# Cleaning and Preserving of Weapons

**U.S. Army Test and Evaluation Command**

**Test Operations Procedure**

**Aberdeen Proving Ground, Maryland 21005**

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**Abstract**

Provides procedures for cleaning weapons after firing and for preserving weapons for storage and shipping. Lists specifications for materials used in processing. Applies to artillery cannon (including mortars), recoilless rifles, and small arms.
US ARMY TEST AND EVALUATION COMMAND
TEST OPERATIONS PROCEDURE

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CLEANING AND PRESERVING OF WEAPONS

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1. SCOPE. This TOP provides procedures for cleaning weapons after firing and for preserving weapons for storage and shipping. It applies to artillery cannon (including mortars), recoilless rifles, and small arms.
2. FACILITIES.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ITEM</th>
<th>REQUIREMENTS</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Bore brush</td>
<td>As applicable to the weapon</td>
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<tr>
<td>Clean, dry, lint-free cloth or specially</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>prepared wiping papers</td>
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<tr>
<td>Bore cleaner for cannon and receivers</td>
<td>NSN-6850-00-224-6663</td>
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<td>Bore cleaner for small arms</td>
<td>Specified in MIL-C-372B</td>
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<tr>
<td>Scouring powder</td>
<td>Type I, class 2, P-S-311</td>
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<tr>
<td>Steel wire wheel driven by electric motor</td>
<td>See paras 4.1.1b, 4.1.2b</td>
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<tr>
<td>Steel wool hone driven by electric motor</td>
<td>See paras 4.1.4a, 4.1.5b</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corrosion inhibitor</td>
<td>See para 4.1.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Steam cleaner (paras 4.1.5c, 4.1.6a)</td>
<td>Soap solution NSN-6850-00-256-0157</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Solvents</td>
<td>See paras 4.1.5, 4.1.6, 5.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Crocus cloth</td>
<td>NSN-5350-00-221-0872</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Corrosion preventive compounds</td>
<td>See paras 4.2.1, 4.2.2d</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VCI paper (para 4.2.2)</td>
<td>MIL-P-3420D 4/</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1/ MIL-P-116G, Preservation-Packaging, Methods of.
2/ MIL-C-372B, Cleaning Compound, Solvent - for Bore of Small Arms and Automatic Aircraft Weapons.
4/ MIL-P-3420D, Packaging Materials, Volatile Corrosion Inhibitor, Treated, Opaque.
3. CONTROLS. All surfaces exposed to burnt powder during test firing will be cleaned as soon as possible after firing and preferably while the tube is still warm. If the cleaning cannot be accomplished within 8 hours after firing, it is imperative that the areas exposed to burnt powder be treated with bore cleaner until they can be cleaned. The burnt powder and bore cleaner must then be removed and the powder-exposed areas thoroughly cleaned within 80 hours.

4. ARTILLERY CANNON (INCLUDING MORTARS) AND RECOILLESS RIFLES.

4.1 Cleaning/Drying.

a. Bore Cleaning Cycles. A cleaning cycle consists of one complete forward and backward stroke of a bore brush (fastened around a cleaning staff) through the entire bore. Push or pull the brush entirely through the bore on each stroke. Repeat cleaning cycles until all traces of firing contaminants are removed in the inspector's judgment. After this cleaning is completed, process all surfaces of the weapon in accordance with b and c below.

b. Surface Cleaning. All surfaces (inside and outside) "...shall be cleaned by any process or combination of processes which will accomplish thorough cleaning without damage to the item(s)." (MIL-P-1160, para 3.3.1).

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6/ MIL-L-3150B, Lubricating Oil, Preservative, Medium.
8/ MIL-L-14107C, Lubricating Oil, Weapons, Low Temperature.
9/ MIL-C-16355D, Coating Compound, Strippable, Sprayable.
11/ MIL-B-121D, Barrier Material, Creaseproofed, Waterproofed, Flexible.
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c. Drying. "Drying shall be effected by wiping the surfaces of the item(s) with clean, dry, lint free cloths or specially prepared wiping papers." (MIL-P-116G, para 3.4.4) (See para 2 for definition of lint-free cloths.) To dry the tubes, push completely through the bore bales of waste wrapped in lint-free cloth.

4.1.1 Artillery Tubes, Calibers 37-mm to 152-mm and 165-mm.

a. Apply the specified bore cleaner and scouring powder (para 2) around the bore brush; then complete the cleaning cycles as described in 4.1a above until all traces of firing contaminants are removed.

b. Clean the chamber by applying the bore cleaner and scouring powder around a steel wire wheel driven by an electric motor. Insert the wheel into the chamber and drive it back and forth until all traces of firing contaminants are removed.

CAUTION: Do not use a steel wire wheel on chromium plated tubes. In this case, use only a bore brush.

c. Proceed in accordance with 4.1 b and c above.

4.1.2 Artillery Tubes, Calibers 153-mm, 175-mm, and 8-Inch.

a. Apply the specified scouring powder (para 2) around the bore brush; then add about a pint of hot water (with Pangborn corrosion inhibitor or equivalent) just ahead of the bore brush at the start of the cleaning cycle. Complete the cleaning cycles as described in 4.1a above until all traces of firing contaminants are removed.

b. Clean the chamber by applying the scouring powder around a steel wire wheel driven by an electric motor (see caution above) followed by adding about a pint of hot water (with Pangborn corrosion inhibitor or equivalent) just ahead of the steel wheel. Insert the wheel into the chamber and drive it back and forth until all traces of firing contaminants are removed.

c. Proceed in accordance with 4.1 b and c above.

4.1.3 Mortars, 4.2-Inch (Rifled).

a. Apply the specified bore cleaner around the bore brush and a pad of steel wool placed at the end of the cleaning staff following the bore brush; then complete the cleaning cycles (4.1a above) with the addition of twising the cleaning staff back and forth at the end of each forward stroke to clean the basecap.

b. Proceed in accordance with 4.1 b and c above.
4.1.4 Mortars, 60-mm and 81-mm.

a. Apply the specified bore cleaner to a steel wool hone driven by an electric motor, and drive it back and forth through the bore until all traces of firing contaminants are removed.

b. Proceed in accordance with 4.1 b and c above.

4.1.5 Recoilless Rifles.

a. Apply the specified bore cleaner and a small amount of the scouring powder around the bore brush; then complete the cleaning cycles as described in 4.1a above until all traces of firing contaminants are removed.

b. Clean the chamber by applying the bore cleaner and a small amount of the scouring powder to a steel wool hone driven by an electric motor, and driving the hone back and forth through the chamber until all traces of firing contaminants are removed.

c. Steam clean the block and vent of the recoilless rifle by using a steam cleaner filled with the specified soap solution (para 2). Another method of cleaning the block and vent is to apply dry cleaning solvent, type I, amend II, NSN 6850-00-264-9039 followed by steel wool and the scouring powder until all traces of firing contaminants are removed.

d. Proceed in accordance with 4.1 b and c above.

4.1.6 Chamber Bore Evacutators, Muzzle Brakes, Breech Rings, Breechblocks, and Associated Artillery Parts.

a. Steam clean the above parts by using a steam cleaner filled with the specified soap solution (para 2).

b. After the breech ring spindle has been steam cleaned, clean the primer hole with a small caliber brush dipped in solvent (same as specified in 4.1.5c above).

c. Hand clean the split rings with the solvent and specified crocus cloth (para 2).

CAUTION: Wipe obturator pads with a soft cloth containing a soap solution followed by wiping with a clean cloth.

4.2 Preservation. After cleaning, prepare weapons for storage and shipping as follows:

4.2.1 Outside Storage for All Major Caliber Tubes Except 175-mm and 8-Inch. Coat the bore and chamber surfaces with corrosion preventive compound,
4.2.2 Outside Storage of 175-mm and 8-Inch Tubes.

a. Coat the bore and chamber surfaces with preservative oil VV-L-800, then insert volatile corrosion inhibitor (VCI) paper the length of the bore with the chemically coated side of the paper adjacent to the bore surface. After this, seal both ends with wooden discs coated with coating compound MIL-C-16555D, type I, class I or type II, class I. Hold the discs in place with PPP-T-60 (OD) tape.

b. On the breech end and over the outside threaded portion, coat with thin film preservative MIL-C-16173D, grade 2; then wrap with barrier material MIL-B-121D, type I, grade A, class II.

c. Cover the muzzle end by stretching polyfilm L-P-378, type IV, class B over it. Secure with PPP-T-60 (OD) tape so that it completely covers the film. Seal with coating compound MIL-C-16555D (same type as in above).

d. Cover recoil slide rails with corrosion preventive compound, cold application solvent cutback, hard film, MIL-C-16173D.

4.2.3 Inside Storage of Tubes.

a. To preserve tubes to be stored in areas where they can be checked frequently (once a month), coat all unpainted areas, including the bore and chamber, with light preservative oil VV-L-800.

b. To preserve tubes to be stored in areas where they will be checked infrequently (every 6 months), coat all unpainted parts with medium preservative oil MIL-L-3150B and seal adequately.

4.2.4 Packaging and Shipping.

a. When tubes are packaged to be shipped or stored indefinitely (final packaging), follow the level A procedure described in the packaging data sheet that accompanies the packaging order.

b. For tubes that are shipped and used within 60 days (mostly domestic shipments) follow level B of the applicable packaging data sheet or user packaging instructions.
5. SMALL ARMS.

5.1 Cleaning/Drying. If cleaning cannot be accomplished within 8 hours of firing (para 3), treat the bore with MIL-C-372B bore cleaner to protect the bore from corrosion and prevent carbon deposits from hardening. Before 30 hours have elapsed, remove the burnt powder and bore cleaner and clean the weapon as follows:

a. Completely disassemble the weapon; then, using a steel brush, manually remove loose particles from parts showing heavy carbon deposits.

b. Immerse metallic, nonelectrical components in trichloroethane solvent, NSN 6810-00-551-1487, then brush by hand to remove all carbon deposits. Allow these parts to air-dry.

c. Immerse nonmetallic and electrical components in dry cleaning solvent, type I, amend IT, NSN 6850-00-264-9039, then brush to remove all carbon deposits. Dry these parts using a cloth (para 2) or compressed air.

d. Clean the bore of the weapon using a trichloroethane-solvent-saturated steel brush attached to a cleaning rod. Insert the brush into one end of the bore and push it completely through the barrel and out the other end, then pull the brush back completely through the barrel. Repeat this cycle until all traces of carbon have been removed. Additional solvent may be added to the brush as necessary.

e. Dry the bore using cloth patches attached to a cleaning rod. Push and pull the patches completely through the bore until all solvent has been absorbed.

5.2 Preservation.

5.2.1 Lubrication Before Use.

a. Temperate and high-temperature environments: Lubricate with medium weapon oil conforming to MIL-L-46005 and reassemble.

b. Low-temperature environments: Lubricate with arctic weapons oil conforming to MIL-L-14107C and reassemble.

5.2.2 Lubrication for Storage or Shipment. If weapons are to be placed in storage or shipped to another location, lubricate them internally and externally with general purpose lubrication oil conforming to MIL-L-3150B. If the weapons are to be stored for periods longer than 1 year, relubricate on a yearly basis.
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