# Recommended Reading List for Faculty and Students

**Military Qualification Standards (MQS) II Reading List**

(U) Army Infantry School

**Fort Benning**

**GA 1983**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Author(s)</th>
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**UNCLASSIFIED**
RECOMMENDED
READING LIST FOR
FACULTY AND
STUDENTS
MILITARY QUALIFICATION STANDARDS (MQS) II READING LIST

UNITED STATES ARMY
INFANTRY SCHOOL
1982-1983
DIRECTORATE OF TRAINING
Learning Resources Division
Building 4

*Library (Room 101)*

Monday thru Thursday
Friday
Saturday
Sundays and Holidays

0800-1800 hours
0800-1700 hours
0800-1200
Closed

*Individual Learning Center (Room 236)*

Monday thru Friday
Saturdays, Sundays and Holidays

0800-1700 hours
Closed

*Hours of operation may be extended upon request.*

*NOTE:* The Recommended Reading List books are in a special collection which is located near the Periodical Area of the Library.
RECOMMENDED READING LIST FOR
FACULTY AND STUDENTS

FOREWORD

The Recommended Reading List provides a selection of noteworthy books to enhance professional reading. These books are available in the United States Army Infantry School Library. The faculty and students may consult with the librarians for additional reading on these and related subjects. Suggestions of titles for inclusion in the Library are welcomed.

The United States Army Infantry School is not responsible for the opinions of the authors.

FOR THE ASSISTANT COMMANDANT:

[Signature]

D. W. Vickers
Colonel, Infantry
Director of Training

DISTRIBUTION:
USAIS Fac & Staff (Off Pers) - 200
Inf Off Adv Class - 1500
Inf Off Basic Class - 1000
TSB (OC) - 600
USAIC Staff - 200
USA Inf Bde - 20
Book Store - 2
USAIS Library - 2000
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<tr>
<td>Weapons and Equipment</td>
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</tbody>
</table>
A relationship between the military and civilian authorities.

A provocative study of military leadership in politics.


A research paper designed to determine the effect of certain military and political changes on infantry officers' perceptions of their own roles and of their profession.

A lucid description of an original approach to conflict analysis.

A documented historical narrative of the Dominican crisis and the events that led up to it.

The importance of the United States and its military power to world security.

A fictional account of how, when, why and where World War III might be fought.

Global and regional patterns of the World War II period.

Points out the problems faced by those with a liberal conscience when they approach the subject of war.

A discussion of family support, personnel selection and assignment procedures, special pay and benefits, and problems faced by the military family.

A classical study of the American soldier in the 20th century. It remains one of the principal studies of the American military profession.

Concentrates on the My Lai massacre, to point out the legal problems of modern warfare.

Examines the social, political and economic factors involved in the use of force in the third world.

Presents the experiences of one specific ethnic group as an illustration of a means of adapting to interethnic enemies and conflict.

The author recalls the wars he has seen and participated in. His writing is powerful, some of his thoughts disturbing.
The author discusses the personnel policies and practices of the armed forces, 
and looks at the Defense Department as just another employer.

Compares Soviet and Western views on the nature of war.

A review of certain legal aspects of modern war.

One of the great dramas of World War II.

Tells of a few Americans who became mercenaries. Singles out certain individuals 
and units noted as being distinguished.

The book is designed to promote deeper understanding of America's rich and varied 
culture.

A Soviet author discusses Stalin's impact on Soviet history.

Ogot, Bethwell A. War and Society in Africa (1972). 
A compilation of 10 studies that assesses the role of the military in Africa.

Osgood, Robert. Limited War (1957). 
An attempt to bring theoretical and historical insights to bear upon foreign 
policy formulation.

A reassessment of limited war strategy and the lessons of Vietnam.

One of the most descriptive works on Soviet doctrine and strategy in a changing 
technological world.

Provides extensive discussion on US vulnerability and suggests a fundamental 
change not only of US policy but that of NATO.

Speer, Albert. Inside the Third Reich (1971). 
Political memoirs of the only defendant to admit his share of guilt in the crimes 
of the Third Reich.

Stallard, Patricia Y. Glittering Misery: Dependents of the Indian Fighting Army 
(1978). 
The author tells of many of the problems of the Army's dependent followers on the 
Frontier.

An evaluation of future security.

Walters, Vernon A. Silent Missions (1978). 
An account of 29 crucial decisions which have shaped much of the 20th century.

Reviews Islam's great impact on civilization, both ideologically and 
culturally.

Mr. Whisker maintains that citizens should be versed not in the belief that war 
could not happen but that some form of war could and probably will happen.

Compact data on the Warsaw Pact Armed Forces.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Author</th>
<th>Notes</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bradley, Omar N. A Soldier's Story (1951).</td>
<td>B 72</td>
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<tr>
<td>General of the Army Omar Bradley's account of World War II.</td>
<td>D 808.05</td>
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<tr>
<td>Butterfield, Herbert. Napoleon (1956).</td>
<td>DC 203</td>
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<tr>
<td>Napoleon portrayed as a military commander.</td>
<td>B 98</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>A biography of the distinguished Soviet military leader of World War II.</td>
<td>252 C3</td>
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<tr>
<td>An autobiography.</td>
<td>C54 A34</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Dean, William F. General Dean's Story: As Told to William L. Warden (1954).</td>
<td>DS 917.165</td>
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<tr>
<td>The gallant, personal story of the Korean War's most famous POW.</td>
<td>D 3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Farago, Ladislas. Patton - Ordeal and Triumph (1964).</td>
<td>E 181</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>A biography of General Patton.</td>
<td>F27 F22</td>
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<tr>
<td>Fuller, J. F. C. The Generalship of Alexander the Great (1960).</td>
<td>DF 234.2</td>
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<tr>
<td>An analytic account of Alexander's times and campaigns.</td>
<td>F 9</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Fuller, J. F. C. Julius Caesar (1965).</td>
<td>DG 261</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>An account of Caesar's amazing career.</td>
<td>F 94</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>The author provides a partisan account of Wellington's military career.</td>
<td>W4 G 51</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Grant, Ulysses S. The Personal Memoirs of U. S. Grant. 2 vols (1885).</td>
<td>E 672</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>An autobiography.</td>
<td>G 7614</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Guderian's memoirs.</td>
<td>G95 A2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Probably the most balanced work on America's 'proconsul' in Asia. The author tries to find the truth between the admirers and detractors.</td>
<td>M2 J2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Personal account of General MacArthur's full and vigorous military career.</td>
<td>M2 A2</td>
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<tr>
<td>An historical biography.</td>
<td>G8 M15</td>
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<tr>
<td>A biography of General Douglas MacArthur.</td>
<td>M3 M26</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Marshall-Cornwall, James. Foch (1972).</td>
<td>DC 382.8</td>
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<tr>
<td>A narrative of Ferdinand Foch as a military commander.</td>
<td>F6 H3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Marshall-Cornwall, J. H. Napoleon as Military Commander (1967).</td>
<td>DC 203.9</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Napoleon portrayed essentially as a military commander.</td>
<td>M 26</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Wellenthin, F. W. German Generals of World War II (1977).</td>
<td>D 757</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>A portrayal, based on the author's recollections of their actions, decisions, and behavior.</td>
<td>M 52</td>
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<tr>
<td>The autobiography of Field Marshal Montgomery, from early childhood through World War II.</td>
<td>M76 A3</td>
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<tr>
<td>Patton, George S. War As I Knew It (1947).</td>
<td>D 808.05</td>
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<tr>
<td>The military career of General Patton.</td>
<td>P 27</td>
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<tr>
<td>General Marshall's achievements in the period prior to and during the early days of World War II.</td>
<td>M356 P75</td>
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<tr>
<td>Author</td>
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<tr>
<td>Ibbets, Michael</td>
<td>Gustavus Adolphus, 2 Vols (1965). A study of the great captain of the modern era.</td>
<td>DL 706</td>
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<tr>
<td>Truscott, Lucian K.</td>
<td>Command Missions (1953). General Truscott's account of the War.</td>
<td>D 808.05</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Westmoreland, William C.</td>
<td>A Soldier Reports (1976). A personal account of General Westmoreland's military career, including major events of the Vietnam War.</td>
<td>F 742</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
A standard textbook used by generations of American students of military history.

Concentrates on nuclear armaments and attempts at disarmament. Is nuclear war avoidable?

The life and times of one of England's greatest soldiers is discussed in this book, as well as the beginnings of England's first truly professional Army.

Using as his chief source Caesar's own account of his campaigns in Gaul, the author sheds new light on one of the great military events of history.

A labor of love, told in great detail but in the richest of prose by a descendant of one of England's great warriors.

Probably one of the most studied of all military works. Clausewitz, a Prussian general and military theorist, is probably the greatest philosopher of war and many of his theories are still being quoted.

Davies, Godfrey. Wellington and His Army (1954).
An account of the methods used by Sir Arthur Wellesley, Duke of Wellington, another of England's great soldiers, to organize and administer the armies he led to victory.

Chief of the Italian air arm during World War I, Douhet argues that air power could be used to win a war by breaking the enemy's will to fight by bombing his cities. He has since been known as the "apostle of air power" and is considered a leading air power theoretician.

Dodge, T. A. *Gustavus Adolphus* (1895).
The book is about one of the great captains of the 17th century, who is known as the father of modern field artillery and of the concept of massed, mobile artillery fire.

A history of strategic thinking, mainly European, by 20 historians and analysts of military affairs.

Falls, C. B. *A Hundred Years of War* (1953).
A noted British military historian surveys the conduct of war in Western society from the opening of the Age of Revolution.

A detailed and compassionate treatment of the South's great military leaders during the American Civil War.

The author, a 20th century British military theoretician, argues persuasively for an "all tank" army. He sees dismounted infantry playing a limited role on the future battlefield.

Fuller, J. F. C. *Decisive Battles: Their Influence Upon History and Civilisation,* 2 Vols (1939-1940).
The volumes focus on the results of combat in the past, and provide an excellent starting point for more detailed studies of individual battles and campaigns.

One of the earliest attempts to explain the Soviet approach to war. Still highly valuable for its insights into Soviet military organization and administration.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Author</th>
<th>Title</th>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Notes</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Goerlitz, Walter</td>
<td>History of the German General Staff, 1657-1945 (1953)</td>
<td></td>
<td>UB 225 G3 65</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Considered to be one of the better studies of that Prussian, later German, military institution - the Great General Staff — and its influence on the conduct of war on the European continent.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Henderson, G. F. A.</td>
<td>Stonewall Jackson and the American Civil War, 2 Vols (1905-1911)</td>
<td>E 467.1</td>
<td>J15 H5</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>An American Civil War classic, written by a British soldier who rode and fought with Stonewall Jackson in some of the latter's more memorable campaigns.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Herodotus.</td>
<td>The History of Herodotus, 2 Vols (1921)</td>
<td>T 58</td>
<td>H 5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>A study of early Greek military history.</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Hittie, J. D.</td>
<td>The Military Staff, Its History and Development (1949)</td>
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<td>UB 220 H 63</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The book deals with the history and development of the general staffs of the United States, Great Britain, France, Germany, and Russia.</td>
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<td>Huntington, Samuel P.</td>
<td>The Soldier and the State (1957)</td>
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<td>UA 23 H 92</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>A history of US civil-military relations and a strong defense of the military ethic.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Jomini</td>
<td>Summary of the Art of War (1947)</td>
<td>U 162</td>
<td>J 71</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Antoine Henri Jomini was one of the first military theorists to set down certain principles of war by defining various kinds of warfare and describing different types of military operations.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Liddell Hart, B. H.</td>
<td>Decisive Wars of History (1929)</td>
<td>D 25</td>
<td>L 619</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>A survey of warfare from ancient times to World War I by an extremely prolific British military writer and thinker.</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Liddell Hart, B. H.</td>
<td>The Remaking of Modern Armies (1927)</td>
<td>U 102</td>
<td>L 62</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>An argument that sees the tank as the dominant force on the future battlefield and calls for either motorizing or mechanizing all infantry forces. Also sees airpower playing an important role in warfare.</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Liddell Hart, B. H.</td>
<td>The Sword and the Pen (1976)</td>
<td>U 19</td>
<td>S 57</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>A selection of the great writings on military topics by historians and authorities of all nations from ancient times to the present day.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Calling on past history, the author cites the failure of head-on attacks and argues that well thought out maneuverings by mobile forces can overcome enemy forces while suffering relatively few casualties.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Liddell Hart, B. H.</td>
<td>The Future of Infantry (1933)</td>
<td>UD 145</td>
<td>L 5</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>A call for re-thinking Western views on future infantry actions. The author advocates fighting at night and the development of such night fighting aids as artificial moonlight and artificial fog. He also favors two kinds of Infantry—heavy-and-light — and offers a number of specific, practical suggestions for equipping infantry organizations.</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Machiavelli, Nicolo.</td>
<td>The Art of War, 2 Vols (1905)</td>
<td>U 161</td>
<td>M 18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The author was the first man to write about the significance of modern warfare and to portray it accurately. Although he was often wrong in his predictions about weapons and their employment, he is still remembered as being the first interpreter of the nature of war and of modern politics.</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Machiavelli, Nicolo.</td>
<td>The Prince and the Discourses (1950)</td>
<td>JC 143</td>
<td>M 14</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>This is sometimes described as the first book on modern political science. The author divorced politics from morality and claimed that success was based on force. He understood the nature of the sovereign nation-state and argued that its existence depended on its military strength.</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Mills, Walter</td>
<td>Arms and the State (1958)</td>
<td>U 21</td>
<td>M 62</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>A history of US defense policy from 1930-1957, with emphasis on the post-World War II period. The author describes the evolution of American military institutions and relates the development of those institutions to parallel social and economic forces in national life.</td>
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<td>Author</td>
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<tr>
<td>Montross, Lynn</td>
<td>Rag, Tag, and Bobtail: The Story of the Continental Army, 1775-1783</td>
<td>E 208 M 76</td>
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<td></td>
<td>(1952)</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>An excellent and well-written account of the travails of the American</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Army during the Revolutionary War and of its final success at Yorktown.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Montross, Lynn</td>
<td>War through the Ages (1960).</td>
<td>U 27</td>
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<td></td>
<td>A survey of the art and science of warfare as it developed between</td>
<td>M 6</td>
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<td></td>
<td>490 B.C. and 1944 A. D.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>A good summary, and a fine research guide.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>The author attempts to gauge what increased national security needs</td>
<td>N 33</td>
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<td></td>
<td>will mean to traditional American values and institutions.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>The primary focus of the book is on the development of the general</td>
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<td>staff concept in the United States.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Nickerson, Hoffman</td>
<td>The Armed Horde, 1753-1939 (1940).</td>
<td>U 27</td>
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<td></td>
<td>A study of the rise, survival, and decline of the mass army.</td>
<td>N 53</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oman, Charles</td>
<td>A History of the Art of War in the Middle Ages, 2 Vols (1924).</td>
<td>U 37</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The standard work on warfare during the medieval period.</td>
<td>O 5</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Covers generally the period from 378 to 1515.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Parman, Francis</td>
<td>Montcalm and Wolfe, 2 Vols (1923).</td>
<td>E 199</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The author, a famous American frontier historian, describes in vivid</td>
<td>P 24</td>
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<td></td>
<td>detail the events of the French and Indian War.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>A history of warfare and its interrelationship with western society.</td>
<td>P 92</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>A short study of the wars of western civilization from 1415 through</td>
<td>R 6</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td>the 1950s.</td>
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<tr>
<td>Saxe, Comte Maurice de</td>
<td>Reveries on the Art of War (1944).</td>
<td>U 101</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>A brilliant military theorist, Maurice de Saxe believed that warfare</td>
<td>S 21</td>
<td></td>
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<td></td>
<td>has its laws that could be discovered if one looked hard enough.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>He believed that skillful movement and close attention to logistics</td>
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<td></td>
<td>were the keys to success in battle, and that it might even be possible</td>
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<td>that a successful general could wage war throughout his career</td>
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<td></td>
<td>without resorting to battle.</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>A good summary of world military history to the mid-eighteenth century.</td>
<td>S 73</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Steele, M. F.</td>
<td>American Campaigns, 2 Vols (1913).</td>
<td>E 181</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>The two volumes long served in the military schools of America as a</td>
<td>U 61</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>standard textbook on battle history from the Colonial Wars through</td>
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<td>the Spanish-American War.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>The second volume contains the maps that complement the narrative</td>
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<td>accounts in the first volume.</td>
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<td>Turner, G. B.</td>
<td>A History of Military Affairs in Western Society Since the Eighteenth</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Century (1953).</td>
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<td>A compilation of readings that show the relationship between war and</td>
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<td>society as well as the different persuasions that have arisen in some</td>
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<td>major controversial issues.</td>
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<td>Toynbee, A. J.</td>
<td>War and Civilization (1950).</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Although the author recognizes the importance of the military virtues</td>
<td>T 66</td>
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<td>and the fact that war has a continuous effect in the shaping of</td>
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<td>society, he feels that war has been one of the major causes for the</td>
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<td>breakdown of every civilization in the past.</td>
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<td>Upton, Henry</td>
<td>The Military Policy of the United States (1912).</td>
<td>E 181</td>
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<td></td>
<td>A pioneer and standard work on the development of American military</td>
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<td>policy from the Revolutionary War to 1862.</td>
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<td></td>
<td>A definitive history of the American Revolution.</td>
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<td>Warrington, John</td>
<td>Caesar's War Commentaries (1953).</td>
<td>DG 264</td>
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<td></td>
<td>Caesar's own insights and disillusionments of his many undertakings</td>
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<td>during his tenure on the throne.</td>
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A story of President Lincoln's search for a successful general to lead the Army of the Potomac, and stresses his increasingly active role in the direction of the Northern war effort.

Tracing the application of tactical principles of units of all sizes, ranging from companies to battalions and regiments and to include the military lessons of the Sino-Japanese, Spanish and Italo-Abyssinian Wars, the author argues for the use of more maneuver tactics in war and fewer frontal assaults.

A lengthy discussion of the relationship between international law and military history.
HISTORY

A narrative that chronicles the extended conflict from the disintegration of the British Mandate in 1946 to the Six Days War of 1967.

Military commanders of the 20th century.

Clubb, O. Edmund. 20th Century China (1978).
A political history.

Contributions of Black soldiers to the wars of the US.

Historical development of the art of war.

Duffy, Christopher. Fire and Stone, 1660-1860 (1975).
The science of fortress warfare.

A brief, concise account of the American Soldier in action during each period of US history.

Consists of a series of chronologically and geographically organized narratives of military warfare.

A history of German military excellence.

Dupuy, R. E. Little Wars of the United States (1968).
A compact history of America’s lesser known military involvements.

Military thought, from Machiavelli to Hitler.

Provides a portrait of the President’s character and personality, as well as an account of his involvement in such matters as the Atoms for Peace proposal, the Open Skies proposal, and the strengthening of NATO.

Falls, Cyril. A Hundred Years of War (1953).
Probably the best general military history of the 19th century.

Fisher, Michael M. Iran from Religious Dispute to Revolution (1980).
An in depth study of Iran.

The author traces the role of Blacks in military service, from the colonial period through the Vietnam War and to the establishment of the present Volunteer Army.

Insights into two centuries of warfare.

Rich from the standpoint of strategy and the interrelationship of war with societal factors from ancient times through World War II.

The book is the first full-scale account of the development of airmobile warfare.
A social history. U 33
G 23

A history of airborne warfare. D 809.1
G 24

An in-depth look at the use of the air to provide battlefield mobility for armies, past, present and future. UD 480

Collection of essays in honor of the Bicentennial. E 181

Historical survey of the volunteer organized militia, the National Guard, as an American defense institution. UA 42
H 55

Howard, Michael and Peter Paret, editors. On War (1976).
A new English translation of Clausewitz's writings. U 102
C 61

The story of US airborne development and operation, from World War I to the present. UD 483
H 69

Examines 18 land battles dating from the medieval longbow to the age of the nuclear missile. DS 25
H 91

The volume is designed to foster an appreciation of the value of military history, and to explain its uses and the resources available for study. E 181
G 94

A history of the first peace-keeping army in the US. UA 23
K 79

A military history of the British colonies in North America, 1607-1763. E 18
L 46

A comprehensive, easy to understand history of America's Wars; covers not only "what" occurred but "why." E 181
L 49

A study of war as it was practiced in the West between 1815 and 1914. U 41
M 14

A history of the Soviet Armed Forces, with emphasis on the World War II Era. UA 770
M 28

The author concentrates on those events which demonstrate the crucial factors and phases that conditioned land warfare throughout the ages. U 27
M 15

A history of tanks in battle. US 446.5
H 21

History of the development of the armed forces of the United States; balance between what was militarily desirable and what was politically possible. E 181
M 61

The culmination of a lifetime's thoughts and experiences. U 27
M 76

The story of the Army in the Republic during the period 1783-1846. E 181
F 95

The book describes the development of the Israeli Army. DS 119.2
S 33
Shirer, William L.  *The Rise and Fall of the Third Reich* (1960).
A history of Nazi Germany.  
DD 256.2
S 48

Accounts of the foot soldier, from the pre-Revolutionary period to Vietnam.
UD 23
S 73

The world before World War I, 1890-1914.
D 398
T 79

A definitive book on United States and Chinese relations from World War I through post-World War II years.
DS 775
T 79

A history of Modern Egypt; an introduction to the development and evolution of Egyptian society.
DT 107
V 34

A history of United States military strategy and policy.
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W 41

The author presents the development of military thought and the history of the Army as an institution.
UA 25
W 43

A story of the common soldiers of the Union.
E 607
W 64

A story of the common soldiers of the Confederacy.
E 607
W 65

Yim, Kwan Ha.  *China since Mao* (1980).
Depicts the course of events in post Mao China, from the death of Chou En Lai to Teng Hsiao Ping.
DS 779.26
T 51

Focuses on the strategic levels of military history.
U 27
Z 6
COMMAND AND LEADERSHIP

Babbitt, Irving. Democracy and Leadership (1924). The author applies the principles of humanism to the civil social order. JC 423


Beiler, Loren B. The First-Time Manager (1979). A book for the beginning leader who is delighted about his promotion and panic-stricken with the realization he will be judged on how well subordinates perform. U 22


Beiler, Loren B. The First-Time Manager (1979). A book for the beginning leader who is delighted about his promotion and panic-stricken with the realization he will be judged on how well subordinates perform. U 22


Carrington, James H. Command Control Compromise (1973). The author presents an objective method for evaluating and determining an officer's potential. U 21

Clark, Bruce. Guidelines for the Leader and Commander (1968). Outlines the leadership and management techniques used by General Clarke in his forty-year military career. C 55

Cumings, Paul N. Open Management (1980). The book contains a series of practical and successful solutions to 'people problems.' C 97

Dodge, Theodore A. Great Captains (1968). Six lectures show the influence on the art of war of the campaigns of Alexander, Hannibal, Caesar, Gustavus Adolphus, Frederick, and Napoleon. U 51

Downing, David. The Devil's Virtuosos: German Generals at War 1940-5 (1977). The book focuses on the German direction of the war, and the strong and weak points of the German military leaders. D 757

Dunning, David. The Devil's Virtuosos: German Generals at War 1940-5 (1977). The book focuses on the German direction of the war, and the strong and weak points of the German military leaders. D 75

Eddy, William B., editor. Behavioral Science and the Manager's Role (1960). A collection of essays that relate to the manager's behavior to his/her surroundings and the people with whom he/she works. B 42


Fuller, John F. C. Generalship (1933). A study of the personal factor in command. E 672

Greenfield, Kent R., editor. Command Decisions (1960). An Army historian's collection of essays on a number of the major decisions that were made during World War II. D 680

Hays, Samuel H. Taking Command (1967). A great "how-to" and "why" book on leadership. UB 21

Killian, Ray A. Managers Must Lead (1979). The book focuses on what a manager should be. HF 5549

Kinnard, Douglas. The War Managers (1977). A retired officer's summation of the views of more than one hundred Army generals who commanded units in Vietnam. DS 556.3

MacDonald, C. B. Company Commander (1947). The experiences of a young officer in World War II. D 809.73
The author is concerned with the problem of battle command in future warfare, and offers suggestions for improving that command.

A study of American military leadership and character.

The first complete and unabridged version of the author's book, Infantry Attacks, to be published in the United States.

The author lists thirteen of the greatest battles and commanders in history.

Personal reminiscences of the author, who from November 1943 to August 1944 served as naval advisor to the staff of Army Group B.

Generals in victory and defeat during World War II.

An analytical appraisal of the United States military command and control structure.

Military leadership, past and present.

A view from the "other side of the hill"; about military leadership and its responsibilities.

An appraisal of the senior military command during this period.

Although not reading material, the following biographical tapes, "The Commander Series," are excellent and available in the Individual Learning Center:

MT0177 The Commanders: Isoroku Yamamoto - Architect of the surprise attack on Pearl Harbor, the driving force behind Japan's war machine. A military giant.

MT0182 The Commanders: Erwin Rommel, Field Marshal of the German Army, the Desert Fox. His story from dazzling victories in France and North Africa to crushing defeats at El Alamein and in Normandy.

MT0183 The Commanders: Douglas MacArthur - Supreme Commander, Pacific Theater, the most flamboyant and individualistic of all World War II generals. The only WWII general whose career extended into the era of nuclear strategy.

MT0192 The Commanders: Sir William Slim - Field Marshal of the British Army, British Commander in the China-Burma-India theater.

MT0193 The Commanders: Georgi Zhukov - Marshal of the Soviet Union, the stern, iron-willed commander who never lost a battle.
The Commanders: Sir Arthur "Bomber" Harris, Marshal of the Royal Air Force, the commander whose role in WWII still provokes controversy.

INTELLIGENCE/ELECTRONIC WARFARE

An authoritative account of the British Admiralty's Operational Intelligence Center (OIC), and the key role it played in the Battle of the Atlantic.

An examination of the Allied intelligence efforts, which gave the Allies an edge over the Nazi war machine.

Ford, Carey. Cloak and Dagger (1945).
The secret account of the Office of Strategic Services.

Godson, Roy. Intelligence Requirements for the 1980's: Elements of Intelligence (1979).
An overview of the main points the US intelligence establishment should consider in the years ahead.

Lewin, Ronald. ULTRA Goes to War (1978).
Traces the events of the Intelligence War as waged by the Western Allies against Nazi Germany.

A survey of the importance this new type of warfare has played in the Middle East.

A chronicle of the world's first integrated intelligence operations and its chief.

Studies of military intelligence during the Vietnam War.

The story of how, during World War II, the highest form of intelligence, obtained from the breaking of the supposedly unbreakable German machine cyphers, was processed and distributed with complete security to President Roosevelt, Winston Churchill and all the principal Chiefs of Staff and commanders in the field throughout the war.

INTERNATIONAL RELATIONS

The author concentrates on the problem of human rights.

An exploration of Soviet interests and power, from a Soviet perspective.

A study of Poland between the years 1970 and 1979.

Discusses the problems of peace today, and the hope for peaceful solutions.

An account of the revolution in Nicaragua.

The events leading up to the construction of the Berlin Wall and how the West handled it.

The unequal and uneven US-Latin American alliance, and the Inter-American military system.

A realistic look at US views towards war and the inevitability of war if certain guidelines are not maintained.
An examination of the attitudes of the two Koreas, the Soviet Union, China, and Japan toward US forces stationed in Korea.

A discussion that concentrates on India's internal problems, and whether its leaders can find the solutions that can make it a great country.

A study of the US-Soviet military balance, and what the future might hold.

A history of the Persian Gulf States up to 1978. Provides background information needed to understand the context in which changes have taken place.

Crow, John A. The Epic of Latin America (1980).
The development of the modern Latin American State.

An historical survey of the Middle Eastern political conflicts, from 1948 to 1971.

Evron, Ya'ir. The Rise of Arms Control in the Middle East (1977).
The study deals with past experience, present issues, and the future of arms control in the Arab-Israeli region of the Middle East.

Discusses choice available to the United States in its relations with Latin America.

Examines the strength of West European Communist Parties, their domestic programs and their foreign policies with regard to NATO and the USSR.

The author discusses the relationships between the US, Japan, and China.

The book brings into focus various studies that reflect bi- and multilateral patterns of interaction between China and other states in the international system.

The nature and likelihood of various military contingencies are analyzed: Soviet interdiction of Japan's sea lanes; a new Korean war; and an attack on Taiwan by China.

The book traces Soviet policy relations with the Middle East countries, from 1958 to 1968.

A survey of the various kinds of political establishments that can be found in these vital areas.

Political interactions and legal developments in the Persian Gulf Region.

The story behind the events that led to a twenty-year-long break in Chinese-American relations.

Mandel, Henri. Oil and Politics (1975).
The author provides a political perspective to the tough questions concerning oil.

An eyewitness account of the civil strife in Burundi, Africa, from April through August 1972.

The book chronicles the author's impressions of his trip to China.


Discusses the role of the military in Nigerian politics.


The problems - political, military, religious - that plague the Middle East countries and the chances for peace.


Places in proper perspective the Mexican-American contribution to the history of the United States.

Simmons, Robert R. *The Strained Alliance* (1975).

A study of the origins and politics of the Korean War.

Stookley, Robert W. *America and the Arab States* (1975).

The author traces the history of America's troubled relations with the Arab states.


An in-depth study of the Arab-Israeli conflict as it affects and is affected by great power positions in the Middle East.


Proceedings of an international conference held in West Germany on 1-2 May 1975.


Discusses the numerous problems caused by the Palestine question during the period 1942-1948, and the final decision to establish a Jewish State.
LOGISTICS AND MAINTENANCE

An assessment of logistics support to the combat forces.

Logistics from Wallenstein to Patton.
NUCLEAR, BIOLOGICAL, CHEMICAL AND RADIOLOGICAL WARFARE

Bolt, Bruce A. Nuclear Explosives and Earthquakes (1976).
   The book is based on observations, conclusions, and opinions drawn from scientific literature and more.

   Nuclear accidents from 1952 to present.

   A study that argues that the US has superiority not parity.

   A warning of what can happen if some sort of nuclear control is not established.

   The third world, its nuclear capabilities, and what the United States can do about this problem.

   A history of American nuclear weapons policy.

   Why we are where we are today and some suggestions for change.

   The author's report of the Ford Foundation's Energy Policy Project. In addition, the book discusses safeguarding our ideas and weapons.
ORGANIZATION AND ADMINISTRATION

A model which will help the manager to think about Transition management.
HD 58.8
B 39

Contrasts US defense planning for emergencies with present manpower mobilization capabilities.
UA 17.5
US C67

A detailed study of how advanced technology, since World War II, has transformed the US military services.
UA 23
D 32

A study of mismanagement in the United States Army since Vietnam.
UA 25
G 11

A simple and workable model that can lead the manager through a systematic diagnostic process.
HD 58.8
K 87

Analysis of a singular military establishment; its organization and people; its background and employment during the years.
UA 853
I B84

The book discusses the Army's financial management during the Vietnam Conflict.
DS 556.3
A22 T21
pU

The use of analysis to reinforce military judgement.
DS 556.71
A 22 pU

A documented account of certain innovations that influenced the command of an infantry division.
DS 556.75
U 58 pU

An account of the North Vietnamese attempts to seize control of Quang Tri and Thua Thien Provinces in South Vietnam.
DS 556.45
A22 P31 pU

UA 835
U 58
SELECTED WARS, BATTLES, AND CAMPAIGNS

Asprey, Robert B. At Belleau Wood (1965).
A study of American troops in France during WW I. Contains many descriptions of small unit actions.

Baldwin, Hanson W. Battles Lost and Won (1966).
The author evaluates eleven battles of World War II.

Baldwin, Hanson W. The Crucial Years, 1938-1941 (1976).
A brief outline history of WW II, with sections describing all major theaters and actions in 1939, 1940, and 1941.


Bauer, John J. From the Danube to the Yalu (1954).
A critical study of American policy on limited war.

Narrates the long series of undeclared wars along the Rio Grande River between 1848 and 1920.
A definitive history of the Korean War.

A comprehensive overview of World War II glider training and glider operations.

The saga of US Army and Marine parachute and glider combat troops during World War II.

An Infantry lieutenant's experiences in the Vietnam War.

A story of Frederick II of Prussia and his army at work in shaping modern Europe.

A story of Frederick II of Prussia and his army at work in shaping modern Europe.

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An account of the several Arab-Israeli wars and their results.

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An Infantry lieutenant's experiences in the Vietnam War.

An Infantry lieutenant's experiences in the Vietnam War.

An account of the several Arab-Israeli wars and their results.
A history of the army of the Roman emperors.

Grant, Michael. *The Fall of the Roman Empire: A Reappraisal for our Own Time* (1976).
The author compares the past with the present, and comes up with some disturbing results.

Description of various battles and their results.

The human side of the war and its aftermath.

The author applies modern military concepts and terminology to the Biblical narratives of Israel's ancient wars.

An assessment of the strategy used by Israel during the 1973 Arab-Israeli War.

The book traces the military history of the Colonies during the era of the Revolution.

A study of the history of warfare during the nine centuries from A.D. 600 to A.D. 1500.

Personal commentaries on the Battle of Verdun during World War I.

A history of the Algerian War.

Houston, Donald E. *Hell on Wheels* (1978).
The story of the 2d Armored Division, from Fort Benning to Berlin in WW II.

The best one-volume coverage of a decisive European War.

A follow-on volume to *Infantry in Vietnam*.

An account of the 1973 Arab-Israeli War.

An account of the invasion of Russia in 1941.

Dissects five famous battles of history and concentrates on the soldier and his motivation.

The story of the men who carried out the raids in World War II.

A story of General Douglas MacArthur's last triumph on 15 September 1950 at Inchon, Korea, eighteen miles from Seoul.

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Personal narrative.
Accounts of eight critical actions of World War II and the Korean War.
D 808.01
M 35

A comprehensive account of three battles in Vietnam.
DS 556.86
M 35

A memorable account of the airborne operations in France in June 1944.
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M 35

An eyewitness account of the American fighting man in action in Korea.
DS 917.88
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The defeat of the 8th Army by the Chinese Communist Forces, November 1950, in Korea.
DS 917.83
M 35

Command decisions of the Israeli commanders during the 100-hour conquest in the Sinai Peninsula.
DT 40
M 36

Maxwell, Neville. India's China War (1970).
A history of the China-India War.
DS 480.85
M 45

Mellenthin, F. W. Panzer Battles, 1939-1945 (1956).
A study of the major German armor campaigns of W W II.
DS 785.349
M 48

Morton, Louis. The Fall of the Philippines (1953).
Details the defense and collapse of the Philippines, 1941-1942.
D 808
A 2-E

A pictorial account of the actions in the CBI Theater during World War II.
D 767.6
M 89

A discussion of the campaign in Northwest Europe.
D 738.2
M 93

An action packed account of fighting gliders and the gallant men who went into battle in these machines.
D 738.2
M 93

Depicts the life of the medieval warrior, his training, weapons and equipment, and his rights and obligations under the feudal system.
U 37
M 78

A history of the 1972 War.
DS 128.1
O 12

Obedorfer, Don. TETI (1971).
DS 556.88
O 2

A reexamination of the political objectives that drove the selection of military strategies.
DS 558
P 17

The author examines the major contenders in the struggles.
DS 556.34
P 64

A reporter's view of World War II.
D 731.86
P 94

DT 295
Q 25

Ridgway, Matthew B. The Korean War (1967).
The military strategy of the War as seen by a decision maker.
DS 917.2
R 43

The Battle of Arnhem, which was considered the greatest airborne operation of World War II.
DS 767.681
AT 898
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<td>The Last Battle</td>
<td>Ryan, Cornelius</td>
<td>1966</td>
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<td>An account of the fall of Berlin to Soviet Forces in 1945.</td>
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<td>The Raid</td>
<td>Schemmer, Benjamin</td>
<td>1976</td>
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<td>An account of the unsuccessful US attempt to rescue POWs near Hanoi.</td>
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<td>Pentagon Papers</td>
<td>Sheehan, Neil</td>
<td>1971</td>
<td>DS 556.1</td>
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<td>Defeat Into Victory</td>
<td>Slim, William</td>
<td>1961</td>
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<td>Viscount Slim's account of the Burma campaign.</td>
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<td>Return to the Philippines</td>
<td>Steinberg, Rafael</td>
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<td>A pictorial account of Japan's occupation of the Philippines and of MacArthur's triumphant return.</td>
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<td>Toland, John</td>
<td>1966</td>
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<td>Describes the last three months of World War II in Europe.</td>
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<td>Rising Sun: The Decline and Fall of the Japanese Empire, 1936-1945 (1970).</td>
<td>Toland, John</td>
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<td>An account of the War, seen from the Japanese point of view, that changed the face of Asia.</td>
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<td>Traces the evolution of airmobility in the US Army.</td>
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<td>A story of the efforts of the more than forty nations that provided assistance in Vietnam.</td>
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<td>A documented account of several major actions.</td>
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<td>An outline of events from January 1951 to the cessation of hostilities in July 1953.</td>
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<td>A documented account of the war in Korea.</td>
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<td>A volume on the wars of the United States; conquest of the Plains.</td>
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<td>Our Endless War: Inside Vietnam (1978).</td>
<td>Van Don, Tran</td>
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<td>The war as seen by the other side.</td>
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<td>Wallace, Robert</td>
<td>1978</td>
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<td>A pictorial account.</td>
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<td>Dare Call it Treason</td>
<td>Watt, Richard W.</td>
<td>1963</td>
<td>D 548</td>
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<td>An account of the 1917 mutiny in the French Army.</td>
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<td>The Roman Imperial Army</td>
<td>Webster, G.</td>
<td>1969</td>
<td>DG 89</td>
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<td>One of the best works on this amazing institution.</td>
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<td>The Road to Tokyo</td>
<td>Wheeler, Keith</td>
<td>1979</td>
<td>D 767</td>
<td>W 56</td>
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<td>An account, from Pearl Harbor to Tokyo, of the US push to drive the Japanese back to Japan.</td>
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<td>The standard analysis of the Chinese decision to intervene.</td>
<td>Whiting, Allen S.</td>
<td>1960</td>
<td>DS 917.183</td>
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<td>China Crosses the Yalu</td>
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Wilmot, Chester. The Struggle for Europe (1952).
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The 1968 TET offensive as portrayed in the media.

Political and military actions during the 1967 Arab-Israeli War.

The author's focus is on the training at the battalion-level and below.

A personal account of one of Israel's more successful wars.

The first of a series of studies called the Leavenworth Papers.

The Infantry magazine's first volume on the war in Vietnam.

Accounts a 1966 confrontation between American and enemy forces.

An account of a bitter war fought in almost medieval conditions.

The author, a well-known Soviet military theorist, discusses the general theoretical questions of modern offensive combat under conditions where nuclear weapons are used.

The study, written by a group of former German officers, describes the characteristics of Russian breakthroughs and the countermeasures employed by the Germans.

Evaluates Russian combat methods in terms of German combat doctrine, and compares Russian staff methods to those of the German General Staff. Indispensable to an understanding of Russian methods of warfare.

A survey of the role of the MACV advisory system.

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