HOLs) specified in the contract to code the deliverable software. If no HOL is required by the contract, the contractor shall obtain contracting agency approval to use a particular language.

4.2.8 Design and coding standards. The contractor shall document and implement design and coding standards to be used in the development of deliverable software. Software coding standards shall comply with the requirements specified in Appendix B.

4.2.9 Software development files. The contractor shall document the development of each Computer Software Unit (CSU), Computer Software Component (CSC), and CSCI in software development files (SDFs). The contractor shall establish a separate SDF for each CSU or a logically related group of CSUs; each CSC or a logically related group of CSCs; and each CSCI. The contractor shall document and implement procedures for establishing and maintaining SDFs. The contractor shall maintain the SDFs for the duration of the contract. The SDFs shall be made available for contracting agency review upon request. SDFs may be generated, maintained, and controlled by automated means. To reduce duplication, SDFs should not contain information provided in other documents or SDFs. The set of SDFs shall include (directly or by reference) the following information:

a. Design considerations and constraints
b. Design documentation and data
c. Schedule and status information
d. Test requirements and responsibilities
e. Test cases, procedures, and results.

4.2.10 Processing resource and reserve capacity. The contractor shall analyze the processing resource and reserve requirements, such as timing, memory utilization, I/O channel utilization, identified in the contract and shall allocate these resources among the CSCs. The allocation of these resources to a CSCI shall be documented in the Software Requirements Specifications (SRSs) for that CSCI. The contractor shall monitor the utilization of processing resources for the duration of the contract and shall reallocate the resources as necessary to satisfy the reserve requirements. Measured resource utilization at the time of delivery shall be documented in the Software Product Specification (SPS) for each CSCI.
FIGURE 3. Example of a system breakdown and CSCI decomposition.
4.3 **Formal qualification testing.** The contractor shall conduct FQT of each CSCl on the target computer system or an equivalent system approved by the contracting agency. The contractor's FQT activities shall include stressing the software at the limits of its specified requirements. The contractor may conduct, as part of the FQT activity, testing of CSCl's integrated with other CSCl's or HWC's that comprise the system.

4.3.1 **Formal Qualification Test Planning.** The contractor shall develop plans for conducting the formal qualification testing (FQT) activities required by this standard. These plans shall be documented in the Software Test Plan (STP). Following contracting agency approval of the STP, the contractor shall conduct the FQT activities in accordance with the STP. With the exception of scheduling information, updates to the STP shall be subject to contracting agency approval. The contractor shall identify in the Software Test Plan (STP) the tests that involve stressing the software and those that involve integrating CSCl's with other configuration items.

4.3.2 **Software test environment.** The contractor shall establish a software test environment to perform the FQT effort. The software test environment shall comply with the security requirements of the contract. The contractor shall document and implement plans for the installation, test, configuration control, and maintenance of each item of the environment. Following installation, each item of the environment shall be tested to demonstrate that the item performs its intended function.

4.3.3 **Independence in FQT activities.** The organizations, functions, and persons responsible for fulfilling the FQT requirements of this standard shall have the resources, responsibility, authority, and organizational freedom to permit objective testing and to cause the initiation and verification of corrective action. The persons conducting FQT activities shall not be the persons who developed the software or are responsible for the software. This does not preclude members of the software engineering team from participating in FQT activities.

4.3.4 **Traceability of requirements to test cases.** The contractor shall document the traceability of the requirements in the Software Requirements Specifications (SRS's) and Interface Requirements Specification (IRS) that are satisfied or partially satisfied by each test case identified in the Software Test Description (STD). The contractor shall document this traceability in the STD for each CSCl.

4.4 **Software product evaluations.** The contractor shall conduct evaluations of deliverable software and documentation as specified in section 5 of this standard and in compliance with the following requirements.

4.4.1 **Independence in product evaluation activities.** The organizations, functions, and persons responsible for fulfilling the evaluation requirements of this standard shall have the resources, responsibility, authority, and organizational freedom to permit objective evaluation and to cause the initiation and verification of corrective action. The persons conducting the evaluation of a product shall not be the persons who developed the product or are responsible for the product. This does not preclude members of the development team from participating in these evaluations. Responsibility for the fulfillment of the software product evaluation requirements shall be assigned and specified in the Software Development Plan (SDP).

4.4.2 **Final evaluations.** Prior to submitting each deliverable item to the contracting agency, the contractor shall internally coordinate the item with appropriate organizations for a final evaluation. The objective of each final evaluation shall be to ensure that the deliverable item is acceptable in terms of its ability to satisfy the need for which it was developed.

4.4.3 **Software evaluation records.** The contractor shall prepare and maintain records of each software product evaluation performed. When problems have been identified a problem/change report shall be initiated and shall serve as input to the corrective action process. The evaluation records shall be available for contracting agency review and shall be maintained for the life of the contract.
4.4.4 Evaluation criteria. The contractor shall evaluate the products identified in section 5 against the evaluation criteria specified in Figures 4 through 10. Default definitions for the criteria are specified in Appendix D. The contractor may propose additional criteria and alternate definitions for any of the criteria specified in Appendix D. Additional criteria and alternate definitions are subject to contracting agency approval.

4.5 Software configuration management. The contractor shall perform software configuration management in compliance with the following requirements.

4.5.1 Configuration identification. The contractor shall document and implement plans for performing configuration identification. Configuration identification shall be conducted in accordance with the identification scheme specified in the contract. Configuration identification performed by the contractor shall accomplish the following:

   a. Identify the documentation that establishes the Functional, Allocated, and Product Baselines, and the Developmental Configuration.

   b. Identify the documentation and the computer software media containing code, documentation, or both that are placed under configuration control.

   c. Identify each CSCI and its corresponding Computer Software Components (CSCs) and Computer Software Units (CSUs).

   d. Identify the version, release, change status, and any other identification details of each deliverable item.

   e. Identify the version of each CSCI, CSC, and CSU to which the corresponding software documentation applies.

   f. Identify the specific version of software contained on a deliverable medium, including all changes incorporated since its previous release.

4.5.2 Configuration control. The contractor shall document and implement plans for performing configuration control. Configuration control performed by the contractor shall accomplish the following:

   a. Establish a Developmental Configuration for each CSCI.

   b. Maintain current copies of the deliverable documentation and code.

   c. Provide the contracting agency access to documentation and code under configuration control.

   d. Control the preparation and dissemination of changes to the master copies of deliverable software and documentation that have been placed under configuration control so that they reflect only approved changes.

4.5.3 Configuration status accounting. The contractor shall document and implement plans for performing configuration status accounting. The contractor shall generate management records and status reports on all products comprising the Developmental Configuration and the Allocated and Product Baselines. The status reports shall:

   a. Provide traceability of changes to controlled products.

   b. Serve as a basis for communicating the status of configuration identification and associated software.
4.5.4 Storage, handling, and delivery of project media. The contractor shall document and implement methods and procedures for the storage, handling, and delivery of software and documentation. The contractor shall maintain master copies of the delivered software and documentation.


4.6 Transitioning to software support. The contractor shall provide transition support in compliance with the following requirements.

4.6.1 Regenerable and maintainable code. The contractor shall provide to the contracting agency deliverable code that can be regenerated and maintained using commercially available, Government-owned, or contractually deliverable support software and hardware that has been identified by the contracting agency.

4.6.2 Transition planning. The contractor shall prepare plans for transitioning the deliverable software from development to support. These plans shall be documented in the Computer Resource Integrated Support Document (CRISD).

4.6.3 Software transition and continuing support. The contractor shall perform installation and checkout of the deliverable software in the support environment designated by the contracting agency. The contractor shall provide training and continuing assistance to the contracting agency's support activity as specified in the contract.

4.6.4 Software support and operational documentation. The contractor shall develop and deliver the following software support and operational documentation as required by the Contract Data Requirements List (CDRL):

   a. Computer Resources Integrated Support Document (CRISD)
   c. Software User's Manual (SUM)
   d. Software Programmer's Manual (SPM)
   e. Firmware Support Manual (FSM).
5. DETAILED REQUIREMENTS

5.1 System requirements analysis/design. The contractor shall perform the following system requirements analysis/design activities.

5.1.1 Software development management.

5.1.1.1 The contractor shall support the System Requirements Review (SRR) as specified in the contract.

5.1.1.2 The contractor shall support the System Design Review (SDR) as specified in the contract.

5.1.2 Software engineering.

5.1.2.1 The contractor shall analyze the preliminary system specification and shall determine whether the software requirements are consistent and complete.

5.1.2.2 The contractor shall conduct analysis to determine the best allocation of system requirements between hardware, software, and personnel in order to partition the system into HWCl's, CSCl's, and manual operations. The contractor shall document the allocation in a System/Segment Design Document (SSDD).

5.1.2.3 The contractor shall define a preliminary set of engineering requirements for each CSCl. The contractor shall document these requirements in the preliminary Software Requirements Specification (SRS) for each CSCl.

5.1.2.4 The contractor shall define a preliminary set of interface requirements for each external interface of each CSCl. The contractor shall document these requirements in a preliminary Interface Requirements Specification (IRS).

5.1.3 Formal qualification testing. The contractor shall define a preliminary set of qualification requirements for each CSCl. The contractor shall document these requirements in the preliminary Software Requirements Specification (SRS) for each CSCl. These requirements shall be consistent with the qualification requirements defined in the system specification.

5.1.4 Software product evaluations. The contractor shall perform evaluations of the following products, using the evaluation criteria specified in Figure 4:

a. The Software Development Plan (SDP)
b. The System/Segment Design Document (SSDD)
c. The preliminary Software Requirements Specification (SRS) for each CSCl
d. The preliminary Interface Requirements Specification (IRS).

5.1.5 Configuration management. The contractor shall place the following documents under configuration control prior to delivery to the contracting agency:

a. The Software Development Plan (SDP)
b. The System/Segment Design Document (SSDD)
c. The preliminary Software Requirements Specification (SRS) for each CSCl.
d. The preliminary Interface Requirements Specification (IRS).
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item to be Evaluated</th>
<th>Internal Consistency</th>
<th>Understandability</th>
<th>Traceability to the indicated documents</th>
<th>Consistency with the indicated documents</th>
<th>Adequate analysis/design</th>
<th>Adequate allocation of effort and timing schedule</th>
<th>Adequate test coverage or</th>
<th>Notes: Clarification or Additional Criteria</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>System/Segment Design Document (SSDD)</td>
<td>•</td>
<td>•</td>
<td>See Notes</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Traceability to system specification and SOW</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Software Development Plan (SDP)</td>
<td>•</td>
<td>•</td>
<td>SOW CDRL</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Preliminary Software Requirements Specification(s) (SRSs)</td>
<td>•</td>
<td>•</td>
<td>See Notes</td>
<td>See Notes</td>
<td>•</td>
<td>•</td>
<td>•</td>
<td>Traceability to System Specification and SOW Consistency with IRS and other specifications for Interfacing Items Testability of requirements Adequacy of quality factor requirements</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Preliminary Interface Requirements Specification (IRS)</td>
<td>•</td>
<td>•</td>
<td>See Notes</td>
<td>See Notes</td>
<td>•</td>
<td>•</td>
<td></td>
<td>Traceability to System Specification and SOW Consistency with other specifications for Interfacing Items Testability of requirements</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

FIGURE 4. Evaluation criteria for products of system requirements analysis/design.
5.2 Software requirements analysis. The contractor shall perform the following software requirements analysis activities.

5.2.1 Software development management. The contractor shall conduct one or more Software Specification Review(s) (SSR) in accordance with MIL-STD-1521. Following successful completion of an SSR and when authenticated by the contracting agency, the Software Requirements Specifications (SRSs) and associated Interface Requirements Specification (IRS) will establish the Allocated Baseline for the CSCI.

5.2.2 Software engineering.

5.2.2.1 The contractor shall define a complete set of engineering requirements for each CSCI. The contractor shall document these requirements in the Software Requirements Specification (SRS) for each CSCI.

5.2.2.2 The contractor shall define a complete set of interface requirements for each external interface of each CSCI. The contractor shall document these requirements in an Interface Requirements Specification (IRS).

5.2.3 Formal qualification testing. The contractor shall define a complete set of qualification requirements for each CSCI. The contractor shall document these requirements in the Software Requirements Specification (SRS) for each CSCI.

5.2.4 Software product evaluations. The contractor shall perform evaluations of the products identified below, using the evaluation criteria specified in Figure 5. The contractor shall present a summary of the evaluation results at the Software Specification Review(s).

a. The Software Requirements Specification (SRS) for each CSCI
b. The Interface Requirements Specification (IRS).

5.2.5 Configuration management. The contractor shall place the Software Requirements Specification (SRS) for each CSCI and the associated Interface Requirements Specification (IRS) under configuration control prior to delivery to the contracting agency.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item to be Evaluated</th>
<th>Internal Consistency</th>
<th>Understandability</th>
<th>Traceability to the indicated documents</th>
<th>Consistency with the indicated documents</th>
<th>Appropriate analysis, design, or coding techniques used</th>
<th>Adequate test coverage or Traceability to other specification(s) for Interfacing Items</th>
<th>Notes: clarification or Additional Criteria</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Software Requirements</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Traceability to system specification and SOW Consistency with IRS and other specifications for Interfacing Items Testability of requirements Adequacy of quality factor requirements</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specification(s) (SRSs)</td>
<td>•</td>
<td>•</td>
<td>See Notes</td>
<td>See Notes</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interface Requirements</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Traceability to other specifications for Interfacing Items Testability or requirements</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Specification (IRS)</td>
<td>•</td>
<td>•</td>
<td>See Notes</td>
<td>See Notes</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**FIGURE 5. Evaluation criteria for products of Software Requirements Analysis.**
5.3 Preliminary design. The contractor shall perform the following preliminary design activities.

5.3.1 Software development management. The contractor shall conduct one or more Preliminary Design Review(s) (PDR) in accordance with MIL-STD-1521.

5.3.2 Software engineering.

5.3.2.1 The contractor shall develop a preliminary design for each CSCI, shall allocate requirements from the Software Requirements Specifications (SRSs) and associated Interface Requirements Specifications (IRS) to the CSCs of each CSCI, and shall establish design requirements for each CSC. The contractor shall document this information in the Software Design Document (SDD) for each CSCI.

5.3.2.2 The contractor shall develop a preliminary design for the external interfaces of each CSCI documented in the Interface Requirements Specification (IRS). The contractor shall document this information in a preliminary Interface Design Document (IDD).

5.3.2.3 The contractor shall document any additional engineering information generated during the preliminary design process in Section 6 of the Software Design Document (SDD) for each CSCI. The engineering information shall include rationale, results of analyses and trade-off studies, and any other information that aids in understanding the preliminary design.

5.3.2.4 The contractor shall establish test requirements for conducting CSC integration and testing. The contractor's CSC integration and testing shall include stressing the software at the limits of its specified requirements. The contractor shall record the test requirements (directly or by reference) in the CSC software development files.

5.3.3 Formal qualification testing. The contractor shall identify the formal qualification tests to be conducted to comply with the qualification requirements identified in the Software Requirements Specification(s) (SRSs). The contractor shall document this information for each CSCI in the Software Test Plan (STP).

5.3.4 Software product evaluations. The contractor shall perform evaluations of the products identified below, using the evaluation criteria specified in Figure 6. The contractor shall present a summary of the evaluation results at the Preliminary Design Review(s).

- a. The Software Design Document (SDD) for each CSCI
- b. The preliminary Interface Design Document (IDD)
- c. The Software Test Plan (STP)
- d. The CSC test requirements.

5.3.5 Configuration management.

5.3.5.1 The contractor shall incorporate the Software Design Document (SDD) for each CSCI into the CSCI’s Developmental Configuration prior to delivery to the contracting agency.

5.3.5.2 The contractor shall place the Software Test Plan (STP) under configuration control prior to delivery to the contracting agency.

5.3.5.3 The contractor shall place the preliminary Interface Design Document (IDD) under configuration control prior to delivery to the contracting agency.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item to be Evaluated</th>
<th>Internal Consistency</th>
<th>Understandability</th>
<th>Traceability to the relevant documents</th>
<th>Consistency with the technical documentation and models</th>
<th>Adequate analysis, design, and test documentation</th>
<th>Adequate test coverage of requirements</th>
<th>Notes: Clarification or Additional Criteria</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Software Design Document(s) (SDDs) - Preliminary Design</td>
<td>●</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>IRS SRSs</td>
<td>IDD</td>
<td>● ●</td>
<td>Adequacy of requirements allocation for CSCI to CSCs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Preliminary Interface Design Document (IDD)</td>
<td>●</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>IRS SRSs</td>
<td>SDDs</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Software Test Plan (STP)</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>● ●</td>
<td></td>
<td>SSDD IRS SRSs</td>
<td>SDP</td>
<td></td>
<td>Adequacy of data recording, reduction, and analysis methods</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CSC test requirements</td>
<td>●</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>●</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**FIGURE 6. Evaluation criteria for products of Preliminary Design.**
5.4 Detailed design. The contractor shall perform the following detailed design activities.

5.4.1 Software Development Management. The contractor shall conduct one or more Critical Design Review(s) (CDR) in accordance with MIL-STD-1521.

5.4.2 Software engineering.

5.4.2.1 The contractor shall develop a detailed design for each CSCI, shall allocate requirements from the Computer Software Components (CSCs) to the Computer Software Units (CSUs) of each CSCI, and shall establish design requirements for each CSU. The contractor shall document this information in the Software Design Document (SDD) for each CSCI.

5.4.2.2 The contractor shall develop the detailed design of the CSCI external interfaces documented in the Interface Requirements Specification (IRS). The contractor shall document this information in the Interface Design Document (IDD).

5.4.2.3 The contractor shall document any additional engineering information generated during the detailed design process in Section 6 of the Software Design Document (SDD) for each CSCI. The engineering information shall include rationale, results of analyses and trade-off studies, and any other information that aids in understanding the detailed design.

5.4.2.4 The contractor shall establish test responsibilities, test cases (in terms of inputs, expected results, and evaluation criteria), and schedules for CSC integration and testing. The contractor shall record this information (directly or by reference) in the CSC software development files.

5.4.2.5 The contractor shall establish test requirements, test responsibilities, test cases (in terms of inputs, expected results, and evaluation criteria), and schedules for testing all CSUs. The contractor's CSU testing shall include stressing the software at the limits of its specified requirements. The contractor shall record this information (directly or by reference) in the CSU software development files.

5.4.3 Formal qualification testing. The contractor shall identify and describe the test cases for the formal qualification test identifications in the Software Test Plan (STP). The contractor shall document this information in the Software Test Description (STD) for each CSCI.

5.4.4 Software product evaluations. The contractor shall perform evaluations of the products identified below, using the evaluation criteria specified in Figure 7. The contractor shall present a summary of the evaluation results at the Critical Design Review(s).

a. The updated Software Design Document (SDD) for each CSCI
b. The updated Interface Design Document (IDD)
c. CSC test cases
d. CSU test requirements and test cases
e. A specified percentage of the set of CSU and CSC software development files (SDFs). The specified percentage shall be as identified in the Software Development Plan (SDP).
f. The Software Test Description (STD) for each CSCI.

5.4.5 Configuration management.

5.4.5.1 The contractor shall incorporate the updated Software Design Document (SDD) for each CSCI into the CSCI's Developmental Configuration prior to delivery to the contracting agency.

5.4.5.2 The contractor shall place the updated Interface Design Document (IDD) under configuration control prior to delivery to the contracting agency.
5.4.5.3 The contractor shall place the Software Test Description (STD) for each CSCI under configuration control prior to delivery to the contracting agency.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item to be Evaluated</th>
<th>Internal Consistency</th>
<th>Understandability</th>
<th>Traceability to the indicated documents</th>
<th>Consistency with the indicated documents</th>
<th>Appropriate analysis, design, and coding techniques used</th>
<th>Appropriate test coverage of testing and linking required requirements</th>
<th>Notes: Clarification or Additional Criteria</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Software Design Document(s) (SDDs) - Detailed Design</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td></td>
<td>Consistency between data definition and data use Accuracy and required precision of constants</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interface Design Document (IDD)</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CSU test requirements and test cases</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Adequate detail in specifying test inputs, expected results, and evaluation criteria</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CSC test cases</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Adequate detail in specifying test inputs, expected results, and evaluation criteria</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contents of CSU and CSC SDFs</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Traceability of CSU SDFs to CSC SDFs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Software Test Descriptions (STDs) - Test cases</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Adequate detail in specifying test inputs expected results, and evaluation criteria</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**FIGURE 7. Evaluation criteria for products of Detailed Design.**
5.5 Coding and CSU testing. The contractor shall perform the following Coding and CSU testing activities.

5.5.1 Software development management. No additional requirements.

5.5.2 Software engineering.

5.5.2.1 The contractor shall develop test procedures for conducting each CSU test. The contractor shall record these procedures in the corresponding CSU software development files (SDFs).

5.5.2.2 The contractor shall code and test each CSU ensuring that the algorithms and logic employed by each CSU are correct and that the CSU satisfies its specified requirements. The contractor shall record the test results of all CSU testing in the corresponding CSU SDFs.

5.5.2.3 The contractor shall make all necessary revisions to the design documentation and code, perform all necessary retesting, and shall update the SDFs of all CSUs that undergo design or coding changes based on CSU tests.

5.5.2.4 The contractor shall develop test procedures for conducting each CSC test. The contractor shall record these procedures in the CSC SDFs.

5.5.3 Formal qualification testing. No additional requirements.

5.5.4 Software product evaluations. The contractor shall perform evaluations of the products identified below, using the evaluation criteria specified in Figure 8.

   a. The source code for each CSU
   b. The CSC test procedures
   c. The CSU test procedures and test results
   d. A specified percentage of the set of updated software development files (SDFs).

5.5.5 Configuration management.

5.5.5.1 The contractor shall incorporate the updated Software Design Documents (SDDs) and source code listings for each successfully tested and evaluated CSU into the appropriate Developmental Configuration.

5.5.5.2 The contractor shall place the source code for each successfully tested and evaluated CSU under configuration control.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item to be Evaluated</th>
<th>Internal Consistency</th>
<th>Understandability</th>
<th>Traceability to the indicated documents</th>
<th>Consistency with the indicated documents</th>
<th>Appropriateness of Coding techniques used</th>
<th>Appropriateness of design and testing techniques used</th>
<th>Adequate layer coverage of requirements</th>
<th>Compliance with design and coding standards</th>
<th>Compliance with maintainability requirements</th>
<th>Compliance with CSU requirements</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Source code</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>SDDs IDD</td>
<td>SDDs</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td></td>
<td>Compliance with design and coding standards</td>
<td>Compliance with maintainability requirements</td>
<td>Compliance with CSU requirements</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CSU test procedures</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>CSC test cases</td>
<td>SDDs IDD</td>
<td></td>
<td>●</td>
<td></td>
<td>Adequate detail in specifying test procedures</td>
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<tr>
<td>CSC test results</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>See Notes</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Conformance to expected results</td>
<td>Completeness of testing</td>
<td>Adequacy of CSU to enter the Developmental Configuration</td>
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<tr>
<td>CSC test procedures</td>
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<td>●</td>
<td>CSC test cases</td>
<td>SDDs IDD</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Adequate detail in specifying test procedures</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contents of CSU and CSC SDFs</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>●</td>
<td>See Notes</td>
<td>See Notes</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Traceability of CSU SDFs to CSC SDFs</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**FIGURE 8.** Evaluation criteria for products of Coding and CSU Testing.
5.6 CSC integration and testing. The contractor shall perform the following CSC integration and testing activities.

5.6.1 Software development management. The contractor shall conduct one or more Test Readiness Review(s) (TRR) in accordance with MIL-STD-1521.

5.6.2 Software engineering.

5.6.2.1 The contractor shall conduct CSC integration and testing. The contractor shall ensure that the algorithms and logic employed by each CSC are correct and that the CSC satisfies its specified requirements.

5.6.2.2 The contractor shall record the test results of all CSC integration and testing in the corresponding CSC software development files (SDFs).

5.6.2.3 The contractor shall make all necessary revisions to the design documentation and code, perform all necessary retesting, and update the software development files (SDFs) of all CSUs, CSCs, and CSCIs that undergo design or coding changes based on the results of all testing performed.

5.6.3 Formal qualification testing.

5.6.3.1 For each formal qualification test case identified in the Software Test Description(s) (STDs) the contractor shall develop set-up procedures, procedures for conducting each test, and procedures for analyzing the test results. These procedures shall be documented in the Software Test Description (STD) for each CSC.

5.6.3.2 Prior to conducting Formal Qualification Testing (FQT), the contractor shall conduct the tests documented in the Software Test Description (STD) for each CSC to ensure that the procedures are complete and accurate and that the software is ready for FQT. The contractor shall record the results of this activity in the corresponding CSC software development files (SDFs) and shall update the STD as appropriate.

5.6.4 Software product evaluations. The contractor shall perform evaluations of the products identified below, using the evaluation criteria specified in Figure 9. The contractor shall present a summary of the evaluation results at the Test Readiness Review.

   a. The test results recorded in the software development files (SDFs)
   b. The updated Software Test Description (STD) for each CSC
   c. The updated source code and design documents
   d. A specified percentage of the updated software development files (SDFs).

5.6.5 Configuration management. The contractor shall incorporate the updated Software Design Documents (SDDs) and source code listings for each successfully tested and evaluated CSC into the appropriate Developmental Configuration.
## Evaluation Criteria

(See Appendix D)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item to be Evaluated</th>
<th>Internal Consistency</th>
<th>Understandability</th>
<th>Traceability to the indicated documents</th>
<th>Consistency with the indicated documents</th>
<th>Adequate analysis, design, coding, procurement, test, and support requirement coverage</th>
<th>Adequate test coverage requirement</th>
<th>Notes: Clarification or Additional Criteria</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CSC integration test results</td>
<td>● ● See Notes</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Conformance to expected results</td>
</tr>
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<td>Software Test Descriptions (STDs) - Formal test procedures</td>
<td>● ● IRS SRSs See Notes</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Adequacy of integrated CSCl for FOT testing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Updated source code</td>
<td>● ● SDDs IDD</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Adequate detail in specifying test procedures</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contents of updated SDFs</td>
<td>● ● See Notes</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Consistency with updated code and SDD</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Figure 9.** Evaluation criteria for products of CSC Integration and Testing.
5.7 **CSCI testing.** The contractor shall perform the following CSCI testing activities.

5.7.1 **Software development management.** The contractor shall support the Functional Configuration Audit(s) (FCA) and Physical Configuration Audit(s) (PCA). The FCA and PCA for a CSCI may be delayed until after system integration and testing.

5.7.2 **Software engineering.**

5.7.2.1 The contractor shall make necessary revisions to the Software Design Document(s) (SDDs) and code, conduct all necessary retesting, and update the software development files (SDFs) of all CSUs, CSCs, and CSCIs that undergo design or coding changes based on the results of formal qualification testing.

5.7.2.2 The contractor shall make necessary revisions to the Interface Design Document (IDD) based on the results of formal qualification testing and shall prepare the IDD for delivery.

5.7.2.3 Following successful completion of formal qualification testing and prior to Functional Configuration Audit (FCA) and Physical Configuration Audit (PCA), the contractor shall produce the updated source code for each CSCI. The contractor shall prepare the source code for each CSCI for delivery as specified in the Software Requirements Specification (SRS).

5.7.2.4 For each CSCI, the contractor shall prepare a Software Product Specification (SPS) for delivery.

5.7.3 **Formal qualification testing.**

5.7.3.1 The contractor shall perform the formal qualification testing (FQT) activities in accordance with the procedures documented in the Software Test Description (STD) for each CSCI.

5.7.3.2 The contractor shall record the results of formal qualification testing in the Software Test Report(s) (STRs) for each CSCI.

5.7.3.3 Upon completion of FQT, the contractor shall prepare an up-to-date Software Test Description (STD) for delivery to the contracting agency.

5.7.4 **Software product evaluations.** The contractor shall perform evaluations of the products identified below, using the evaluation criteria specified in Figure 10.

a. The Software Test Report(s) (STRs) for each CSCI
b. The updated source code and design documentation.

5.7.5 **Configuration management.**

5.7.5.1 The contractor shall identify the exact version of each CSCI to be delivered. The contractor shall document this information in a Version Description Document (VDD) for each CSCI.

5.7.5.2 Following successful completion of the Functional Configuration Audit (FCA) and Physical Configuration Audit (PCA) and when authenticated by the contracting agency, the Software Product Specification (SPS) for each CSCI will be incorporated into the Product Baseline. At this point, each CSCI's Developmental Configuration shall cease to exist.
![Evaluation Criteria for products of CSCJ Testing](image)

**FIGURE 10. Evaluation criteria for products of CSCJ Testing.**
5.8 System integration and testing. The contractor shall perform the following System Integration and Testing activities.

5.8.1 Software development management. The contractor shall support the Functional and Physical Configuration Audits (see 5.7.1).

5.8.2 Software engineering. The contractor shall make necessary revisions to design documentation and code and shall perform all retesting necessary based on system integration and testing.

5.8.3 Formal qualification testing.

5.8.3.1 The contractor shall support the development and documentation of system integration and test plans, test cases, and test procedures.

5.8.3.2 The contractor shall support system integration and testing activities.

5.8.3.3 The contractor shall support post test analysis and reporting of system integration and test results.

5.8.4 Software product evaluations. The contractor shall perform evaluations of the updated source code and design documentation using the evaluation criteria specified in Figure 10.

5.8.5 Configuration management. The contractor shall prepare necessary changes to baselined documentation in accordance with paragraph 4.5.5.
6. NOTES

6.1 Data requirements list and cross reference. When this standard is used in an acquisition which incorporates a DD Form 1423, Contract Data Requirements List (CDRL), the data requirements identified below shall be developed as specified by an approved Data Item Description (DD Form 1664) and delivered in accordance with the approved CDRL incorporated into the contract. When the provisions of the DOD FAR Supplement 27.410-6 are invoked and the DD Form 1423 is not used, the data specified below shall be delivered by the contractor in accordance with the contract or purchase order requirements.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Paragraph No.</th>
<th>Data Requirements Title</th>
<th>Applicable DID No.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>5.1.2.2, 5.1.4, 5.1.5</td>
<td>System/Segment Design Document (SSDD)</td>
<td>DI-CMAN-XXXXX</td>
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<td>DI-MCCR-80030</td>
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<td>Software Requirements Specification (SRS)</td>
<td>DI-MCCR-80025</td>
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<td>DI-MCCR-80027</td>
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<td>4.2.10, 5.7.2.4, 5.7.5.2</td>
<td>Software Product Specification (SPS)</td>
<td>DI-MCCR-80029</td>
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<tr>
<td>5.7.5.1</td>
<td>Version Description Document (VDD)</td>
<td>DI-MCCR-80013</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paragraph No.</td>
<td>Data Requirements Title</td>
<td>Applicable DTD No.</td>
</tr>
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<td>---------------</td>
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</tr>
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<td>4.3.1, 5.3.3, 5.3.4, 5.3.5.1, 5.4.2, 5.4.3</td>
<td>Software Test Plan (STP)</td>
<td>DI-MCCR-80014</td>
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<td>Software Test Description (STD)</td>
<td>DI-MCCR-80015</td>
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<td>5.7.3.2, 5.7.4</td>
<td>Software Test Report (STR)</td>
<td>DI-MCCR-80017</td>
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<td>4.6.4</td>
<td>Computer System Operator's Manual (CSOM)</td>
<td>DI-MCCR-80018</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Software User's Manual (SUM)</td>
<td>DI-MCCR-80019</td>
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<td>4.6.4</td>
<td>Software Programmer's Manual (SPM)</td>
<td>DI-MCCR-80021</td>
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<td>4.6.4</td>
<td>Firmware Support Manual (FSM)</td>
<td>DI-MCCR-80022</td>
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<td>4.6.2, 4.6.4</td>
<td>Computer Resources Integrated Support Document (CRISD)</td>
<td>DI-MCCR-80024</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

(Data item descriptions related to this standard, and identified in section 8 will be approved and listed as such in DoD 5000.19-L, Vol. II, AMSDL. Copies of data item descriptions required by the contractors in connection with specific acquisition functions should be obtained from the Naval Publications and Forms Center or as directed by the contracting officer.)

6.2 Subject term (key word) listing.

Acquisition
Baseline
Code
Coding and CSU testing
Computer
Computer resources
Computer software
Computer software component
Computer software configuration item
Computer software unit
Configuration item
Configuration management
CSC
CSC integration and testing
CSCI
CSCI testing
CSU
Data item descriptions
Detailed design
Developmental configuration
Engineering environment
Firmware
Formal Qualification Testing
Non-developmental software
Preliminary design
Qualification
Requirements analysis
Risk management
Safety management
Software
Software development
Software development file
Software development library
Software engineering
Software product evaluation
Software requirements analysis
Software support
System integration and testing
Test environment
Testing
APPENDIX A

LIST OF ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

10.1 **Purpose.** This appendix provides a list of all acronyms and abbreviations used in this standard, with the associated meaning.

10.2 **Acronyms.**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Acronym</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CDR</td>
<td>Critical Design Review</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CDRL</td>
<td>Contract Data Requirements List</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CID</td>
<td>Critical Design Item Development Specification</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CRISD</td>
<td>Computer Resources Integrated Support Document</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CSC</td>
<td>Computer Software Component</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CSCI</td>
<td>Computer Software Configuration Item</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CSU</td>
<td>Computer Software Unit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DID</td>
<td>Data Item Description</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DOD</td>
<td>Department of Defense</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DODISS</td>
<td>Department of Defense Index of Specifications and Standards</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ECP</td>
<td>Engineering Change Proposal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FAR</td>
<td>Federal Acquisition Regulation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FCA</td>
<td>Functional Configuration Audit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FSM</td>
<td>Firmware Support Manual</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FCT</td>
<td>Formal Qualification Testing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GFS</td>
<td>Government Furnished Software</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HOL</td>
<td>High order language</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>HWCIC</td>
<td>Hardware Configuration Item</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IDD</td>
<td>Interface Design Document</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I/O</td>
<td>Input/Output</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IRS</td>
<td>Interface Requirements Specification</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>IV&amp;V</td>
<td>Independent Verification and Validation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NDS</td>
<td>Non-developmental software</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PCA</td>
<td>Physical Configuration Audit</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PDR</td>
<td>Preliminary Design Review</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PIDS</td>
<td>Prime Item Development Specification</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SCN</td>
<td>Specification Change Notice</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SDD</td>
<td>Software Design Document</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SDF</td>
<td>Software development file</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SDL</td>
<td>Software development library</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SDP</td>
<td>Software Development Plan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SDR</td>
<td>System Design Review</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SOW</td>
<td>Statement of Work</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SPM</td>
<td>Software Programmer's Manual</td>
</tr>
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<td>SPS</td>
<td>Software Product Specification</td>
</tr>
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<td>SRR</td>
<td>System Requirements Review</td>
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<td>SRS</td>
<td>Software Requirements Specification</td>
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<td>SSDD</td>
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<td>Software Specification Review</td>
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<td>System/Segment Specification</td>
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<td>Software Test Plan</td>
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<td>Software Test Report</td>
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<td>SUM</td>
<td>Software User's Manual</td>
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<td>TRR</td>
<td>Test Readiness Review</td>
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<tr>
<td>VDD</td>
<td>Version Description Document</td>
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<td>WBS</td>
<td>Work Breakdown Structure</td>
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</table>
APPENDIX B
REQUIREMENTS FOR SOFTWARE CODING STANDARDS

20.1 Purpose. The purpose of this appendix is to specify language independent requirements for software coding standards.

20.2 Applicability. This appendix applies to all deliverable source code developed under the contract.

20.3 Rules and Conventions. The following subparagraphs define the requirements for rules and conventions applicable to software coding standards. The contractor shall implement software coding standards that comply with these requirements.

20.3.1 Presentation style. The coding standards shall describe the rules and conventions for the format of the source code which may include paper listings, listings stored on electronic media, or both. The rules and conventions for presentation style shall include standards for:

a. Indentation and spacing
b. The use of capitalization
c. Uniform presentation of information throughout the source code (e.g., the grouping together of all data declarations)
d. Use of headers
e. Layout of source code listings
f. Conditions under which comments are provided and the format to be used
g. Size of code aggregates (e.g., on the average 100 or at most 200 executable, non-expandable statements).

20.3.2 Naming. The coding standards shall describe the rules and conventions governing the selection of identifiers used in the source code listings (e.g., identifiers for CSUs, variables, parameters, packages, procedures, subunits, and other aggregates of code.) Restrictions on the use of reserve words and keywords shall be identified.

20.3.3 Restrictions on the implementation language. The coding standards shall include a description of any restrictions imposed on the use of constructs and features of the implementation language due to project or machine-dependent characteristics. Machine-dependent characteristics may include input/output features, word length-dependent features, use of floating point arithmetic, etc. Project characteristics may include, but are not limited to, safety or security considerations in the operational environment.

20.3.4 Use of language constructs and features. The coding standards shall address the allowed use of constructs and features of the implementation language. For example, when Ada is the implementation language, the coding standards shall address the use of exception handling, goto and abort statements, unchecked conversion, etc.

20.3.5 Complexity. The coding standards shall describe controls and restrictions on the complexity of code aggregates.
30.1 **Purpose.** This appendix contains a category and priority classification scheme to be applied to all problems detected in the deliverable software that has been placed under contractor configuration control.

30.2 **Classification by category.** Problems detected during software operation shall be classified by category as follows:

   a. **Software problem.** The software does not operate according to supporting documentation and the documentation is correct.

   b. **Documentation problem.** The software does not operate according to supporting documentation but the software operation is correct.

   c. **Design problem.** The software operated according to supporting documentation but a design deficiency exists. The design deficiency may not always result in a directly observable operational symptom but possesses the potential for creating further problems.

30.3 **Classification by priority.** Problems detected in the software shall be classified by priority as follows:

   a. **Priority 1.** A software problem that does one of the following:

      (1) Prevents the accomplishment of an operational or mission essential capability specified by baselined requirements

      (2) Prevents the operator's accomplishment of an operational or mission essential capability

      (3) Jeopardizes personnel safety.

   b. **Priority 2.** A software problem that does one of the following:

      (1) Adversely affects the accomplishment of an operational or mission essential capability specified by baselined requirements so as to degrade performance and for which no alternative work-around solution is known

      (2) Adversely affects the operator's accomplishment of an operational or mission essential capability specified by baselined requirements so as to degrade performance and for which no alternative work-around solution is known.

   c. **Priority 3.** A software problem that does one of the following:

      (1) Adversely affects the accomplishment of an operational or mission essential capability specified by baselined requirements so as to degrade performance and for which an alternative work-around solution is known

      (2) Adversely affects the operator's accomplishment of an operational or mission essential capability specified by baselined requirements so as to degrade performance and for which an alternative work-around solution is known.
d. **Priority 4.** A software problem that is an operator inconvenience or annoyance and which does not affect a required operational or mission essential capability.

e. **Priority 5.** All other errors.
APPENDIX D
EVALUATION CRITERIA

40.1 **Purpose.** This appendix contains a default set of definitions for the evaluation criteria appearing in Figures 4 through 10. These definitions shall be implemented by the contractor if an alternative set has not been proposed in the Software Development Plan and accepted by the contracting agency.

40.2 **Criteria definitions.** The following definitions are listed in the order that the criteria appear in Figures 4 through 10. For convenience, the definitions use the word "document" for the item being evaluated, even though in some instances the item being evaluated may be other than a document.

40.2.1 **Internal consistency.** Internal consistency as used in this standard means that: (1) no two statements in a document contradict one another, (2) a given term, acronym, or abbreviation means the same thing throughout the document, and (3) a given item or concept is referred to by the same name or description throughout the document.

40.2.2 **Understandability.** Understandability, as used in this standard, means that: (1) the document uses rules of grammar, capitalization, punctuation, symbols, and notation consistent with those specified in the U. S. Government Printing Office Style Manual, (2) all terms not contained in the U. S. Government Printing Office Style Manual or Merriam-Webster’s New International dictionary (latest revision) are defined, (3) standard abbreviations listed in MIL-STD-12 are used, (4) all acronyms and abbreviations not listed in MIL-STD-12 are defined, (5) all acronyms and abbreviations are preceded by the word or term spelled out in full the first time they are used in the document, unless the first use occurs in a table, figure, or equation, in which case they are explained in the text or in a footnote, and (6) all tables, figures, and illustrations are called out in the text before they appear, in the order in which they appear in the document.

40.2.3 **Traceability to indicated documents.** Traceability as used in this standard means that the document in question is in agreement with a predecessor document to which it has a hierarchical relationship. Traceability has five elements: (1) the document in question contains or implements all applicable stipulations of the predecessor document, (2) a given term, acronym, or abbreviation means the same thing in the documents, (3) a given item or concept is referred to by the same name or description in the documents, (4) all material in the successor document has its basis in the predecessor document, that is, no untraceable material has been introduced, and (5) the two documents do not contradict one another.

40.2.4 **Consistency with indicated documents.** Consistency between documents, as used in this standard, means that two or more documents that are not hierarchically related are free from contradictions with one another. Elements of consistency are: (1) no two statements contradict one another, (2) a given term, acronym, or abbreviation means the same thing in the documents, and (3) a given item or concept is referred to by the same name or description in the documents.

40.2.5 **Appropriate analysis, design, and coding techniques used.** The contract may include provisions regarding the requirements analysis, design, and coding techniques to be used. The contractor’s Software Development Plan (SDP) describes the contractor’s proposed implementation of these techniques. This criterion consists of compliance with the techniques specified in the contract and SDP.

40.2.6 **Appropriate allocation of sizing and timing resources.** This criterion, as used in this standard, means that: (1) the amount of memory or time allocated to a given element does not exceed documented constraints applicable to that element, and (2) the sum of the allocated amounts for all subordinate elements is within the overall allocation for an item.
40.2.7 Adequate test coverage of requirements. This criterion, as used in this standard, means that: (1) every specified requirement is addressed by at least one test, (2) test cases have been selected for both "average" situation and "boundary" situations, such as minimum and maximum values, (3) "stress" cases have been selected, such as out-of-bounds values, and (4) test cases that exercise combinations of different functions are included.

40.3 Additional criteria. The following definitions apply to criteria that are not self-explanatory and that appear in the NOTES column of Figures 4 through 10. These criteria are not included in each figure, but appear only as appropriate.

40.3.1 Adequacy of quality factors. This criterion applies to the quality factor requirements in the Software Requirements Specification (SRS). Aspects to be considered are: (1) trade-offs between quality factors have been considered and documented, and (2) each quality factor accompanied by a feasible method to be used to evaluate compliance with it is required by the SRS DID.

40.3.2 Testability of requirements. A requirement is considered to be testable if an objective and feasible test can be designed to determine whether the requirement is met by the software.

40.3.3 Consistency between data definition and data use. This criterion applies primarily to design documents. It means that each data element is defined in a way that is consistent with its usage in the software logic.

40.3.4 Adequacy of test cases, test procedures, (test inputs, expected results, evaluation criteria). Test cases and test procedures should specify exactly what inputs to provide, what steps to follow, what outputs to expect, and what criteria to use in evaluating the outputs. If any of these elements are not specified, the test case or test procedure is inadequate.

40.3.5 Completeness of testing. Testing is complete if all test cases and all test procedures have been performed, all results have been recorded, and all acceptance criteria have been met.

40.3.6 Completeness of retesting. Retesting consists of repeating a subset of the test cases and test procedures after software corrections have been made to correct problems found in previous testing. Retesting is considered complete if: (1) all test cases and test procedures that revealed problems in the previous testing have been repeated, their results have been recorded, and the results have met acceptance criteria, and (2) all test cases and test procedures that revealed no problems during the previous testing, but that test functions that are affected by the corrections, have been repeated, their results have been recorded, and the results have met acceptance criteria.
EVALUATION CRITERIA 4.4.4, 5.1.4, Figure 4, 5.2.4, Figure 9, 5.3.4, Figure 9, 5.4.2.4, 5.4.2.5, 5.4.4, Figure 7, 5.5.4, Figure 6, 5.6.4, Figure 9, 5.7.4, Figure 10, 5.8.4, Appendix D

EVALUATION RECORDS 4.4.3
EXTERNAL INTERFACE 5.1.2.4, 5.2.2.2, 5.3.2.2, 5.4.2.2
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