<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>AD NUMBER</th>
<th>AD511096</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

**CLASSIFICATION CHANGES**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TO:</th>
<th>unclassified</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FROM:</td>
<td>confidential</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**LIMITATION CHANGES**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>TO:</th>
<th>Approved for public release, distribution unlimited</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

| FROM: | Distribution authorized to U.S. Gov’t. agencies and their contractors; Administrative/Operational Use; 26 May 1970. Other requests shall be referred to Office of the Adjutant General [Army], Washington, DC 20310. |

**AUTHORITY**

OAG D/A ltr, 2 May 1975; OAG D/A ltr, 2 May 1975

THIS PAGE IS UNCLASSIFIED
SECURITY
MARKING

The classified or limited status of this report applies to each page, unless otherwise marked. Separate page printouts MUST be marked accordingly.

THIS DOCUMENT CONTAINS INFORMATION AFFECTING THE NATIONAL DEFENSE OF THE UNITED STATES WITHIN THE MEANING OF THE ESPIONAGE LAWS, TITLE 18, U.S.C., SECTIONS 793 AND 794. THE TRANSMISSION OR THE REVELATION OF ITS CONTENTS IN ANY MANNER TO AN UNAUTHORIZED PERSON IS PROHIBITED BY LAW.

NOTICE: When government or other drawings, specifications or other data are used for any purpose other than in connection with a definitely related government procurement operation, the U.S. Government thereby incurs no responsibility, nor any obligation whatsoever; and the fact that the Government may have formulated, furnished, or in any way supplied the said drawings, specifications, or other data is not to be regarded by implication or otherwise as in any manner licensing the holder or any other person or corporation, or conveying any rights or permission to manufacture, use or sell any patented invention that may in any way be related thereto.
IN REPLY REFER TO

AGDA (M) FOR OT UT 702261 2 September 1970


SEE DISTRIBUTION

1. Subject report is forwarded for review and evaluation in accordance with paragraph 4b, AR 525-15. Information of actions initiated as a result of subject report should be forwarded to ACSFOR OT UT within 90 days of receipt of covering letter.

2. Information contained in this report is provided to insure appropriate benefits in the future from lessons learned during current operations and may be adapted for use in developing training material.

BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE ARMY:

KENNETH G. WICKHAM
Major General, USA
The Adjutant General

INCL

as

DISTRIBUTION:

Commanding Generals
US Continental Army Command
US Army Combat Developments Command
US Army Material Command

Commandants
US Army War College
US Army Command and General Staff College
US Army Air Defense School
US Army Armor School
US Army Aviation School
US Army Combat Surveillance School
US Army Electronic Warfare School
US Army Engineer School
US Army Field Artillery School

Regraded unclassified when separated from classified inclosure.

CONFIDENTIAL
CONFIDENTIAL

DISTRIBUTION (Cont'd)
US Army Infantry School
US Army Ordnance School
US Army Quartermaster School
US Army Transportation School

Copies furnished:
Office, Chief of Staff, US Army
Deputy Chiefs of Staff
Chief of Research and Development
Assistant Chiefs of Staff
Chief of Engineers
Commandant of the Marine Corps
Defense Documentation Center
USAF Project RAND
Commanding Officers
US Army Limited War Laboratory
US Army Logistics, Doctrine Systems & Readiness Agency
US Army Mobility Equipment Research & Development Center
CONFIDENTIAL

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
HEADQUARTERS, US ARMY SUPPORT COMMAND, QUI NHON
APO 96238

AVCA CH-60-H


THRU: Commanding General
1st Logistical Command
ATTN: AVCA GO-0
APO 96304

Commanding General
United States Army Vietnam
ATTN: AVHOC-DST
APO 96375

Commander-In-Chief
United States Army Pacific
ATTN: GPAC-DF
APO 96550

TO: Assistant Chief of Staff for Force Development
Department of the Army
Washington D.C., 20310

The Operational Report, Lessons Learned of this headquarters of the quarterly period ending 30 April 1970 is forwarded in accordance with Army Regulation 525-15, USARV Regulation 525-15, and 1st Logistical Command Regulation 525-15.

Albert G. Hunter

1 Incl
as

Regarded unclassified when separated from classified inclosure.

CONFIDENTIAL
SECTION I
OPERATIONAL REPORT

SIGNIFICANT ACTIVITIES

1. (C) Command Strength: Command enlisted strength has steadily declined during the quarter, from 10,615 in February to 9,681 in April. Officer strength has remained constant at about 500.

2. (C) Keystone Bluejay: Keystone Bluejay receipts were closed out on 15 April 1970. The Fului processing location has been closed and its assets placed in the holding area at the Chu Lai processing location. Wash and grease racks have been partially completed in the 6th Maintenance Battalion area. A final rinse facility is also being constructed at the port. Bluejay assets are currently being shipped in accordance with disposition received.

3. (C) Ammunition Base Depot: The capacity of the Qui Nhon ABD was reduced 53% by the elimination of 50 storage pads on 15 April. Security is enhanced by the smaller area.

4. (U) POL Operations: Bulk fuel issues amounted to 42,796,000 gallons. Pipeline operations totalled 30,503,600 gallons with a loss rate of 8.1%. The Qui Nhon-An Tho line was closed 31 March 1970 because of excessive losses, leaving the Vung Ro Bay-Nay Rua line the only one in operation. Burial of the welded line from 'ha Cat was completed through the intersection of Highway 0L-1 with GL-19. This portion was tied in with the old line and pumping began on 30 April.

5. (C) Duffelbag Program: An expanded Duffelbag Program has not resulted in a loosening of infiltration attempts at POL storage areas and ammunition supply points. Fire placed on activations has resulted in three enemy killed and four secondary explosions, and there is evidence of additional damage. It is felt that such fires have discouraged several attempted attacks.

6. (C) Retrograde and Disposal: The command has processed and shipped 22,795 tons of retrograde cargo, including unserviceable repairables, depot material, suspended depot ammunition, ammunition components, and marine cargo. The processing area at USAD, VN has been thoroughly renovated.

7. (C) Project SLAM: Throughput to using units of containerized ammunition has been initiated as the first step toward full implementation of Project SLAM (Con-Land Ammunition Movement). R-17 On-Bail Off (OB/O) trailers are now being loaded and shipped from Can Binh Bay at the rate of 21 every three days. The ultimate plan is to be moving 21 Sea-Land vans daily. Approximately 50% of the command's ammunition requirement can be met in this way.

INCL
1

CONFIDENTIAL
8. (U) Operations: US Army Support Command, Qui Nhơn was engaged in logistical operations during all 89 days of the reporting period.
CONFIDENTIAL

AVCA-ON-60-1
SUBJECT: ORIL, HQ, USAUSPGEW, Qui Nhon, for period ending 30 April 1970

ANNEX A ACofS, CONTROLLER

1. (U) Finance Services:

a. Complete and timely billing to non-Army customers continues, enabling the Central Financial Management Agency to obtain reimbursement for services rendered.

b. "The Survey Officer's Guide," a pamphlet to assist survey officers in the preparation of reports of survey, was written and distributed to all major commands in sufficient copies for all company size units. This pamphlet became a necessity since 80% of all surveys forwarded to this headquarters had to be returned to the units for correction.

c. Coordination was affected with the 13th and 126th Finance Attachments in order to disburse the retroactive pay raise prior to 9 May 1970. Emphasis is being placed on informing each man about Soldier's Deposit as the ideal place to save this unexpected increase in pay.

d. Loss of public funds has remained very small. Total loss during this reporting period amounted to $100; this by a class A agent.

2. (U) Internal Review:

a. Assistance was rendered the Inspector General on several Annual Inspections of units in the Qui Nhon Support Command.

b. The 173d Airborne Brigade Central Post Fund was audited prior to it being absorbed by the Qui Nhon Central Post Fund.

c. The Qui Nhon Central Post Fund was audited in March. Between April 1969 and November 1969, the books of this fund had not been prepared in the proper manner. The Senior Accounting Specialist and the Internal Review Officer had to reconstruct the books and reconcile the bank statements before the audit could start.

3. (U) Management Assistance:

a. Starting with the February report, the monthly command summary has been prepared in a new way. Previously, this branch required as many as 60 man days to prepare the summary. By using master charts which are updated monthly for each input and using Xerox reproduction, this effort has been reduced to only 1 man day. Thus, the command summary can be distributed while the information is still current.

INCL 3

CONFIDENTIAL
CONFIDENTIAL

b. On 25 April 1970, a new list of recurring reports was prepared and distributed. Three reports were eliminated during this quarter.


d. A Cost Reduction Workshop was held to help major commands identify valid cost reduction action and to show the correct procedures to report such actions.

e. Major subordinate commanders have been appointed as the contracting officer's representative for those contracts which support their mission. This change was made so that the commanders would be more aware of the contracts and the contractors' performances.

f. (U) Cost Reduction: The USAASFCH (ILL share of the 1st Logistic Command cost reduction goal is 20 million dollars, but only 5.5 million have been approved and 7.9 million have been rejected by the Department of the Army. Late in February, it was learned from the Army Audit Agency (AAA) that turn-in of excess supplies is not accepted as a bonafide cost reduction action; nor will the reduction of TOE equipment or of man-hours required to accomplish a mission be allowed unless accompanied by an approved modification to the TOE. AAA feels that acceptance of turn-in of excess would lead to deliberate overstocking, and that without modification of a TOE, a unit could turn in needed equipment, get credit for reduction, and immediately reorder.
CONFIDENTIAL

AVL-74-CC-9
SUBJECT: QML, HQ, USAVPU, Qui Nhon for period ending 30 April 1970

ANNEX B ACOFS, CIVIL MILITARY OPERATIONS

1. (U) During the quarter, the office of Civil Military Operations continued to provide liaison between USAVPU, Qui Nhon and RVN government and military in II Corps Tactical Zone (II CTZ). Coordination and direction was provided to the units of this command in their civic action and community relations activities.

2. (U) Civic action projects completed include the repair of two hospitals, two roads, five bridges, six schools, and a civilian defense training center, and construction of a bridge and a 5000 gallon water tank. Self-help labor accounted for 97% of the effort put into these projects; 13% of the materials were furnished by the people. The cost of supplies furnished by the US was VND 2,405,800 and US personnel contributed 193 man-days (ten hours per day) of labor.

3. (U) In cooperation with the GVN Refugees Program, sales points for Montegoard handicrafts were set up at the Red Beach Recreation Area and the USO in Qui Nhon.

4. (U) Fifteen teachers conducted eight classes with a total attendance of 413 students. Scholarships for the Holy Family Hospital in Qui Nhon were provided for eight nurses aides. Four thousand colored maps of Vietnam were distributed throughout the area.

5. (U) Six parties were held at orphanages in the area.

6. (U) COL William Whalen (CO, USLAD, Qui Nhon) coordinated with local officials of Phu Trang to increase traffic safety conditions in the village. The road was widened and shoulders cleared of debris. Fences were built to keep children from playing in the street.

7. (U) A program to encourage units to build playground equipment has been initiated. Distribution of the equipment in areas along heavily traveled military routes will help remove children from the streets, in addition to improving community relations.

8. (U) The 1145th Field Artillery Battalion has been most responsive to the needs of civic action programs. Men and vehicles from the 1145th FA Bn helped move US provided salvage and excess materials to needy hamlets and welfare organizations. The battalion has also sponsored social affairs with USLAD, Qui Nhon, which have fostered cooperation between US and RVN forces in civic action.

5
CONFIDENTIAL
9. (U) Lack of command emphasis on civic action in some units continues to be a problem. Projects are often carried out through the efforts of only a few interested individuals. This is compounded by inability to make long range plans due to the uncertainty involved in obtaining supplies. It is better not to start a project then not to complete it. Increased enemy activity through the last month has also curtailed the program.

10. (U) The 4th Civil Affairs Company was inactivated on 16 March 1970. Elements of the company had been dispersed throughout II CTZ, working at the district and local level. Much of our contact with the people has thus been lost.

11. (U) Agencies and organizations of the government of Vietnam have been provided paint, roofing, refrigeration unit panels, candy, lumber, bamboo, wet garbage, and swill (the last two items for feeding swine). All local forces have been co-sponsors of 57% of US military civic action programs.

12. (U) Summary of Military Civic Action

a. Programs
   (1) Economic development 15  22,724
   (2) Education  41  205,720
   (3) Social Welfare  108  743,928
   (4) Transportation  2  96,380
   (5) Refugee Assistance Support  27  130,237

b. Separate Institutions Assisted
   (1) 15 Schools
   (2) 17 Hospitals/Dispensaries
   (3) 15 Orphanages
   (4) 7 Refugee Centers
   (5) 1 Leprosarium

c. Commodities Distributed:
   (1) Cement - 28,800 lbs
   (2) Tin sheets - 555 sq
   (3) Lumber - 44,480 bd ft (suitable for building)
   (4) Paint - 115 gals
   (5) Scrap Lumber - 2 truckloads
   (6) Plywood sheets - 6 sheets
   (7) Refrigeration Panel Units - 1800 cc
   (8) Culvert material - 10 on
   (9) Shingles - 100 lbs
   (10) Pipe - 300 ft
   (11) Heavy spikes - 60 lbs
AVCAG-CH-00-H

SUBJECT: CBL, HQ, USASUCOM, Qui Nhon, for period ending 30 April 1970

(12) PST - 200 sheets
(13) Utility poles - 25 ea
(14) Food - 2,550 lbs
(15) Health items - 25 lbs
(16) Firewood - 20,000 bd ft
(17) Potable water - 46,000 gals
(18) School kits - 12 ea

d. Voluntary Contributions:
   (1) Collections. *VNS 1,210,939
   (2) Expenditures in support of civic action. *VNS 1,165,509

Expenditures from US/VMNAF Civic Action PST/MA Fund. VNS 15,780

*Includes VNS from Chaplain's Fund & 45th GS Op Chaplain's Fund.
CONFIDENTIAL

ANNEX C  ACoS S, ENGINEER

1. (U) On 3 February 1970, the southeast corner of the south section of the DeLong Pier settled 4.8 feet while loaded with approximately 850 tons of Portland Cement.

2. (U) On 4 February 1970, divers from the 497th Port Construction Co completed repairs on the underwater P&L line at Bridge #239, Thu Hiop. On 30 March 1970, divers checked the submerged steel P&L lines at Vung Ro Bay at the request of CT Sargont, 18th Engineer Brigade. Repair or replacement was found not to be required at that time.

3. (U) On 16 February 1970, the 299th Engineer Battalion and the 240th Quartermaster Battalion exchanged unit locations, thereby consolidating Engineer units in the Thu Tai Valley.

4. (U) The Area Engineer Office was closed on 26 February 1970. All Installation Engineers in Northern ICZ now report to the Central District Office at Cam Ranh Bay.

5. (U) A meeting with Mr. Brown (RMK Contractor) was held on 1 March 1970 to discuss the status of seawalls for the final rinse area. This part of the project is being discontinued due to the unstable condition of the saturated soil. Water will be supplied from a 10,000 gallon storage tank which has been erected. On 30 March 1970, scope of final rinse facility was reduced to two elevated rocks and two flat rinse pads.

6. (U) On 2 March 1970, the "Swollmaster" dredge started working the Qui Nhon outer channel.

7. (U) On 4 March 1970, an Operational Support Project was requested from I Field Force Vietnam (IFFV) to repair the P&L tank which had been damaged by rocket fire at Tank Farm A1. Patching and sealing was completed on 22 March.

8. (U) The DeLong Pier was inspected on 12 March 1970 after the ship anchored was damaged by an explosion. There appeared to be no structural damage to the pier.

9. (U) On 13 March 1970, the Installation Engineer submitted a request to USN for back-up generators for the Cold Storage Warehouse.

10. (U) A job order request (JOR) to repair the T-1 P&L tanker mooring discharge facilities at Qui Nhon was submitted on 19 March 1970. The damage had been inflicted by a burga in October 1969.

11. (U) On 20 March 1970, a P&L fire at Bridge #18 (ER 5396ch) on Highway QL-19 felled one span of the bridge. A bypass is being utilized.

CONFIDENTIAL
CONFIDENTIAL

AUSA-CL-00-H
SUBJECT: GNL, HQ, USASUPCOM, Chi Phu, for period ending 30 April 1970

12. (U) ROK turned over to the using unit one lane of the out-processing facility at Cha Rang on 24 March 1970.

13. (U) A JOR for repair and maintenance of roads within the PDO yard was submitted on 6 April 1970. About 5000 cubic yards of aggregate will be required.

14. (U) On 20 April 1970, a meeting was held with EFFV to discuss disposal of berms, PSP, drainage structures, and bunkers at the "Leihu Ammunition Supply Point (ASP)." The EFFV Engineer will determine the procedure to be followed for disposal of this facility.

15. (U) On 23 April 1970, a report was submitted to USMC on the operation of 500 ATM trailer-mounted Hale fire pumps. The pumps had been found to be effective; they were, however, susceptible to corrosion of vital components. The report recommended temporary use pending formation of a permanent fire detachment.

16. (U) On 27 April 1970, a letter was sent to the Thu Tai Installation Engineer requesting abandonment of Pump Stations #3 and #5 along CL-19. The stations are to be taken over by ROK forces on 2 May 1970.

17. (U) In anticipation of the relocation of all US units from Camp Carete, coordination was affected throughout the quarter with the 593d GS Gr, the 931st MP BN, EFFV, and 173d Abn BN concerning disposition of facilities.

9
CONFIDENTIAL
1. (U) During this period, thousands of dollars worth of serviceable repair parts at USDA, ON and the Property Disposal Area were identified and returned to supply channels. Frequent visits by MEC1 and TACOM Field Service Representatives were of great value to this effort.

2. (U) A controlled unserviceable-for-serviceable repair parts exchange program for selected critical items of equipment was initiated in the Collection, Classification, and Salvage (CCS) activity. This program has provided the engineer units supported by this command with a source of repair parts for low density critical equipment for which repair parts are not quickly available through normal supply channels.

3. (U) Maintenance training classes for materials handling equipment operators conducted at USDA, ON and at the Philco-Ford MIE repair facility and OJT for mechanics at the Philco-Ford MIE repair facility have proven to be valuable factors in this command's program to improve MIE maintenance. The program is being expanded to include classes at the Logistical Support Areas (LSAs) and in the Kheira area. Operators are instructed in operation and preventive maintenance of the various types of MIE.

4. (U) Electronic communications operators and maintenance personnel at the DS, GS, and unit level were given operator and maintenance instruction on the AN/GSC-106, 122, and 142 radio sets. Personnel are not being sufficiently trained in CONUS in the operation and maintenance of those newer items of equipment. Many school-trained radio repairmen have had only a short exposure to this equipment, and are unable to make repairs without considerable OJT after arriving in-country.

5. (U) Inspection standards on Roadside Spot Check (RSSC) Inspections were raised in March 1970. This resulted in a decrease of about 10% in the number of satisfactory ratings for vehicles inspected, but should improve organizational maintenance and vehicle pre-dispatch inspections.

6. (U) Increased emphasis has been placed upon regular liaison by maintenance units with supported units. Maintenance unit commanders are required to participate in liaison visits. Increased communication between supporting and supported units improves organizational maintenance and maximizes maintenance support.
AVCA-QN-00-H

SUBJECT: QUIL, IV, USASUCQH, Qui Nhon, for period ending 30 April 1970

ANNEX E ACofS, PERSONNEL

1. (U) Plans for the construction of another crafts shop to be located in the USAID, Q' area have been approved by the Qui Nhon Installation Engineers. USAID has requested bids for construction.

2. (U) Two invitational tournaments were held during the quarter. Sixteen teams participated in the basketball tournament, 22-26 February 1970. Twenty teams participated in the volleyball tournament, 20-24 April 1970. USAID, Q' won both championships.

(U) Entertainments:

a. Entertainment units which performed in Northern II CAZ are listed by category:

   (1) PCG Shows - 1
   (2) General Military Touring Shows - 2
   (3) Area Military Touring Shows - 9
   (4) Area Military Shows - 1
   (5) Commercial Shows - 9

b. The entertainment centers at HQ MACV II and at 11th Infantry Division, Camp Enari, have been closed because of moves of units concerned.

c. A Loaning Center has been established at the Entertainment Center TAC, 593d General Support Group. Entertainment equipment will be loaned for a period of seven days to units having entertainment programs for the men living in their areas.

d. An Area Entertainment Conference was held at the Entertainment Office, Special Services, USASUCQH, QN on 20 April 1970. Sixteen representatives from various commands/convoys attended.

k. (C) Command Strength:

a. Enlisted

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>February</th>
<th>March</th>
<th>April</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Enlisted Strength</td>
<td>10,615</td>
<td>10,175</td>
<td>9,861</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Replacements Received</td>
<td>942</td>
<td>079</td>
<td>593</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Casualty Reports</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>44</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
## CONFIDENTIAL

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>February</th>
<th>March</th>
<th>April</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>E8 Arrivals</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E9 Arrivals</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E8 Departures</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E9 Departures</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E1 Promotions</td>
<td>277</td>
<td>352</td>
<td>350</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E2 Promotions</td>
<td>53</td>
<td>296</td>
<td>167</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E6 Promotions</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>17</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>E7 Promotions</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

There were no promotions to E8 or E9.

### b. Officers

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>February</th>
<th>March</th>
<th>April</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Officers Strength</td>
<td>513</td>
<td>497</td>
<td>505</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Warrant Officers</td>
<td>134</td>
<td>131</td>
<td>120</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>647</td>
<td>628</td>
<td>633</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Field Grade Replacements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>February</th>
<th>March</th>
<th>April</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Field Grade Replacements</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Company Grade</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Warrant Officers</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>56</td>
<td>42</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### c. Departure of key officer personnel:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>February</th>
<th>March</th>
<th>April</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>COL Charles R. Harris</td>
<td>LTC Kenneth L. Winor</td>
<td>COL William Drumwright</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LTC George A. Armstrong</td>
<td>LTC H. E. Hendricks</td>
<td>COL Charles H. Long</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LTC Coyde H. O'Hall</td>
<td>MAJ Richard P. Dunks</td>
<td>MAJ David J. Passanthonck</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LTC Jack D. Wilson</td>
<td>MAJ Edward D. Hart</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LTC Charles O. Joffries</td>
<td>LTC Gilbert T. Scott</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### d. Arrivals of Key Officer Personnel:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>February</th>
<th>March</th>
<th>April</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>COL Edwin A. Hadd</td>
<td>GTT Richard A. Maryland</td>
<td>CCL Robert A. Hadd</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LTC Honor Finch</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>LTC James L. Harri</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 5. (U) Civilian Personnel:


12

CONFIDENTIAL
CONFIDENTIAL

AVCA-CH-60-N
SUBJECT:  GLL, HQ, USASUCQ, POW Chon, for period ending 30 April 1970

b. Local Nationals (T lumin): Auth: 3145  Assg: 2993

c. AID Funds disbursed for Daily Hire Local Nationals:

February: 1,575,200
March: 953,200
April: 1,426,600

5. (U) Army Education Program.

a. Enrollments:

(1) Correspondence Courses

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>School/College</th>
<th>EM</th>
<th>OFF</th>
<th>Total Active Enrollments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>High School</td>
<td>27</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>College</td>
<td>101</td>
<td>15</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Voc-Tech</td>
<td>62</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Army Extensions</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTALS</td>
<td>339</td>
<td>25</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

b. Group Study Enrollments:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>School/College</th>
<th>EM</th>
<th>OFF</th>
<th>Total Active Enrollments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>High School</td>
<td>78</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Univ of Maryland</td>
<td>61</td>
<td>17</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Spoken Vietnamese</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>160</td>
<td>19</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

b. Testing:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test Type</th>
<th>EM</th>
<th>OFF &amp; WO</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>USAFI Tests</td>
<td>2317</td>
<td>29</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-USAFI Tests</td>
<td>46</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>2363</td>
<td>64</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

c. Change in Educational Level:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>School</th>
<th>EM</th>
<th>OFF</th>
<th>Total Active Enrollments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>High School Correlations</td>
<td>174</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 Year College Complete</td>
<td>17</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>191</td>
<td>13</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

CONFIDENTIAL
7. (U) Safety: The expectancy rate for Army Motor Vehicle Accidents is 7.9 per million miles; for Military Injuries 35.3 per million man-days.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>February</th>
<th>March</th>
<th>April</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AWV</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RATE</td>
<td>7.31</td>
<td>5.40</td>
<td>4.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>#I</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RATE</td>
<td>51.56</td>
<td>41.20</td>
<td>65.87</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
CONFIDENTIAL

AVCA-QN-00-H
SUBJECT: GILL, HQ, USAUPCOM, Qui Nguyen, for period ending 30 April 1970

ANNEX F AGOFFS, PETROLEUM

1. (U) During the quarter approximately 42,796,000 gallons of bulk fuel and 3,109 tons of packaged petroleum product were issued. Pipeline operations totaled 30,503,600 gallons pumped with a loss of 2,475,200 gallons or 8.1 percent.

2. (U) On 3 March 1970, Tank #6 at Tank Farm #1 was hit by a B-40 rocket which punctured the tank but failed to explode. Approximately 3,500 barrels of fuel were lost.

3. (U) On 19 March 1970, Tank Farm #1 was accidentally hit by mortar rounds from Vung Chua. Rounds were fired on incorrect grid coordinates while trying to hit an enemy position. Three tank farm personnel were injured by shell fragments.

4. (U) The Qui Nguyen to An Khe pipeline was closed on 31 March 1970 due to excessive fuel losses.

5. (U) The Package Petroleum Depot (PPD) came under mortar and small arms fire at 0015 hours on 1 April. Several suppressors penetrated the perimeter and three separate fires occurred. A PPD assistant fire chief was killed by small arms fire while fighting the fires. Two PPD personnel received injuries. One VC sailor was killed.

6. (U) On 15 April, as Korean Ton-Sun employees were making repairs to a pipeline in Tank Farm #1, a small fire started. The fire was almost under control when it exploded into a much larger fire. One Korean employee and one US soldier died of burns received; 19 other personnel were injured.

7. (U) Construction of the buried 6 inch welded steel pipeline from Qui Nguyen to Thu Cat continued through this quarter. The line is now complete from the intersection of QL-1 and QL-19 to Thu Cat AFB. The new line was tied into the old cleared surface line at QL-1 and QL-19 and pumping operations were begun on 30 April. This line will be used to transport fuel until the remainder of the buried line is installed. The project is scheduled for completion in July 1970. Construction is being accomplished by REW-REW Engineering Company.

CONFIDENTIAL
CONFIDENTIAL

ANNEX G  AD-015, 7720,  OPERATIONS BRANCH

1. (C) Phase III redeployment of US Forces, code named Keystone Bluejay, took place during this reporting period. The 3d Bn, 6th Arty and the 3d Bde, 6th Inf Division, consisting of 1st Bn, 35 Inf; 1st Bn, 8th Inf; 1st Bn, 6th Arty; and 2d Bn, 9th Arty were inactivated as a part of Keystone Bluejay. USAUSOCM, QM was tasked with the responsibility for receiving, processing, and disposing of excess equipment generated by the inactivations. Processing locations were established at Pleiku and Chu Hang Valley. The Pleiku facility was closed on 10 April, while the more permanent facility at Chu Hang has remained operational to a limited extent to accomplish final disposition of remaining Keystone Bluejay equipment.

2. (C) Line haul to Chu Lai in support of the Americal Division was initiated. Convoys to Chu Lai average approximately two per week.

3. (C) USAUSOCM, QM continued to supply POL to Chua Nho by air lift from Qui Nhon as well as by convoy from Pleiku.

4. (C) Support Command assets were employed in support of several significant operations during this period.

a. The 268th Amn Bn received special J-4 tanker support for combat assaults from LZ Hammond and Phu Cat during February.

b. The 268th Amn Bn was also supported at Dong Tre in the latter half of April for combat assaults in support of ROK operations in that area.

c. Special Class III and V support was rendered the 10th Amn Bn located at Tay Hoa North beginning 2 April.

d. Combat operations of the 173d Abn Bde in the Tuy Hoa area were supported beginning 12 February and ending in mid-March.

e. Finally, USAUSOCM, QM established a forward supply point (FSP) at Dak To by order of IFEV in support of operations in the Kontum - Ben Hoa - Dak To area. This FSP provides Class I, III and V support in that area.

5. (C) Four support command units were relocated to Da Nang and Saigon Support Commands by order of 1st Logistical Command. The 510th Engineer Co was relocated from 16th GS Co, Pleiku, to the Saigon Support Command. One platoon of the 268th Bn Co and the 325th G Co were relocated to the Da Nang Support Command. Finally, one platoon of the 51st Trm Co moved to Saigon Support Command from the Pleiku area.
CONFIDENTIAL

A7CA-CH-60-H

SUBJECT: PHIL, HQ, USMACV, Qui Nhon, for period ending 30 April 1970

6. (C) Support Command transportation assets were heavily committed to supporting numerous non-Logistical Command unit moves. D Co, 60th Signal Battalion moved from Tay Nui to Qui Nhon, and D Co moved from Song Cau to Dong Son. Extensive relocation of units of the 17th Arm Com during the period included: 57th Assault Helicopter Company (AHC), Kontum to Camp Radcliff; 170th AHC, Camp Holloway to Kontum; 119th AHC, Camp Holloway to Camp Radcliff. HQ, A, B and D Troops, 7th Squadron, 17th Armor, Camp Enari to Camp Holloway; C Troop, 7th Squadron, 17th Armor, An Son to Camp Radcliff. 9th Btry, 7th BN, 15th Arty moved from An Khe to An Khe. Headquarters of the 937th Engineer Company moved from Pleiku to Hu Tai. A Btry, 7th BN, 15th Arty, moved from LZ Poney to Dong Tre. The 585th Engineer Co moved from Woody Bully to Pleiku and Weight Davis. During this period, the 6th Division headquarters moved from Camp Enari to Camp Radcliff, requiring considerable support command assistance.

7. (C) Extensive planning was done for the phasing down and consolidation of support command installations. The Qui Nhon Ammunition Base Depot (ABD) was reduced by approximately 60% to an ABD with the initiation of containerized throughout of ammunition, code named Operation SLAM. Supply stockpiles were also reduced in other classes of supply with the use of RO/RO resupply from Cam Ranh Bay.

8. (C) Planning for the deployment of the 5th Transportation Command to Da Nang and commercialization of the Qui Nhon Port was also conducted.
1. (U) During the last quarter, 549 ARVN personnel completed training under Project Buddy. Of this number, 411 were trained at their units by our Instruct and Advise Team. The remainder were trained in such areas as convoy communication procedures, fuel and electrical equipment repair, boat mechanics, fork lift operation, wheeled vehicle mechanics, armorer, and signal equipment repair.

2. (U) April 1970, General Hunter requested each of the major subordinate commanders to submit recommendations and innovations in furtherance of the Buddy program. It was resolved that the main problem was to encourage ARVN to take advantage of the many areas of training offered by this command. A list of the areas in which we are currently able to train ARVN personnel, including capacities and length of training, was sent to CM. Chrysler of MACV Advisory Team 8. It is hoped that if ARVN has a better idea of what training is available, they will program their requirements to fit our capabilities.
AVCA-CH-90-H
SUBJECT: QLII, HO, USASUTCQI, Qui Nhon, for period ending 30 April 1970

ANNEX I ACQCS, SUPPLY & SERVICES

1. (C) Supply:

a. Keystone Bluejay receipts were closed out on 15 April 1970 as scheduled. The Ihiiku processing location has been closed and its assets placed in the holding area at the Cha Rang processing location. Bluejay assets are currently being shipped in accordance with disposition received.

b. During this quarter there has been a shortage of plywood and asphalt products, particularly RC-600 and pomeprin. A recent shipment of 11,000 drums of pomeprin has arrived at the port and 22,000 drums of RC-600 are due-in to Qui Nhon in May.

c. During the entire quarter there has been a serious shortage of timbers in II CTZ. Timbers are due in to Qui Nhon from Da Nang and Cam Ranh Bay. They will continue to be shipped from both locations as needed due to the reduction in stockage of Class IV at Qui Nhon.

d. Both Self-Service Supply Centers in this command have reached the goal of 90% customer fill set by 1st Logistical Command.

e. During the quarter, depot stockage of sandbars was at a critical level. Orders had to be referred to Cam Ranh Bay Support Command (CMSC). One million sandbars are due-in from Da Nang for depot stock.

f. The 80th S&S Bn won the USASUTCQI Q, Best Supply Activity award for the past quarter.

g. Depot receipt processing time has decreased. They are now processing 94.7% within five days.

h. Effective 1 May 1970, all the vehicles in the Qui Nhon Vehicle Park came under the control of CMSC.

2. (C) Retrograde and Disposal:

a. During the reporting period, 22,705 short tons of retrograde cargo were processed and shipped by this command. Of this, 13,627 S/T were unserviceable repairables. Other categories of retrograde cargo included excess depot material, suspended ammunition, ammunition components, and marine cargo.
CONFIDENTIAL

b. A complete upgrading of the retrograde processing area of the US Army Depot, Qui Nhon, has been accomplished during the reporting period. A shed for processing fringe items improved the depot's capability to receive, inspect, pack, and load fringe items into Sealand or RO/RO trailers for out-of-country movement. Facilities within the area consist of a processing shed, a mobile office van, scales, rollers, and a packaging and crating facility.

c. The Collection, Classification, & Salvage activity was reassigned from USAD, Qui, to the 56th Maintenance Battalion and moved from Phu Tho to Chu Rang where larger areas were made available for the processing of retrograde equipment. Larger wash facilities have been constructed, doubling the number of vehicles that can be handled. Loading ramps have been constructed and a large processing area for the inspection and classification of tires has been established.

d. An area to handle Keystone operations has been completed at the 56th Maintenance Battalion. At the present time one wash rack and grease rack are operational. These areas will contain water blasters which have a maximum force of 7000 PSI. This high pressure is required to adequately clean large deposits of soil from equipment of redeploying units and is necessary to satisfy US Public Health Service (PHS) inspection standards. The estimated completion date for the entire project is 15 July 1970.

e. An assembly area is under construction at the port for the staging of retrograde vehicles. In addition, a separate area has been filled and wash racks are being constructed to perform final rinse on equipment. Completion, estimated for 29 July 1970, will guarantee that this command will easily meet the standards as set down by the US PHS and US Department of Agriculture on plant quarantine for cargo entering the United States.

3. (C) Ammunition:

a. Ammunition Statistical Data

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>FEB</th>
<th>MAR</th>
<th>APR</th>
<th>TOTAL (S/T)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Received</td>
<td>19,624</td>
<td>22,262</td>
<td>23,192</td>
<td>65,070</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Issued</td>
<td>21,028</td>
<td>22,221</td>
<td>16,413</td>
<td>62,602</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Warehoused</td>
<td>42,380</td>
<td>59,699</td>
<td>46,986</td>
<td>149,067</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

b. A request for a waiver for the unloading and staging of containerised ammunition in Qui Nhon harbor was submitted to the 1st Logistical Command on 10 February 1970.

c. The first of three ROXA 105mm inshore cannisters malfunctioned during the reporting period occurred on 15 February. (One previous malfunction...
CONFIDENTIAL

AVCG-0H-CC-H
SUBJECT: CRLL, HQ, USASUPCOM, Qui Nhon, for period ending 30 April 1970

Two additional malfunctions occurred on 26 March and 5 April. An in-depth investigation of ROK artillery operating procedures was conducted between 23 April and 1 May 1970. The team is due to conclude its investigation on 6 May 1970 after visiting ROK Forces in CRSC.

d. On 15 March, the 184th Ordnance Battalion opened a temporary ASP in the Tuy Hoa area to support a 30-day operation of the 173d Airborne Brigade. This ASP is still operational as of the end of this reporting period.

e. On 31 March, sappers attempted to gain entrance to the Qui Nhon Ammunition Base Depot. Three sappers were killed and entry was denied. There was no damage to stocks.

f. On 4 April, the initial shipment of Class V RO/RO trailers from Cam Ranh Bay arrived at Qui Nhon. Present plans call for LST shipments of RO/RO trailers to arrive at three-day intervals, except for those periods when deep draft vessels arrive in Qui Nhon. During this reporting period, six LSTs with a total of 123 - 12-ton trailers arrived at Qui Nhon. Seventy-two percent of these trailers were through to their final destination.

g. During the reporting period, planning conferences were held with IFFV, II Corps (ARVN), II Corps Advisory Team, II Area Logistical Command (ALC), and II ALC Advisory Team to coordinate the use of the ARVN Depot in Pleiku for issue of Class V to US units. On 8 April 1970, a memorandum of agreement on joint usage was signed by CO, USASUPCOM, QT and CO, II ALC with an effective date of 10 April 1970. Agreement was for issue of stocks from the ARVN depot to US units.

h. On 15 April 1970, the Qui Nhon ABD was reduced in capacity from 24,000 to 10,000 S/T and redesignated ASP #1. More than 50 storage pads were evacuated and levelled. The smaller are comprising the present site enhance the security of the ASP.

4. (C) Services:

a. On 23 March 1970 the first direct delivery of fresh fruits and vegetables to Tuy Hoa AB on separate pallets was made. LTC Williams (SWCS, TRADOC) indicated that he did not have sufficient storage space at this time to accept other direct shipments of fresh meat items, etc.
b. The allowance of Sundry Packs to ROKFV was increased to 3,000 in Qui Nhon and 700 in Tuy Hoa. Previous allowance was 2,400 & zero. First Logistical Command authorized the increase.

c. On 1 May 1970 the new percentage figures for issue of MCI versus A rations for ROK units goes into effect. Tuy Hoa changes to 65% MCI and 35% A rations, and Qui Nhon changes to 55% MCI and 45% A rations for all ROK maneuver units. All ROK logistical units change to 100% A rations. This has been coordinated with all Class I points and ROK logistical personnel.

d. The laundry facility was moved from Camp Enari to An Khe on 28 March 1970. The laundry went into operation during the week of 11-17 April 1970. This took the work load off the other laundries.

e. The 444th Trns Co, 8th Trns Cp won the Four Star Best Mess award for the months of January, February, March and April.

f. The Graves Registration collection point at An Khe was taken over by 4th Division graves registration personnel on 15 April 1970.

g. The Operation Compassion Team has been going to the field quite often. Their support from units has been very good. Enemy activity has decreased in the past few days resulting in the recovery of six US remains. The Dak Seang - Dak Rak areas are focal points for current operations. It is anticipated that final recovery of approximately 15 remains in these areas will be made during the month of May 1970.
CONFIDENTIAL

AVCA-QN-00-H
SUBJECT: ORL/HQ USASUPCO, Qui Nhon, for period ending 30 April 1970

ANNEX J ACOFS, TRANSPORTATION

1. (C) Sea movement from Cam Ranh Bay to Qui Nhon of RO/RO trailers loaded with ammunition was initiated as the first step toward full throughout of containerized shipments of ammunition under Project SLAM (Sea-Land Ammunition Movement). First Logistical Command has obtained 90 RO/RO trailers from 2d Logistical Command and hand received them to the 8th Transportation Group (Trk) for this program. The 8th Group is responsible for accounting for the trailers and the performance of maintenance services. The project began in April, when the command received six shipments by LST. Upon arrival, the RO/RO trailers are throughput to their final destinations. Empty Slam trailers are then returned to Cam Ranh Bay. The initial concept is to move 21 flatbeds of ammo to Qui Nhon every three days. Scoilift is made available on an as required basis. This use of flatbed trailers will allow for some degree of LED phasing down of stocks prior to inception of the Sea-Land program, which appears to be several months in the future. Ultimately it is planned to move 21 trailers daily. This tonnage will supply approximately 50% of that required monthly. The remainder would be conventional break bulk.

2. (C) On 17 March 1970, the command initiated highway service to Chu Lai in ICTZ. Experience had indicated that adequate service was not being provided by the normal sea and air movement. Since the inception of the program, there have been thirteen convoys to Chu Lai. On two occasions, a portion of the convoy continued all the way to Da Nang. This, however, imposed a heavy burden on command truck resources, due to the long period of time required to make the trip. Da Nang Support Command is working to provide a transfer service whereby cargo bound for Da Nang could be transferred to Da Nang Support Command trucks at Chu Lai.

3. (C) Increased efforts were made during the reporting period to expand the use of the Vietnamese National Railway Service. Personal letters from the CO, USASUPCO, QN were sent to the Province Chief and CO, 2d ARVN Logistical Command to solicit their assistance in improving service. The Movement Control Center was directed to move all possible cargo by rail. During the quarter, over 6000 short tons were moved. Part of this tonnage was generated by the diversion of sea cargo destined for Tuy Hoa to highway and rail mode.

4. (C) With troop reductions, relaxations, and anticipated reduced requirements, there have been extensive efforts to reduce the number of M11 vehicles on hand. During the reporting period, the entire fleet, to include Qui Nhon, An Khe, and Pleiku M11's, has been reduced by fourteen.
vehicles, with disposition instructions pending on an additional 38. Continued reductions are planned, and efforts are being made to dispose of the vehicles as rapidly as possible.

5. (C) A TDA was prepared, submitted, and approved for the Qui Nhon Transportation Terminal Unit, which will replace the 5th Transportation Command upon its departure for Da Nang.

6. (C) USARV sponsored cargo handled by the Support Command:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>MODE</th>
<th>FEB</th>
<th>MAR</th>
<th>APR</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rail</td>
<td>2,143</td>
<td>1,847</td>
<td>2,115S/T</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Highway</td>
<td>261,475</td>
<td>220,437</td>
<td>224,068</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sea</td>
<td>88,373</td>
<td>96,512</td>
<td>111,880</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Air</td>
<td>634</td>
<td>769</td>
<td>608</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**CONFIDENTIAL**

AVCL-CN-00-H  
SUBJECT: GLL, HQ, US/USFMCOM, Qui Nhon, for period ending 30 April 1970

ANNEX K PROTOCOL

Official visitors list for the period ending 30 April 1970.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>NAME</th>
<th>RANK</th>
<th>POSITION</th>
<th>DATE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Rosece Cartwright</td>
<td>COL</td>
<td>DCO (DES) Com Ramh Bay Support Command</td>
<td>1-2 Feb 70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rue D. Fish</td>
<td>COL</td>
<td>DIR of Plans, WAKINTS</td>
<td>6-10 Feb 70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Robert M. Tarbox</td>
<td>BG</td>
<td>DCG, USA ENGR CCHD VN (Prov)</td>
<td>9-10 Feb 70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Walter J. Woolwine</td>
<td>MG</td>
<td>CG, 1st LOG Comdl</td>
<td>15-16 Feb 70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Edwin Rudd</td>
<td>COL</td>
<td>Chief of Staff, (DES) UASC, CN</td>
<td>26 Feb - 5 Mar 70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hugh Richeson</td>
<td>BG</td>
<td>Acting Commander, 1st Log Comdl</td>
<td>3 Mar 70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reuben Morgan</td>
<td>COL</td>
<td>USA, WSMG</td>
<td>19 Mar 70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paul Cuttingham</td>
<td>COL</td>
<td>USAF, WSMG</td>
<td>19 Mar 70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mr. Vincent Guerin</td>
<td>MG</td>
<td>INS-15E TDA</td>
<td>19 Mar 70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>V. A. Emorak</td>
<td>MG</td>
<td>Inspector General</td>
<td>22-23 Mar 70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Walter J. Woolwine</td>
<td>MG</td>
<td>CG, 1st LOG Comdl</td>
<td>25-26 Mar 70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Joseph M. Heisler</td>
<td>LTG</td>
<td>DCSLOG, DA</td>
<td>30-31 Mar 70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alberto L. Pico</td>
<td>MG</td>
<td>AQ, Puerto Rico</td>
<td>3-4 Apr 70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dwight L. Adams</td>
<td>LTC</td>
<td>CO, 4th Inf Div DISLOG</td>
<td>4 Apr 70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>John A. B. Dillard</td>
<td>MG</td>
<td>CG, USA ENGR CCHD VN (Prov)</td>
<td>6-7 Apr 70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Walter J. Woolwine</td>
<td>MG</td>
<td>CG, 1st LOG Comdl</td>
<td>10-11 Apr 70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Roy L. Atteberry</td>
<td>BG</td>
<td>ADC for STT, Americal Div</td>
<td>13 Apr 70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hugh A. Richeson</td>
<td>BG</td>
<td>DCG, 1st LOG Comdl</td>
<td>18 Apr 70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Robert A. Reado</td>
<td>COL</td>
<td>CO (DES) 45 GS Gp</td>
<td>22-23 Apr 70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Walter J. Woolwine</td>
<td>MG</td>
<td>CG, 1st LOG Comdl</td>
<td>27 Apr 70</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ANNEX I PUBLIC INFORMATION OFFICE

1. (U) "The Chapels of GISC", a twenty-page brochure prepared during the last quarter, was received from Tokyo on 16 March. The brochure contains narrative and photographs describing the history of each chapel within the command. Of the 5000 copies received, initial distribution of 1000 was made. Distribution will be split into thirds, allowing individuals who arrive in the command at a later date an opportunity to have one of the brochures. A special distribution was made to former chaplains, commanders, and individuals mentioned in the narrative.

2. (U) The Logman was transferred to the cold type system in Saigon without difficulty. The reduction in printing cost will enable the Logman to publish approximately three additional issues (past the normal year's funds) without requesting further funding. No particular problems have been encountered with the new system, and there are adequate trained personnel in the office to continue publication during the next year.

3. (U) Public Information releases from this office continue to lead 1st Logistical Command for publication in the USAINV Reporter, MACV Observer, and Army Times. The number of articles in Army Times this past quarter surpassed all previous reporting periods.

4. (U) A special article for the 1st Log magazine, Dynamo, was prepared and is included in the issue scheduled for release in May. The feature, prepared for a color spread, is on the 5th Transportation Group. Also, a photofeature in black and white on the 104th Ordnance Battalion was submitted.

5. (U) Specific production figures were:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>FEBRUARY</th>
<th>MARCH</th>
<th>APRIL</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Hometown News Releases</td>
<td>788</td>
<td>204</td>
<td>213</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>News Releases</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
1. (C) The Duffelbag Program for this reporting period has been increased 300% since the previous period. Duffelbag personnel, with assistance from Co D, 58th Infantry, and other US/SPCIN units, have installed 200 line and radio frequency devices in this period. The majority of the devices are installed around critical areas, e.g., POM storage areas and ammunition supply points. Attempts to infiltrate and attack these areas have not decreased; however, the sensors have given early warning of attempted infiltration. The quarter's activations totaled 111. Whenever possible, radar and/or search lights are used to confirm enemy activations. Confirmed results of firing on sensor activations have been three enemy killed and four secondary explosions. There are good indications that more damage was inflicted on the enemy, but the battle damage assessment capability of the command is very limited. On numerous occasions, blood trails have been found too late for follow-up. It is felt that firing on these activations has defeated or discouraged several attempts by the enemy to attack friendly bases.

2. (C) At the request of the CG, 1st Logistical Command, a study was made of the usefulness of chain link fences (birdcages) as a defense against rocket-propelled grenade (RPG) attacks. Conclusions of this study are as follows:

a. By positioning a nine gauge chain-link fence at a stand-off distance of ten feet, major damage or possible destruction of tanks may be prevented. To preclude all damage, a barrier consisting of at least four feet of sand or the equivalent must be constructed to protect all exposed areas of the tank.

b. In addition to the protection afforded against RPG rounds, the chain-link fence would also impede seepage.

c. Further study is required to determine whether the probability of a POM fire is significantly decreased because of the projectile detonation of an RPG round on the "bird cage" as opposed to a direct penetration of a tank.

3. (U) Obtaining NWIC political clearance to use def blants for clearing foliage growing in and around perimeter fences continued to be a problem. As a result 5/CSS made a study on the use of line in perimeter fences. 5/CSS recommended the use of heavy applications of lime. In addition to killing the vegetation, the line reflects any artificial lighting in the
area and also causes irritation of the skin to many personnel attempting to crawl through the wire.

4. (C) During the Tet '70 period, Company C, 1st Bn, 5th Inf, 4th Inf Div was placed OPCO to USASUPCO, OCM. They conducted patrols and sweeps during the day and, at night, set up ambushes and guarded the interiors of Tank Farm #2 and the AS.

5. (C) During March, a secure voice capability was installed in the US Tactical Operations Center (TOC), the SCOS offices, and all compound complex TOC's, using the TDSC/XY-6 system. The secure not became operational on 13 March.

6. (C) First Field Force Vietnam (IFFV) relocated the AN/TPS-5 radar from Bc Foam Mountain on 6 April 1970. This leaves only one radar in the country, located at the AS.

7. (C) A marksmanship program for guard personnel was initiated on 6 April 1970 with the aim of increasing the ability of the soldier to detect, sight on, and fire at an enemy at ranges up to 200 meters. Training is conducted during periods of good and poor illumination.

8. (C) Physical security inspections were conducted by SCOS at LZ English, LS 593-1 at An Khe, LS 593-3 at Phu Huoc, and Vung Ro Bay.

9. (C) Inspections of compound complexes were conducted on a continuing basis. It is anticipated that SCOS will inspect all USASUPCO, OCM installations at least once per quarter.

10. (C) A 1st Logistic Command SCOS Seminar was hosted by the OCM SCOS on 25-26 March. Colonel Dower, the guest speaker from TVC J3-01, discussed the Duffelbag Program.

11. (C) The IFFV Semi-annual Physical Security Inspection of Qui Mein Defense Installation was conducted on 14 and 15 April. This inspection included detailed inspections of the active and passive defensive measures taken by the country, the control of indigenous personnel, and the USASUPCO, OCM OPD 2-70, and a review of the implementation. OPD's of the compound complexes and the physical security plans of the compounds. The final results will not be officially known until early May. The chief inspector did indicate that the final report would be favorable.

12. (C) On 2 April, C.T. Robert Pleson, Dufelberg OCM, was wounded by small arms fire while on a sensor patrol in the vicinity of coordinates Gt 030 203.
CONFIDENTIAL

SUBJECT: G-III, HQ, USA/AG, thru HMM, for period ending 30 April 1970

13. (U) COL Charles J. Long departed this station 30 April for assignment in COINS. He has been replaced as Deputy Installation Defense Coordinator (IDC) and Special Assistant to the Commanding General for Combat Security (SAICS) by LTC James Horini.
ANNEX II

1. (U) Three Chaplain Training Conferences were conducted during the reporting period: in February at the 60th Maintenance Battalion under the supervision of the Battalion Chaplain; in March at the 5th Transportation Battalion by the Command Chaplain; and in April at the 67th Base Hospital by the Command Chaplain. Visitors to the conference came from the 1st Logistical Command Chaplain’s Office, Long Binh.

2. (U) Chapel interiors are in excellent condition. There is a continuing effort to beautify the exterior grounds and approaches. A program is now underway to air condition all chapels.

3. (U) Area Coverage: As area coordinator, the Staff Chaplain has insured that all units within the area are provided religious coverage. The weekly “Bible run” has been expanded to include NCO units at Song Tan, Dong Khoi, Son Nho, Thu An, and Van Canh, and A Btry, 7th Arty at Dong Tr. DPV provides the helicopter transportation for Chaplain Arrs (Staff Chaplain, Protestant), and Chaplain Roman (Deputy Staff Chaplain, Catholic).

4. (U) Regular Sunday and added weekday services were conducted by all chaplains in the area. Many of the chaplains are also conducting evening devotions. Emphasis is still being placed on morning “Street Corner” prayer meetings.

5. (U) Attendance at all services in the past months has decreased. The observance of the Christmas Holidays drew more troops to church in December, and this fallout from the Christmas peak seems fairly normal. All chaplains continue to exceed the goal of four services a week required by USMC.

6. (U) The command is currently authorized nineteen chaplains (one LTC, five LCC, thirteen CPT); sixteen are assigned (six LTC, four TJ, six CPT). There will be two less in May, one in June, two in July, and two in August. There are no programmed replacements.

7. (U) Chaplain (LTC) Francis X. Walls, 1st Logistical Command Chaplain, participated in Chaplain Training Conferences in February, March and April. Other chaplains visiting the Support Command during this period were: Chaplain (LTC) Hood, 14th Airborne Bde; Chaplain (LTC) Welsh, 10th Engrncor Bde; Chaplain (LTC) Brown, 1st Signal Bde; Chaplain (LTC) Neumann, Phu Loc JBP.

8. (U) Civic Action by Chaplains has been accomplished within the unit to which the chaplains are assigned. The reporting of the credit will be through those units. Statistics on money received are distributed through the...
CONFIDENTIAL

AVCA-CY-004

SUBJECT: OIL, ENSUPCON, Cut Nibor, for period ending 30 April 1970

Consolidated Chaplains' Fund for civic action are as follows:

For churches ........................................ $ 2,218.93
For schools and orphanages ......................... $ 1,356.56
For misc. charitable and benevolent causes .... $ 1,684.13

2. (v) Casual Chaplains' Activities:

  Total attendance at all services ............... 39,226
  Total number of services conducted .......... 2,310
  Total attended at Character Guidance clinics .. 20,211
  Number of visits made to the hospital ...... 643
  Number of counseling and interviews ......... 4,009
  Casuality Relations (meetings, services, etc.) 170
  Other parish administrations ............... 1,296
### CONFIDENTIAL

**ARTICLE 0 START JUDGE ADVOCATE**

1. (U) Articles 15 and Courts-Martial

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>FEB</th>
<th>MAR</th>
<th>APR</th>
<th>MAR</th>
<th>APR</th>
<th>APR</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Articles 15</td>
<td>410</td>
<td>577</td>
<td>743</td>
<td>203</td>
<td>216</td>
<td>190</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Summary Courts-Martial</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Special Courts-Martial</td>
<td>21</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>General Courts-Martial</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

34 Courts-Martial involved the use of drugs.

77 Articles 15 involved the use of drugs.

2. (U) Claims Processed

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>FEB</th>
<th>MAR</th>
<th>APR</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>US Claims Filed</td>
<td>29</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>26</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>US Claims Forwarded</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>US Claims Paid</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foreign Claims Filed</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>55</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foreign Claims Forwarded</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Foreign Claims Paid</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- These columns contain the number of Summary and Special Courts-Martial and Articles 15 executed for Bulang Support Command and the 11th Signal Battalion.
- These are included in the totals to the left.
AVCA-QN-GO-H
SUBJECT: ORLL, HQ, USASUPCOM, Qui Nhon, for period ending 30 April 1970

SECTION II

LESSONS LEARNED

1. Personnel
   a. (U) Chaplain

      (1) Observation: There will be a sharp decrease in the number of chaplains within the command during the next few months.

      (2) Evaluation: Extra demands will be placed on each Chaplain to expand activities to cover areas where no Chaplains are assigned. There will be an unavoidable decrease in availability of Chaplains for services and for personal counselling. It may be necessary for commanders to refer Chaplain matters some distance to the nearest assigned Chaplain.

      (3) Recommendation: Commanders should be encouraged to exercise initiative in planning Chaplain activities. Attention should be given to careful coordination in scheduling Character Guidance and worship services.

2. Operations
   a. (U) Use of sentry dogs to guard POL tanks and Ammunition Supply Points:

      (1) Observation: The primary targets of sappers in the Qui Nhon defense Installation have been POL storage areas and the Ammunition Base Depot (ABD). These facilities cover large areas in which surveillance is hindered by buildings, POL tanks, packaged POL, ammunition bunkers, etc. The sensory capabilities of sentry dogs are used to advantage in patrolling such areas. On 31 March 1970, at the ABD, a sentry dog alerted his handler to the presence of an infiltrator; the handler immediately took him under fire. This alerted the tower guards, who engaged two more sappers. The results were three enemy killed with no damage to the ABD.

      (2) Evaluation: The sentry dogs are of definite value to units which must provide security for large poorly-illuminated areas in which the vision of the guards is restricted by obstacles.

      (3) Recommendation: That sentry dogs continue to be utilised by units of this command.
b. (U) Use of lime for up-grading perimeters of defense.

(1) Observation: Requests from units for Herbicide Missions have been turned down by RVN Civil Authorities because of the possibility of food crop damage.

(2) Evaluation: Heavy application of lime in and around grassy areas of perimeter fences helps destroy vegetation that is hard to keep under control by manual means. In addition to deterring the growth of vegetation, the lime also acts as a reflector for artificial lighting in the area and can also be very irritating to the skin and eyes of any intruder attempting to crawl through the fence.

(3) Recommendation: That units utilize lime to the greatest extent possible where defoliation or burning of vegetation is not possible.

c. (U) Use of CS, Riot Control Agent, in up-grading perimeters of defense.

(1) Observation: Certain units were encountering problems in keeping RVN children from playing in the perimeter wire and setting off trip flares. Prostitutes would occasionally crawl through perimeter fences, and often US personnel would crawl through the fences in order to go into nearby villages. Existing rules of engagement restrict guards from firing at this type of violator. By the time the officer of the Guard or the Sergeant of the Guard was informed and reported to the scene, the violator had usually disappeared.

(2) Evaluation: CS, Riot Control Agent, when spread throughout a protective barrier of concertina wire can be effective under the following conditions:

a. The guardpost is upwind from the contaminated area.

b. Prevailing winds are not in the direction of friendly guardposts.

c. Areas selected are in depressions or defoliated areas where strong gusts of wind are not common.

(3) Recommendation: That units use CS, Riot Control Agent, to reinforce their perimeter wiring if the area meets the criteria outlined in paragraph c (2).

d. Necessity to implement a program to prevent pilferage of electrical power.
AVCA-QN-GO-H
SUBJECT: ORLL, HQ, USASUPCOM, Qui Nhon, for period ending 30 April 1970

(1) Observation: Reports received by this command indicate that unauthorized individuals have made a practice of pilfering power from installation power lines. This is accomplished by use of a "fish hook" device consisting of a cutting hook attached to the conductor of an electrical cord. This is thrown over the line, which is out of ordinary reach, and pulled until the hook cuts through the insulation. Electricity is then drawn from the wire for unauthorized purposes. Another method consists merely of bringing the line within reach by employing a bamboo pole. The wire is then cut, and the power diverted.

(2) Evaluation: The need for sufficient electrical power is critical. Peak availability must be maintained at all times. Incidents of pilferage of electrical power sharply curtail the efficiency of existing power facilities and their ability to adequately serve critical installations.

(3) Recommendations: Power lines should be located at sufficient distances from perimeter fences to prevent access by unauthorized personnel. Also power lines must be inspected daily for signs of pilferage.

3. Training
   a. (U) Necessity for additional marksmanship training for personnel assigned or detailed to security guard duty.

(1) Observation: Reports received by this HQ indicate that all guards could not effectively engage enemy personnel at ranges less than 200 meters, the limit of their visibility at night.

(2) Evaluation: Because of sapper tactics, especially their preference for operating at night or during periods of poor illumination, the US soldier will not normally observe an infiltrator until he is fairly close to the guard's location.

(3) Recommendation: That guard personnel be given refresher marksmanship training under conditions of artificial illumination and natural night illumination at different phases of the moon, i.e., more than 50% and less than 50% moon illumination.

4. Intelligence
   None

5. Logistics
   None

CONFIDENTIAL
6. Organization
   None

7. Other
   None
CONFIDENTIAL

AVCA-OH-00-7
SUBJECT: GLL, HQ, USAFSCQM, Qui Nhon, for period ending 30 April 1970

SIGNIFICANT ENEMY CONTACTS WITHIN THE US ARMY SUPPORT COMMAND, QUI NHON
1 February 1970 - 30 April 1970

1. (C) At 010005 Feb (CR 074197) the 299th Engr Bn received three rounds of 3-40 rocket and small arms fire resulting in one US killed and two wounded.

2. (C) At 010215 Feb (ZA 215535) the Log Center in Pleiku received four rounds of unidentified type mortat fire. The rounds landed outside the perimeter.

3. (C) At 010405 Feb (BR 307438) Bridge #29 on QL-19 received a second to two rounds of unidentified type mortar fire resulting in one US wounded. The bypass remained open.

4. (C) At 011720 Feb (CR 295271) a vehicle from the 525th QL Co was fired on by an unknown number of VC. A hand grenade was thrown into the vehicle resulting in one US wounded.

5. (C) At 015555 Feb (ZA 215535) the Log Center in Pleiku received ten to twelve rounds of 60/72mm mortar fire and two rounds of 122mm rocket resulting in four US wounded and light damage.

6. (C) At 112325 Feb (CR 004246) the 5th Trns Op compound received approximately 110 rounds of small arms fire. At the same time, the Thu Tai ice plant received fire from seven rounds of 3-40 rocket and twenty rounds of small arms fire. The attack resulted in one US wounded (slight), minor damage to the ice plant, and one 5 ton truck heavily damaged.

7. (C) At 212259 Feb Capy Radcliff, in An Khe, received an unknown number of mortar rounds. The rounds landed outside the perimeter resulting in negative casualties or damage.

8. (C) At 211050 Feb (ER 114532) 35 km west-northwest of An Khe on QL-19 a 14 vehicle convoy from the 121th and 27th Trns Bn received 3-40 rocket and small arms fire resulting in negative casualties or damage. Minutes later, 300 meters east of the first ambush, a 23 vehicle convoy from the 5th Trns Bn received 3-40 and small arms fire resulting in negative casualties or damage.

9. (C) At 251000 Feb (ER 159511) 33 km west-northwest of An Khe on QL-19,
on eighteen vehicle convoy of the 51st Trans Co, 124th Trans Bn, received small arms, mortar, and B-40 rocket fire resulting in negative casualties or damage.

10. (C) At 201330 Feb (CR 03h232) a duffel bag patrol 500 meters west of Tank Farm #2 received two rounds of unknown type rocket and six to eight rounds of small arms fire resulting in negative casualties or damage.

11. (C) At 231115 Feb (CR 971246) a cable repair crew from the 459th Signal, USAF, received 20 to 30 rounds of small arms fire resulting in a windshield being shattered on a 2½ ton truck.

12. (C) At 022115 Mar (CR 07h174) Tower #4, 260th QM Bn Compound Complex, Qui Nhon, observed movement 200 meters south of location and received nine rounds of H-79. At 0230 hours, Tower #5 observed movement to the south and received approximately 1500 rounds of small arms fire. A guard of Tower #5 received flash burns from an illumination flare. At 0200 hours (CR 06h194) Tank Farm #1 received approximately 1000 rounds of small arms fire from four positions 100 meters south of Tower #3 resulting in negative casualties or damage. Friendly action: H-11, H-16, H-79, H-60, and .50 cal were employed. Co D, 50th Inf, conducted a sweep at first light with negative results.

13. (C) At 031725 Mar (CR 06h196) in Qui Nhon, Tank Farm #1 received three rounds of B-41 rocket and small arms fire from an estimated VC platoon located 100 meters southeast (CR 06h1920). Small arms fire was also received from 500 meters southeast of the Tank Farm (CR 07h195). Two B-41 rounds hit Tank #6 (10,000 barrel NF-2 tank) causing moderate damage to the tank and the loss of 3,202 barrels of fuel. The fuel did not catch fire. One B-41 round hit Tank #4 (empty) but failed to detonate. EOD removed the round from the area. During the attack, two US were wounded. At 1745 hours two companies from the 66th HP Bn arrived at the Tank Farm, followed by a reaction force from USAF at 1800 hours. Hukuyd and two light fire teams expended over the area resulting in one secondary explosion. 60mm mortar, H-79, .50 cal, and M-16 fire were also employed.

14. (C) At 051205 Mar (AR 79h155) outpost #29, near Camp Holloway, manned by HP Co 66, received one round B-40 and twenty rounds of 60mm mortar. US mortar supported; negative casualties or damage, one US casualty unknown.

15. (C) At 083912 Mar (AR 738500) Camp Holloway received fifteen rounds of 60mm mortar resulting in one US killed, nine US wounded, and seven aircraft damaged.

16. (C) At 102559 Mar, Lane Army Heliport, ⅓ in east-north-east of Qui Nhon, received an unknown type of HE round that fell inside of the perimeter.

CONFIDENTIAL
CONFIDENTIAL

AVCA-QI-00-H
SUBJECT: GILL, HQ, USASUPCOM, Qui Nhơn, for period ending 30 April 1970

near a sentry dog and handler. Sentry dog injured and handler unhurt.

17. (C) At 120456 Mar (CR 019238) DaLong Pier, Qui Nhơn Harbor, the US ship Amercloud received a directional shape charge on its port bow. The charge blew a 6'x18' hole in the ship's port bow and penetrated completely through the #2 hold and out the starboard bow. The hole in the starboard bow was 7"x10". There were no casualties and there was no fire. The ship listed 11 degrees. Personnel from Saigon were to determine the ship's disposition. Approximately one hour later, 1 km southeast of the Amercloud, two individuals were observed and engaged by PBR's. Results were negative.

18. (C) At approximately 130700 Mar (CQ 139575) 10 km north of Tuy Hoa, an engineer unit set off a booby trap made from a 155mm illumination round with a two pound booster, resulting in two US wounded. The booster failed to detonate the round.

19. (C) At 140100 Mar (CR 062192) 700 meters southeast of Vung Chua, a Duffelbag patrol received small arms fire from approximately 100 meters north of their location. The patrol also received small arms fire at 1400 hours and at 1530 hours. Fire was returned on all three occasions. Results: one US wounded. The patrol found a two-squad sleeping area, three fire pits for cooking, and five well-used trails in the area. The patrol was supported by Vung Chua 81mm mortars.

20. (C) At 151625 Mar (M 379454) 10 km west of An Khe near bridge #23 on QL-19, an APC from lst Squadron, 10th Cav hit an unknown type mine resulting in negative casualties or damage.

21. (C) At 151625 Mar (M 096552) 32 km east of Pleiku on QL-19, a convoy of the 6th Trans Op at bridge #30 on QL-19 received fire from the south side of the road consisting of U-60, ten rounds of mortar, five rounds of rocket, and small arms. Gunships supported with unknown results. There were no casualties or damage.
24. (C) At 172200 h (CR 001209) Phu Tai, a convoy from the 5th Trans Grp received one 40-79 round resulting in negative casualties or damage.

25. (C) At 191100 h (CR 059705) vicinity of Qui Nhon, a QNSG Duffelbag patrol spotted and engaged two VC 200 meters east of their location with small arms and 81mm mortars with unknown results. At 1400 hours (CR 067196) the patrol found a well-concealed firing position constructed of sand bags with overhead cover. Pieces of RPG-7 (B-41) rockets and a bundle of propaganda documents were found. One VN was spotted 200 meters west of that location and engaged with small arms and 81mm mortar with unknown results.

26. (C) At 190015 h (CR 268231) Vung Ro, the ROK compound received ten to fifteen rounds of mortar fire. At the same time, the operations area of Vung Ro Bay (CR 278321) received 30 to 36 rounds of estimated B-40 rockets. One round landed in the vicinity of HQs/TOC resulting in negative damage. Another round landed in the vicinity of the water point resulting in one rubber tank being destroyed and one US wounded by fragments. Six to ten rounds landed in the motor pool resulting in one building being damaged. Ten to twelve rounds landed in the vicinity of the fire house; one round hit the building and caused minor damage. At the same time, two snipers who had penetrated the operations area dropped two satchel charges and two hand grenades. They attempted to leave in the vicinity of tower #11 (CR 275228). At approximately 0030 hours, tower #11 received two direct hits from B-40 rockets and a hand grenade at the base of the tower. AK-47 fire was also received resulting in two US wounded (slight). Tower #11 returned the fire with automatic weapons and M-79 resulting in two VC killed 25 meters west of the tower. At 0030 hours (CR 268227) the billeting area received intense automatic weapon fire from a ridge north and west of the location. Gunships were called in and expended in the area. At 0200 hours, a Dustoff was called to evacuate three US and six ROK wounded. Dustoff approached from the south and received heavy fire from CR 270219 resulting in negative casualties or damage. FRI's expended in the estimated enemy location. During the period 0200 hours to 0400 hours, the billeting area and the coastal road between the billeting area and the port operations area received sporadic AK-47 fire. At 0400 hours, the company area received six rounds of B-40 rocket fire; the perimeter wire resulting in negative casualties or damage. Total results: three US wounded, six ROK wounded, two buildings minor damage, and one collapsible rubber tank destroyed. There was no degradation of the Vung Ro Bay fire fighting capability or water supply. Enemy casualties were two VC killed; one B-40 rocket launcher, one B-40 round, two satchel charges, and ten C-40 hand grenades captured.

27. (C) At 190730 h (CR 264236) 2km north of Vung Ro Bay, bridge #235 on QL-1 (single span bridge) was destroyed by a charge estimated to be over 100 lbs placed at the junction of the span and south abutment. The span and asphalt were completely destroyed, the south abutment 20% destroyed, and an 11.2 meter gap was left in the bridge. A by-pass was open to single lane traffic at 1100 hours.

40
CONFIDENTIAL

AVCA-CN-GG-H

SUBJECT: ALL, HQ, USASUPCM1, Qui Nhon, for period ending 30 April 1970

20. (C) At 251212 Hr (CQ 005721) 32 km north-west of Tuy Hoa, a train on its way from Tuy Hoa to Qui Nhon hit a small mine, causing 50% damage to the engine and dual drive wheels. There were no casualties and there was no damage to government cargo. Time of repair was estimated to be 24 hours.

29. (C) At 312215 Hr (CR 036164) the AM, Phu Tai, had a sapper penetration attempt between towers #21 and #22. A dog patrol observed and engaged one sapper in the second perimeter wire and at that time the tower guards engaged same resulting in two VC/NVA killed. At 2245 hours another sapper was killed in the same vicinity. Total results: three VC/NVA killed; two satchel charges, one shrapnel charge, and assorted fragmentation grenades and fuses captured.

30. (C) At 010025 Apr (CR 055225) the PCL Package Depot received B-40 rocket fire followed by small arms fire and a sapper attack. A bulk of PCL was ignited and the fire went out of control until 0315 hours. At 0607 hours, an HP 25 ton truck on its way to the PCL yard overturned, slightly injuring three US. At 0120 hours, three more RPG rounds were received along with small arms fire resulting in one US civilian killed. At 0145 hours, a secondary explosion outside the perimeter wounded one Vietnamese civilian fireman. During the firefight, one US was wounded and one VC was killed inside the perimeter while two other VC were believed to have been wounded during their withdrawal into the mountains. Total results: one US civilian (assistant fire chief) killed, four US wounded, one VN wounded, and 300 to 500 barrels of PCL destroyed; enemy - one VC killed, two VC possibly wounded.

31. (C) At 010245 Apr, Company B and the Class VII Vehicle Park, USAB, received twelve to fifteen rounds of 82mm mortar fire. Two rounds landed near a mess hall resulting in one US wounded; the remainder of the rounds landed in the vehicle park causing extensive damage to two trucks while seventeen other trucks received lesser damage. A 500 gallon diesel fuel tank and several buildings received shell fragments causing minor damage while one water pump was blown eight feet away, causing a water problem. Total results: one US wounded, nineteen trucks damaged, one 500 gallon fuel tank damaged, and one water pump damaged.

32. (C) At 011015 Apr (BC 582138) 10 km east of An Khe on QL-19, a 26 vehicle convoy from the 5th Trans Bn and the San Jin Trucking Association was ambushed by an unknown size enemy force employing B-40 rocket, automatic weapons, and small arms fire from both sides of the road. Fire was returned with .50 caliber, M-60, M-79 and M-16's. ROK Tiger Division elements and gunships supported. Results were four US wounded, one NVA killed, three 5 ton trucks and one 18-ton truck damaged.

33. (C) At 011115 Apr (CQ 099915) 3 km north of Song Cau on QL-1, a 34
CONFIDENTIAL

vehicle convoy from the 54th Trans and 27th Trans Bn's was ambushed by an estimated squad size enemy force. The convoy received one RPG round and AK-47 fire. Fire was returned with .50 caliber, M-60, minigun, M-79, and M-16's. The ROE's reacted, resulting in one US wounded and one 5 ton truck damaged; enemy casualties unknown.

31. (C) At 030024 Apr (ZA 190532) 9 km north-west of Pleiku, the ASP received six to nine rounds of 75mm recoilless rifle fire 500 meters from their perimeter. Duster and artillery were employed with unknown results. There were no friendly casualties.

35. (C) At 014009 Apr (ER 598445) 11 km east of An Khe, Pump Station #5 received seven rounds of 82mm mortar fire. Four rounds landed inside the perimeter resulting in negative casualties or damage.

36. (C) At 051818 Apr (AR 760475) 26 km south of Pleiku, a convoy from the 54th Trans BN hit a mine on QL-14 resulting in one US wounded and two 25 ton trucks destroyed.

37. (C) At 051910 Apr (AR 760475) Pleiku city received five 122mm rockets resulting in four civilians killed, twelve wounded, and one missing. Artillery supported with unknown results.

38. (C) On 6 Apr, an unknown number of enemy sappers penetrated the perimeter of Camp Redcliff, 2 km north-north-west of An Khe (ER 469165), and detonated explosive charges in the vicinity of friendly aircraft. Results: friendly - five UH-1H and two CH-54A destroyed, two AH-1, one AH-6A, and seven UH-1H damaged; enemy unknown. The enemy force was probably an element of the 19th RVNA regiment.

39. (C) At 070920 Apr (ER 598445) 11 km east of An Khe on QL-19, a 25 vehicle convoy from the 27th Trans BN was ambushed by an estimated company size enemy force. The enemy employed grenades, automatic and small arms fire. Six vehicles received minor damage and there were negative friendly casualties.

40. (C) At 070936 Apr (ER 598445) 12 km east of An Khe, Pump Station #5 received eight rounds of 82mm mortar. There were negative casualties or damage.

41. (C) At 080825 Apr (EB 010213) Dak To PCL Point received an unknown number of 122mm rockets destroying one JP-4 10,000 gallon rubber bag, one 25 ton truck, and a filter separator for M05AS.

42. (C) At 091030 Apr (EB 010213) 6 km west-south-west of Qui Nhon, a Duffelbag patrol from QESC received one round of small arms fire resulting in one US wounded.
CONFIDENTIAL

AVCA-QN-GO-II

SUBJECT: ORL, HQ, USASUPCOM, Qui Nhon, for period ending 30 April 1970

43. (C) At 122350 Apr (ER 003215) 9 km west of Qui Nhon, the ice plan and gate of the 299th Engrs received 90 to 100 rounds of small arms fire and eight to ten rounds of unknown type HE. There were negative casualties or damage.

44. (C) At 130035 Apr (ER 946267) 12 km west-northwest of Qui Nhon, Lane Army Airfield received small arms fire and observed movement. Four gunships and one helicopter were employed resulting in possibly three VC killed. There were negative friendly casualties or damage.

45. (C) At 140255 Apr (CR 064213) the ARVN Training Center in Qui Nhon received eight to ten rounds of mortar fire. There were negative casualties and one Vietnamese house collapsed.

46. (C) At 151245 Apr (ER 064213) 34 km west-southwest of Qui Nhon, Camp Granite received one round of unknown type mortar. The round landed outside the perimeter resulting in negative casualties or damage.

47. (C) At 152200 Apr (CR 075187) 4 km south-southeast of Qui Nhon, Co D, 58th Inf, while on a night ambush, received an unknown number of small arms, hand grenades, and HE type rounds from an unknown size enemy force resulting in one US wounded; enemy casualties were unknown.

48. (C) At 162150 Apr (ZA 225460) at Webb Quarry, an element of the 937th Engineer Group received 200 to 300 rounds of small arms and .50 cal fire, and B-40 rockets. Fire was returned resulting in the mess hall being slightly damaged.

49. (C) At 162355 Apr (CR 0216) 11 km southwest of Qui Nhon, the US Army Depot in Long Ty received three rounds of unknown type HE. All the rounds landed 200 meters outside the perimeter resulting in negative casualties or damage.

50. (C) At 172150 Apr (CR 075200) 600 meters south of the 26th QM Bn, Co D, 58th Inf, received three to four hand grenades thrown by one to two VC; small arms fire was returned with unknown results. 300 meters southwest of Tank Farm #1 two individuals were sighted and one individual 200 meters to the southwest firing small arms fire into the Tank Farm. Four rounds hit tower #4. A friendly unit attempted to engage with negative results.

51. (C) At 212155 Apr (CR 086235) Qui Nhon city, an unknown number of VC detonated a satchel charge (estimated ten to fifteen pounds) in a cafe at No. 50 Le Loi Street. Nine VN civilians wounded (three serious);
evacuated to Province Hospital. Extensive damage to interior of cafe.

52. (C) At 220003 Apr (A7 763519) 300 meters south-east of Camp Schmidt, the 23d Signal and Tropo Hill received two to three rounds of 122mm rockets; US and AFRH artillery supported. Results: one US wounded (slight), one building damaged; enemy unknown.

53. (C) At 232130 Apr (A7 234459) 1½ km south-west of Phoiku, a radio station received six rounds of 60mm mortar; all rounds landed in the perimeter wire. No casualties or damage.

54. (C) At 252100 Apr (A7 066207) Camp Granite, Qui Nhon, received B-40 rockets and small arms fire from approximately 100 meters north and west of the perimeter, resulting in five US wounded, two building damaged, two guard towers damaged, and two high tension wires cut. At approximately the same time, B troop, USAD, in the same general vicinity received six to seven rounds of 61mm mortar resulting in one US wounded (slight), eighteen flat tires on vehicles, and one radiator damage. In the same vicinity, 32d Medical received two rounds of 61mm mortar. There were no casualties; one building damaged slightly.

55. (C) At 252110 through 252310 Apr (CR 002275) 10 km north-west of Qui Nhon, a four vehicle convoy from the 54th Trans Bn was ambushed on QL-1 by an estimated enemy platoon employing small arms fire, M-79, and B-40 rockets from the east and west sides of the road. The area of fire extended 10 to 300 meters from the road. The convoy consisted of three cargo trucks and one guntruck, reinforced at 2230 hours by two guntrucks and two jeeps from the 54th and 27th Trans bn's. Fire was returned employing M-16, M-60, .50 cal, and M-79. Results: two US killed, four US wounded, one guntruck and one jeep destroyed, and two 5 ton trucks damaged. Enemy casualties unknown.

56. (C) At 260400 Apr (ER 064036) 3 km south of Van Canh, a railroad bridge was blown up causing heavy damage. 100 meters to the south at approximately ER 814032, a ROK element found one anti-tank mine near the bridge. The mine was destroyed.

57. (C) At 261015 Apr (CR 002275) 2 km north of Yankee Junction, a 2½ ton truck of the 69th Trans Cleft received five to six rounds small arms fire from the west side of the road. One US wounded (slight), minor damage to vehicles.

58. (C) At 262025 Apr (CR 083234) Qui Nhon, VC threw three hand grenades outside of the Trong Yong Theater resulting in one VN civilian killed, 11 VN civilians wounded.

59. (C) At 262025 Apr (CR 092233) Qui Nhon, one hand grenade was thrown
next to the PF E0 resulting in four PF wounded and one bunker partly destroyed.

60. (C) At 262210 Apr (CR 001204) 2½ km north of Yankee Junction, a six vehicle convoy of the 523d Trans Co traveling to Cha Rang Valley received approximately 100 rounds of small arms and automatic weapons fire from the east and west sides of the road. Fire was returned with .50 cal and M-60; no casualties or damage to convoy, enemy casualties unknown.

61. (C) At 270900 Apr (CR 035129) 11 km south-south-east of Qui Nhon, a 5,000 gallon tanker of JP-4 received small arms fire from an unknown number of enemy. The tanker overturned and was destroyed; no casualties. A guntruck and gunjeep arrived for security. They also received small arms fire resulting in no casualties or damage; enemy casualties unknown.

62. (C) At 272235 Apr (CR 118221) Buoy #7, Inner Harbor, three individuals (one US, two VN) on a Boston Whaler spotted a styrofoam box in the water and put it on buoy #7, where it exploded. One US wounded, one VN wounded. Boy-trap believed to be a concussion grenade.

63. (C) At 272250 Apr (CR 994249) the 299th and 19th S&S Co received B-40 and small arms attack. 19th S&S received two B-40 rockets and small arms fire; 299th received one B-40 and small arms fire from the direction of the ice plant vicinity CR 005215. No casualties, loss of power, compound complex went on red alert at 2253 hours, downgraded to yellow at 2315 hours.

64. (C) At 274110 Apr (CR 843012) 3 km south-west of Van Canh, a train on route from Van Canh to Phu Yen was blown up by an unknown size mine. Estimated time of repair: three days. Train was carrying supplies to repair bridge blown previous day.

65. (C) At 280210 Apr (CR 935219) Phu Tai, the 173d Support Bn received three to four B-40 rockets and small arms fire from 300 meters south of the perimeter from an estimated six to ten VC resulting in four US wounded, three buildings slightly damaged. BDA artillery supported with 155mm HE, .50 cal, M-60, M-16, and Duster returned fire. The area was swept at first light, producing an enemy firing position with two unexploded B-40's.

66. (C) At 282045 Apr (CR 935333 - CR 003215) QL-1 north of Yankee Junction to intersection of QL-19 was closed to traffic because of contact between RF and VC forces. RF killed two VC, and captured one AK-47.

CONFIDENTIAL
TO: Commander in Chief, United States Army Pacific, ATTN: GPOP-DT, APO 96558

Assistant Chief of Staff for Force Development, Department of the Army, Washington D.C. 20310

1. This Headquarters has reviewed the Operational Report-Lessons Learned for the quarterly period ending 30 April 1970 from Headquarters, US Army Support Command, Qui Nhon and concurs.

2. Reference item concerning "Use of Lime for Up-grading Perimeters of Defense", page 34, paragraph 2b: concur. When lime is available this method is an acceptable substitute for killing vegetation around perimeters. Lime placed on sloping terrain will be less effective during the monsoon season. No action by USARPAC or DA is recommended.

FOR THE COMMANDER:

[Signature]

Cy from:
US Army Support Command - Qui Nhon
GPOP-DT (26 May 70) 2d Ind (U)

HQ, US Army, Pacific, APO San Francisco 96558 22 JUL 70

TO: Assistant Chief of Staff for Force Development, Department of the Army, Washington, D. C. 20310

This headquarters concurs in subject report as indorsed.

FOR THE COMMANDER IN CHIEF:

[Signature]
B.D. Child
Asst AG
Asst AG
CONFIDENTIAL

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART

US ARMY SUPPORT COMMAND

HED, USAG, QM
13th FINANCE DET
30th MILITARY HISTORY DET

US ARMY DEPOT, QM

210th QUARTERMASTER BN
(Petroleum)

16th ORDNANCE BN
(Ammunition)

5th TRANSPORTATION CMD
(Terminal)

593rd GENERAL SUPPORT GP

394th TRANSPORTATION BN

5th MAINTENANCE BN

9th TRANSPORTATION GP
(Motor Transport)

45th GENERAL SUPPORT GP

27th TRANS BN
54th TRANS BN

62nd MAINT BN
86th S&S BN

124th TRANS BN

86th MAINTENANCE BN

Inclosure 1

CONFIDENTIAL
**Operational Report - Lessons Learned, HQ, US Army Support Command, Qui Nhon**

Experiences of unit engaged in counterinsurgency operations, 1 Feb to 30 Apr 70.

CC, US Army Support Command, Qui Nhon

**Abstract**

N/A

OACSFOR, DA, Washington, D.C. 20310